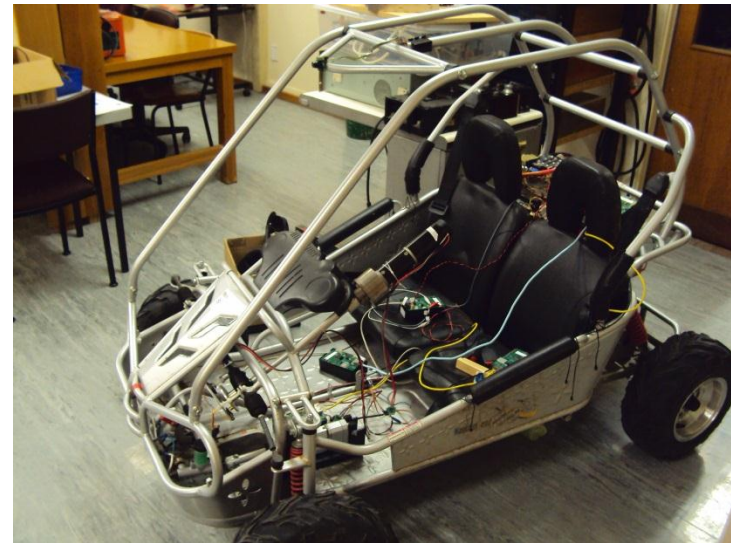




Drive-by-wire Go-kart

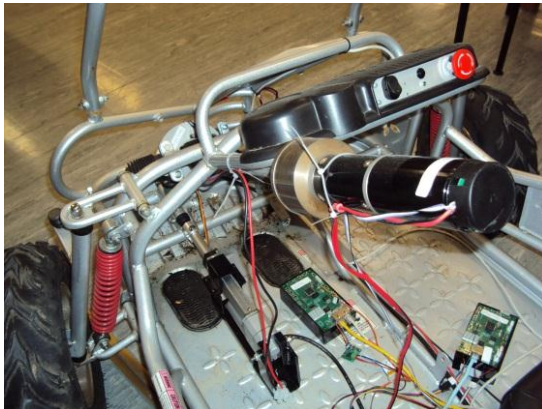


By Nissanka Weerekoon

System Overview



Steering



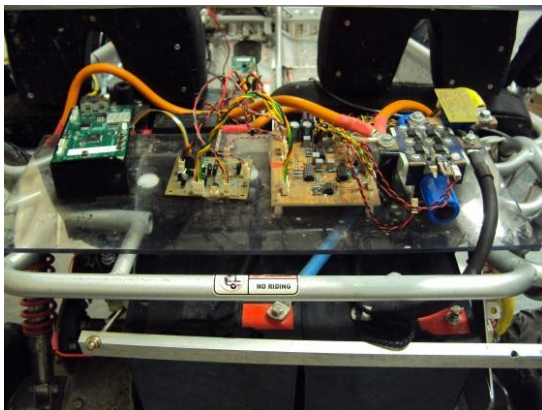
Brake



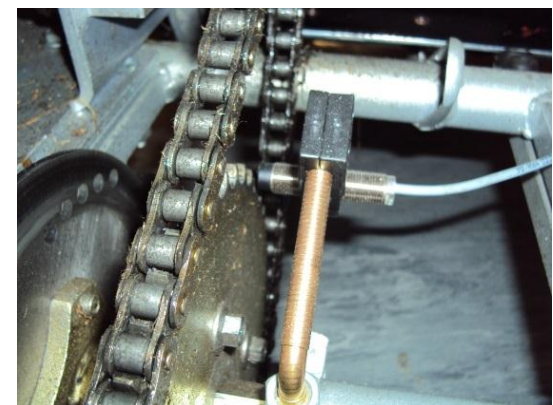
Comms Board



Motor Control

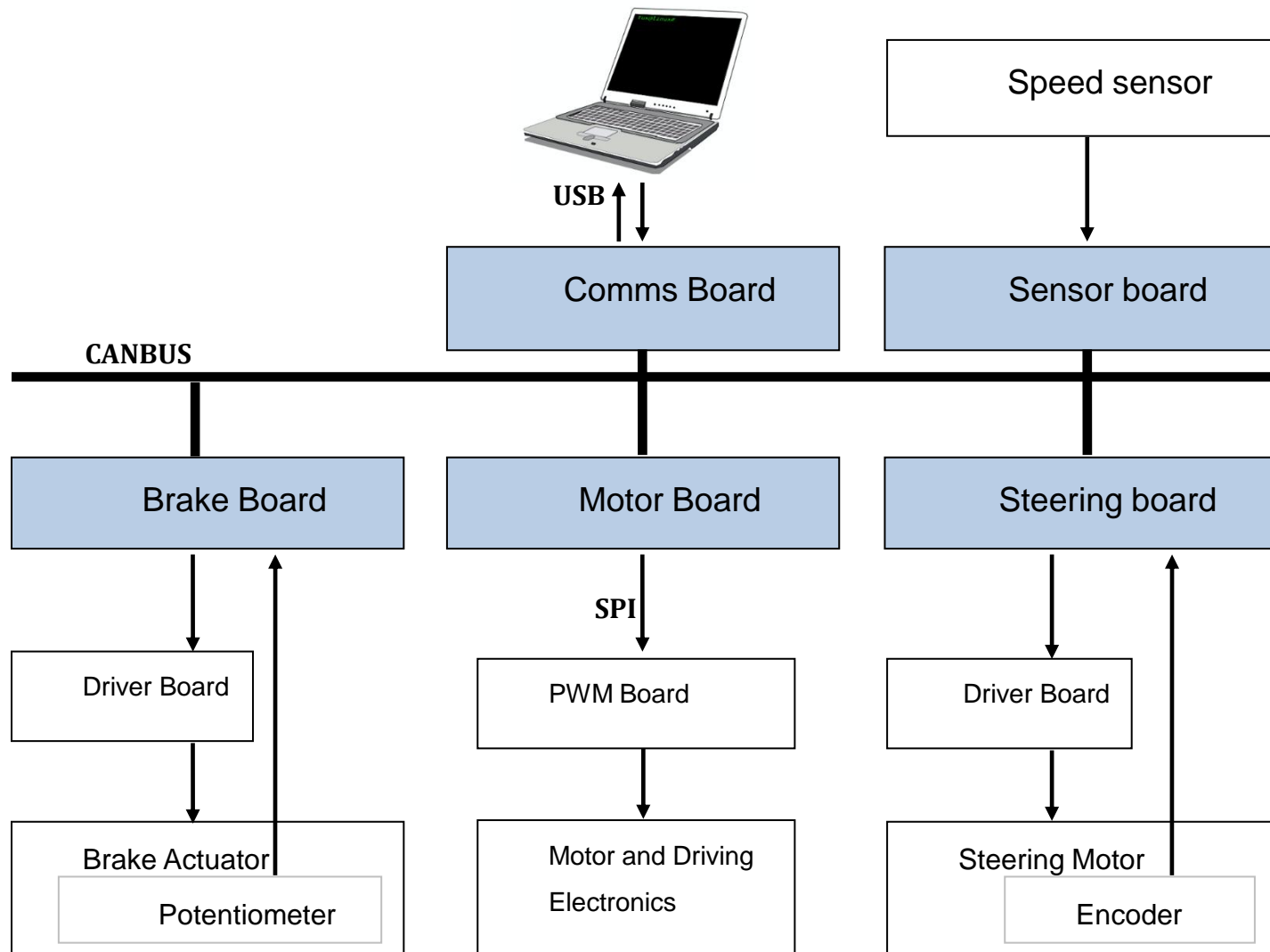


Speed Sensor





System Overview





Previous Work

2011- 4 students

- PCB design of CANBus boards
- Choose actuators
- Modify Go-kart chassis

2012- 1 student

- Python API for laptop control
- Bench testing of actuator control only

Contribution this year



1. Get existing system on to go-kart;
show basic movement
2. Show integration with computer vision
navigation

Drive-by-wire movement



Hardware:

Actuator bracket

Connectors

PWM board modification

Movement control

Laptop GUI

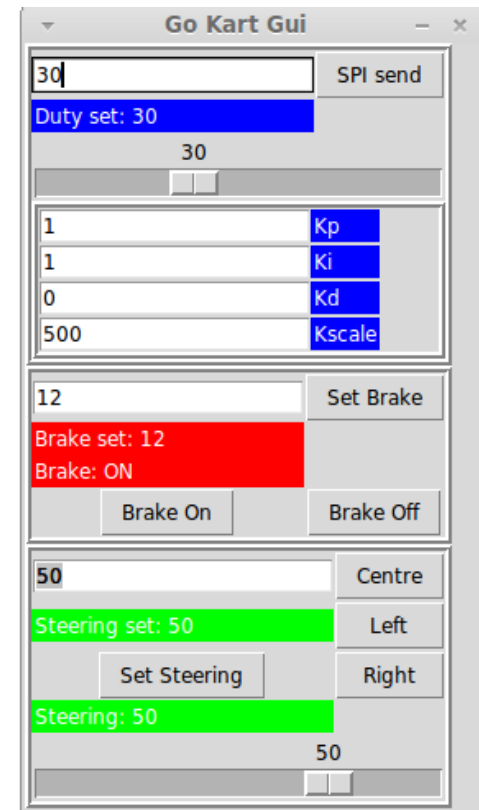
System Integration

Calibration – Brake, Steering, Speed

Motor control interface

- through PWM board

Proportional Speed control

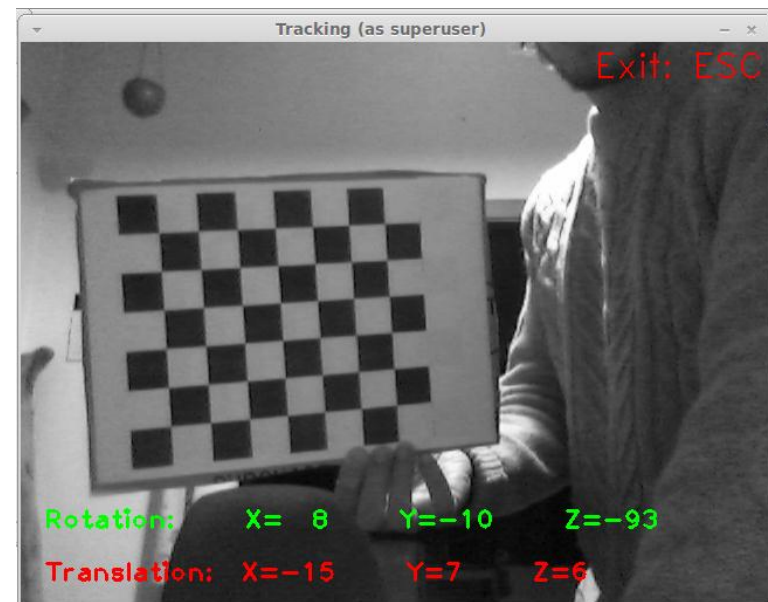




Vision Integration

- Combining OpenCV checkerboard tracking algorithm (C++) with Python API
- Track the middle and maintain a set distance from checkerboard

<u>Target</u>	<u>Go-kart response</u>
Moves left	Steer left
Moves right	Steer right
Too close	Reduce speed, brake and stop if needed
Too far	Increase speed



Challenges Encountered



- There is a significant gap between bench testing and running on the go-kart
 - Grounding of boards and motor drivers
 - Interference from motor
 - Power sourcing and fusing
- Make minimal hardware changes/additions
- Latency of checkerboard tracking to actuator response – needs further testing
- Debugging error states including code from previous years (approx 3000 lines)



Future Work

Two possible paths...

Autonomous movement

- Computer vision navigation
- Off-kart emergency stop
- Sensors for navigation (GPS, infrared..)

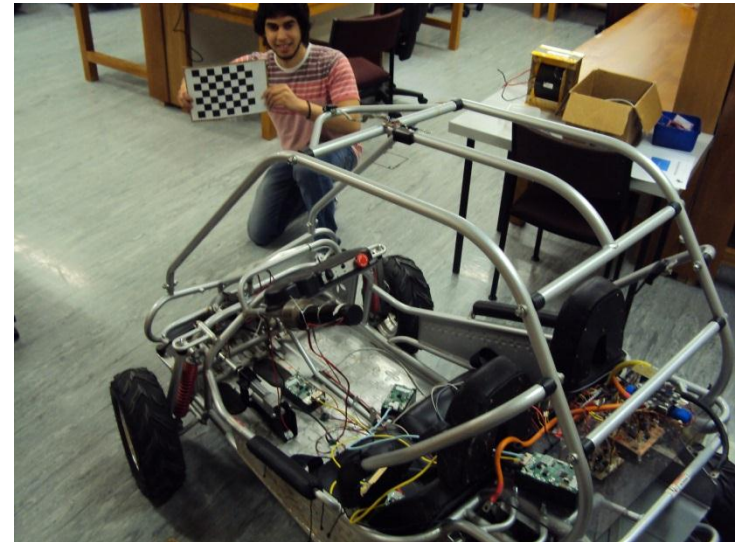
Rerun of current hardware

- Better connectors
- Wireless/Bluetooth
- Compatibility with new PWM boards



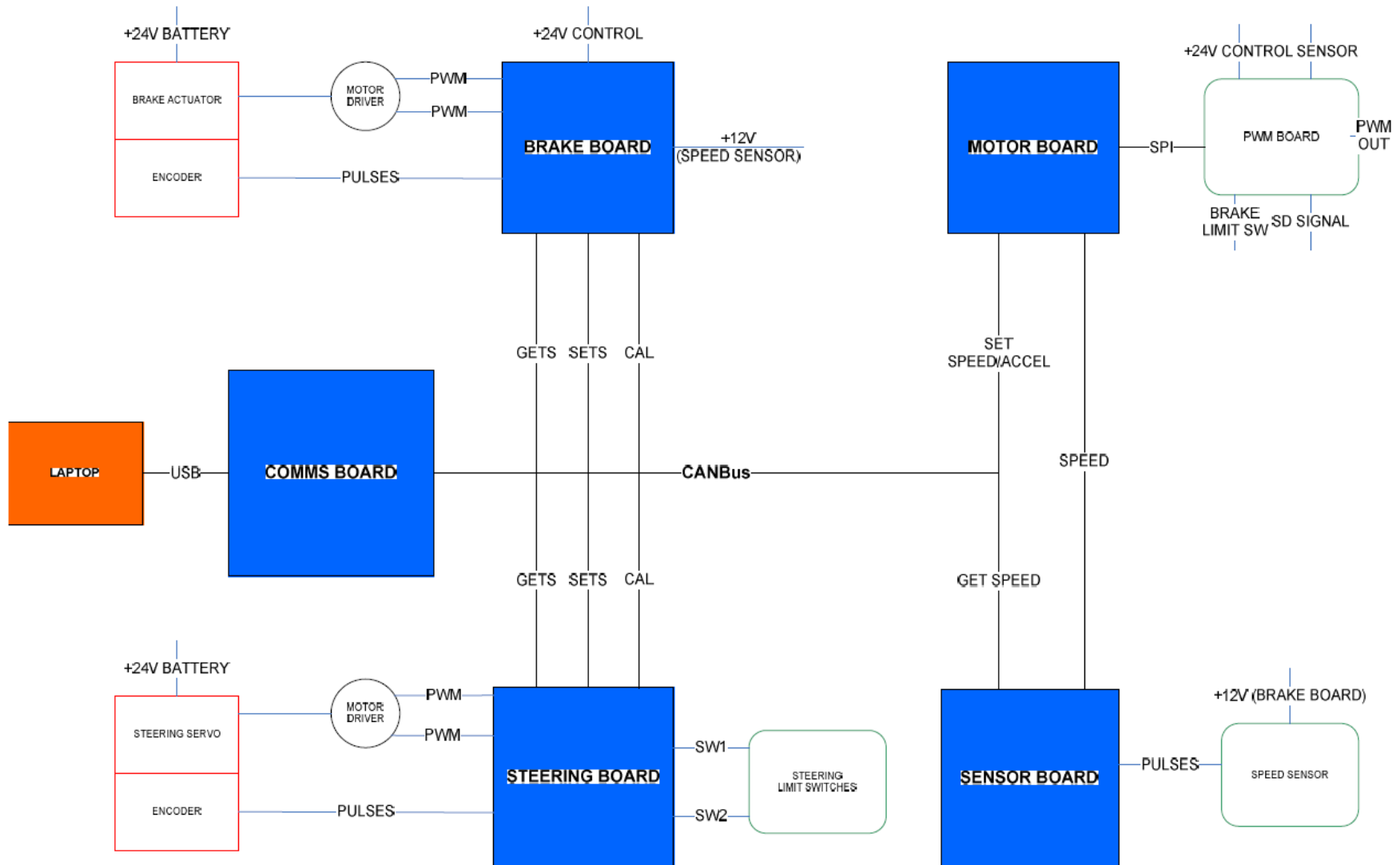
Thank you!

Any Questions?

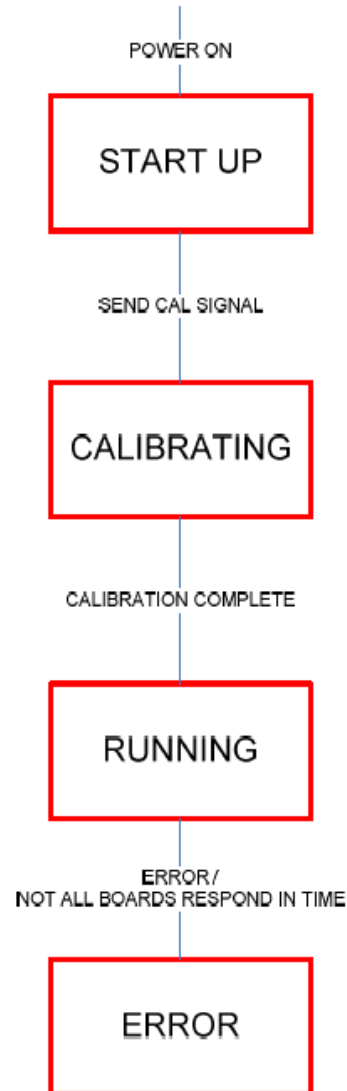




System Block Diagram

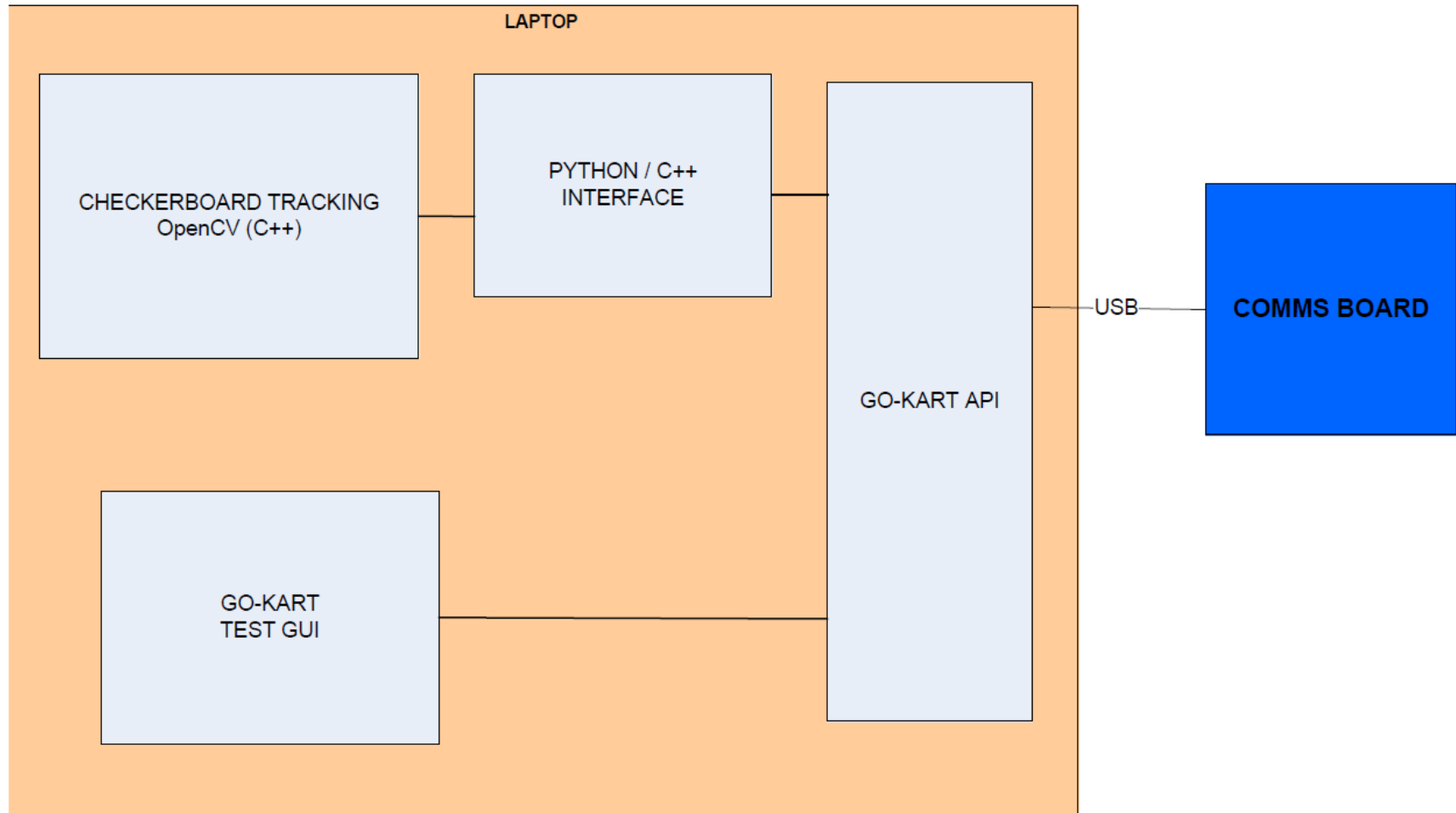


CANBus System States





Laptop Interface



Checkerboard Tracking



- Uses OpenCV computer vision library
- Finds the pose in 3D of a checkerboard of a given dimensions (number of squares)
- Can provide: rotation and translation vector – fully describes pose
- Uses
 - Thresholding
 - Intrinsic parameters of the camera
 - Planar homography techniques
- Developed separately in computer vision course