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Ficha de Trabalho 5
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2. x4) = (3 sem t2, 3 cos t2), t e [0, 12 Ti]
Li parametigação da chairighima de centre (0,0) 2 raio 3

(a) $Seja^{4} f(t) = 3sem t^{2} e g(t) = 3cos t^{2}, termos que$ $<math>||A^{2}(t)|| = [[p^{2}(t)]^{2} + [g^{2}(t)]^{2}$

Pela formula higomornithica: (2/12 cos2 t2 + xem2 t2)

pero² > c + cos² x = 1, = $\sqrt{36t^2} = 6t$ secondo x = t^2

logo, varificamos que II n'(+) 11 = 6 t:

(5) $\Lambda(t) = (f(t), g(t)) = (3 \text{ sim} t^2, 3 \cos t^2)$ Comprime mbo da aurva = $\int_{t_1}^{t_2} \sqrt{[p'(t)]^2 + [g'(t)]^2} dt$.

Da alimea amteria, sasermos que ([p'(t)]2+[g'(t)]2-6t, pelo que o compimemb da anva e dado por:

 $\int_{0}^{\sqrt{\pi}} 6t \, dt = \left[3t^{2}\right]_{0}^{\sqrt{\pi}} = 3 \times (\sqrt{\pi})^{2} = 3\pi$

logo, o comprimento da curva entre o e TT e'3TT. Como a circunterina varia para t∈ [0, √2 T], o comprimento total da curva é dado pa:

$$[3t^2]_0^{\sqrt{2\pi}} = 3x(\sqrt{2\pi})^2 = 3x2x11 - 611.$$

(c) como s/3 - 22 entas temos que:

$$2(5/3) = (3 \text{ sem}(\frac{5}{3}), 3\cos(\frac{5}{3}))$$

logo a Meatemphique v da una étiqued a (3 sin
$$(s)$$
, 3 cos (s)).

$$\sqrt{(s)} = \left(\cos\left(\frac{s}{3}\right), \text{ sem }(\frac{s}{3})\right)$$

$$= \sqrt{(cos $(\frac{s}{3})^2 + (-\text{sem }(\frac{s}{3}))^2}$

$$= \sqrt{(cos $(\frac{s}{3})^2 + \text{sem}^2(\frac{s}{3})} = \sqrt{1} = 1$

$$\log_0, \text{ whifeamos que } ||v'(s)|| \le 1$$

$$2. \ \lambda(t) = (t_1 + t^2, z^t)$$
Termos que $x^*(t) = (1, 2t_1 + t^1) e \wedge (1) = (0, 2, e^t), \log_0;$

$$\lambda'(t) \times \lambda''(t) = \left[\frac{1}{1} \sqrt[3]{k} \right] = \frac{1}{1} \left(2t_1 + t_2 + 2e^t \right) - \sqrt[3]{k} + \sqrt[3]{k} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1} \left(2e^t (t_1 - 1) - \sqrt[3]{e^t} + 2k = (2t_1 + t_2 + 2e^t, x^t, 2) + (\sqrt[3]{1} \sqrt[3]{k}) \right)$$

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$$= \sqrt{(2e^t (t_1 - 1)^2 + 2e^t + 4}$$

$$(1 + 4t^2 + e^{2t})^{3/2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(2e^t (t_1 - 1)^2 + 1) + 4} = \sqrt{(2e^t (t_1 - 2e^t)^2 + 4) + 4}$$

$$(1 + 4t^2 + e^{2t})^{3/2}$$

$$\log_0 k(t) = \sqrt{(2e^t (t_1 - 2e^t)^2 + 2e^t + 4)}$$

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Vourmos, agora, qual o vala da amotra para t-0.
  K(0) = 100(0+5)+4 = 15+4
           (1+4x0+e0)3/2
logo, em t=0 o vala da curvatura é k (0) = 3/2.
3. (a) x(t) = (2 sent, 5t+1, 2 cost)
  11 2 (+) 1 = 1 (2 cost, 15, -2 semt) 1 = 1 (2 cost) 2+ (5) + (2 cost)
   = 4 cost + 5 + 4 sem2t = 15+4 (cost + sem2t)
    = 5+4 = 19 = 3
 Ver Picamos, assim que 11 2 4) 11 = 3.
 (5) O veter tangente Té dado pa: (+)
Do exercício antein, sasemos que: 1/1/4/11=3, 2090:
T(+)=1 (2 cost, 15,-2)ent)
 6 veta manmal, N(t), sidado pa: T'(+), logo:
T'(+) = (2 semt, 0, -2 cos t) = 2 (-2 semt, 0, -2 cos t)
 11+1(t) 11= (3 sem +) 2+ (0) 2+ (-3 cost)2.
           = \frac{4}{9} \operatorname{sem}^2 + \frac{4}{9} \cos^2 t = \frac{4}{9} = \frac{2}{3}
 Logo N(t) = (-\frac{2}{3} semt, 0, -\frac{2}{3} cost) = (-\text{xemt}, 0, -\text{cost})
 O Simonmal é dado pelo produto de TH) por NH, ou seja,
 B(+)=T(+) xN(+) = = cost (5 - 2 simt = c=)
                        -sem t o -cost
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$$\mathfrak{D}(t) = \left(-\frac{15}{3}\cos^2 t, -\frac{2}{3}\cos^2 t - \frac{2}{3}\sin^2 t, \frac{15}{3}\sin t\right) = \left(-\frac{15}{3}\cos^2 t, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{15}{3}\sin t\right)$$
Volumos agola edo vetas mo parto $P = (0, 1, 2)$. Cormo as
condumados do parto P and dadas para $t = 0$, ou seja
$$\begin{cases} 2 \sin t = 0 & \text{freq} \\ 2 \sin t = 0 & \text{freq} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2 \sin t = 0 & \text{freq} \\ 2 \cos t = 1 & \text{freq} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2 \cos t = 2 & \text{freq} \\ 2 \cos t = 1 & \text{freq} \end{cases}$$

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A91640 Beating Oliveira