



### Introduction to RStudio

Introduction to Data Management Practices course

**NBIS DM Team** 

data@nbis.se





#### **Outline**



- 1. What is R?
- 2. What is Rstudio and how does it work?
- 3. How to create an R Project?
- 4. How to create a README in Markdown format



#### What is R?



- R is a powerful programming language used for statistical computing and graphics, popular among data analysts, statisticians, and researchers.
- R has a large and active community of users and developers, which
  provides extensive support, documentation, and packages for various
  tasks, such as data manipulation, machine learning, and data
  visualization.
- R is an open-source language, which means it is free to use, modify, and distribute, making it accessible to a wide range of users.



#### What is R?



- R is an open-source language, which means it is free to use, modify, and distribute, making it accessible to a wide range of users.
- R has a rich ecosystem of packages that extend its functionality, allowing users to tailor their analyses to specific domains or tasks, and making it a flexible and customizable scripting language for data analysis and visualization.



#### **RStudio IDE**



- RStudio is an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for working with R.
- The RStudio IDE is open-source and the product is free under the <u>Affero General Public License (AGPL) v3</u>
- We can use RStudio IDE to write code, navigate the files on our computer, inspect the variables we are going to create, and visualize the plots we will generate.



### **RStudio's 4 Panes**



- Source Editor Pane (default: upper left)
- Environment and History Pane (default: upper right)
- Plots and Help Pane (default: bottom right)
- Console Pane (default: bottom left)



#### **README**



- It is good practice to create a <u>README</u> at the top level of your working directory to provide the context of the files in the directory.
- Making this a habit can save you many hours of work, as it will allow you to quickly get into a project again after being away from it for some time.
- You may also find a README file helpful when you collaborate with others around a bunch of files.



# Markdown (.md)



A lightweight markup language. Relatively easy to add text formatting.

Heading: ## Header (down to ######, 6 hashtags)

Bold: \*\*bold text\*\*

Italic: \*italicized text\*

Ordered list: 1. First item

2. Second item

Unordered list: \*/- First item

\*/- Second item

Code: `Code` (back ticks)

Link: [title](https://www.example.com)



# **Working Directory**



- Important concept to understand
  - It is the place from where R will be looking for and saving files
  - When you write code for your project, it should refer to files in relation to the root of your working directory and only need files within this structure.
- Using RStudio projects makes this easy and ensures that your working directory is set properly.