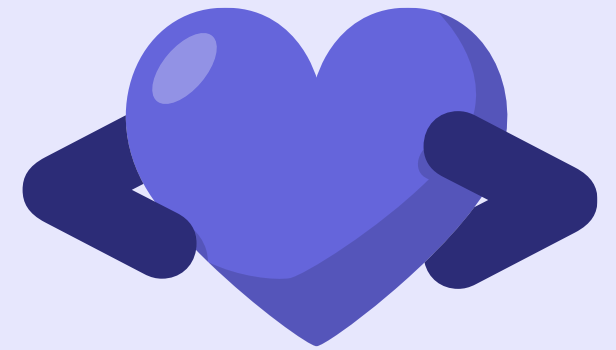
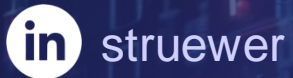


FROM COMPLEXITY TO CLARITY

Understanding your
Software Product Health

Jan-Niclas Strüwer

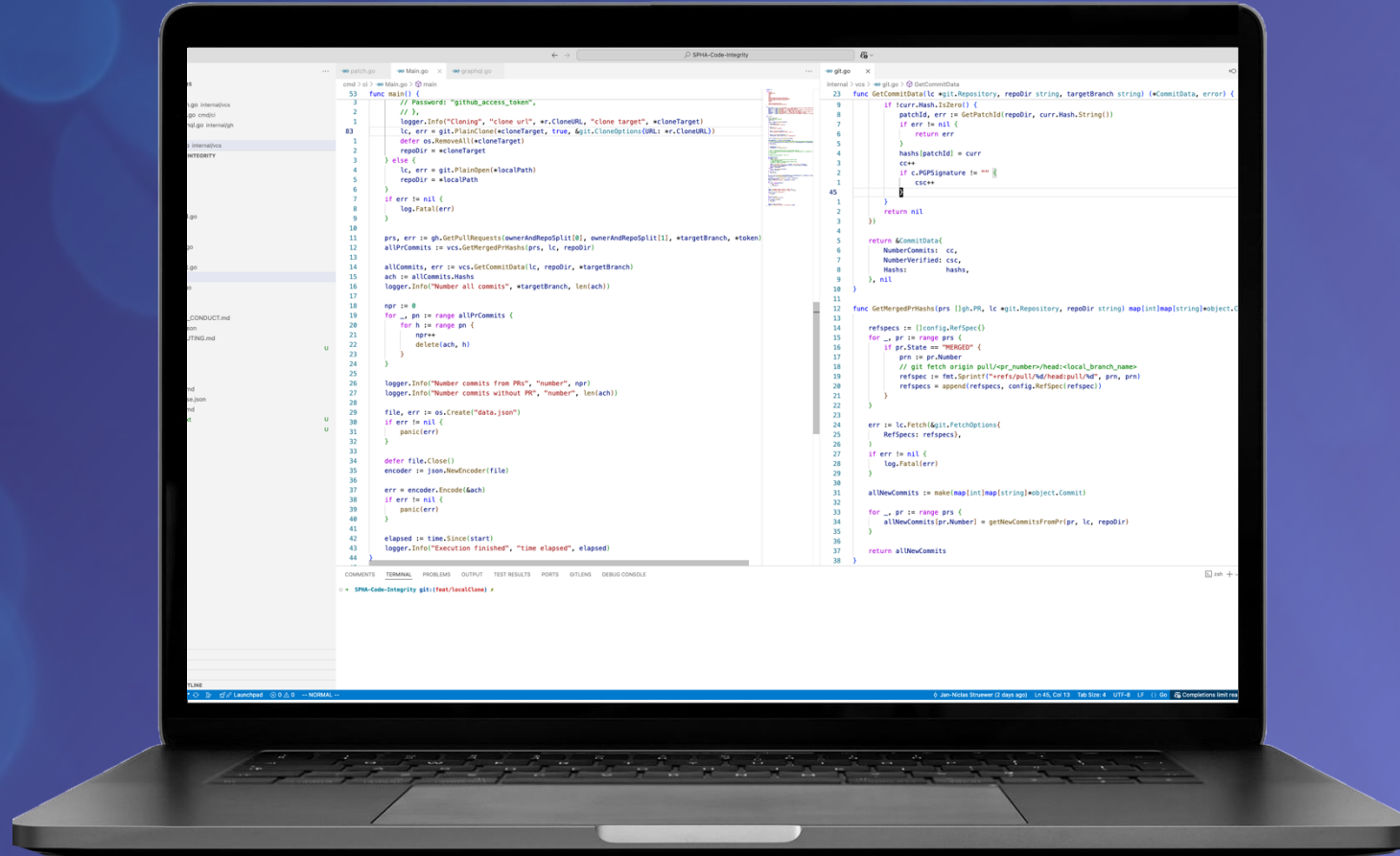
jan-niclas.struewer@iem.fraunhofer.de



Software Product
Health Assistant

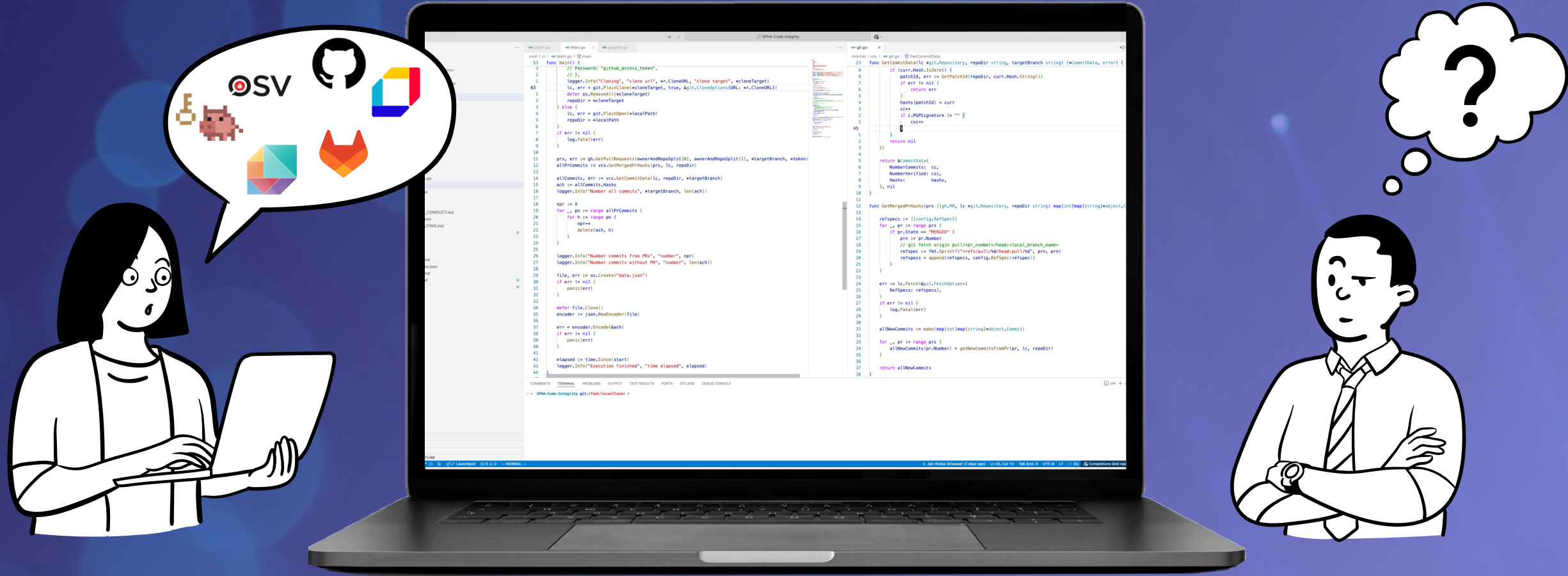
Software Development is Complex

How can you measure and communicate this complexity?



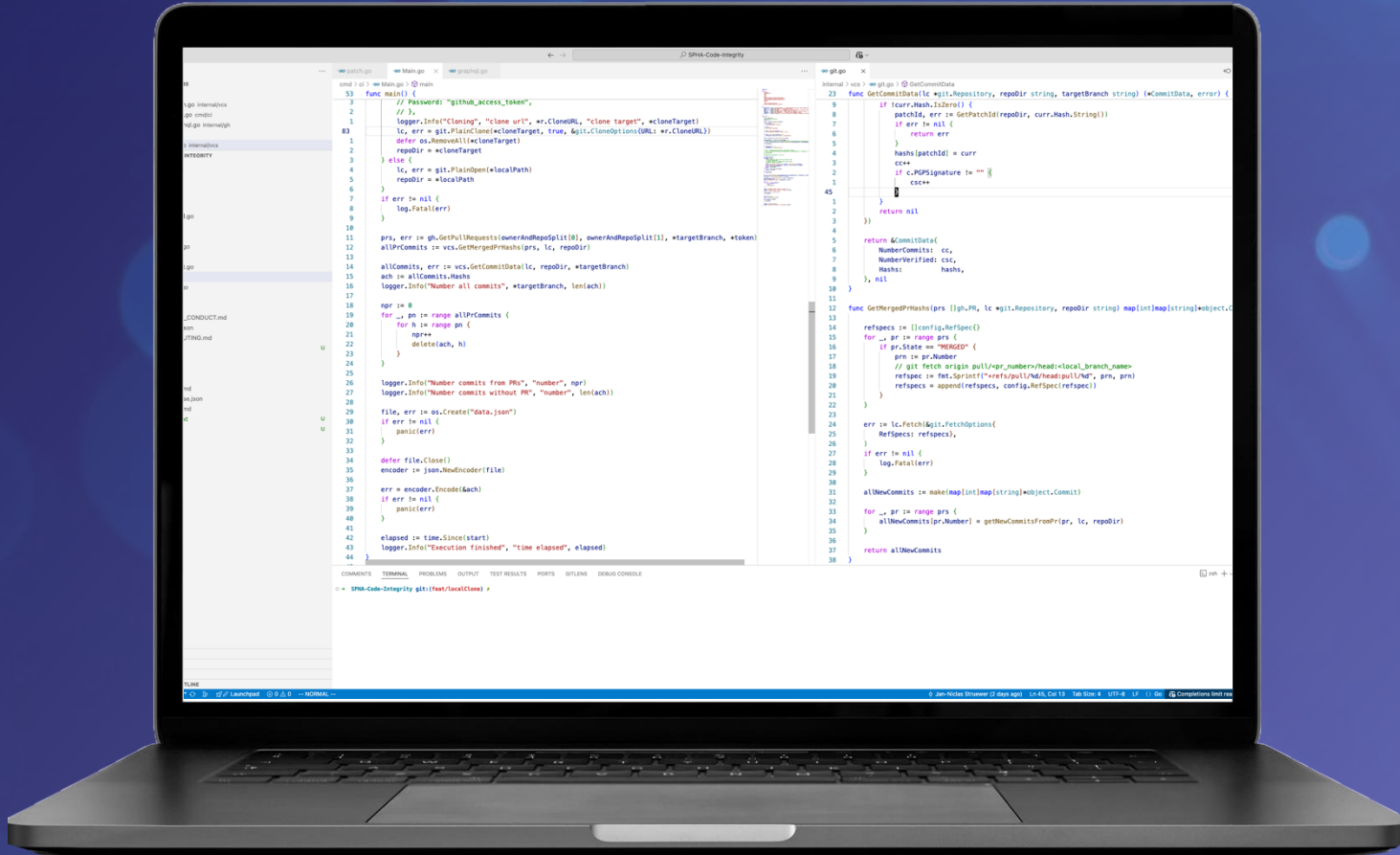
Software Development is Complex

How can you measure and communicate this complexity?



Software Development is Complex

How can you measure and communicate this complexity?

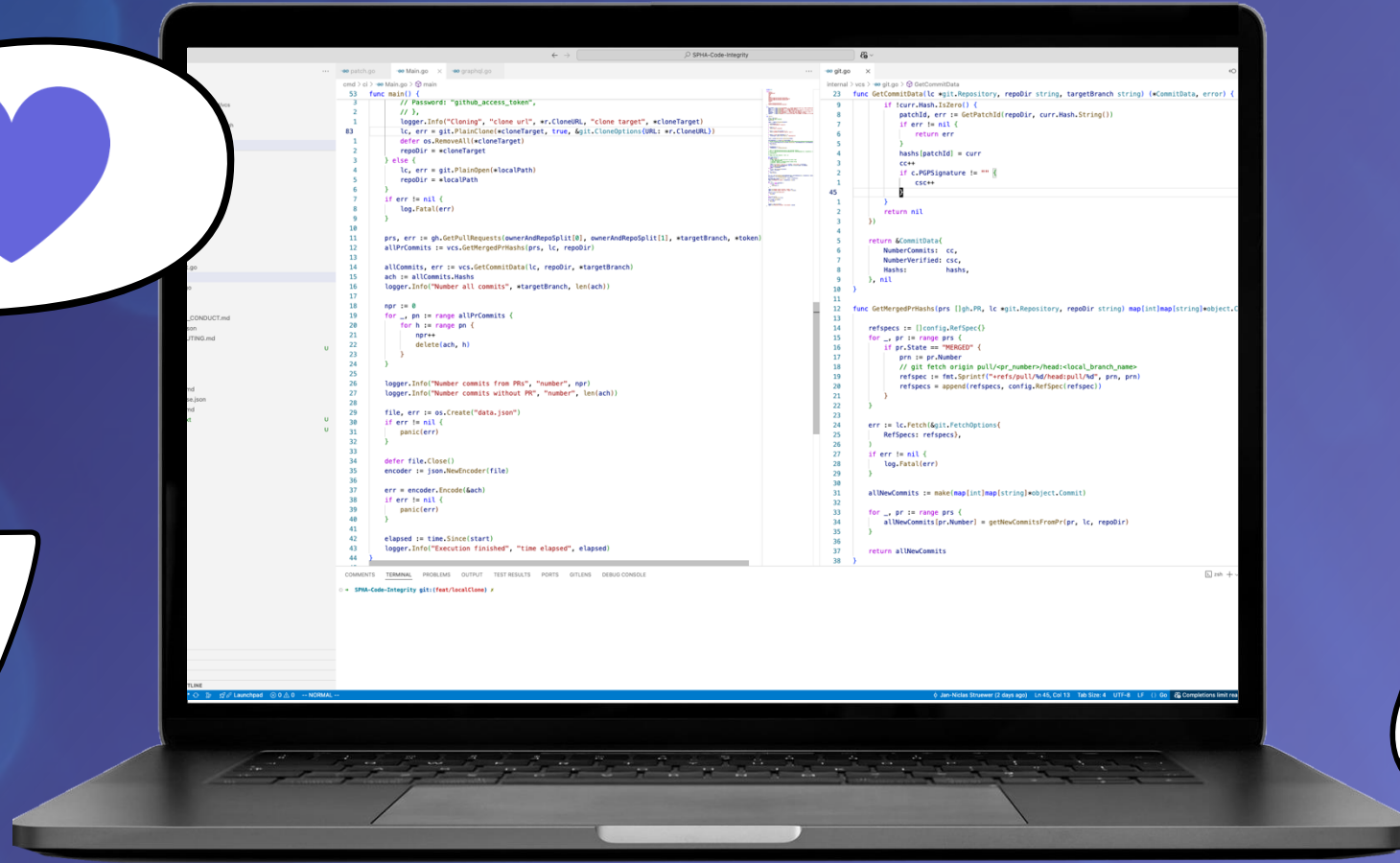


One Software Product Health
Score for a clear communication



Software Development is Complex

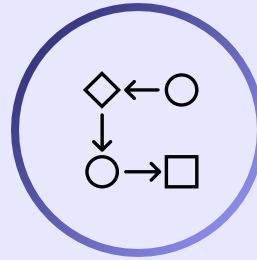
How can you measure and communicate this complexity?



Keeping track of
your software
product health is
cumbersome

Communicating
it to all relevant
stakeholders is
just as difficult

Companies face various challenges when assessing and communicating software product health



Often cumbersome and manual process

The current state of your software product depends on a multitude of *product specific* factors and is often assessed manually



Communication of software product health

Creating a bigger picture from the results of expert tools and communicating it to (non-technical) stakeholders is difficult

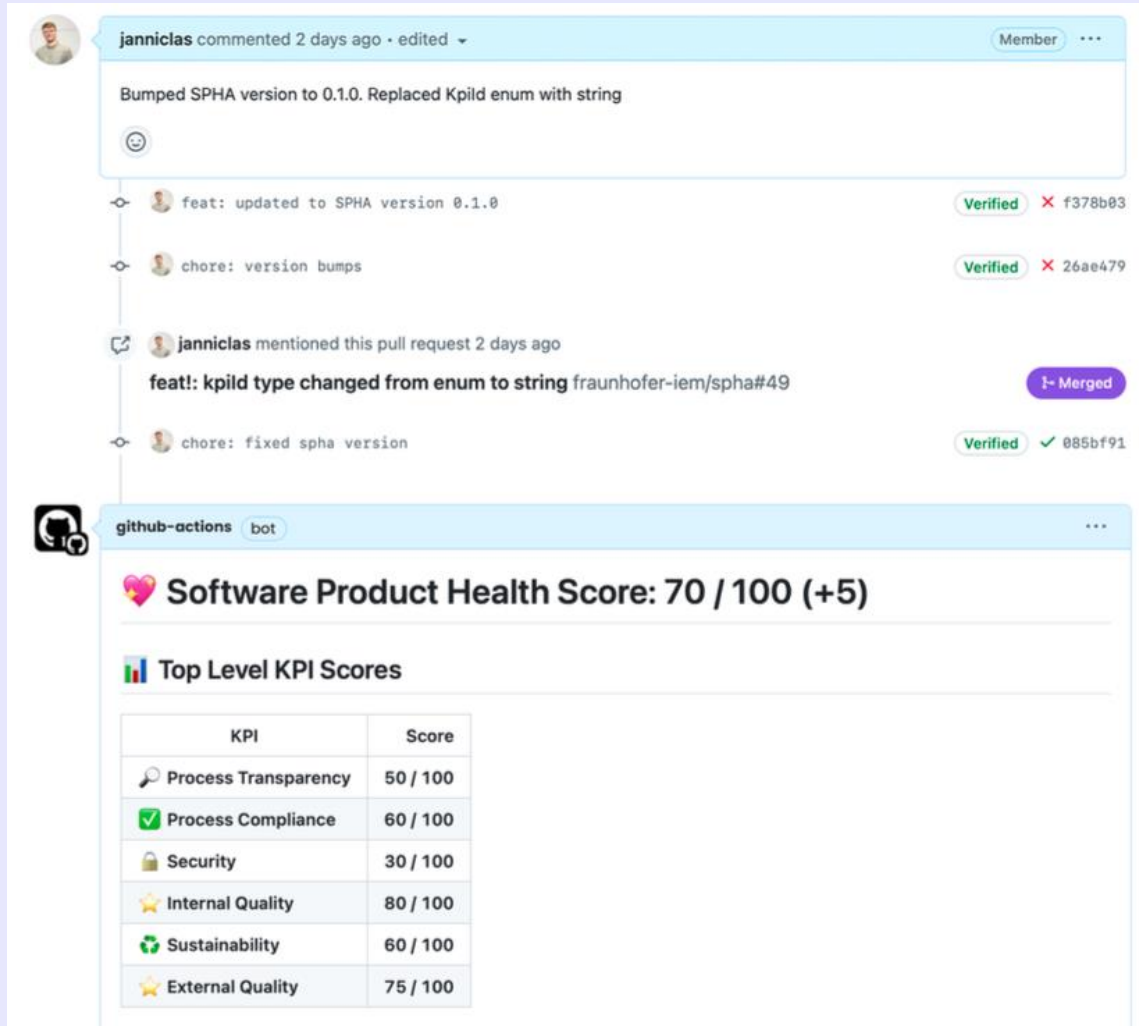
Informed management decisions lead to better prioritization of development tasks

github.com/fraunhofer-iem/spha-demo

```
JSON    Raw Data    Headers
Save    Copy    Collapse All    Expand All    Filter JSON

▼ rootNode:
  kpiId: "ROOT"
  ▼ kpiResult:
    type: "de.fraunhofer.iem.spha.model.kpi.hierarchy.KpiCalculationResult.Incomplete"
    score: 42
    reason: "Incomplete results."
    strategyType: "WEIGHTED_AVERAGE_STRATEGY"
  ▼ children:
    ▼ 0:
      target:
        kpiId: "PROCESS_TRANSPARENCY"
        ▼ kpiResult:
          type: "de.fraunhofer.iem.spha.model.kpi.hierarchy.KpiCalculationResult.Empty"
          strategyType: "WEIGHTED_AVERAGE_STRATEGY"
        ▼ children:
          ▼ 0:
            target:
              kpiId: "SIGNED_COMMITS_RATIO"
              ▶ kpiResult: {...}
              strategyType: "WEIGHTED_RATIO_STRATEGY"
              ▶ children: [...]
              plannedWeight: 1
              actualWeight: 0
            plannedWeight: 0.1
            actualWeight: 0
          ▶ 1:
          ▼ 2:
            target:
              kpiId: "SECURITY"
              ▼ kpiResult:
                type: "de.fraunhofer.iem.spha.model.kpi.hierarchy.KpiCalculationResult.Incomplete"
                score: 42
                reason: "Incomplete results."
                strategyType: "WEIGHTED_AVERAGE_STRATEGY"
              ▼ children:
                ▼ 0:
                  target:
                    kpiId: "SECRETS"
                    ▶ kpiResult: {...}
                    strategyType: "RAW_VALUE_STRATEGY"
                    children: []
                    plannedWeight: 0.2
                    actualWeight: 0.425
                  ▼ 1:
```

github.com/fraunhofer-iem/spha-demo



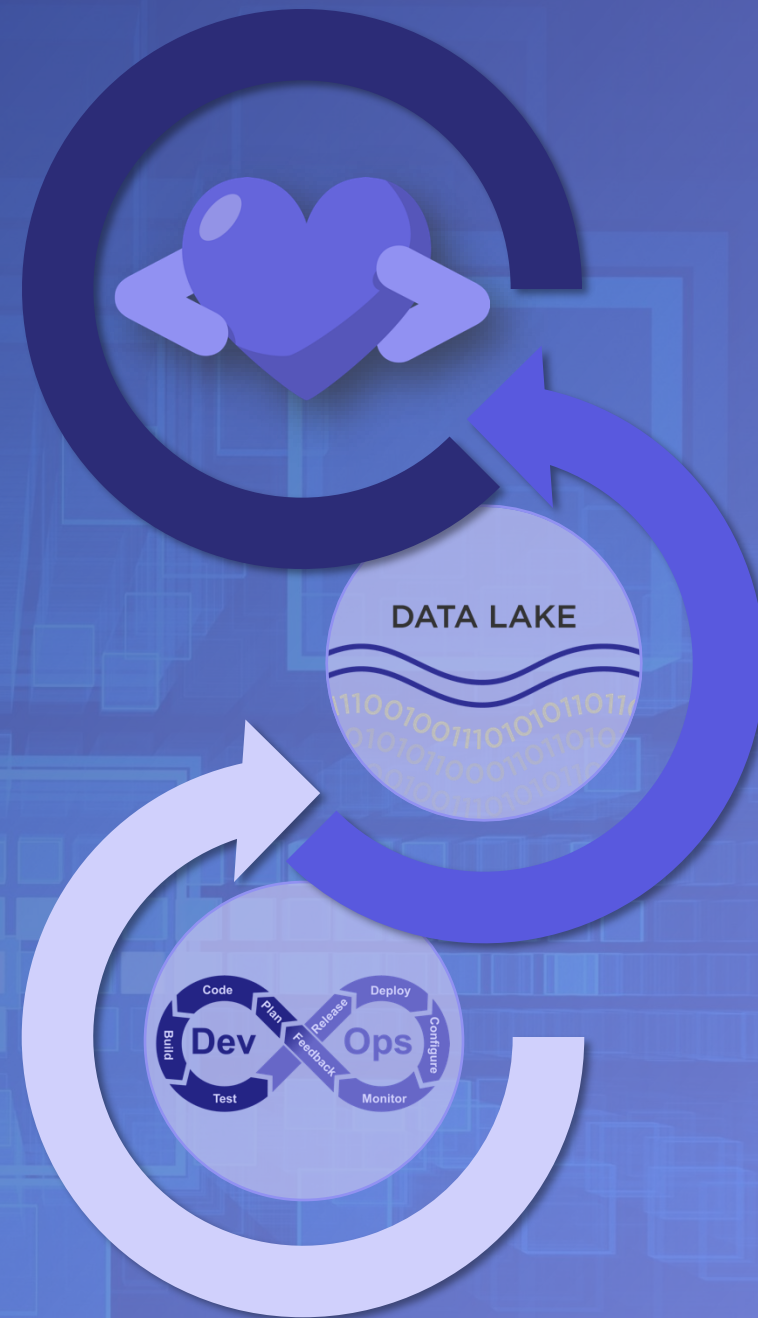
Assessment & Communication of Software Product Security

Utilizing data from existing & established tools

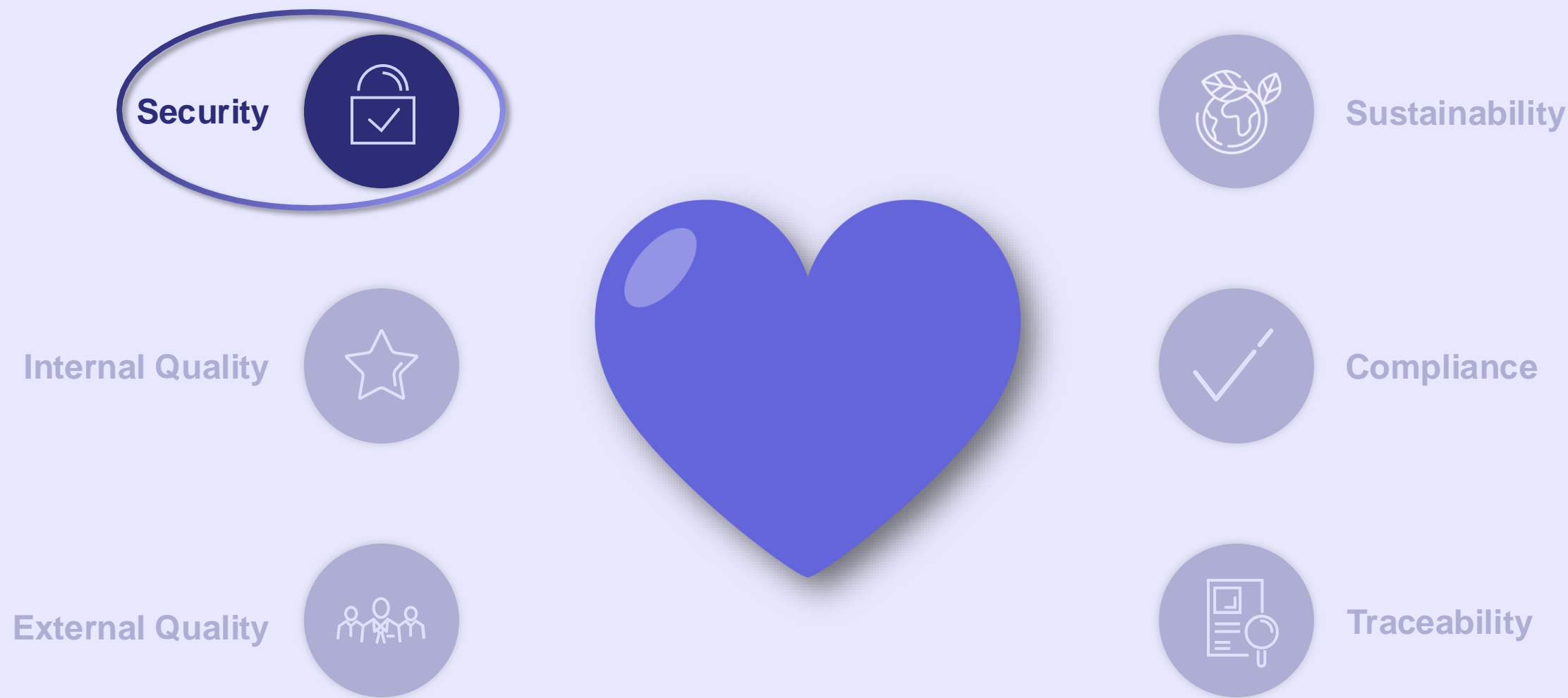
Calculate Software Product Health for the given KPI hierarchy

Collect data from dev process with focus on existing tools

Transform data into SPHA's KPI format

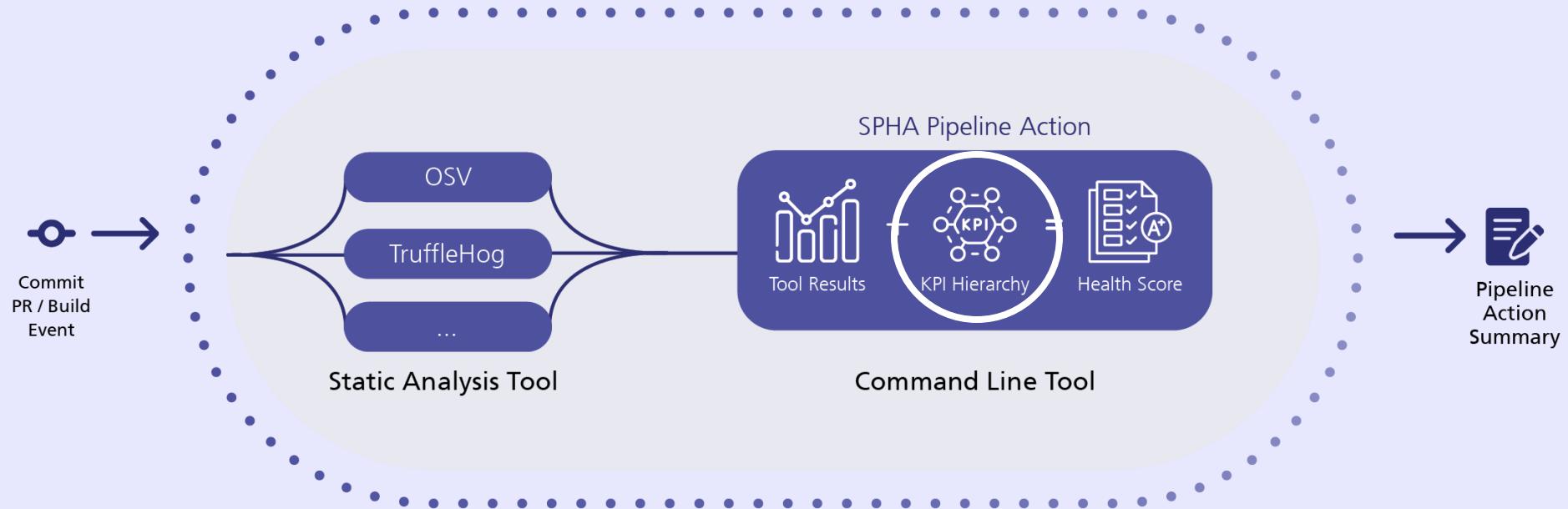


Six Aspects of Software Product Health



SPHA is a Framework

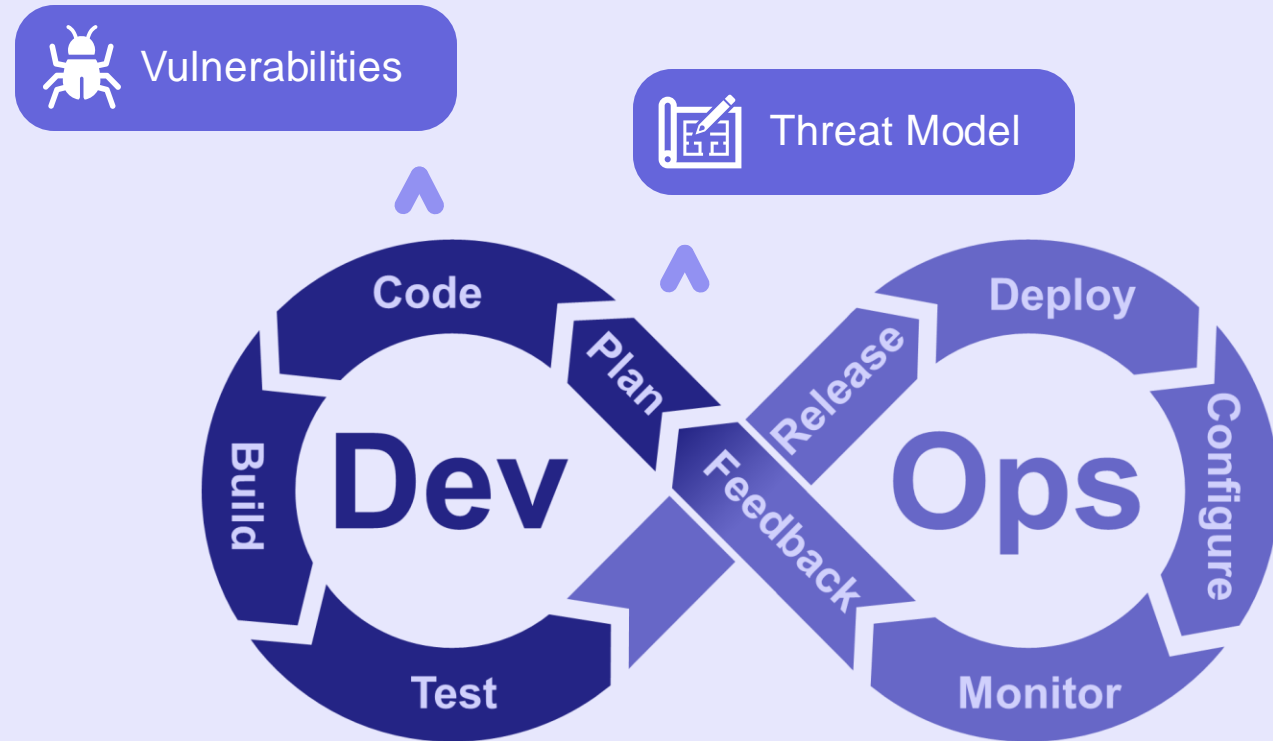
Customization is Key



SPHA is a *framework* can be used for everything and nothing it all depends on the configured *hierarchy*, *edge weights*, and the connected *data sources*

Architectural,
threat informed
data flow
information give
context for
vulnerabilities

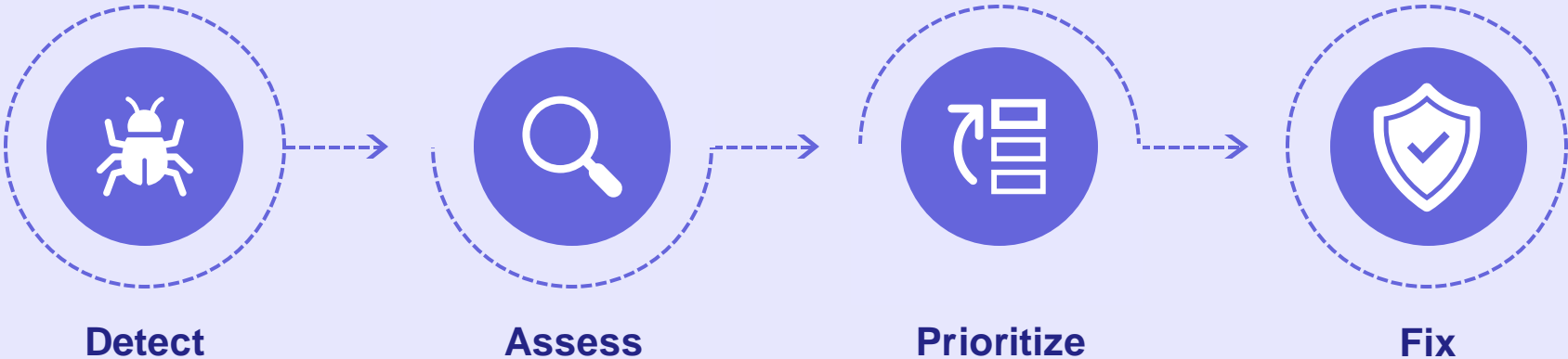
Include data from all phases of the development process



SPHA's strength is to combine data from different tools
in all phases of the development process

Vulnerability Management

A practical example



Tasks

Vulnerability scanners find vulnerabilities in code, configurations, and deployments

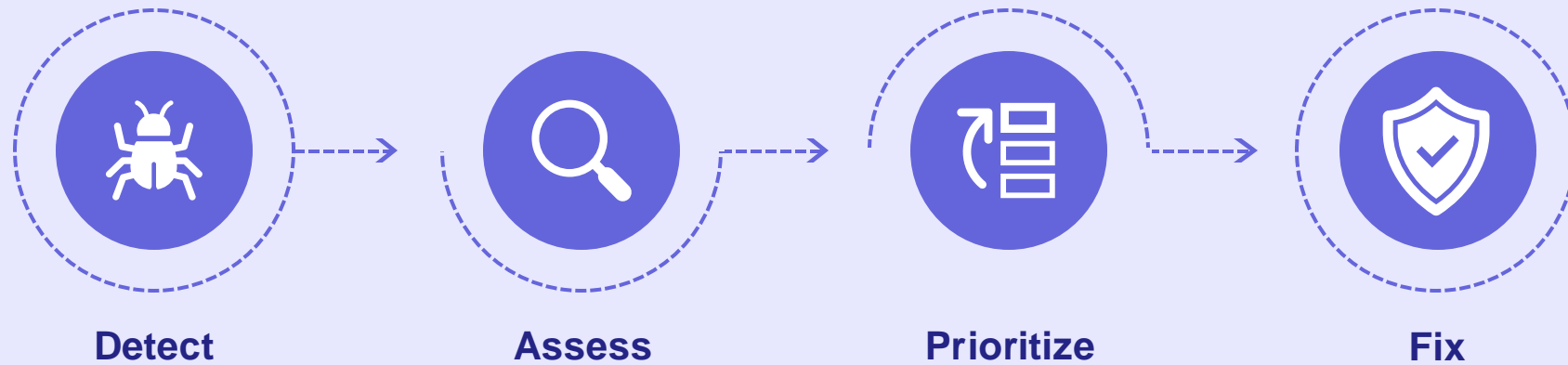
Assess the relevance, impact and risk associated to each vulnerability

Assign priorities and plan when to fix them

Remediate the vulnerability or accept the risk and move on

Vulnerability Management

A practical example



Challenges

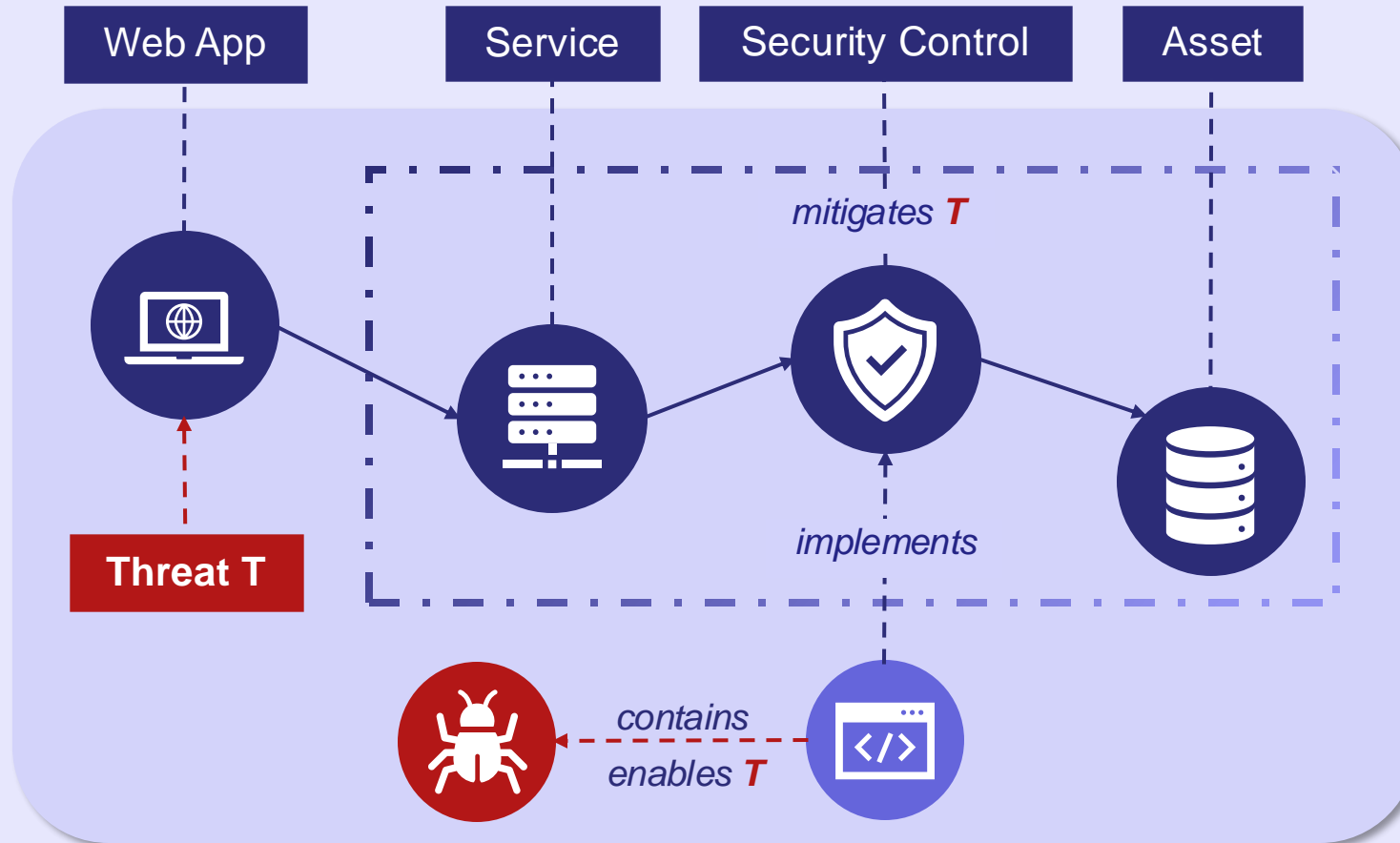
Number of vulnerabilities found and the lack of **context**

Relies on additional data and expert knowledge

Requires information about the bigger picture and communication with (non-technical) stakeholders

Depends on the vulnerability and can be arbitrarily complex

Threat Modeling



Any sensible threat modeling must “**assume breach**”: We must finally rid ourselves of good-weather threat modeling [...].

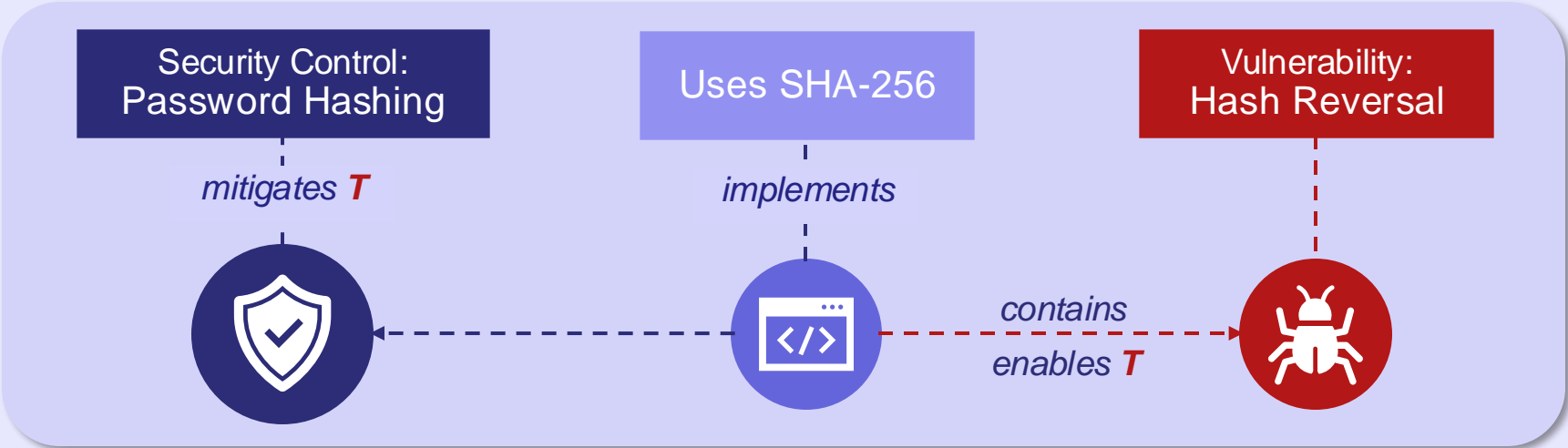
Software is vulnerable, and so are its defenses. Hence, assuming the **security failure** of at least individual **subsystems** is the only realistic assumption.

Bodden et al., 2024, Evaluating Security Through Isolation and Defense in Depth

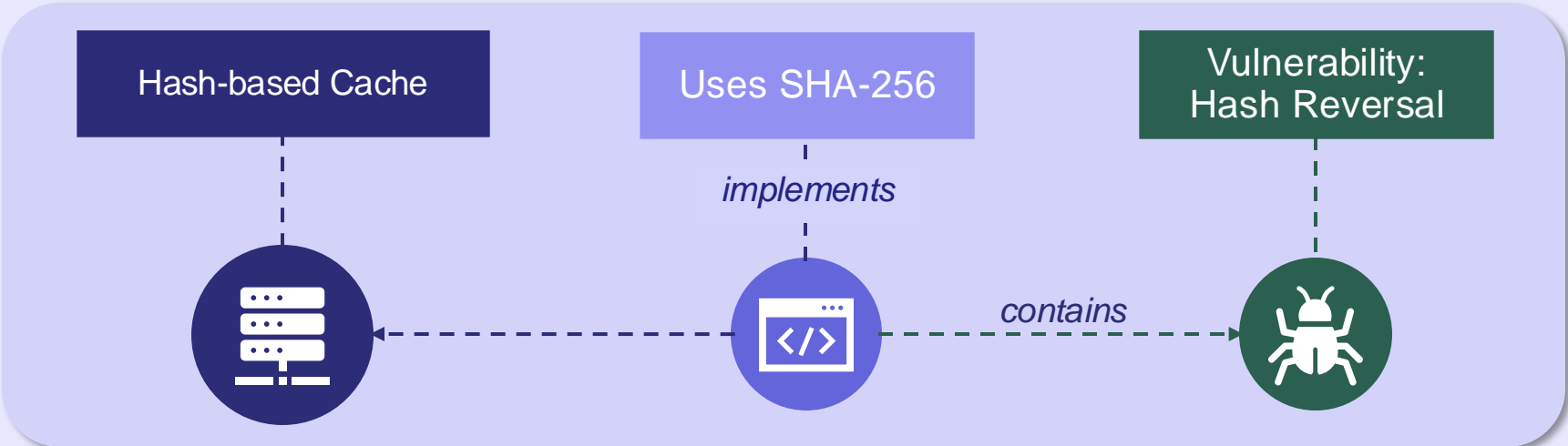
Providing Context to Vulnerabilities

Hash Reversal

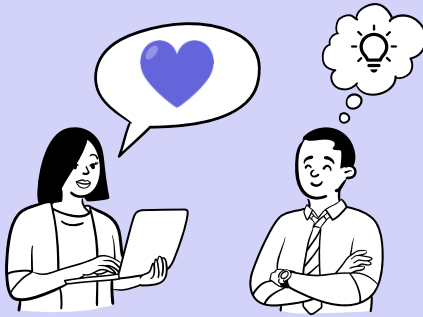
Threat T:
Password Theft



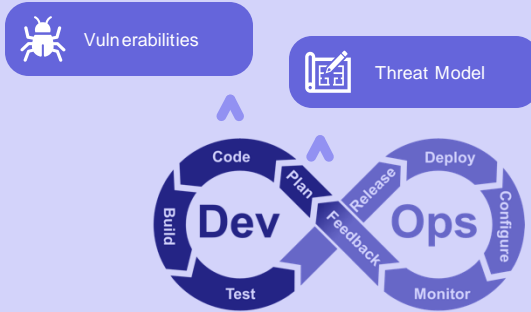
Vulnerability
most likely not
applicable



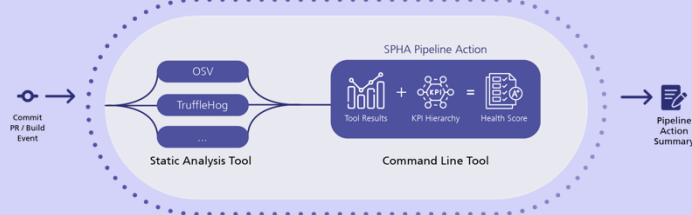
Communicate



Customize



Automate



From Complexity to Clarity



Software Product Health Assistant

Jan-Niclas Strüwer

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 struewer

 /fraunhofer-iem/spha

