Editorial - Turing Baths

Here inputs of the problem are T, N, S_i where T is the number of tests and N will be the number of activities, S_i is the sequence of activity. For each test the sequence of activity will be followed by the amount of activity.

For every character of S_i you have to check the following rules are passed. Here we have used cg, co, cf, cc, cs, cd, ca as the counter for each character (*i.e.*: cg denotes count of G), If the they pass the rule you have to increase the count by 1 and increase the appropriate character counter.

```
For (i=0; i<N; i++)
{
Switch(S[i])
Case G:cg++
               break:
Case O: (He should shower inside bathroom so the total count of existing G sould be in an
odd number)
                      If (cg%2>0)
                      co++
                              else
                      print N' + i
                      exit
               break;
Case F: (if co is greater than cf, F is possible)
                              If (co-cf=1)
                      cf++
                      else
                      print 'N' + i
                      exit
               break;
```

Case *C*: (conditioner should be used inside bathroom so existing G should be in odd number, the number of times conditioner already used should be less than the (brought conditioner count)*2 +2, and He would never apply conditioner without washing away shampoo, therefore F should be present before C or co-cf should be 1).

```
|f \ cg\%2=1 \ \&\& \ (co-cf=1|| \ S[i-1]=F)\&\& \ ((cb*2)+2>cc)
cc++
else
print 'N' + i
exit
break;
Case \ S: (it \ same \ as \ conditioner \ condition)
|f \ cg\%2=1 \ \&\& \ (co-cf=1|| \ S[i-1]=F)\&\& \ ((ca*2)+2>cs)
cs++
else
print 'N' + i
```

Case **D**: (he is not drying hair when shower is on inside the bathroom so, count of co-cf should be 0 or he can dry hair outside of the bathroom *i.e.*: cg will even number. He would never dry hair with anything on it therefore F should be present before D or co-cf should be 1.)

exit

break;

```
If (cg%2=0 || co-cf= 0) && (S[i-1]= F || co-cf= 1)

cd++

else

print 'N' + i

exit

break;
```

Case A: (He would never leave the house without checking he closed the shower and bathroom door, therefore count of cg should be even and co-cf should be 0)

```
If (cg%2=0 && co-cf=0)
                              ca++
                      else
                      print 'N' + i
                      exit
               break;
Case B: (same as case A)
                             If(co-cd>0) && (cb*2) +2>=cc
                              cb++
                      else
                      print 'N' + i
                      exit
               break;
}
If(N=i+1)
                      Print 'Y'
```