



# Working in the R environment R Foundations for Life Scientists Marcin Kierczak

## Working with R



There are several ways to work with/in R:

- from a command line,
- in batch mode,
- from a native GUI,
- using external editor, e.g. RStudio.

During this course, we will be focusing on working with RStudio and also in batch mode.

### Working from command line



- 1. Open Terminal.
- 2. Type R.
- 3. Type R commands...
- 4. Type q() to quit R.
- Arrows let you browse throughout the history.
- TAB attempts to autocomplete the command you have just started typing.

#### The batch mode



If you are working on a computational cluster, such as the Uppmax, it is very likely you would like to run large jobs that one has to enqueue. This makes interactive work from the console virtually impossible. The solution is to run R code from a file, using the so-called **batch mode**:

- 1. Create a file with your code and give it extension .R.
- 2. In the console (or in the queue script) write:

```
R --vanilla < mycode.R [two minus signs in front of vanilla].
```

Should you like to log the output add either:

```
R --vanilla < mycode.R > output.log or like this
```

R --vanilla < mycode.R | tee output.log</li>

#### **Getting help**



```
help(t.test) # function level
?t.test # same as above
??t.test # extensive search
vignette("GenABEL") # package level demo(graphics)
example(barplot) # run help examples for barplot
demo() # see all currently available demos
demo('graphics') # run demo for 'graphics'
```

Stackoverflow is a great resource.

#### Working with packages



Packages are organised in repositories. The three main repositories are:

- CRAN
- R-Forge
- Bioconductor

We also have GitHub.

## Working with packages -- CRAN example.

GenABEL: genome-wide SNP association analysis

a package for genome-wide association analysis between quantitative or binary traits and single-nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs).

Version: 1.8-0

Depends:  $R (\ge 2.15.0)$ , methods, MASS, utils, GenABEL.data

Suggests: qvalue, genetics, haplo.stats, DatABEL (≥ 0.9-0), hglm, MetABEL, PredictABEL, VariABEL, bigRR

Published: 2013-12-27

Author: GenABEL project developers

Maintainer: Yurii Aulchenko <yurii at bionet.nsc.ru>

Contact: GenABEL project developers <genabel.project at gmail.com>
BugReports: http://r-forge\_r-project.org/tracker/?group\_id=505

License:  $\frac{\text{GPL} - 2 | \text{GPL} - 3}{\text{GPL} - 2} [\text{expanded from: GPL } (\geq 2)]$ 

URL: <a href="http://www.genabel.org">http://www.genabel.org</a>, <a href="http://www.genabel.org">http://genabel.r-forge.r-project.org/</a>

NeedsCompilation: yes

Materials: ChangeLog
In views: Genetics
CRAN checks: GenABEL results

Downloads:

Reference manual: <u>GenABEL.pdf</u>
Package source: <u>GenABEL\_1.8-0.tar.gz</u>

Windows binaries: r-devel: GenABEL 1.8-0.zip, r-release: GenABEL 1.8-0.zip, r-oldrel: GenABEL 1.8-0.zip

OS X Mavericks binaries: r-release: GenABEL 1.8-0.tgz, r-oldrel: GenABEL 1.8-0.tgz

Old sources: GenABEL archive

Reverse dependencies:

Reverse depends: Haplin, Idlasso, RepeatABEL

Reverse suggests: DatABEL, FREGAT, MetABEL, NAM, PredictABEL, ranger, RVPedigree, VariABEL

### Working with packages -- installation



Only a few packages are pre-installed:

```
library(XLConnect)
```

```
## Error in library(XLConnect): there is no package called 'XLConnect'
```

In order to install a package from command line, use:

```
install.packages("GenABEL",dependencies=TRUE)
```

#### Working with packages -- details



It may happen that you want to also specify the repository, e.g. because it is geographically closer to you or because your default mirror is down:

```
install.packages('GenABEL',dependencies=TRUE,repos="http://cran.se.r-project.org")
```

But, sometimes, this does not work either because the package is not available for your platform. In such case, you need to *compile* it from its *source code*.

### Working with packages -- details cted.



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BugReports: http://r-forge.r-project.org/tracker/?group\_id=505 License: GPL-2 | GPL-3 [expanded from: GPL (≥ 2)]

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Reverse suggests: <u>DatABEL</u>, <u>FREGAT</u>, <u>MetABEL</u>, <u>NAM</u>, <u>PredictABEL</u>, <u>ranger</u>, <u>RVPedigree</u>, <u>VariABEL</u>

#### Working with packages -- installing from source.



- Make sure you have appropriate tools installed, e.g. XCode or build-essentials.
- Download the source file, in our example GenABEL\_1.8-0.tar.gz.
- Install it:

Load it:

```
library('GenABEL') # always forces reloading
require('GenABEL') # load only if not already loaded
```

Enjoy!

#### Packages -- GitHub



Nowadays, more and more developers contribute their packages via GitHub. The easiest way to install packages from the GitHub is via the *devtools* package:

- Install the *devtools* package.
- Load it.
- Install.
- Enjoy!

```
install.packages('devtools',dependencies=TRUE)
library('devtools')
install_github('talgalili/installr')
```

## Packages -- Bioconductor





#### First install Bioconductor Manager:

```
if (!requireNamespace("BiocManager",quietly = TRUE))
  install.packages("BiocManager")
```

### Packages -- Bioconductor cted.



Now, you can install particular packages from Bioconductor:

```
BiocManager::install("GenomicRanges")
```

For more info, visit Bioconductor website.

## One package to rule them all -- the magic of renv



- first time do renv::activate() and renv::init()
- while working: renv::hydrate() and renv::snapshot()

Now, send renv.lock to your friend to share the environment and she can:

• restore the environment renv::restore()

#### Pure magic!

# See you at the next lecture!



