

with the classical choice of  $B_{min}$  and  $B_{max}$ , here we calculate

$$\int_{B_{min}}^{B_{max}} u(t, x_i + y) k(y) d(y) \quad (1)$$

as

$$\int_{B_{min}+x_i}^{B_{max}+x_i} u(t, z) k(z - x_i) d(z) \quad (2)$$

using the variable change  $z = x + y$ .