Fill in the following table by stating the line number and write the correct statement with the reason(s).

Line Number	Correct Statement with the reason(s)
5	void display_Question (int); // no semicolon and data type of parameter.
6	void yes_No (char &); // no semicolon and data type of parameter.
7	int get_Status (char, char, char); // no semicolon and data type of parameter.
18	for (int = 1; i <= 3; i++) { // range must be 1 to 3 to ask all questions in function.
19	display_Question (i); // Q must be capital so function call is same as function prototype and definition.
20	if (i == 1) // = is assignment operator. == is a relational operator and is used in conditional statement.
21	else if (i == 2) // must use == to see if condition is met.
35	switch (status) { // while is used as a loop statement. Switch is used here to determine which output based on status. So not suitable
36	case 0 : cout << "GREEN"; break; // must use the word case when using switch statement
37	case 1 : cout << "YELLOW"; break; // must use the word case when using switch statement.
38	case 2 : cout << "ORANGE"; break; // must use the word case when using switch statement and break out of the switch.

Line Number	Correct Statement with the reason(s)
39	case 3 : cout << "RED"; break; // must use the word case when using switch statement and must break out of switch.
46	void display_Question (int q) { // wrong data type. Must use int because integer argument is passed.
47	switch (q) { // must have opening curly bracket
55	cout << "Body temperature >= 38 degrees Celcius ? \n"; break; // must break out of switch
56	} // function is void therefore it is a non-returning function.
59	void yes_No (char &ans) { // must use reference variable to return the value back to variables in main.
62	cin >> ans; // extraction operator (>>) must be used when getting the input.
69	if (rz == 'y') s++ ; // must use == to see if condition is met.
70	if (cc == 'y') s++ ; // must use == to see if condition is met.
71	if (f == 'y') s++ ; // must use == to see if condition is met.