## Model\_Training\_LSTM

February 8, 2022

- 1 Controlador de vuelo para vehículos aéreos no tripulados multirotor basado en técnicas de aprendizaje profundo
- 1.1 Entrenamiento Red LSTM
- 1.1.1 Javier Cárdenas Uriel Carrero
- 1.2 1. Descripción del Dataset

Importar Librerías

1.19.5

```
[1]: {'divide': 'warn', 'over': 'warn', 'under': 'ignore', 'invalid': 'warn'}
```

```
import keras as kr
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import models, layers
print(tf.__version__)
assert (tf.__version__=='2.5.0'), 'Versión incorrecta de Tensorflow, por favor
instale 2.5.0'
print("Num GPUs Available: ", len(tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')))
```

```
from tensorflow.compat.v1 import ConfigProto
from tensorflow.compat.v1 import InteractiveSession

from sklearn.utils import shuffle
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from IPython.display import clear_output
```

# 2.5.0 Num GPUs Available: 1

```
[3]: gpus = tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')
     config = ConfigProto()
     if gpus:
         try:
             config.gpu_options.allow_growth = True
             tf.compat.v1.enable_eager_execution()
             os.environ["TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL"] = "2"
             # Currently, memory growth needs to be the same across GPUs
             for gpu in gpus:
                 tf.config.experimental.set_memory_growth(gpu, True)
             logical_gpus = tf.config.experimental.list_logical_devices('GPU')
             print(len(gpus), "Physical GPUs,", len(logical_gpus), "Logical GPUs")
         except RuntimeError as e:
             # Memory growth must be set before GPUs have been initialized
             print(e)
     session = InteractiveSession(config=config)
```

1 Physical GPUs, 1 Logical GPUs

```
[4]: import gc #garbage collector import gc; gc.enable()
```

#### 1.3 Cargar Datos

#### 1.3.1 Leemos el Dataset

```
[5]: root = '../logs/Datasets/'
dataset_name = 'Dataset_Final'
rootdir = root+dataset_name
if not os.path.exists(rootdir):
    print(f"{rootdir} not exist")
```

```
'up', 'uq',
                   'uwp', 'uwq', 'uwr']
    df_list = df.columns.to_list()
    rpm_list = [i for i in df_list if ("RPM" in i)]
    states_list = [i for i in df_list if not ((i in delete_list) or (i in_
     →rpm_list))]
    Ts = df['timestamps'][1]-df['timestamps'][0]
    fs = 1/Ts
[7]: dataset = []
    for filename in os.listdir(rootdir):
        if not filename.endswith(".csv"):
            continue
        df = pd.read_csv(os.path.join(rootdir, filename))
        df = df.drop(delete_list, axis=1)
        x = df.drop(rpm list, axis=1)
        y = df.drop(states_list, axis=1)
        dataset.append([x, y])
    df = None
    x = None
    y= None
    Normalización de Estados (Entradas) y Acciones (Salidas)
[8]: def Norm(df, df_desc):
        for prop in list(df.columns):
            try:
                # 1 ~ Mean 7 ~ Max 3 ~ Min
                df[prop] = (df[prop]-df_desc[prop]['mean'])/
     except e:
                print(e)
        return df
[9]: norm_data_path = f"{root}/data_description_{dataset_name}.csv"
    df_desc = pd.read_csv(norm_data_path, index_col=0)
    df_desc
[9]:
                     X
                                                7.
                                                                              \
                                   у
                                                              р
                                                                           q
    count 3.068233e+06 3.068233e+06 3.068233e+06 3.068233e+06
           6.352137e-03 3.631930e-03 8.701060e-01 8.113104e-04 7.632901e-04
    mean
```

1.067096e-01 1.015022e-01 7.571069e-01 3.005110e-02 3.288610e-02

-8.166897e-01 -8.176113e-01 2.113373e-04 -4.872289e-01 -4.386099e-01 -7.023093e-03 -4.566531e-03 3.597720e-01 -7.548420e-04 -1.295726e-03

9.264773e-05 8.164912e-06 9.371726e-01 0.000000e+00 2.258764e-17

2.154385e-02 1.321506e-02 1.092425e+00 9.607826e-04 1.469981e-03

std min

25% 50%

75%

```
8.194435e-01 8.146467e-01 4.000000e+00 3.767827e-01 4.339304e-01
max
                  r
                               vx
                                                            ٧Z
                                                                          wp
                                             vу
       3.068233e+06
                     3.068233e+06
                                  3.068233e+06
                                                 3.068233e+06
                                                                3.068233e+06
count
       1.239124e-02 -1.253432e-04 -2.641033e-04
                                                 1.198860e-03
                                                               4.372706e-06
mean
       4.450773e-01 7.177616e-02 6.552093e-02
                                                                1.942947e-01
std
                                                 2.601583e-01
      -3.141419e+00 -1.156056e+00 -8.621260e-01 -6.841123e+00 -1.045986e+01
min
25%
      -3.379343e-04 -2.080171e-03 -1.373874e-03 -1.070760e-02 -5.708022e-03
50%
       0.000000e+00 -1.518968e-08 1.364815e-17
                                                 3.785519e-05
                                                               0.000000e+00
75%
       5.312049e-04 2.095210e-03
                                  1.519517e-03
                                                 1.501362e-02
                                                                5.440229e-03
max
       3.141577e+00
                    8.494385e-01
                                  8.597021e-01
                                                 6.373837e+00
                                                                7.147506e+00
                               wr
                                             ax
                                                                          az.
                 wq
                                                            ay
       3.068233e+06
                     3.068233e+06
                                  3.068233e+06
                                                 3.068233e+06
count
                                                                3.068233e+06
       1.434372e-04
                     2.558978e-03 -1.772714e-05
                                                 3.597617e-05 -2.469848e-05
mean
std
       2.135545e-01
                     5.107082e-01 3.168708e-01
                                                 2.945918e-01 1.454656e+00
min
      -7.981405e+00 -7.181414e+00 -4.279933e+01 -3.656422e+01 -9.800000e+00
25%
      -8.702793e-03 -6.507613e-05 -1.356462e-02 -7.912034e-03 -4.078746e-02
50%
                     0.000000e+00
                                  0.000000e+00
                                                 0.000000e+00 -1.865757e-05
       0.000000e+00
75%
       8.939743e-03
                     3.879907e-05
                                   1.237756e-02
                                                 8.299066e-03
                                                                3.374101e-02
       1.179763e+01
                     7.300762e+00
                                   3.906528e+01
                                                 3.332884e+01
                                                               1.921161e+02
max
                                                          RPMO
                                                                        RPM1
                                             ar
                 ap
                               aq
       3.068233e+06
                     3.068233e+06
                                   3.068233e+06
                                                 3.068233e+06
                                                                3.068233e+06
       1.224907e-04
                     5.466858e-05 -3.303912e-05
                                                 1.441162e+04
                                                                1.441290e+04
mean
       7.742095e+00
                     6.830287e+00 3.325449e+00
                                                 1.055152e+03
                                                               1.058528e+03
std
min
      -2.510366e+03 -3.059815e+03 -2.531001e+02
                                                 9.440300e+03
                                                                9.440300e+03
25%
      -4.151471e-02 -6.752393e-02 -2.696169e-04
                                                 1.438274e+04
                                                              1.438057e+04
                                  0.000000e+00
50%
       0.000000e+00
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                                                 1.446835e+04
                                                                1.446836e+04
75%
                     6.758204e-02
                                  3.539114e-04
                                                 1.452948e+04
                                                                1.453062e+04
       4.180967e-02
max
       2.711637e+03
                     2.831431e+03
                                   1.630572e+02
                                                 2.166645e+04
                                                                2.166645e+04
               RPM2
                             RPM3
                                             ux
                                                            uv
count
       3.068233e+06
                     3.068233e+06
                                   3.068233e+06
                                                 3.068233e+06
                                                                3.068233e+06
       1.440977e+04
                     1.441093e+04
                                   6.439717e-03
                                                 3.417250e-03
                                                                8.782731e-01
mean
       1.058532e+03
                     1.058966e+03
                                   1.058331e-01
                                                 1.010920e-01
                                                                7.641660e-01
std
       9.440300e+03
                     9.440300e+03 -8.000000e-01 -8.000000e-01
                                                               0.000000e+00
min
                                                 0.000000e+00
25%
       1.438241e+04
                     1.437958e+04
                                   0.000000e+00
                                                                3.549988e-01
                                   0.000000e+00
                                                 0.000000e+00
50%
       1.446834e+04
                     1.446834e+04
                                                                9.364582e-01
75%
       1.452831e+04
                     1.452817e+04
                                   1.838854e-02
                                                 8.750144e-03
                                                                1.144531e+00
       2.166645e+04
                     2.166645e+04 8.000000e-01 8.000000e-01
                                                               4.000000e+00
max
                 ur
count 3.068233e+06
mean
       1.285404e-02
std
       4.414466e-01
      -3.140685e+00
min
```

```
25% 0.000000e+00

50% 0.000000e+00

75% 0.000000e+00

max 3.141519e+00

[10]: for i, data in enumerate(dataset):

    x, y = data

    Norm(x, df_desc)

    Norm(y, df_desc)

    dataset[i]=[x,y]
```

División del dataset para entrenamiento, validación, prueba

Total=167, Entrenamiento=142 (85%), Validación=16 (10%), Prueba=9 (5%)

Generador de Ejemplos de entrenamiento Entrenar un modelo con una señal de 50000 datos en cada iteración sería una tarea que tomaría demasiado tiempo, así mismo, cuando se necesite realizar la inferencia del modelo, se necesitaría esa misma cantidad de datos, por lo que no se utiliza toda la señal de entrenamiento, sino pequeños segmentos de tamaño N, por lo que se generarán M-N (longitud de toda la señal, 50000) señales de longitud N para el entrenamiento, lo que aumentaría el consumo de memoria. Por tal motivo se define un generador.

```
[13]: class DataGenerator:
    def __init__(self, X=[], Y=[], dataset = None, batch_size=512, window=512, __
    ⇒sequence_out=False, variable_window=False, delta_window=1, feedback=False, __
    ⇒window_feedback=1):
    if dataset:
```

```
for data in dataset:
               X.append(data[0])
               Y.append(data[1])
           self.X = X
           self.Y = Y
       elif X and Y:
           if len(X)!=len(Y):
               raise Exception("La longitud de datos de X e Y deben ser_
→iguales")
           self.X = X
           self.Y = Y
       else:
           raise Exception("Debe especificar dataset o X, Y")
       self.n = len(X)
                                         ### Número de ejemplos de entrenamiento
       x_shape = X[0].shape
       y_{shape} = Y[0].shape
       self.batch_size = batch_size
       self.window = window
       self.variable_window = variable_window
       self.delta window = delta window
       self.feedback = feedback
       self.i = x_shape[1] if not self.feedback else x_shape[1]+y_shape[1]
→### Número de características
       self.j = y_shape[1]
                                                                              ш
→### Número de salidas
       #self.window feedback = window feedback
       if self.variable_window:
           self.window_max = self.window+self.delta_window
           self.window_min = self.window-self.delta_window
           if self.window_min<1:</pre>
               raise IndexError(f'delta_window no puede ser igual o mayor a la_
→ventana')
       self.sequence_out = sequence_out
       self.set shapes()
   def set_shapes(self):
       if self.sequence out:
           self.shapes = ((self.batch_size, self.window, self.i),
                          (self.batch_size, self.window, self.j))
       else:
           self.shapes = ((self.batch_size, self.window, self.i),
                          (self.batch_size, self.j))
   def buid_init(self):
       if self.variable_window:
           self.window = np.random.randint(self.window_min, self.window_max)
```

```
self.set_shapes()
       self.samples = np.empty(shape= self.shapes[0], dtype='float32')
       self.labels = np.empty(shape= self.shapes[1], dtype='float32')
       self.batchcount = 0
   def build_data(self):
       self.buid_init()
       if self.feedback:
           i 0 = 1
       else:
           i 0 = 0
       while True:
           try:
               index = np.random.randint(0, self.n-1)
                                                                  ###_
→ Trayectoria a seleccionar
               m = len(self.X[index])
                                                ### Número de steps por ejemplo
               if m-self.window-1<=0:</pre>
                   raise IndexError(f'El tamaño de la ventana es mayor a la_
⇔trayectoria')
               else:
                   start_index = np.random.randint(i_0, int(m-self.window-1))
                   final_index = start_index+self.window
                   x = self.X[index][start_index:final_index].to_numpy()
                   if self.feedback:
                       y = self.Y[index][start_index-1:final_index-1].
→to_numpy()
                       self.samples[self.batchcount] = np.concatenate((x,y),__
→axis=1)
                   else:
                       self.samples[self.batchcount] = x
                   if self.sequence_out:
                       self.labels[self.batchcount] = self.
→Y[index][start_index:final_index].to_numpy()
                   else:
                       self.labels[self.batchcount] = self.Y[index].
→loc[final_index]
           except IndexError as e:
               print(f'ERROR: Ejemplo {self.batchcount}: {e}')
               raise e
           self.batchcount += 1
           if self.batchcount >= self.batch size:
               yield self.samples.astype(np.float32), self.labels.astype(np.
→float32)
               self.buid_init()
```

```
[14]: window = 64
                                     ### Número de steps por ejemplo
      batch_size = 512
                                    ### Número de ejemplos por batch
      sequence_out = False
      variable_window=True
      feedback = False
      delta_window=window/3
[15]: | train_generator = DataGenerator(X=X_train, Y=Y_train, batch_size=batch_size,__
       →window=window, sequence_out=sequence_out, variable_window=variable_window, ⊔
       →delta_window=delta_window, feedback=feedback)
                      = DataGenerator(X=X val,
      val generator
                                                Y=Y val,
                                                            batch_size=batch_size,_
       →window=window, sequence_out=sequence_out, variable_window=variable_window, u
       →delta_window=delta_window, feedback=feedback)
      test_generator = DataGenerator(X=X_test, Y=Y_test, batch_size=batch_size,_
       →window=window, sequence_out=sequence_out, variable_window=variable_window, ⊔
       →delta_window=delta_window, feedback=feedback)
[16]: | dataset_train = tf.data.Dataset.from_generator(train_generator.build_data,
                                              output_types = (tf.float32, tf.float32))
      dataset_val = tf.data.Dataset.from_generator(val_generator.build_data,
                                              output_types = (tf.float32, tf.float32))
      dataset_test = tf.data.Dataset.from_generator(test_generator.build_data,
                                              output_types = (tf.float32, tf.float32))
[17]: for _ in range(5):
          x, y = next(train generator.build data())
          print(f'x.shape={x.shape}, y.shape={y.shape}')
     x.shape=(1024, 61, 22), y.shape=(1024, 4)
     x.shape=(1024, 66, 22), y.shape=(1024, 4)
     x.shape=(1024, 74, 22), y.shape=(1024, 4)
     x.shape=(1024, 75, 22), y.shape=(1024, 4)
     x.shape=(1024, 50, 22), y.shape=(1024, 4)
     1.4 Keras Model
     1.5 Callbacks
[18]: main_metric = 'mean_squared_error'
      #metrics = [main_metric, 'cosine_similarity', 'logcosh']
      metrics = main_metric
     Early Stopping
[19]: Early_Stopping = tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(monitor=f'val_{main_metric}',__
```

Plotting

→min delta=0, patience=15, verbose=0, mode='auto')

```
[20]: class PlotLosses(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
          def __init__(self, loss, figsize=(10,10)):
              self.loss = loss
              self.figsize = figsize
          def on_train_begin(self, logs={}):
              self.i = 0
              self.x = \Pi
              self.losses = []
              self.val_losses = []
              self.logs = []
              self.fig = plt.figure(figsize=self.figsize)
              if type(self.loss)==list:
                  self.N = len(self.loss)
                  for i in range(self.N):
                      self.losses.append([])
                      self.val_losses.append([])
              else:
                  self.N = 1
          def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs={}):
              self.logs.append(logs)
              self.x.append(self.i+1)
              if self.N>1:
                  for i, l in enumerate(self.loss):
                      self.losses[i].append(logs.get(f'{1}'))
                      self.val_losses[i].append(logs.get(f'val_{1}'))
              else:
                  self.losses.append(logs.get(f'{self.loss}'))
                  self.val_losses.append(logs.get(f'val_{self.loss}'))
              self.i += 1
              clear_output(wait=True)
              if self.N>1:
                  self.fig, self.axs = plt.subplots(self.N, sharex=True, figsize=self.
       →figsize)
                  for i, l in enumerate(self.loss):
                      self.axs[i].plot(self.x, self.losses[i], label=f"Train")
                      self.axs[i].plot(self.x, self.val_losses[i],__
       →label=f"Validation")
                      self.axs[i].set_title(f'{1}')
                      self.axs[i].set_yscale('log')
                      self.axs[i].grid()
                      self.axs[i].legend()
                  self.axs[i].set_xlabel('Epochs')
              else:
                  plt.plot(self.x, self.losses, label=f"Train")
```

```
plt.plot(self.x, self.val_losses, label=f"Validation")
   plt.suptitle(f'{self.loss}')
   plt.yscale('log')
   plt.xlabel('Epochs')
   plt.grid()
   plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

#### Checkpoints

```
checkpoint_filepath = './tmp/checkpoint'
model_checkpoint_callback = tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
    filepath=checkpoint_filepath,
    save_weights_only=True,
    monitor=f'val_{main_metric}',
    mode='min',
    save_best_only=True)
```

```
[22]: plot_losses = PlotLosses(loss=metrics)
#callbacks = [model_checkpoint_callback, Early_Stopping, plot_losses]
callbacks = [model_checkpoint_callback, plot_losses]
```

#### Definición del Modelo

```
[23]: input_dim = len(states_list) if not feedback else len(states_list)+len(rpm_list)
  output_dim = len(rpm_list)
  print(f'input_dim: {input_dim}, output_dim: {output_dim}')
```

#### input\_dim: 22, output\_dim: 4

```
[24]: # model = models.Sequential()
      # model.add(layers.LSTM(256, input_shape=(None, input_dim),_
      \rightarrow return_sequences=True))
      # #model.add(layers.Conv1D(filters=256, kernel_size=7, padding='same', ___
      →activation='relu'))
      # model.add(layers.LSTM(128, return_sequences=True))
      # #model.add(layers.Conv1D(filters=128, kernel size=7, padding='same', ___
      →activation='relu'))
      # model.add(layers.LSTM(64, return_sequences=True))
      # #model.add(layers.Conv1D(filters=64, kernel_size=7, padding='same',_
      →activation='relu'))
      # model.add(layers.LSTM(32))
      # #model.add(layers.LSTM(shapes[1][1]))#, return_sequences=True))
      # model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
      # model.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
      # model.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
      # model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
      # model.add(layers.Dense(output_dim))
```

```
[68]: model = models.Sequential()
      model.add(layers.LSTM(320, input_shape=(None, input_dim),__
       →return_sequences=True))
      model.add(layers.Conv1D(filters=480, kernel size=3, padding='same',
      →activation='relu'))
      model.add(layers.LSTM(128, return_sequences=True))
      model.add(layers.Conv1D(filters=288, kernel_size=3, padding='same',_
       →activation='relu'))
      #model.add(layers.LSTM(64, return_sequences=True))
      #model.add(layers.Conv1D(filters=64, kernel size=7, padding='same',,,
      →activation='relu'))
      model.add(layers.LSTM(128))
      #model.add(layers.LSTM(shapes[1][1]))#, return_sequences=True))
      model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
      model.add(layers.Dense(96, activation='relu'))
      model.add(layers.Dense(320, activation='relu'))
      model.add(layers.Dense(192, activation='relu'))
      model.add(layers.Dense(output_dim))
```

#### Optimizador con learning decay

#### Compilado el Modelo

[70]: model.compile(loss=main\_metric, optimizer=optimizer, metrics=metrics)
model.summary()

Model: "sequential\_7"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	 Param #
lstm_22 (LSTM)	(None, None, 320)	439040
conv1d_12 (Conv1D)	(None, None, 480)	461280
1stm_23 (LSTM)	(None, None, 128)	311808
conv1d_13 (Conv1D)	(None, None, 288)	110880
lstm_24 (LSTM)	(None, 128)	213504

```
(None, 64)
dense_35 (Dense)
                      8256
-----
dense_36 (Dense)
           (None, 96)
                      6240
  -----
dense 37 (Dense)
           (None, 320)
                      31040
_____
dense_38 (Dense)
           (None, 192)
                      61632
______
dense 39 (Dense)
       (None, 4)
                      772
_____
Total params: 1,644,452
```

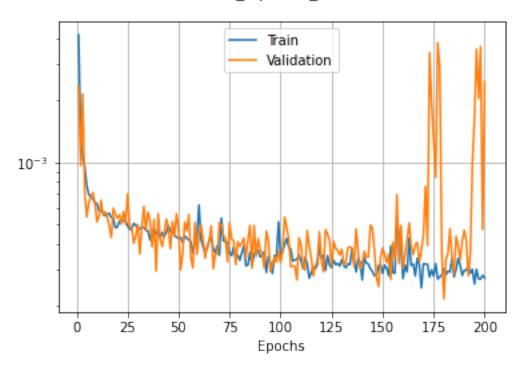
Total params: 1,644,452 Trainable params: 1,644,452 Non-trainable params: 0

\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### Entrenamiento del Modelo

```
[71]: %%time
      EPOCHS = 200
      #se usa el repeat para llamar al generador mas de una vez
      #steps_per_epoch = numero de batches de los datos para determinar una epocau
       \rightarrow terminada
      #Por defecto -> number of samples in your dataset divided by the batch size_
      → (LEN_DT//BATCH_SIZE_TRAIN)
      #verbose = mostrar el avance del entrenamiento
      #validation_steps = numero de batches de datos para validar en cada epoca
      #workers?
      #max_queue_size?
      history = model.fit(dataset_train.repeat(),
                          epochs=EPOCHS,
                          steps_per_epoch = len(X_train),
                          callbacks=callbacks,
                          verbose=1,
                          validation_data = dataset_val.repeat(),
                          validation_steps= len(X_val))
```

### mean squared error



Wall time: 6h 20min 2s

## Se guarda el Modelo

[72]: | I = 7

[73]: model.save(f'../Models/{dataset\_name}\_{I}.h5')
print(f'../Models/{dataset\_name}\_{I}.h5')

../Models/Dataset\_Final\_7.h5

#### 1.5.1 Evaluación del Modelo

#### Se carga el modelo

[74]: model = tf.keras.models.load\_model(f'../Models/{dataset\_name}\_{I}.h5')
model.summary()

Model: "sequential\_7"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
lstm_22 (LSTM)	(None, None, 320)	439040
conv1d_12 (Conv1D)	(None, None, 480)	461280

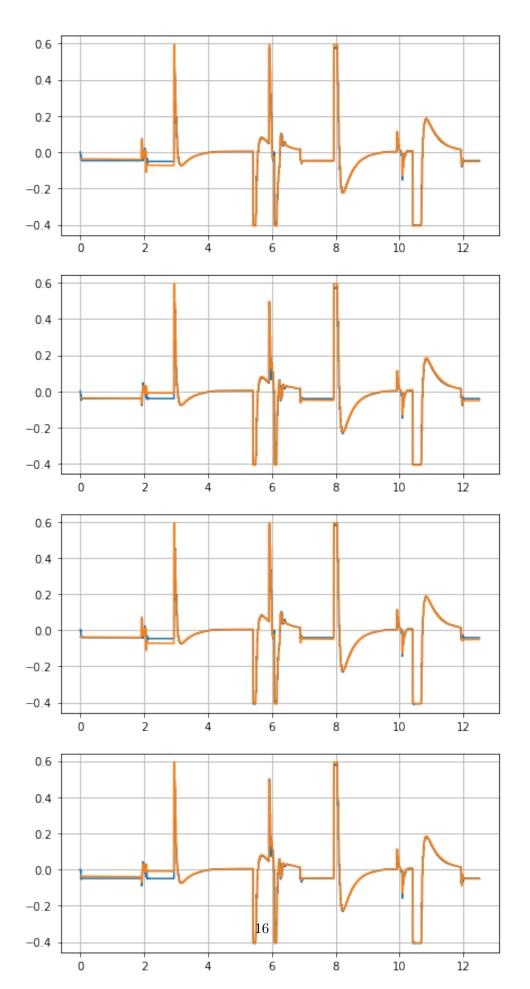
```
lstm_23 (LSTM)
              (None, None, 128) 311808
_____
             (None, None, 288)
conv1d_13 (Conv1D)
                          110880
  -----
1stm 24 (LSTM)
              (None, 128)
                           213504
   -----
dense 35 (Dense)
             (None, 64)
                           8256
-----
             (None, 96)
dense_36 (Dense)
                           6240
dense_37 (Dense)
         (None, 320)
                           31040
dense_38 (Dense)
             (None, 192)
                           61632
dense_39 (Dense)
         (None, 4)
______
Total params: 1,644,452
Trainable params: 1,644,452
Non-trainable params: 0
_____
```

#### Evaluación con dataset de prueba

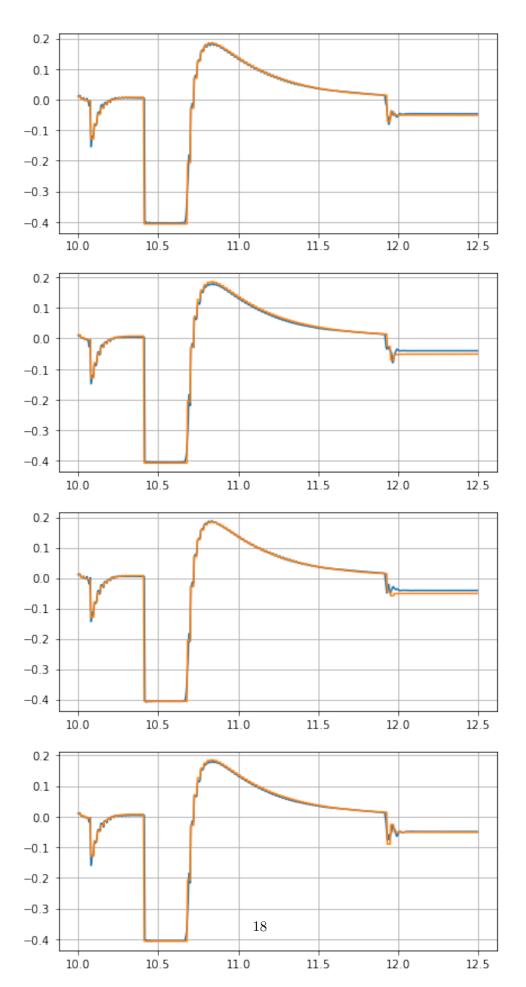
#### Evaluación con 1 trayectoria

```
[76]: window_test = 3000
      test_traj_generator = DataGenerator(X=X_test, Y=Y_test, batch_size=1,__
       →window=window_test, sequence_out=True, feedback=feedback)
[77]: %%time
      X, Y = next(test_traj_generator.build_data())
      x = X[0]
      y = Y[0]
      y_pred = []
      for i in range(0, len(x)):
          if i == 0:
              x_{temp} = x[0].reshape(1, 1, X.shape[2])
          elif i<=window:</pre>
              x_{temp} = x[0:i].reshape(1, i, X.shape[2])
              x_temp = x[i-window:i].reshape(1, window, X.shape[2])
          y_temp = model.predict(x_temp)
          y_pred.append(y_temp)
      y_pred = np.array(y_pred).reshape(y.shape)
     Wall time: 2min 13s
     Visualización con 1 trayectoria
[78]: t = np.arange(0, len(y)*Ts, Ts)
[79]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(Y.shape[2], figsize = (7,15))
      for i in range(Y.shape[2]):
          axs[i].plot(t, y_pred[:,i], t, y[:,i])
```

axs[i].grid()



```
[80]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(Y.shape[2], figsize = (7,15))
L1 = 4*len(t)//5
L2 = 5*len(t)//5
for i in range(Y.shape[2]):
    axs[i].plot(t[L1:L2], y_pred[L1:L2,i], t[L1:L2:], y[L1:L2:,i])
    axs[i].grid()
```

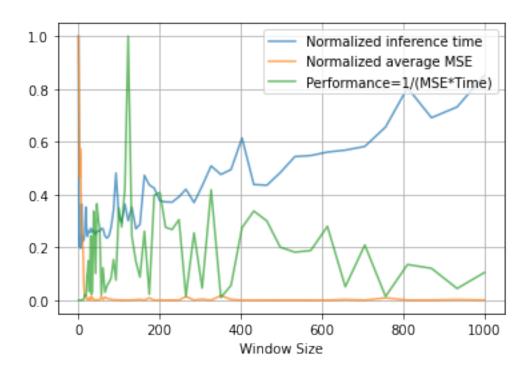


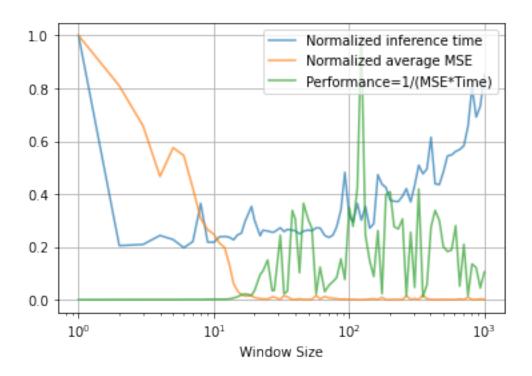
```
Tiempo de inferencia tamaño entrada
[]: import time
     def MSE(y, y_pred):
        return (y-y_pred)**2
     window_test = 1000
     test_traj_batch = 100
     test_traj_generator = DataGenerator(X=X_test, Y=Y_test, u
     dbatch_size=test_traj_batch, window=window_test, sequence_out=True)
     window len = []
     inf_time = []
     loss = []
     x, y = next(test_traj_generator.build_data())
     accum_time = 0
     n_iter = 100
     test_range = list(set(np.rint(np.logspace(0, np.log10(x.shape[1]-1),__
     →num=n_iter, endpoint=True))))
```

```
[38]: %%time
      test range.sort()
      n_iter = len(test_range)
      for k, i in enumerate(list(map(int,test_range))):
          inf_time_aux = []
                               # Tiempo de inferencia auxiliar
          loss aux = []
                         # Costo Auxiliar
          init_time = time.time()
          for j in range(len(x)):
              x_5 = x[j][0:i].reshape(1, i, x.shape[2])
              start_time = time.time()
              y_pred = model.predict(x_5)
              finish_time = time.time() - start_time
              inf_time_aux.append(finish_time)
              loss_aux.append(
                  np.mean(
                      MSE(y[j][i], y_pred)
              )
          window_len.append(i)
          inf_time.append(np.mean(inf_time_aux))
          loss.append(np.mean(loss_aux))
          clear_output(wait=True)
```

```
accum_time += time.time()-init_time
          print(f'iter = {k} de {len(test_range)}, i = {i}, execution time = {"{:.
       →2f}".format(np.max(accum_time)))s')
     iter = 74 de 75, i = 999, execution time = 475.33s
     Wall time: 7min 55s
[39]: inf_time_norm = np.array(inf_time)/max(inf_time)
      loss_norm = np.array(loss)/max(loss)
      performance = 1/(np.array(loss)*np.array(inf time))
      performance = np.array(performance)/max(performance)
[40]: plt.figure()
      plt.plot(window_len, inf_time_norm, label='Normalized inference time', alpha=0.
       →7)
      plt.plot(window_len, loss_norm, label='Normalized average MSE', alpha=0.7)
      plt.plot(window_len, performance, label='Performance=1/(MSE*Time)', alpha=0.7)
      plt.xlabel("Window Size")
      plt.legend(loc=1)
      plt.grid()
      print(f'Best window inference time={np.argmin(inf_time_norm)} steps, time={"{:.
      →2f}".format(np.min(inf_time)*1000)} ms')
      print(f'Best window MSE loss={np.argmin(loss norm)} steps, MSE={"{:.2e}".
       →format(np.min(loss))}')
      print(f'Best window Performance (MSExTime)={np.argmax(performance)} steps,,,
       →Value={"{:.2e}".format(np.max(loss)/np.min(inf_time))}')
```

Best window inference time=5 steps, time=33.66 ms
Best window MSE loss=44 steps, MSE=5.98e-05
Best window Performance (MSExTime)=44 steps, Value=6.13e+00





[]: