

1-dimensional parity generate and check

A **parity bit**, is a bit added to a string of binary code. The parity bit ensures that the total number of 1-bits in the string is even or odd, which can be used for error detection. In this problem, **if the input data is 7 bits**, you need to generate **even parity bit** for the input data, which means the input data and the parity bit together should contain even number of 1-bits, output the generated parity bit. **If the input data is 8 bits**, you need to check whether it contains **even 1-bits**, output 1 for true and 0 for false.

example 1:

input:

1010001

output:

1

explain: the input 1010001 7-bit data contains 3 1-bits, you should generate the even parity bit 1

example 2:

input:

1101001

output:

0

explain: the input 1101001 7-bit data contains 4 1-bits, you should generate the even parity bit 0

example 3:

input:

11010010

output:

1

explain: the input 11010010 8-bit data contains 4 1-bits, output 1 for successful check.

example 4:

input:

10010010

output:

0

explain: the input `10010010` 8-bit data contains 3 1-bits, output 0 for failed check.