Statistics of Solutions to A Stochastic Differential Equation Set

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Outline

Introduction

Statistics of b(t) and $\gamma(t)$

Introduction

The SDEs

$$\begin{cases} \frac{du(t)}{dt} = (-\gamma(t) + i\omega)u(t) + b(t) + f(t) + \sigma W(t), \\ \frac{db(t)}{dt} = (-\gamma_b + i\omega_b)(b(t) - \hat{b}) + \sigma_b W_b(t), \\ \frac{d\gamma(t)}{dt} = -d_{\gamma}(\gamma(t) - \hat{\gamma}) + \sigma_{\gamma} W_{\gamma}(t) \end{cases}$$

The initial values are complex random variables, with their first-order and second-order statistics known.

Introduction

Solution

With knowledge of ODEs, the solution of the SDE set is

$$\begin{cases} b(t) = \hat{b} + (b_0 - \hat{b})e^{\lambda_b(t - t_0)} + \sigma_b \int_{t_0}^t e^{\lambda_b(t - s)} dW_b(s) \\ \gamma(t) = \hat{\gamma} + (\gamma_0 - \hat{\gamma})e^{-d\gamma(t - t_0)} + \sigma_\gamma \int_{t_0}^t e^{-d\gamma(t - s)} dW_\gamma(s) \\ u(t) = e^{-J(t_0, t) + \hat{\lambda}(t - t_0)} u_0 + \int_{t_0}^t (b(s) + f(s))e^{-J(s, t) + \hat{\lambda}(s - t_0)} ds \\ + \sigma \int_{t_0}^t e^{-J(s, t) + \hat{\lambda}(s - t_0)} dW(s) \end{cases}$$

with
$$\lambda_b = -\gamma_b + i\omega_b$$
, $\hat{\lambda} = -\hat{\gamma} + i\omega$, $J(s,t) = \int_s^t (\gamma(s') - \hat{\gamma}) ds'$.



Itô Isometry and Itô Formula

Itô Isometry

 $\forall f \in \mathcal{V}(S,T), B_t$ is a standard Brownian motion,

$$\mathsf{E}\left[\left(\int_{S}^{T} f(t, \boldsymbol{\omega}) dB_{t}\right)^{2}\right] = \mathsf{E}\left[\int_{S}^{T} f^{2}(t, \boldsymbol{\omega}) dt\right].$$

Itô Formula

Assume that X_t is a Itô process satisfying $dX_t = udt + vdB_t$, $g(t,x) \in C^2([0,\infty) \times \mathbb{R})$, then $Y_t = g(t,X_t)$ is also a Itô process satisfying

$$dY_t = \frac{\partial g}{\partial t}(t, X_t)dt + \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(t, X_t)dX_t + \frac{1}{2}\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial x^2}(t, X_t)\cdot (dX_t)^2,$$

with $dt \cdot dt = dt \cdot dB_t = dB_t \cdot dt = 0, dB_t \cdot dB_t = dt$.

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