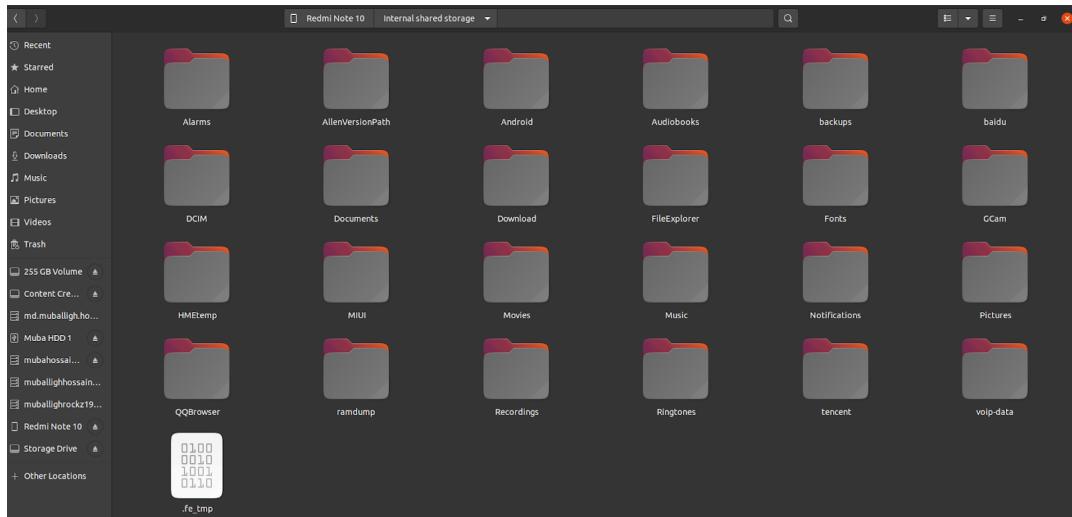


Task 1 - Connect guest os with a phone and access the phone's files

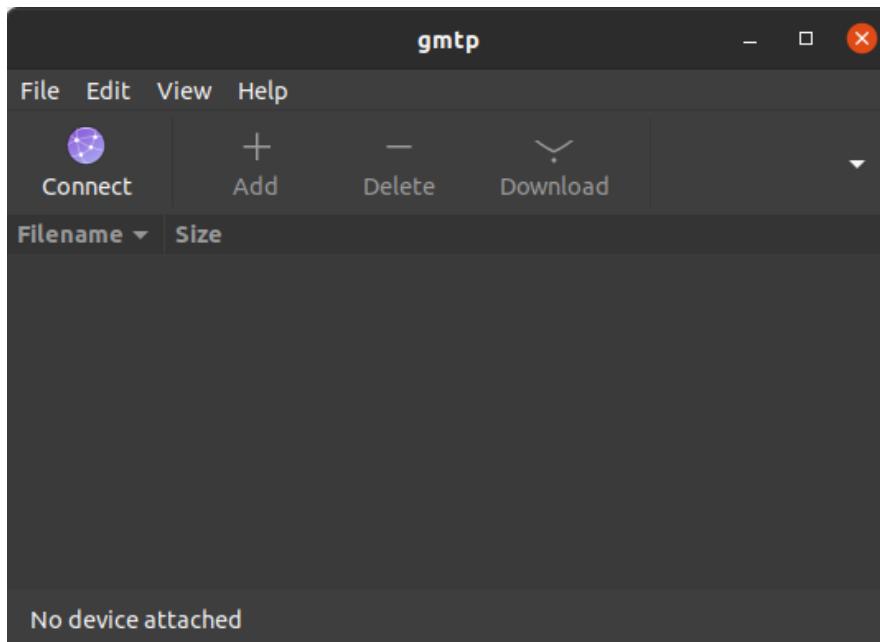
Android Devices gives access to their internal storage using Media Transfer Protocol
In our instance, Ubuntu or other popular distros already have MTP built in, so it can access the phone directly.

- For Ubuntu 20.04- Connect your phone using USB and select File Transfer Mode



- For other cases, an MTP client has to be installed.

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo apt-get install gmtp
[sudo] password for muballigh:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
```



- Or, install jmtpfs - > sudo apt-get install jmtpfs

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo apt-get install jmtpfs
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
```

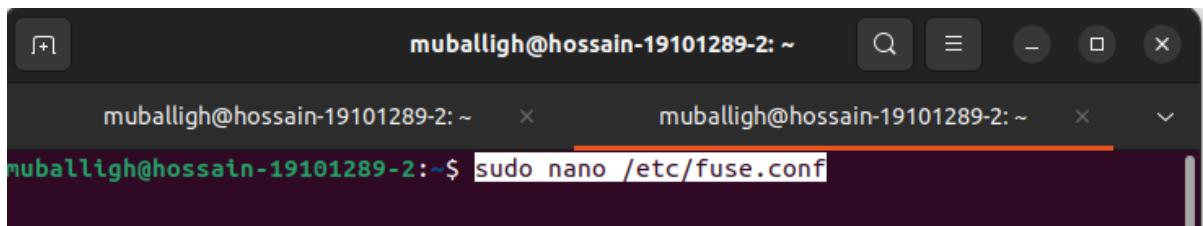
After connecting your phone via USB, enable the MTP file transfer on your phone and it will show up as a USB device on your computer. You can then access the whole file system

- If the above steps don't work, follow ->

<https://whooze.github.io/android-file-transfer-linux/>

Connecting Phone to Guest OS

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$ sudo apt-get install libmtp-common mtp-tools libmtp-dev libmtp-runtime libmtp9
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
```



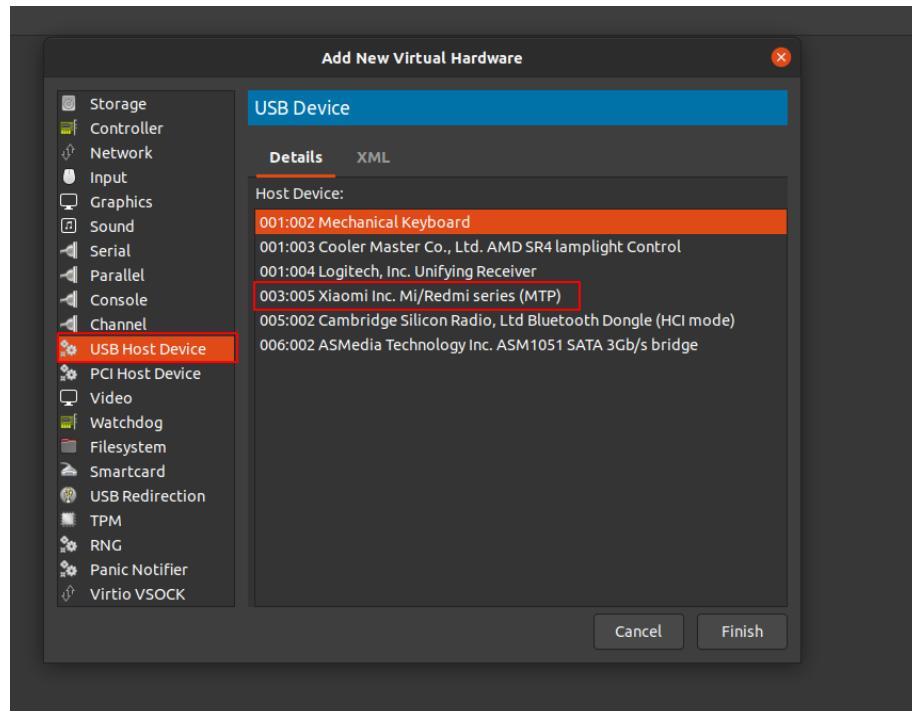
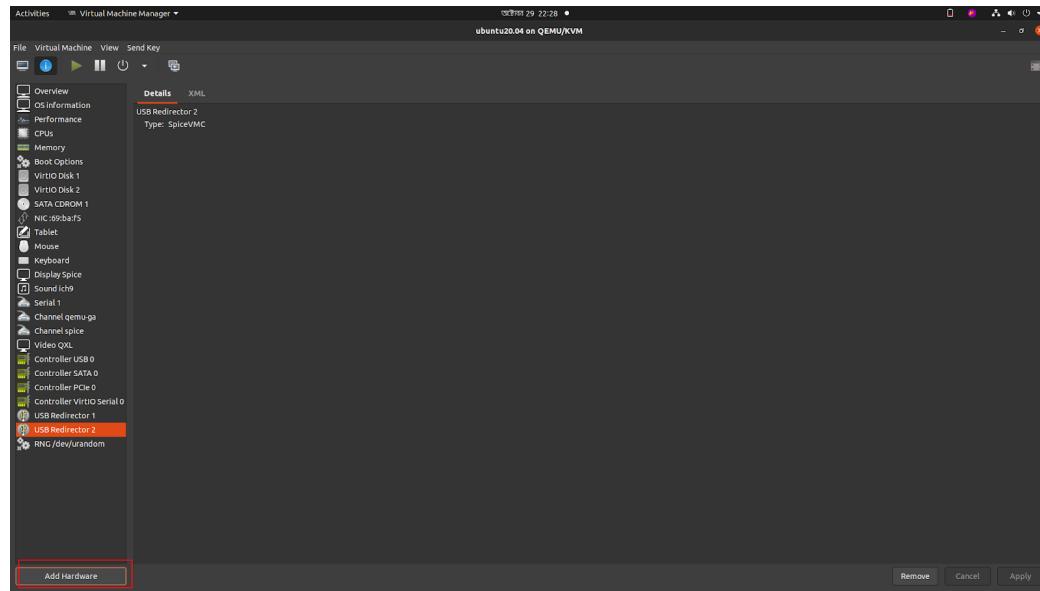
```
GNU nano 6.2          /etc/fuse.conf *
# The file /etc/fuse.conf allows for the following parameters:
#
# user_allow_other - Using the allow_other mount option works fine as root, in
# order to have it work as user you need user_allow_other in /etc/fuse.conf as
# well. (This option allows users to use the allow_other option.) You need
# allow_other if you want users other than the owner to access a mounted fuse.
# This option must appear on a line by itself. There is no value, just the
# presence of the option.

user_allow_other

# mount_max = n - this option sets the maximum number of mounts.
# Currently (2014) it must be typed exactly as shown
# (with a single space before and after the equals sign).

#mount_max = 1000

[ Read 17 lines ]
^G Help      ^O Write Out ^W Where Is  ^K Cut      ^T Execute   ^C Location
^X Exit      ^R Read File ^\ Replace   ^U Paste    ^J Justify   ^/ Go To Line
```



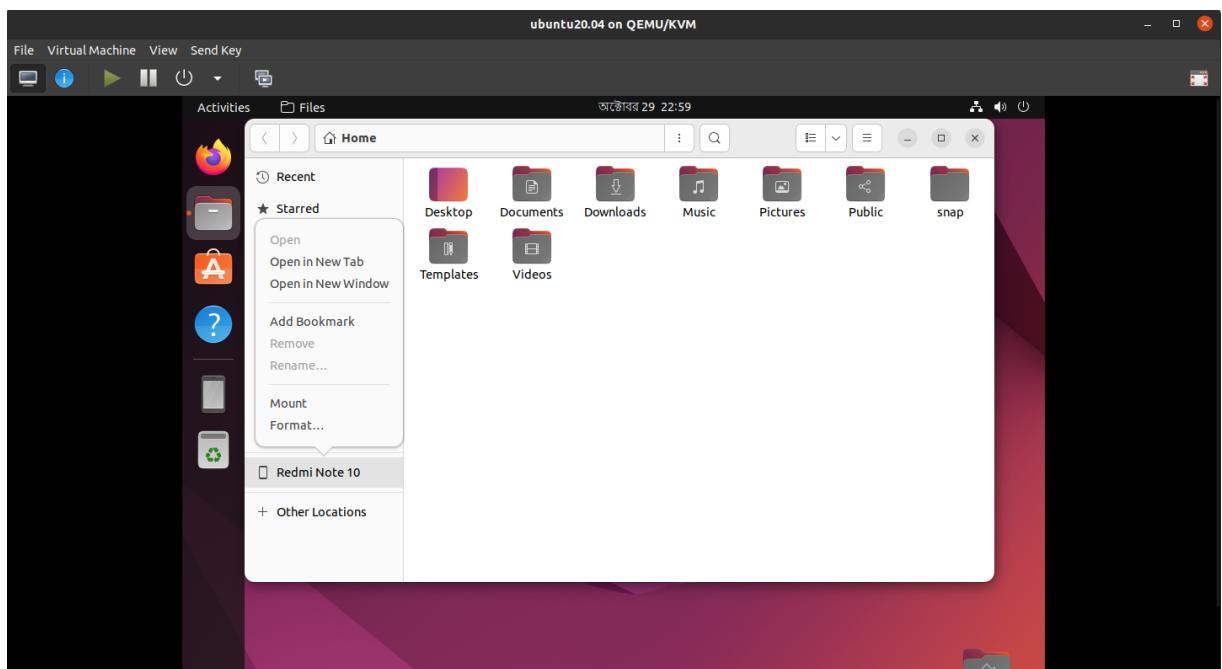
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~ muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~  
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$ lsusb  
Bus 001 Device 005: ID 2717:ff40 Xiaomi Inc. Mi/Redmi series (MTP)  
Bus 001 Device 002: ID 0627:0001 Adomax Technology Co., Ltd QEMU USB Tablet  
Bus 001 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0002 Linux Foundation 2.0 root hub  
Bus 004 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0001 Linux Foundation 1.1 root hub  
Bus 003 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0001 Linux Foundation 1.1 root hub  
Bus 002 Device 001: ID 1d6b:0001 Linux Foundation 1.1 root hub  
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$  
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$ sudo nano /lib/udev/rules.d/69-mtp.rules  
[sudo] password for muballigh: [REDACTED]
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$ cat /lib/udev/rules.d/69-mtp.rules
Redmi Note 10
ATTR{idVendor}=="0fce", ATTR{idProduct}=="01b1", SYMLINK+="libmtp-%k", ENV{ID_MEDIA_PLAYER}=1"
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$ sudo nano /etc/udev/rules.d/51-android.rules
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$ 
GNU nano 6.2          /etc/udev/rules.d/51-android.rules *
ATTR{idVendor}=="0fce", ATTR{idProduct}=="01b1", MODE="0666"
```

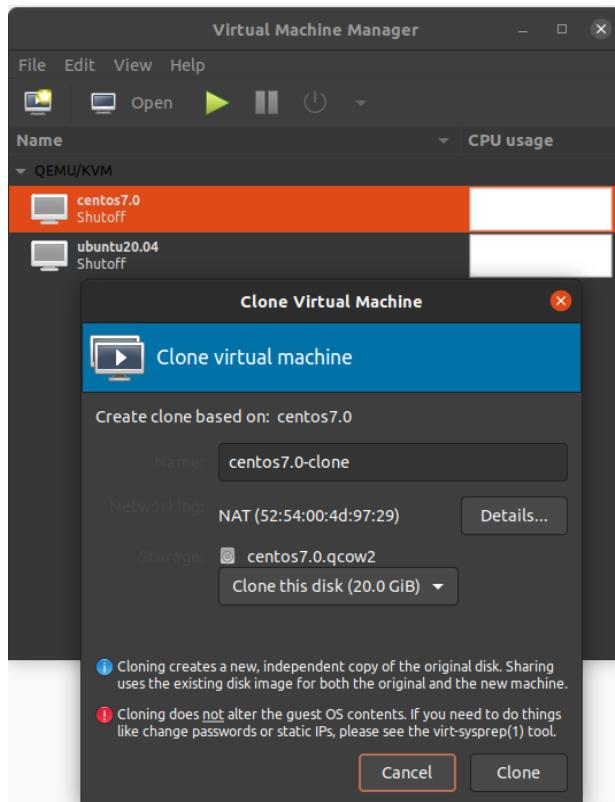
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289-2:~$ sudo service udev restart
```



Task 2: Clone a VM using GUI and using kvm based command

Using GUI:

- Start VMM
- Select the VM you want to clone
- Select Clone and give a name for the new VM



- Press Clone and the desired VM will be created



Using CLI:

- See the existing VMs using virsh list --all

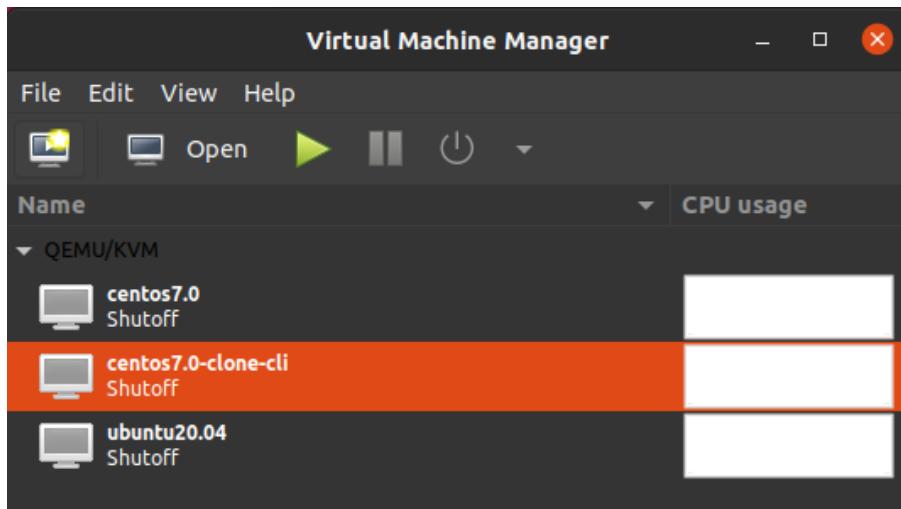
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh list --all
  Id  Name      State
  --  --
 -  centos7.0  shut off
 -  ubuntu20.04 shut off
```

- Select the VM you want to clone and give a new name to it using
sudo virt-clone --original centos7.0 --name centos7.0-clone-cli --auto-clone

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo virt-clone --original centos7.0 --name centos7.0-clone-cli --auto-clone
Allocating 'centos7.0-clone-cli.qcow2' | 20 GB 00:00:00

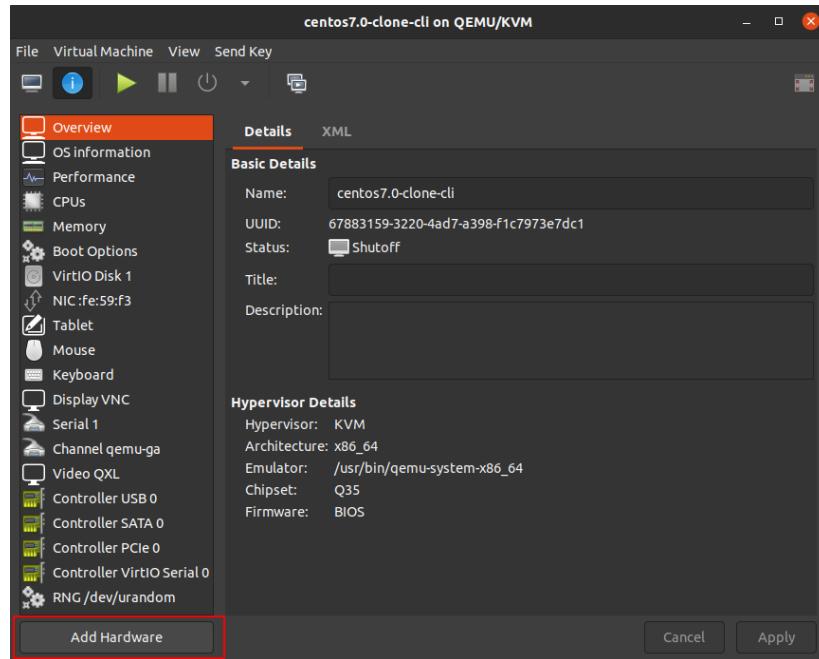
Clone 'centos7.0-clone-cli' created successfully.
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$
```

- A new VM will be created successfully (cloned)

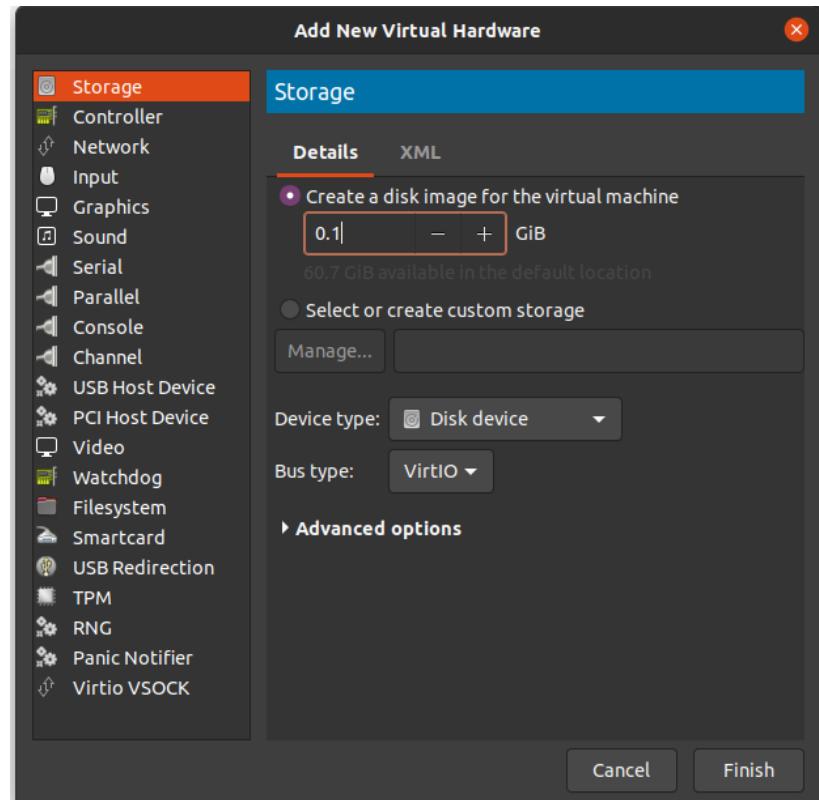


Task 3: Add two hard disks in a new cloned virtual machine using GUI

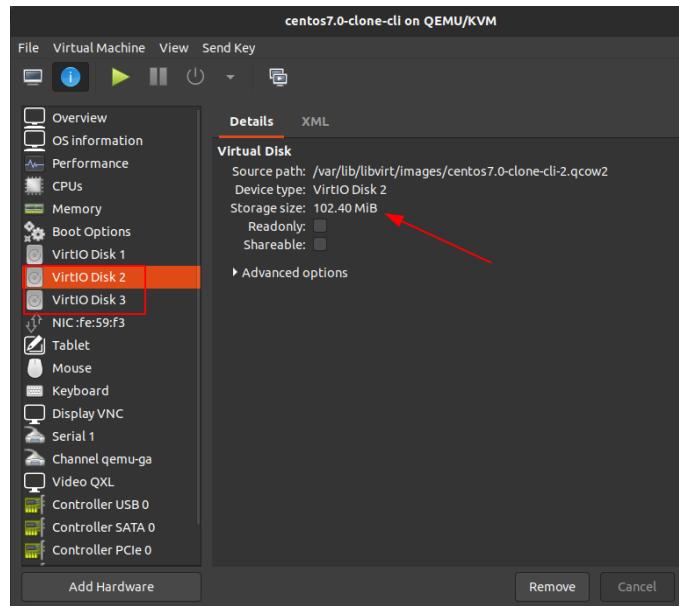
- Open the VM and Press “Add Hardware”



- Go to storage option and add a disk image according to your need



- The two new disks can be seen



Task 4 : Add hard disks using kvm based command

- See the list of all available storage pools

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo virsh pool-list --all
[sudo] password for muballigh:
Name      State   Autostart
-----
boot-scratch  active   yes
default      active   yes
Downloads    active   yes
Downloads-1  inactive yes
Downloads-2  active   yes
```

- Show the default storage pool definition including the directory path /var/lib/libvirt/images

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo virsh pool-dumpxml default
<pool type='dir'>
  <name>default</name>
  <uuid>3169ce2e-a0d5-444b-aa3c-647f7728b1c7</uuid>
  <capacity unit='bytes'>102611623936</capacity>
  <allocation unit='bytes'>37385555968</allocation>
  <available unit='bytes'>65226067968</available>
  <source>
  </source>
  <target>
    <path>/var/lib/libvirt/images</path>
    <permissions>
      <mode>0711</mode>
      <owner>0</owner>
      <group>0</group>
    </permissions>
  </target>
</pool>
```

- This is the directory path

```
<path>/var/lib/libvirt/images</path>
```

- Creating the disk image by the following command

```
sudo qemu-img create -f qcow2 -o size=0.1G  
/var/lib/libvirt/images/ubuntu20.04-1G.qcow2
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo qemu-img create -f qcow2 -o size=0.1G /var/lib/libvirt/images/ubuntu20.04-1G.qcow2  
Formatting '/var/lib/libvirt/images/ubuntu20.04-1G.qcow2', fmt=qcow2 size=107374182 cluster_size=65536 lazy_refcounts=off refcount_bits=16  
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo qemu-img create -f qcow2 -o size=0.1G /var/lib/libvirt/images/centos7.0-clone-cli-0.1G.qcow2  
Formatting '/var/lib/libvirt/images/centos7.0-clone-cli-0.1G.qcow2', fmt=qcow2 size=107374182 cluster_size=65536 lazy_refcounts=off refcount_bits=16
```

- Checking if the newly created disk is okay or not

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo qemu-img info /var/lib/libvirt/images/ubuntu20.04-1G.qcow2  
image: /var/lib/libvirt/images/ubuntu20.04-1G.qcow2  
file format: qcow2  
virtual size: 102 MiB (107374592 bytes)  
disk size: 196 KiB  
cluster_size: 65536  
Format specific information:  
    compat: 1.1  
    lazy refcounts: false  
    refcount bits: 16  
    corrupt: false
```

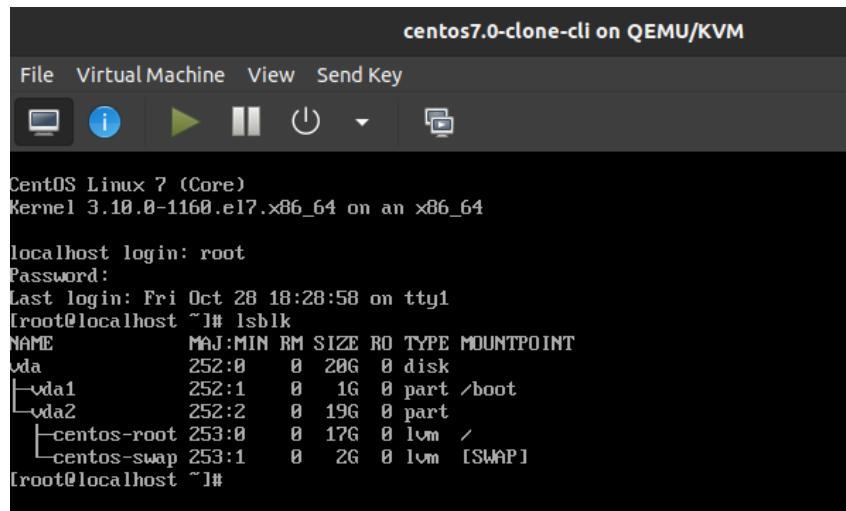
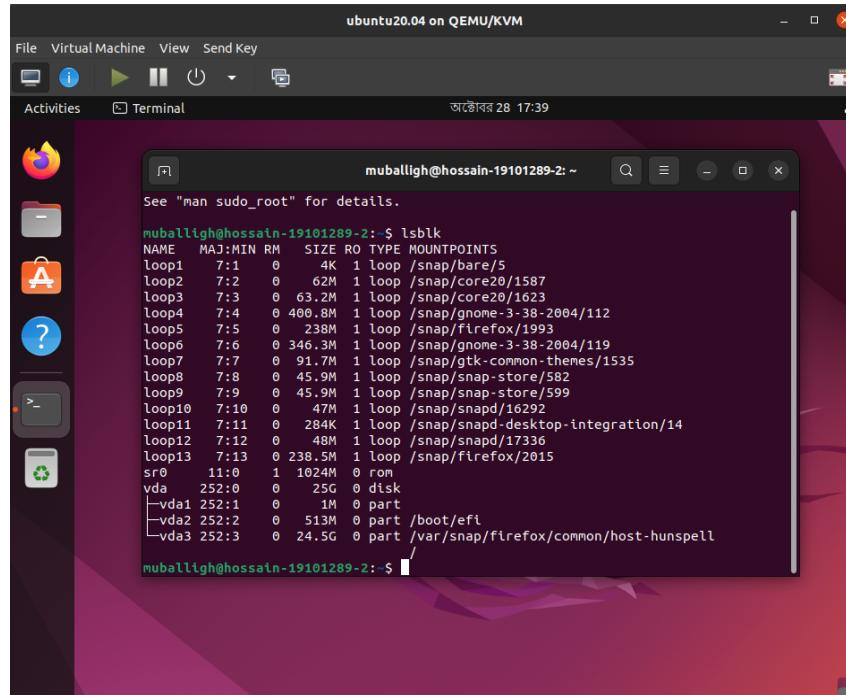
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo qemu-img info /var/lib/libvirt/images/centos7.0-clone-cli-0.1G.qcow2  
image: /var/lib/libvirt/images/centos7.0-clone-cli-0.1G.qcow2  
file format: qcow2  
virtual size: 102 MiB (107374592 bytes)  
disk size: 196 KiB  
cluster_size: 65536  
Format specific information:  
    compat: 1.1  
    lazy refcounts: false  
    refcount bits: 16  
    corrupt: false
```

- List of all VMs. If our desired VM is shut down, run it by -

```
sudo virsh start {VM name}
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo virsh list --all  
 Id  Name           State  
---  
  5   ubuntu20.04    running  
  -   centos7.0     shut off  
  -   centos7.0-clone-cli  shut off
```

- Check the disk configuration of VM before adding

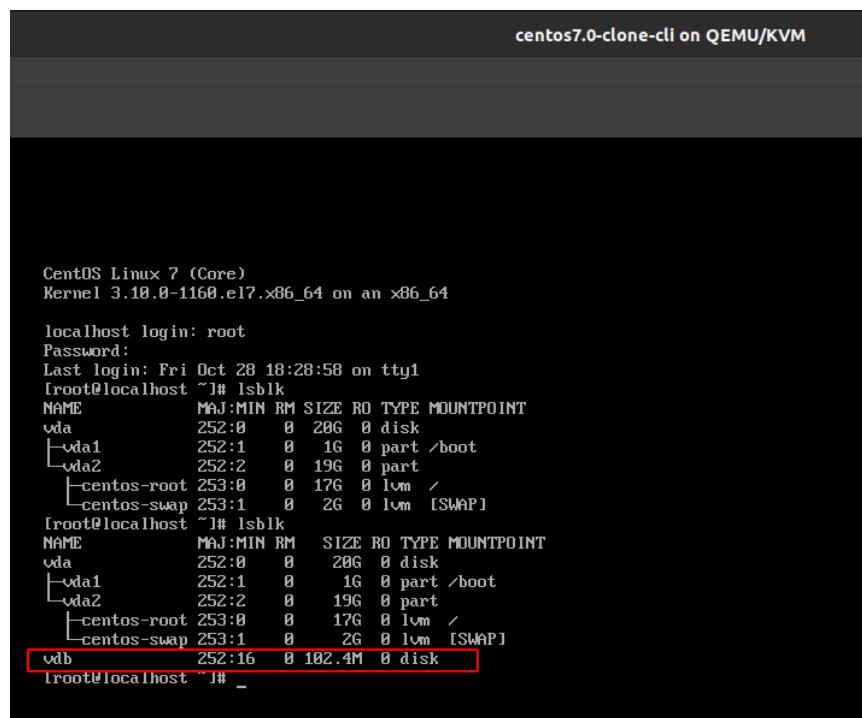
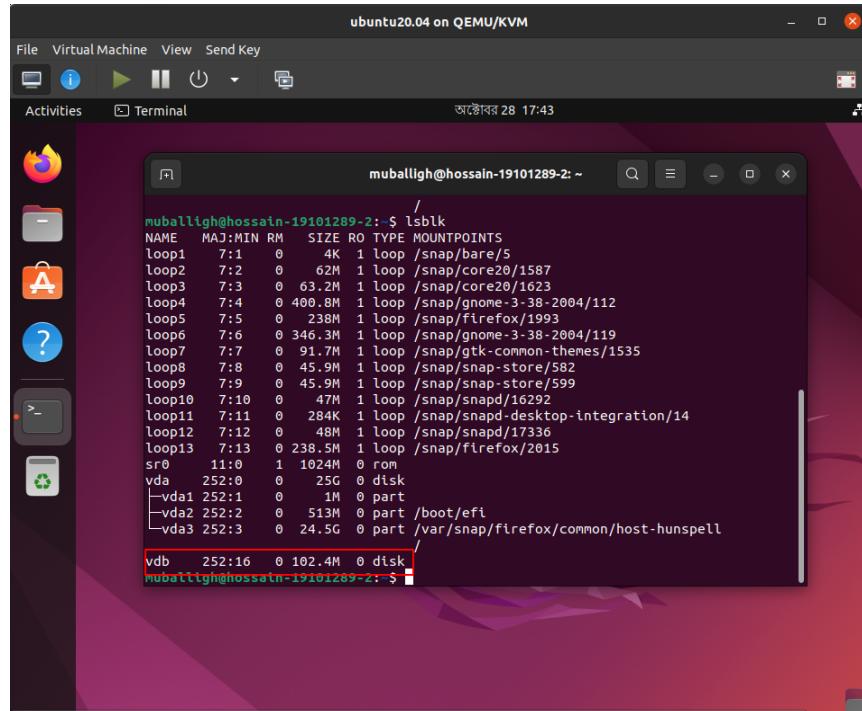


- Attaching the new disk to our desired VM

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo virsh attach-disk --persistent --subdriver qcow2 ubuntu20.04 /var/lib/libvirt/images/ubuntu20.04-1G.qcow2 vdb
Disk attached successfully
```

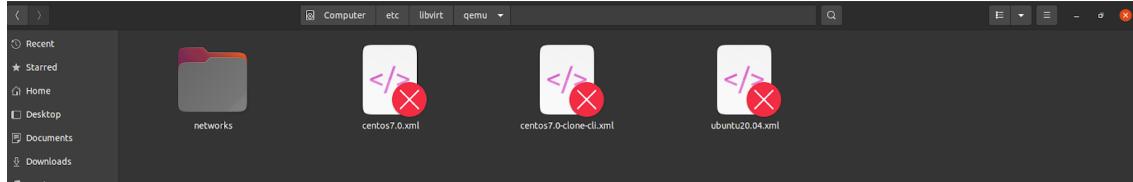
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo virsh attach-disk --persistent --subdriver qcow2 centos7.0-clone-cli /var/lib/libvirt/images/centos7.0-clone-cli-0.1G.qcow2 vdb
Disk attached successfully
```

- Checking if the newly created disk was attached successfully to our desired VM



Task 5 - Migration

- The XML Files of the created VMs' can be found in -> etc/libvirt/qemu



- If you want to export another xml file do the following

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh list --all
  Id  Name           State
  --
  -  centos7.0      shut off
  -  centos7.0-clone-cli  shut off
  -  ubuntu20.04    shut off

muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh dumpxml centos7.0-clone-cli > /home/muballigh/Desktop/centos-guest.xml
```

- Checking the XML File

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ ls
Desktop  Documents  Downloads  Music  Pictures  Public  samba  smb.conf  snap  Templates  Videos
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ cd Desktop
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~/Desktop$ ls
centos-guest.xml  smb.conf
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~/Desktop$ cat centos-guest.xml
<domain type='kvm'>
  <name>centos7.0-clone-cli</name>
  <uuid>41a1309a-e021-4f73-a1c9-ce3af985a4e1</uuid>
  <metadata>
    <libosinfo:libosinfo xmlns:libosinfo="http://libosinfo.org/xmlns/libvirt/domain/1.0">
      <libosinfo:os id="http://centos.org/centos/7.0"/>
    </libosinfo:libosinfo>
  </metadata>
  <memory unit='KiB'>8388608</memory>
  <currentMemory unit='KiB'>8388608</currentMemory>
  <vcpu placement='static'>8</vcpu>
  <os>
    <type arch='x86_64' machine='pc-q35-4.2'>hvm</type>
    <boot dev='hd' />
  </os>
  <features>
    <acpi/>
    <apic/>
  </features>
  <cpu mode='host-model' check='partial' />
  <clock offset='utc'>
    <timer name='rtc' tickpolicy='catchup' />
    <timer name='pit' tickpolicy='delay' />
    <timer name='hpet' present='no' />
  </clock>
  <on_poweroff>destroy</on_poweroff>
  <on_reboot>restart</on_reboot>
  <on_crash>destroy</on_crash>
  <pm>
    <suspend-to-mem enabled='no' />
    <suspend-to-disk enabled='no' />
  </pm>
  <devices>
    <emulator>/usr/bin/qemu-system-x86_64</emulator>
    <disk type='file' device='disk'>
      <driver name='qemu' type='qcow2' />
      <source file='/var/lib/libvirt/images/centos7.0-clone-cli.qcow2' />
      <target dev='vda' bus='virtio' />
      <address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x04' slot='0x00' function='0x0' />
    </disk>
    <disk type='file' device='disk'>
```

- Copying the disk image in order to share with another user

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo cp /var/lib/libvirt/images/centos7.0.qcow2 ~/Desktop/
[sudo] password for muballigh:
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ 
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo chmod 777 ~/Desktop/centos7.0.qcow2
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ 
```

Migrating a VM to my Local Machine

Shared with me > Guest OS XML

Last modified ↓

Files

- ubuntu22.04.tar.xz
- ubuntu-server.xml
- debian11.tar.xz
- centos7.0.tar.xz
- debian11.xml
- centos-guest.xml

Guest OS XML

Details Activity

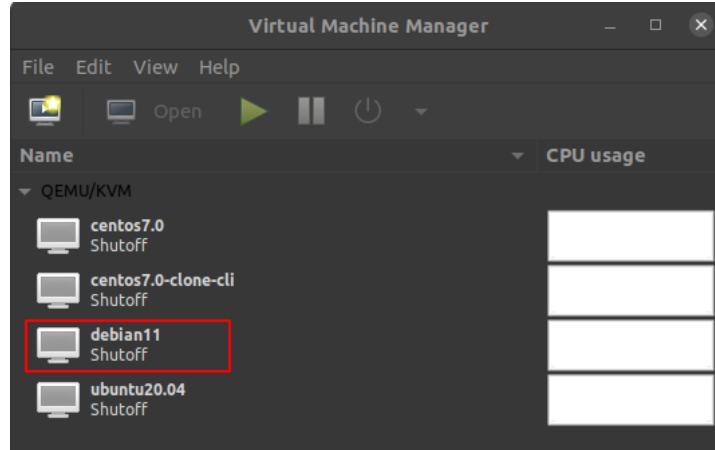
Who has access

Manage access

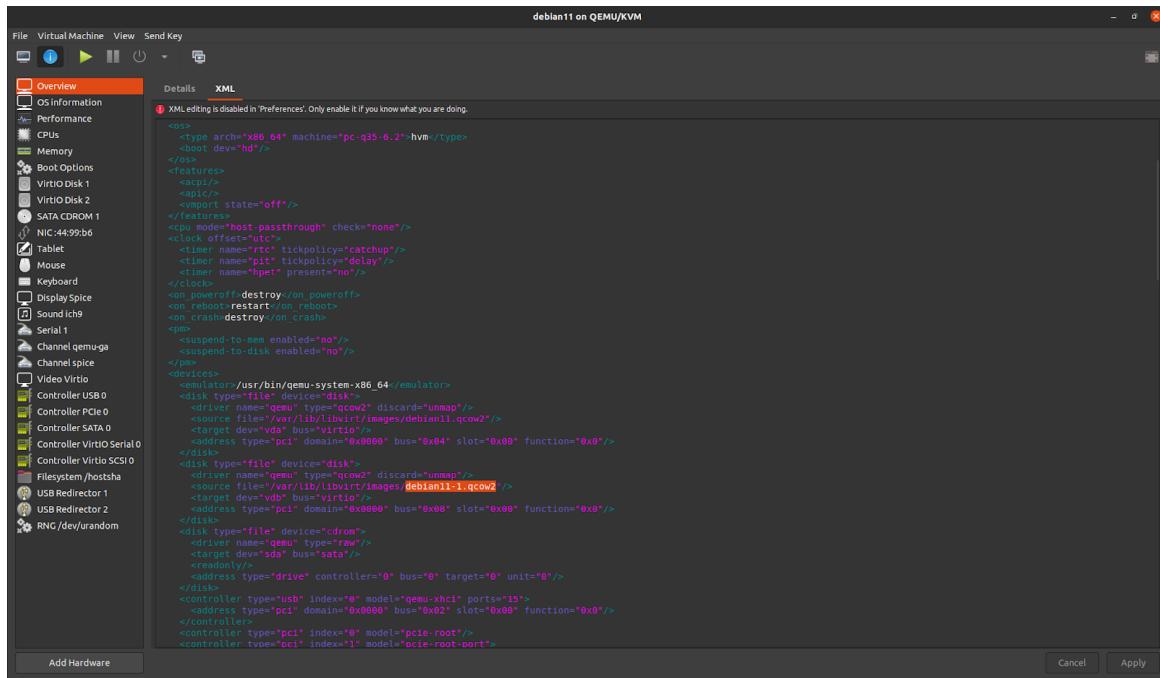
System properties

- The XML File and the tar.xz files (compressed version of qcow2 disk images) are of VMs belonging to my friend, which I will attempt to migrate to my local machine

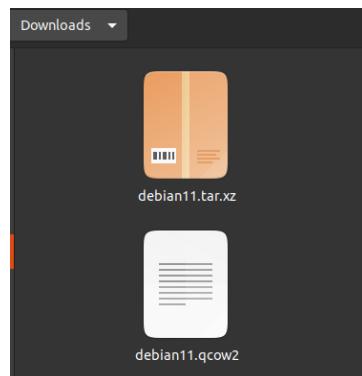
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh define --file ~/Downloads/debian11.xml
Domain debian11 defined from /home/muballigh/Downloads/debian11.xml
```



- The XML file shows the disk image in qcow2 format. We have to copy this in our disk images directory



- Extract the tar.xz file.



- Copy the qcow2 file to the images directory of our VMM

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo cp ~/Downloads/ubuntu22.04.qcow2 /var/lib/libvirt/images
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ 
```

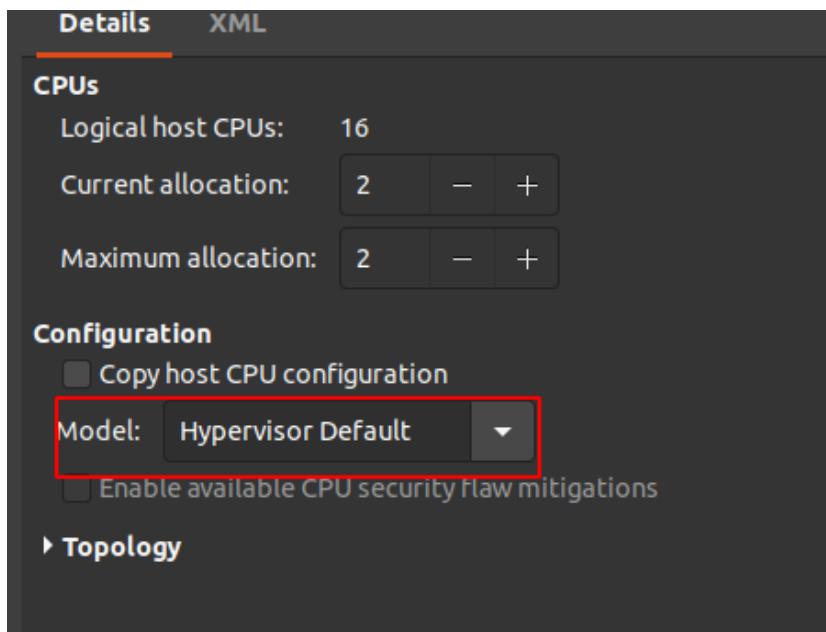
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo cp ~/Downloads/debian11.qcow2 /var/lib/libvirt/images
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ 
```

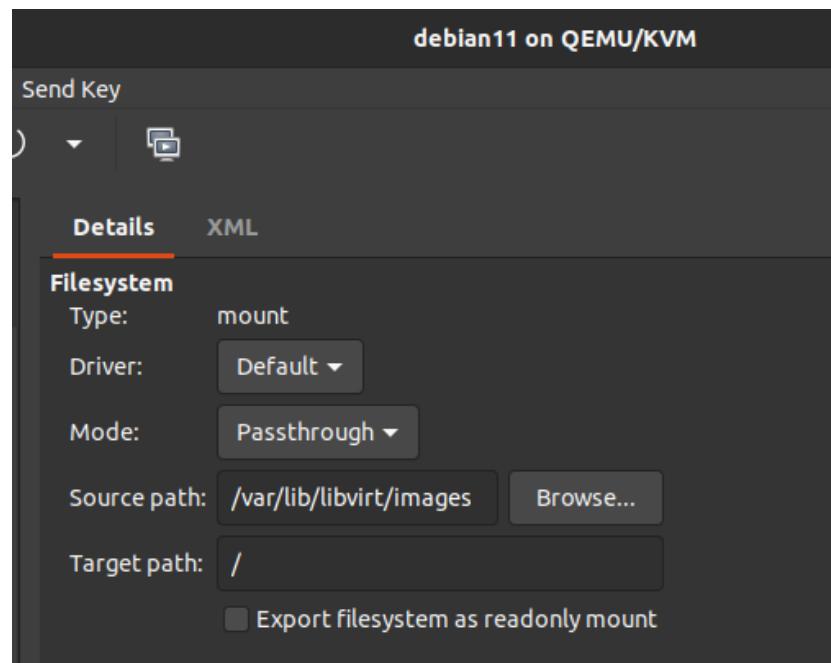
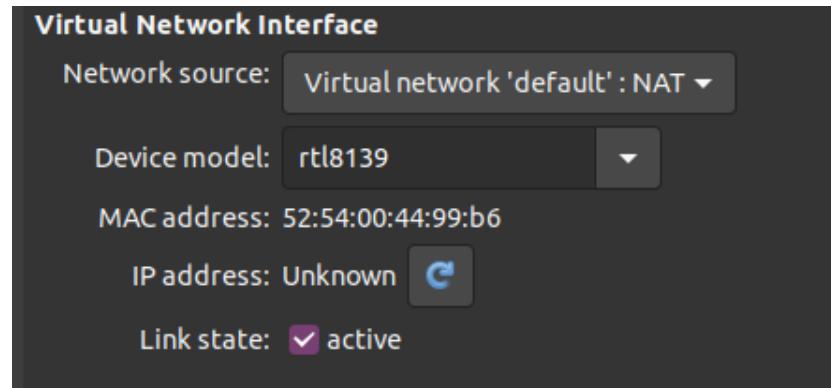
- New VM is defined properly

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh list --all
 Id  Name           State
 -----
 -  centos7.0      shut off
 -  centos7.0-clone-cli  shut off
 -  debian11      shut off
 -  ubuntu20.04     shut off
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh list --all
 Id  Name           State
 -----
 -  centos7.0      shut off
 -  centos7.0-clone-cli  shut off
 -  ubuntu20.04     shut off
 -  ubuntu22.04    shut off
```

- Making necessary changes in the VMM





- Starting the VM

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh start ubuntu22.04
error: Failed to start domain ubuntu22.04
error: internal error: process exited while connecting to monitor:
pc-q35-6.2'
Use -machine help to list supported machines
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh start debian11
error: Failed to start domain debian11
error: internal error: process exited while connecting to monitor:
pc-q35-6.2'
Use -machine help to list supported machines
```

- Troubleshooting the error

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo apt install qemu
[sudo] password for muballigh:
Reading package lists... Done
[1/1] Reading package lists... Done
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo apt install qemu-system-ppc
[sudo] password for muballigh:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libfwupdplugin1 libxmlb1
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following additional packages will be installed:
  qemu-slof
Suggested packages:
  qemu vde2 openbios-ppc openhackware
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  qemu-slof qemu-system-ppc
0 upgraded, 2 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 7,055 kB of archives.
After this operation, 35.0 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://bd.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/main amd64 qemu-slof all 20191209+dfsg-1 [178 kB]
Get:2 http://bd.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/main amd64 qemu-system-ppc amd64 1:4.2-3ubuntu6.23 [6,877 kB]
Fetched 7,055 kB in 4s (1,820 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package qemu-slof.
(Reading database ... 185643 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../qemu-slof_20191209+dfsg-1_all.deb ...
Unpacking qemu-slof (20191209+dfsg-1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package qemu-system-ppc.
Preparing to unpack .../qemu-system-ppc_1%aa4.2-3ubuntu6.23_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking qemu-system-ppc (1:4.2-3ubuntu6.23) ...
Setting up qemu-slof (20191209+dfsg-1) ...
Setting up qemu-system-ppc (1:4.2-3ubuntu6.23) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.9.1-1) ...
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ wget https://download.qemu.org/qemu-7.1.0.tar.xz
--2022-10-30 23:13:45-- https://download.qemu.org/qemu-7.1.0.tar.xz
Resolving download.qemu.org (download.qemu.org)... 13.107.227.59, 13.107.219.59, 2
Connecting to download.qemu.org (download.qemu.org)|13.107.227.59|:443... connected
```

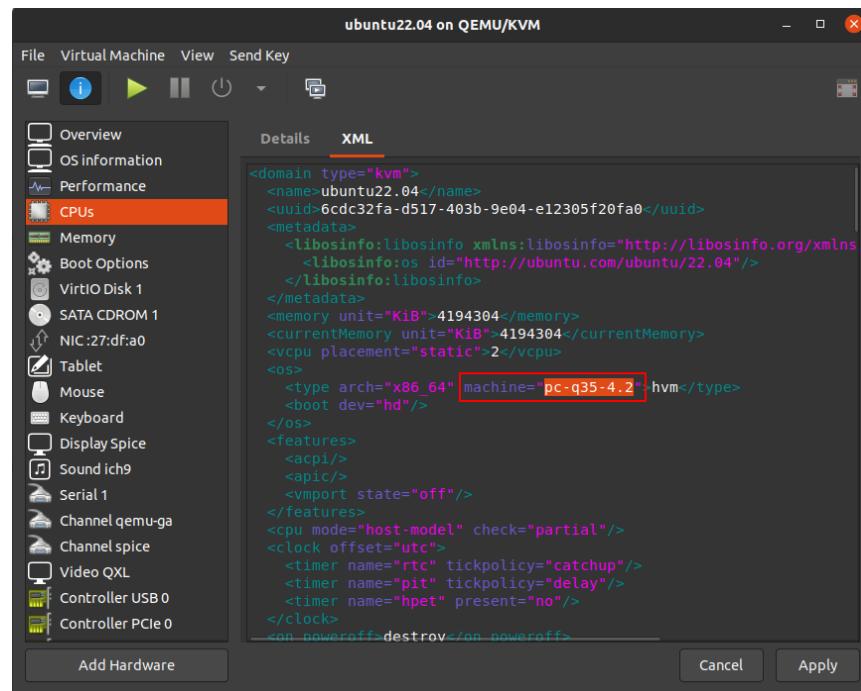
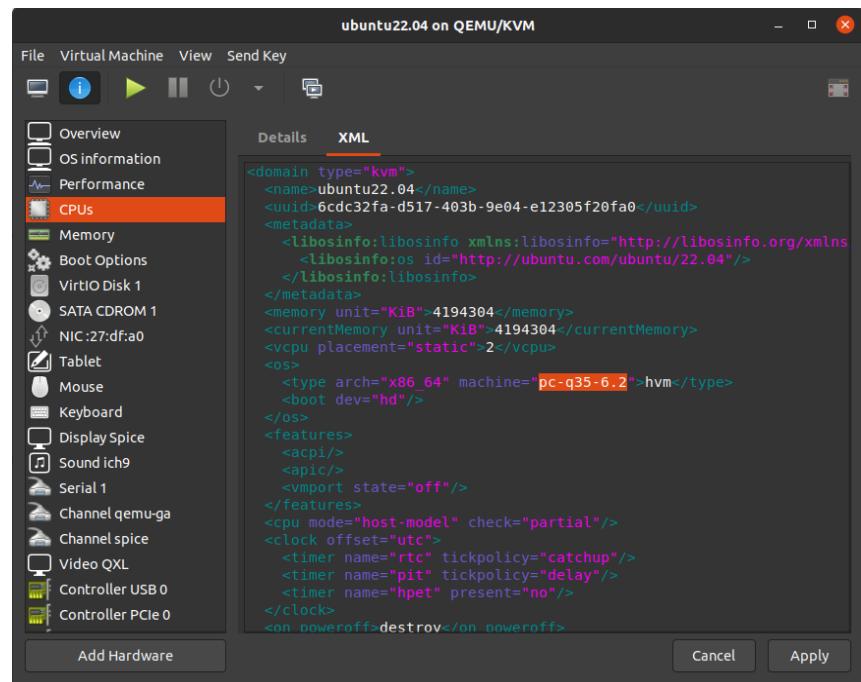
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ tar xvJf qemu-7.1.0.tar.xz
```

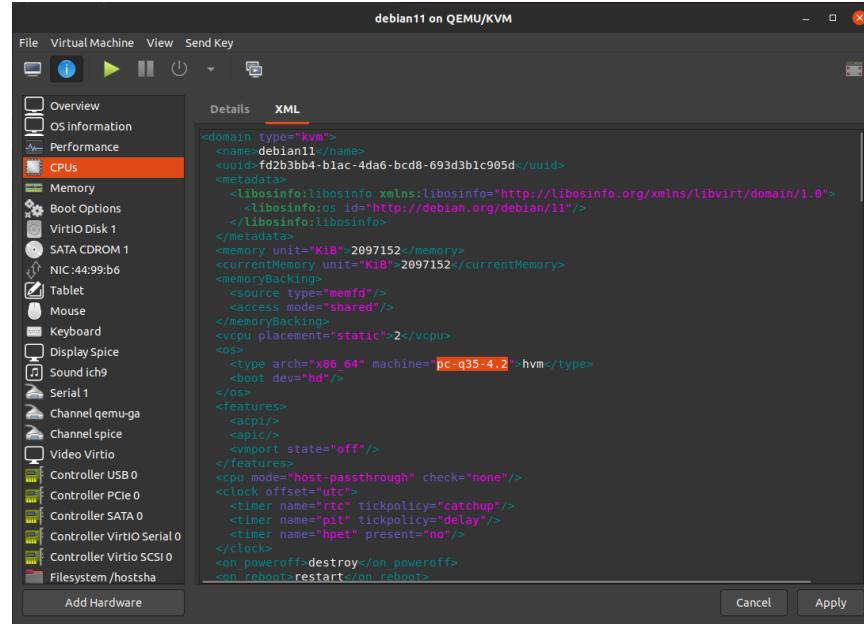
```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ cd qemu-7.1.0
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~/qemu-7.1.0$ ./configure
Using './build' as the directory for build output

ERROR: GNU make (make) not found

muballigh@hossain-19101289:~/qemu-7.1.0$ make
```

- Editing the XML File





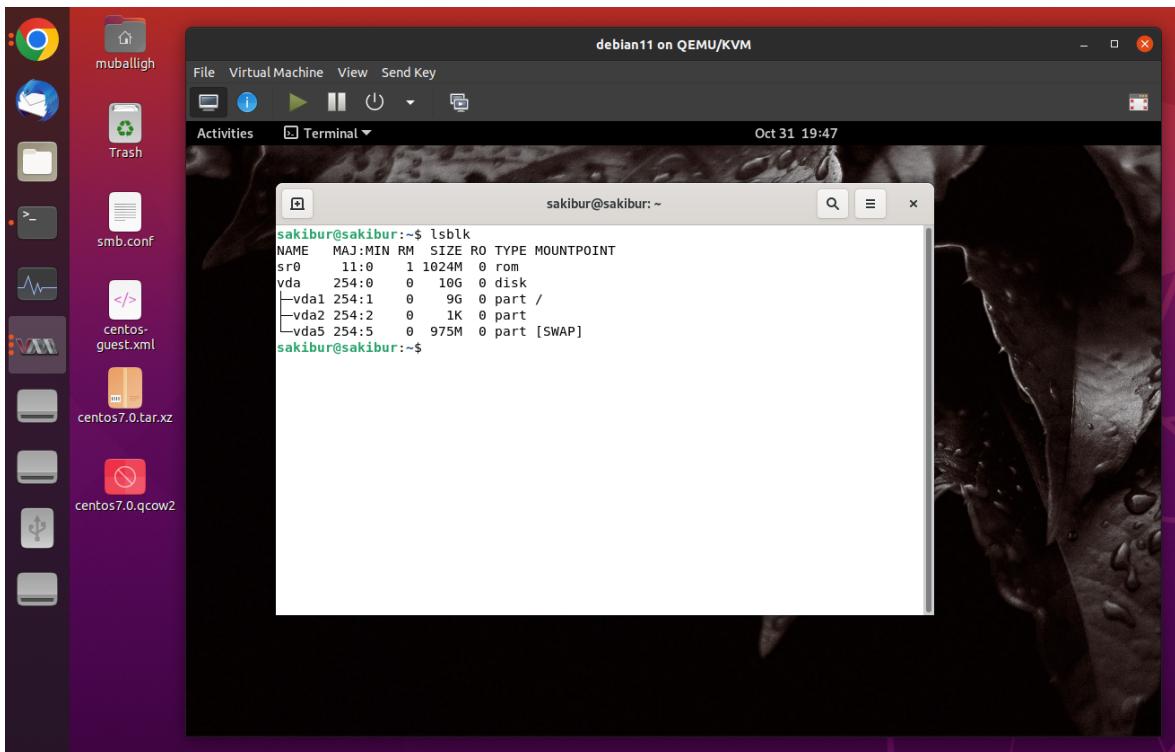
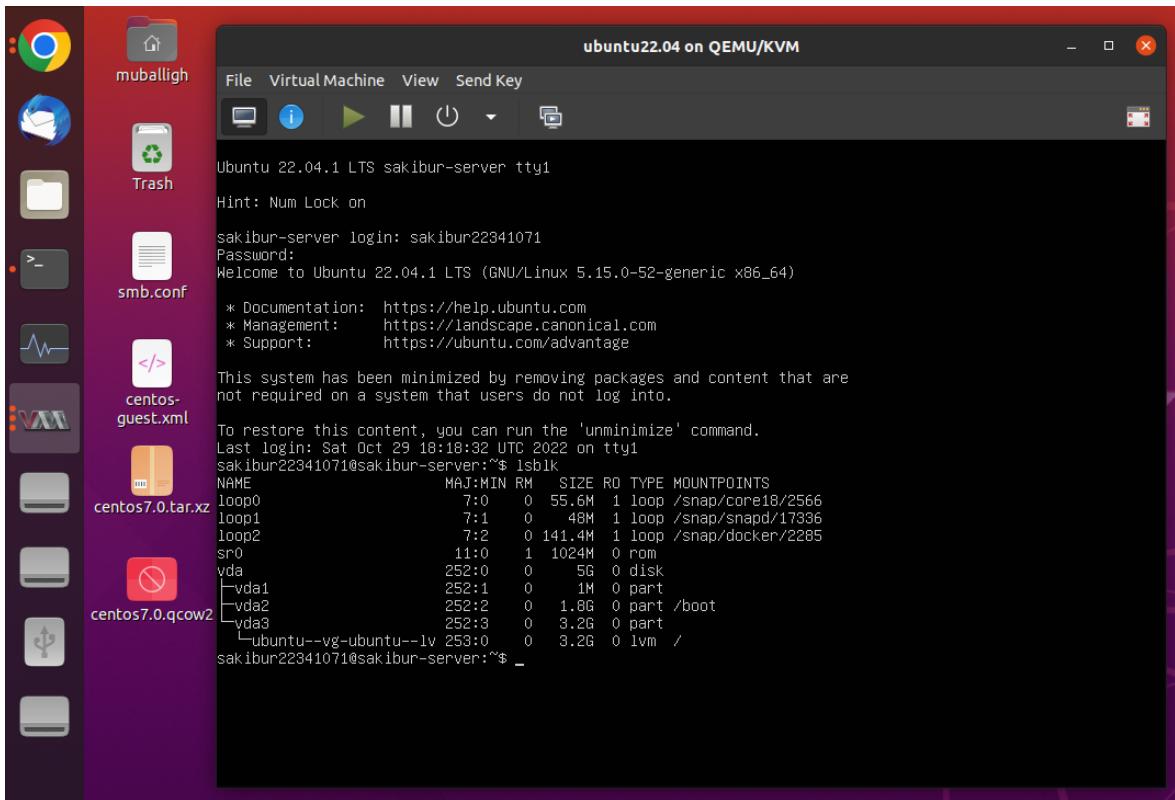
- Starting Once again!

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh start ubuntu22.04
Domain ubuntu22.04 started
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ █
```

```
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh start debian11
error: Failed to start domain debian11
error: internal error: qemu unexpectedly closed the monitor: 2022-10-31T13:41:29.060490Z qemu-system-x86_64:
initialize fsdev 'fsdev-fs0': failed to open '/home/sakibur/shared_folder_deb': No such file or directory

muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ sudo chmod 777 /var/lib/libvirt/images
muballigh@hossain-19101289:~$ virsh start debian11
Domain debian11 started
```



Migration Successful!!