

#Exercise 4.2

#15.10.21

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import numpy as np

import scipy as sp

import math

e = math.e

def \_composite\_simpson\_formula(a, b, n, func):

    x\_series1 = [a + (b - a)/n \* i for i in range(n + 1)]

    x\_series2 = [x + (b - a)/(2 \* n) for x in x\_series1[:-1]]

    f\_series1 = [func(x) for x in x\_series1]

    f\_series2 = [func(x) for x in x\_series2]

    return (b - a)/n \*(sum(f\_series1) \* 2 + sum(f\_series2) \* 4 - f\_series1[0] - f\_series1[-1]) / 6

def simpson\_double\_integrate(x\_range, func, func1, func2, n):

    x\_start = x\_range[0]

    x\_end = x\_range[1]

    k = lambda x: func2(x) - func1(x)

    def funcAUX(i, n, func1, func2):

        def listfunc(x):

            return func1(x) + k(x) \* i / n

        return listfunc

    funclist1 = [funcAUX(i, n, func1, func2) for i in range(n+1)]

    def funcAUX2(n, func):

        def listfunc2(x):

            return func(x) + k(x) / (2 \* n)

        return listfunc2

    funclist2 = [funcAUX2(n, f) for f in funclist1[:-1]]

    f\_values1 = \_composite\_simpson\_formula(x\_start, x\_end, n, lambda x: func(x, funclist1[0](x)) \* k(x))

    f\_values2 = [\_composite\_simpson\_formula(x\_start, x\_end, n, lambda x: func(x, funclist2[i](x)) \* k(x)) for i in range(n)]

    f\_values3 = [\_composite\_simpson\_formula(x\_start, x\_end, n, lambda x: func(x, funclist1[i](x)) \* k(x)) for i in range(1, n)]

    f\_values4 = \_composite\_simpson\_formula(x\_start, x\_end, n, lambda x: func(x, funclist1[-1](x)) \* k(x))

    return (f\_values1 + 4 \* sum(f\_values2) + 2 \* sum(f\_values3) + f\_values4) / (6 \* n)

def q1(func):

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x_range = [0, 1]
func1 = lambda x: 0
func2 = lambda x: 1
n = 4
result = simpson_double_integrate(x_range, func, func1, func2, n)
print(result)

def q2(func):
    x_range = [0, 1]
    func1 = lambda x: 0
    func2 = lambda x: math.sqrt(1 - x ** 2)
    n = 4
    result = simpson_double_integrate(x_range, func, func1, func2, n)
    print(result)

def db_gauss_legendre_formula(func, n = 4):
    x_points = [-0.9061798, -0.5384693, 0, 0.5384693, 0.9061798]
    A_list = [0.2369269, 0.4786287, 0.5688889, 0.4786287, 0.2369269]
    print(sum([A_list[i] * A_list[j] * func(x_points[i], x_points[j]) for i in range(len(x_points)) for
j in range(len(x_points))]))/4)

def main():
    func0 = lambda x, y: e ** (- x * y)
    q1(func0)
    func1 = lambda x, y: e ** (-(x + 1) * (y + 1) / 4)
    db_gauss_legendre_formula(func1)
    q2(func0)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

运行结果如下：

第一小题：

0.7965999679462029

0.7965996777384788

分别为复合辛普森公式和高斯求积公式的结果

第二小题：

0.6701136333590952

采用复合辛普森公式的结果