Semânticas das Linguagens de Programação 2024/25 2º Teste // 21 Maio 2025 // 01h30 min

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Problema 1 (7 valores). Tirando partido do sistema deductivo descrito na Figura 1, prove que a seguinte derivação é verdadeira.

$$A \to B$$
, $A \to \mathbb{C} \vdash A \to \mathbb{B} \times \mathbb{C}$

Construa de seguida o programa correspondente à árvore de prova a que chegou, recorrendo para tal à Figura 2.

Problema 2 (5 valores). Descreva por palavras suas aquilo que λx . $\langle \pi_2 x, \pi_1 x \rangle$ faz. De seguida tirando partido do sistema equacional descrito na Figura 3, prove que a seguinte igualdade é verdadeira.

$$\left(\lambda x.\left\langle \pi_{2}\ x,\pi_{1}\ x\right\rangle \right)\left(\left(\lambda y.\left\langle \pi_{2}\ y,\pi_{1}\ y\right\rangle \right)z\right)=_{\beta\eta}z$$

Problema 3 (3 valores). Prove que a seguinte implicação é verdadeira.

$$\Gamma, x : \mathbb{A}, y : \mathbb{B}, \Delta \vdash t : \mathbb{A} \implies \Gamma, y : \mathbb{B}, x : \mathbb{A}, \Delta \vdash t : \mathbb{A}$$

Problema 4 (3 valores). Vamos supor que estamos a trabalhar na categoria Set (dos conjuntos e funções). Tirando partido da semântica descrita na Figura 4, prove que a igualdade abaixo é verdadeira.

$$[\![x \vdash \langle\langle \pi_1 \, x, \pi_1 \pi_2 \, x \rangle, \pi_2 \pi_2 \, x)]\!] (a_1, (a_2, a_3)) = ((a_1, a_2), a_3)$$

Problema 5 (2 valores). Considere a categoria representada pelo seguinte grafo.

Mostre que é uma categoria Cartesiano-fechada. Dica: tal como vimos nas aulas com outras categorias, pode assumir que esta categoria tem supremos.

$$\frac{\mathbb{A} \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{A}} \text{ (ass)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{A} \times \mathbb{B}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{A}} \text{ (frz)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{A} \times \mathbb{B}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{B}} \text{ (frz)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{A} \times \mathbb{B}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{A} \times \mathbb{B}} \text{ (prd)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, \mathbb{A} \vdash \mathbb{B}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{A} \to \mathbb{B}} \text{ (cry)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{A} \to \mathbb{B}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbb{B}} \text{ (app)}$$

Figure 1: Sistema deductivo Cartesiano.

$$\frac{x:\mathbb{A}\in\Gamma}{\Gamma\vdash x:\mathbb{A}} \text{ (ass)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash t:\mathbb{A}\times\mathbb{B}}{\Gamma\vdash \pi_1\,t:\mathbb{A}} \text{ (π_1)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma\vdash t:\mathbb{A}\times\mathbb{B}}{\Gamma\vdash \pi_2\,t:\mathbb{B}} \text{ (π_2)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash t:\mathbb{A}}{\Gamma\vdash (t,s):\mathbb{A}\times\mathbb{B}} \text{ (prd)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma,x:\mathbb{A}\vdash t:\mathbb{B}}{\Gamma\vdash \lambda x:\mathbb{A}\cdot t:\mathbb{A}\to\mathbb{B}} \text{ (cry)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma\vdash t:\mathbb{A}\to\mathbb{B}}{\Gamma\vdash t:\mathbb{B}} \text{ (app)}$$

Figure 2: Cálculo lambda simplesmente tipado.

$$\pi_{1}\langle t, s \rangle = \beta_{\eta} t \qquad \qquad t = \beta_{\eta} * \qquad \text{(if } \Gamma \vdash t : 1)$$

$$\pi_{2}\langle t, s \rangle = \beta_{\eta} s \qquad \qquad \lambda x. \ t \ s = \beta_{\eta} \ t [s/x]$$

$$\langle \pi_{1} t, \pi_{2} t \rangle = \beta_{\eta} t, \qquad \lambda x. (t \ x) = \beta_{\eta} t$$

$$\frac{t = \beta_{\eta} s}{s = \beta_{\eta} t} \qquad \frac{t = \beta_{\eta} s}{s = \beta_{\eta} t} \qquad \frac{t = \beta_{\eta} s}{t = \beta_{\eta} u}$$

$$\frac{t = \beta_{\eta} s}{\pi_{1} t = \beta_{\eta} \pi_{1} s} \qquad \frac{t = \beta_{\eta} s}{\pi_{2} t = \beta_{\eta} \pi_{2} s} \qquad \frac{t = \beta_{\eta} s}{\langle t, u \rangle = \beta_{\eta} \langle s, v \rangle}$$

Figure 3: Fragmento do sistema equacional do cálculo lambda simplesmente tipado.

$$\begin{array}{c} x_i: \mathbb{A} \in \Gamma \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash x_i: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = \pi_i \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} & & & \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \times \mathbb{B} \rrbracket = f \end{array} & \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = f \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = f \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = f \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} & & \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = f \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} & & \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = f \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} & & \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = f \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} & & \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = f \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} & & \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma \vdash t: \mathbb{A} \rrbracket = f \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} & & \\ \hline \llbracket \Gamma 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Figure 4: Semântica do cálculo lambda simplesmente tipado.