

# Make It Same

You are given two arrays **a** and **b** with **m** elements. If you can convert **b** (array) to **a** (array) after doing the operations described below, output **"Yes"** otherwise output **"No"** (**Without quotes**).

1. select an integer **k** ( $1 \leq k \leq m/2$ ).
2. swap the prefix of length **k** with the suffix of length **k**.
3. You can do these operations any number of times (Possibly zero).

For an example if  $b = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

- If you choose  $k=1$ , after swapping ,  $b = \{6, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1\}$
- If you choose  $k=2$ , after swapping ,  $b = \{5, 6, 3, 4, 1, 2\}$
- If you choose  $k=3$ , after swapping ,  $b = \{4, 5, 6, 1, 2, 3\}$

## Input Format

The first line contains one integer **n** — the number of test cases.

The first line of each test case contains a single integer **m** — number of elements in the arrays.

The second line of each test case contains m integers  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_m$  ( $1 \leq a_i \leq 10000$ ) — elements of array a.

The third line of each test case contains m integers  $b_1, b_2, \dots, b_m$  ( $1 \leq b_i \leq 10000$ ) — elements of array b.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq n \leq 500$
- $1 \leq m \leq 1000$
- $1 \leq a_i, b_i \leq 10000$

## Limits

- **Time Limit:** 1s
- **Memory Limit:** 256MB

## Output Format

For each test case, print **"Yes"** (**Without quotes**) if you can convert **b** (array) to **a** (array). Otherwise print **"No"** (**Without quotes**).

## Sample Input 0

```
5
2
1 2
2 1
3
1 2 3
1 2 3
```

```
3
1 2 4
1 3 4
4
1 2 3 2
3 1 2 2
3
1 2 3
1 3 2
```

### Sample Output 0

```
Yes
Yes
No
Yes
No
```

### Explanation 0

In first, second, third and fifth test cases, answers are obvious.

In fourth test case you can convert **b** into **a** by swapping length **k=1** prefix and suffix first and then swap length **k=2** prefix and suffix.