

Subroutine

EECS388 Fall 2022

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Context

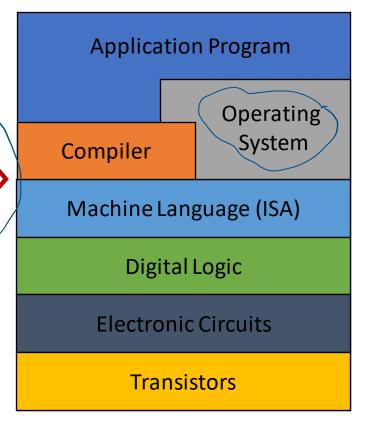
Recommended reading

Chapter 8 of "Introduction to

Computing," Patt, Patel





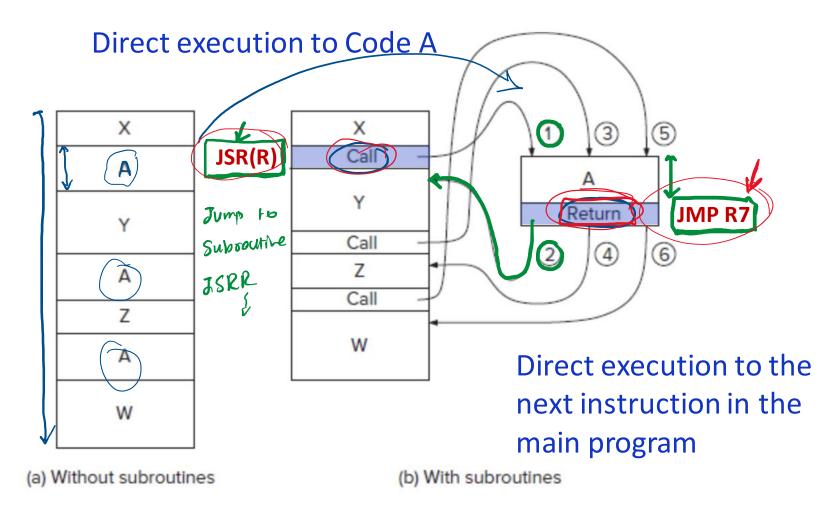


We cannot write a complex application in one function

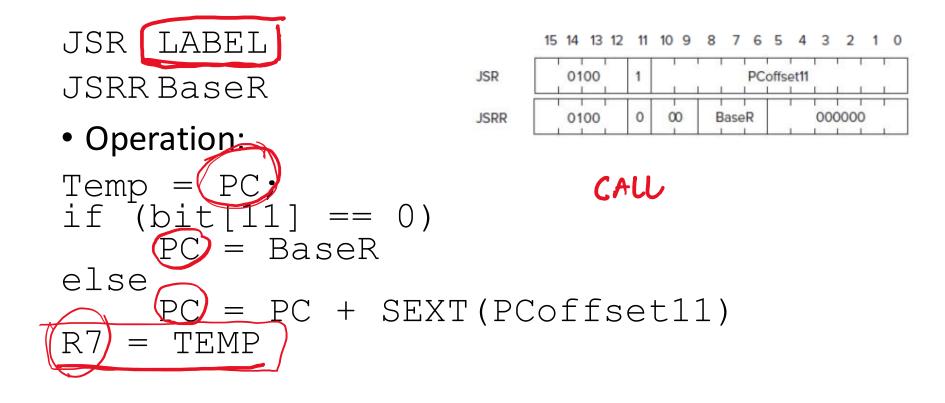
 Some parts of the code need to be used many times

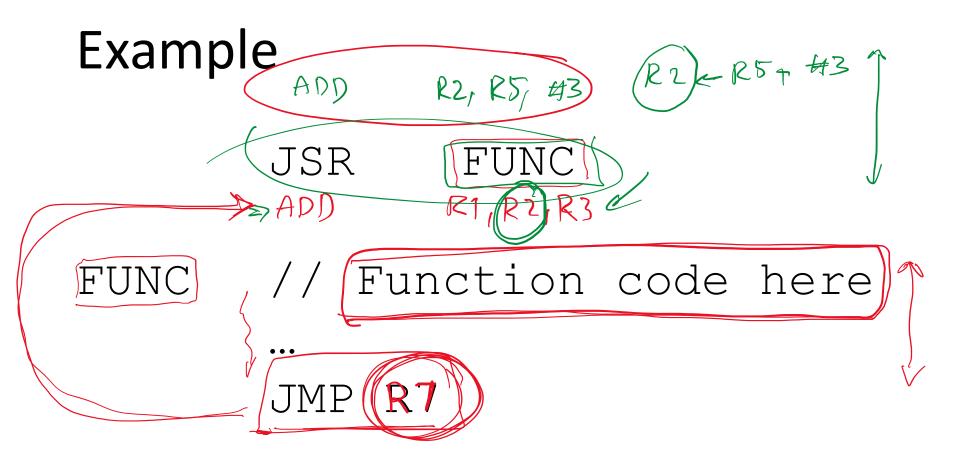
- Solution: functions or subroutines
 - Also, Enables us to share codes and have libraries ...

The Call/Return Mechanism



(Review) JSR, JSRR Instructions

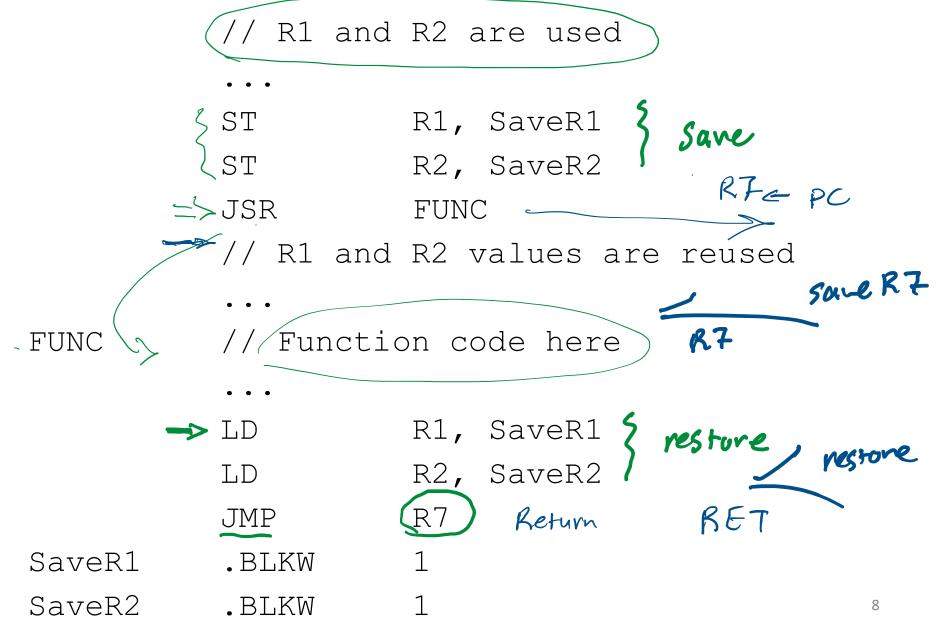




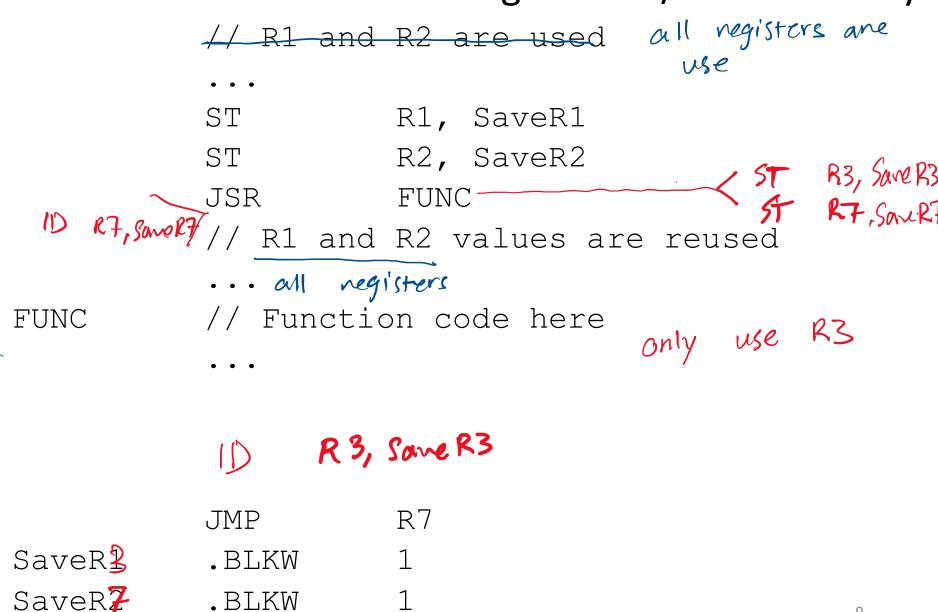
ALERT!

- Writing into a register means that we lose the previous value!
- We need to save registers
 - If the value will be destroyed by subsequent instructions
 - If we need it after subsequent instructions
- This can be a problem with subroutines!

Solution: Save and Restore Registers to/from Memory



Solution: Save and Restore Registers to/from Memory



Example

Implement a subroutine that subtract the value of memory stored in Label1 and Label2 into R3

```
.ORIG x3000

JSR SUB

HALT

// your code here

; R3 = Mem[Label1] - Mem[Label2]

Label1 .BLKW 1

Label2 .BLKW 1

.END
```

R3 <- Mem [label1] - Mem [label2] ST RI, LRI RI ST R2, LR2 ST R3, LR3 JSR SUB RI, LRI しり RZILRZ LD Label1 R2) LabelZ NOT R2, R2 ADD R2, R2, #1 ADD (R3) R1, R2

SUB

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