



VIT

Vellore Institute of Technology
Deemed to be University under section 3 of UGC Act 1956

SCHOOL OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

CAT – I (25/08/2024)

Fall Semester 2024 - 2025

B.Tech – in VLSI Design

Class Number: VL2024250104065

Time : 09.30 AM – 11.00 AM

Course Name: BEVD204L, Electronic Circuits

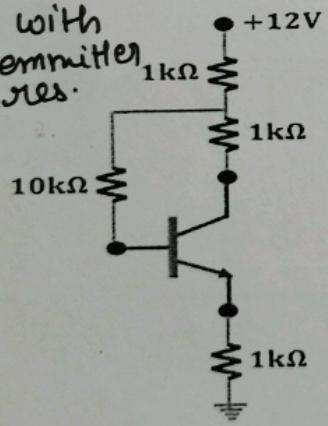
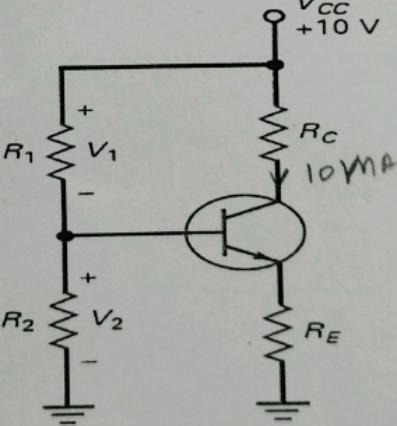
Max. Marks : 50

Faculty-In-Charge: Abdul Majeed K K

Slot : A1 + TA1

Answer ALL Questions

Assume data wherever necessary.

Section – A		
S.No.	Question	Max. Marks
1.	<p>a). Define stability factor and derive the stability factor of <u>Common base BJT configuration.</u></p> <p>b) What is mean by Operating point? Derive the expression for the <u>I_B, I_C and V_{CE} of the base biased with collector feedback BJT circuits.</u></p>	10
2.	<p>a) A transistor having $\alpha = 0.99$ and $V_{BE} = 0.7$ is used in the circuit shown in Fig. 1 below. Calculate the currents I_C, I_B, I_E (4 M)</p> <p><i>collector bias with emitter res.</i></p>  <p>Fig. 1</p> <p><i>Fig. 2</i></p>  <p>Fig. 2</p> <p>b) Determine the resistor values to meet this specification given below for the circuit shown in Fig.2 (6 M)</p> <p>$V_{CC}=10 \text{ V}$, $I_C= 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} @ \text{midpoint}$ and $\beta=100$</p>	10
	Calculate the base, collector, emitter currents, power dissipation and the C-E voltage for a common emitter circuit shown in Fig. 3. Assume $V_{BB} = 7 \text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 12 \text{ V}$, $R_C = 4 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_B = 200 \text{k}\Omega$ and $\beta = 300$. Calculate operating point using graphical method and find out I_{CQ} and V_{CEQ} .	10

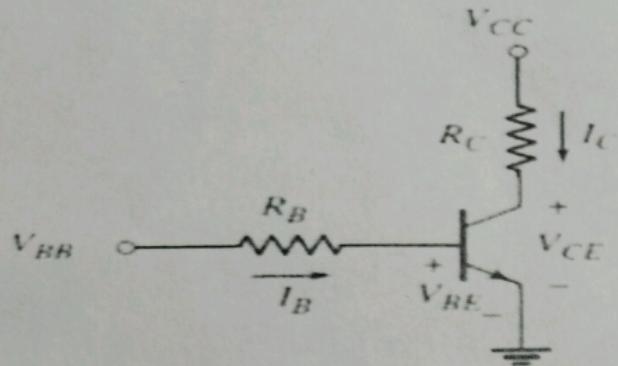


Fig.3

4. Consider a single stage CE amplifier with $R_s = 1\text{k}\Omega$, $R_1 = 50\text{ K}\Omega$, $R_2 = 2\text{ K}\Omega$, $R_c = 1\text{ K}\Omega$, $R_L = 1.2\text{ K}\Omega$, $h_{fe} = 50$, $h_{ie} = 1.1\text{ K}$, $h_{oe} = 25\mu\text{ A/V}$ and $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$, as shown in Fig.4. Find A_i , R_i , A_v , A_{vs} , A_{is} and R_o .

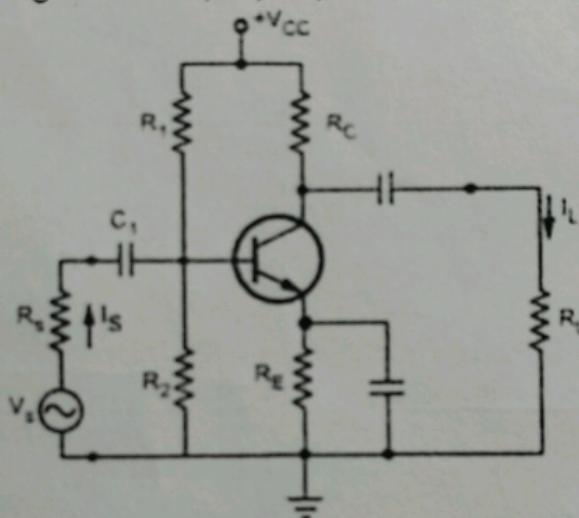


Fig.4

5. Design and implement a circuit to realise the following wave form given in Fig. 5 using OP-AMP

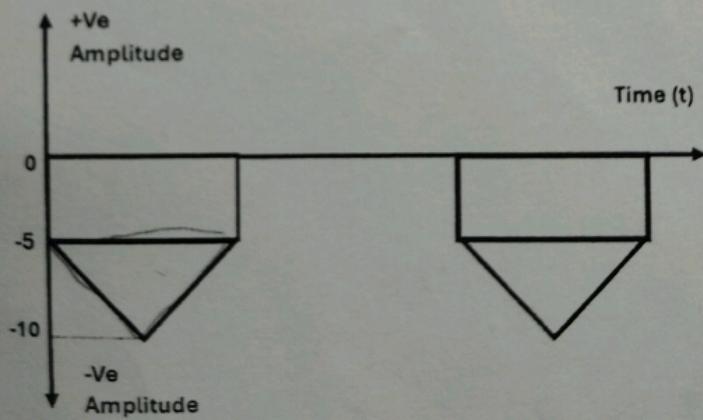


Fig.5

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