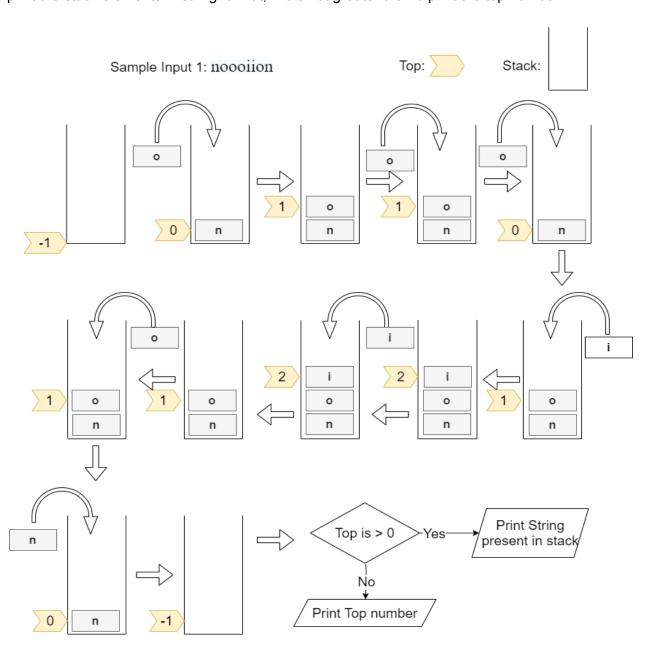
## **Editorial - NOI Game**

This problem can be solved by using <u>Stack based programming</u>. First, create an **N** length of an array and a stack (creating stack in <u>C</u>, <u>C++</u>, <u>Java</u>). Initialize the top number of stack as -1. Assign characters of the string to the array index.

Before pushing a character into the stack check the top element, if it is identical to 'top' element and 'top' number is greater than -1, delete the element which is present in stack, subtract the 'top' by 1, and assign next character in array index to push. If it is not identical to the 'top' element or top number is -1, increase the 'top' number by 1 and push the character.

Repeat the process until the array index *N-1*. finally check the 'top' number, if it is greater than 0 print the stack elements in string format, if it is not greater than 0 print the top number.



You can also use an inbuilt stack, then you don't have to worry about implementation details of stacks(Eg: top number). In the given solution we used an inbuilt stack in c++.