```
In [1]: !pip install -q kaggle
    from google.colab import files
    files.upload()
```

Choose Files No file chosen

Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.

Saving kaggle.json to kaggle.json

```
In [2]: !mkdir -p ~/.kaggle
!cp kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/

# This permissions change avoids a warning on Kaggle tool startup.
!chmod 600 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json

!kaggle datasets download -d pankajkarki/humana

!ls
```

```
Downloading humana.zip to /content 75% 63.0M/84.5M [00:00<00:00, 87.3MB/s] 100% 84.5M/84.5M [00:00<00:00, 144MB/s] humana.zip kaggle.json sample_data
```

```
In [93]: !unzip humana.zip
```

```
Archive: humana.zip
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/.DS_Store? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/.DS_Store
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/_DS_Store? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/ DS Store
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/activity_labels.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one,
[r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/activity labels.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/csv_files/test.csv? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]
ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/csv files/test.csv
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/csv_files/train.csv? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one,
[r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/csv files/train.csv
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/features.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename:
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/features.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/features_info.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]e
name: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/features info.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/README.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/README.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body acc x test.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
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[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body_acc_y_test.txt
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[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body acc z test.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body gyro x test.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body_gyro_x_test.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body_gyro_y_test.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body gyro y test.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body_gyro_z_test.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/body_gyro_z_test.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/total acc x test.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/total acc x test.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/total_acc_y_test.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
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[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/Inertial Signals/total acc z test.txt
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[r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/subject test.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/test/X_test.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ena
me: y
```

```
inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/X test.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/test/y_test.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ena
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/test/y test.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/.DS Store? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ena
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/.DS Store
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body acc x train.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
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replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body acc y train.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body acc y train.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body acc z train.txt? [y]es,
[n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body acc z train.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body gyro x train.txt? [y]e
s, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
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s, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body gyro y train.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body gyro z train.txt? [y]e
s, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
 inflating: HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/body_gyro_z_train.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/total acc x train.txt? [y]e
s, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/total acc x train.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/total acc y train.txt? [y]e
s, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
 inflating: HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/total_acc_y_train.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/total acc z train.txt? [y]e
s, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: a
error: invalid response [a]
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/total acc z train.txt? [y]e
s, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: y
 inflating: HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/train/Inertial Signals/total_acc_z_train.txt
replace HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/train/subject_train.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]on
e, [r]ename: v
  inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/subject train.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/X train.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]e
name: y
 inflating: HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/train/X_train.txt
replace HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/y train.txt? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]e
name: v
 inflating: HAR/UCI HAR Dataset/train/y train.txt
```

In [0]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

Data

```
In [0]: # Data directory
DATADIR = 'UCI_HAR_Dataset'

In [0]: # Raw data signals
# Signals are from Accelerometer and Gyroscope
# The signals are in x.v.z directions
```

```
In [0]: # Utility function to read the data from csv file
        def _read_csv(filename):
            return pd.read csv(filename, delim whitespace=True, header=None)
        # Utility function to load the load
        def load_signals(subset):
            signals data = []
            for signal in SIGNALS:
                filename = f'HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/{subset}/Inertial Signals/{signal}_{subset}
                signals data.append(
                    _read_csv(filename).as_matrix()
                )
            # Transpose is used to change the dimensionality of the output,
            # aggregating the signals by combination of sample/timestep.
            # Resultant shape is (7352 train/2947 test samples, 128 timesteps, 9 signals)
            return np.transpose(signals_data, (1, 2, 0))
In [0]:
        def load_y(subset):
            The objective that we are trying to predict is a integer, from 1 to 6,
            that represents a human activity. We return a binary representation of
            every sample objective as a 6 bits vector using One Hot Encoding
            (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/generated/pandas.get dummies.html
            filename = f'HAR/UCI_HAR_Dataset/{subset}/y_{subset}.txt'
            y = read csv(filename)[0]
            return pd.get_dummies(y).as_matrix()
In [0]: def load_data():
            Obtain the dataset from multiple files.
            Returns: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test
            X_train, X_test = load_signals('train'), load_signals('test')
            y_train, y_test = load_y('train'), load_y('test')
            return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test
In [0]: # Importing tensorflow
        np.random.seed(42)
        import tensorflow as tf
        tf.set_random_seed(42)
In [0]: # Configuring a session
        session conf = tf.ConfigProto(
            intra op parallelism threads=1,
            inter op parallelism threads=1
        )
```

```
In [0]: # Import Keras
          from keras import backend as K
          sess = tf.Session(graph=tf.get_default_graph(), config=session_conf)
          K.set session(sess)
  In [0]: # Importing libraries
          from keras.models import Sequential
          from keras.layers import LSTM
          from keras.layers.core import Dense, Dropout
          from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
          from keras.wrappers.scikit learn import KerasClassifier
 In [0]: # Utility function to count the number of classes
          def count classes(y):
              return len(set([tuple(category) for category in y]))
 In [0]: # Loading the train and test data
          X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = load_data()
In [107]: timesteps = len(X train[0])
          input dim = len(X train[0][0])
          n_classes = _count_classes(Y_train)
          print(timesteps)
          print(input_dim)
          print(len(X train))
          128
          9
          7352
```

Defining the Architecture of LSTM

[1] Hyperparameter tuning for neurons and dropout_rate

```
# Function to create model, required for KerasClassifier
         def create_model(neurons, dropout rate):
              # create model
            model = Sequential()
            model.add(LSTM(neurons, input shape=(timesteps, input dim), kernel initialize
            model.add(Dropout(dropout_rate))
            model.add(Dense(n classes, kernel initializer='uniform', activation='sigmoid'
            print(model.summary())
            # Compile model
            model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer='RMSprop', metrics=[
            return model
In [0]:
        # create model
         model = KerasClassifier(build fn=create model, epochs=40, batch size=64, verbose=
In [89]:
         # define the grid search parameters
         neurons = [64, 128]
         dropout_rate = [0.5, 0.7]
         param grid = dict(neurons=neurons, dropout rate=dropout rate)
         grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=model, param_grid=param_grid)
         grid_result = grid.fit(X_train, Y_train, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
         Layer (type)
                                    Output Shape
                                                             Param #
         ______
         1stm 60 (LSTM)
                                    (None, 64)
                                                             18944
         dropout 59 (Dropout)
                                    (None, 64)
         dense 59 (Dense)
                                    (None, 6)
                                                             390
         ============
         Total params: 19,334
         Trainable params: 19,334
         Non-trainable params: 0
        None
         Train on 4901 samples, validate on 2947 samples
         Epoch 1/40
        4901/4901 [============= ] - 25s 5ms/step - loss: 1.4835 - a
```

11c 2mc/c+on

cc: 0.3734 - val loss: 1.3747 - val acc: 0.3536

Epoch 2/40

```
In [90]: # summarize results
    print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid_result.best_score_, grid_result.best_params_))
    means = grid_result.cv_results_['mean_test_score']
    stds = grid_result.cv_results_['std_test_score']
    params = grid_result.cv_results_['params']
    for mean, stdev, param in zip(means, stds, params):
        print("%f (%f) with: %r" % (mean, stdev, param))

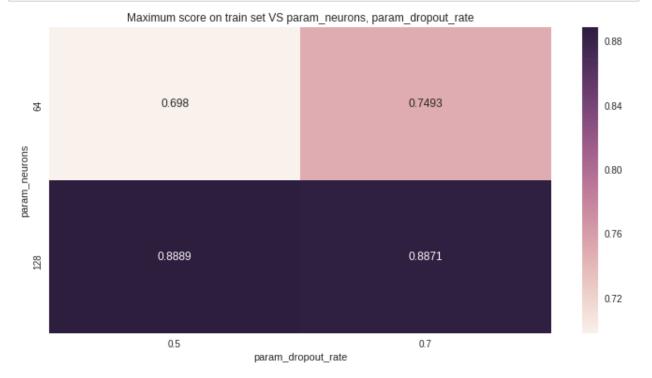
Best: 0.855277 using {'dropout_rate': 0.5, 'neurons': 128}
    0.659820 (0.110190) with: {'dropout_rate': 0.5, 'neurons': 64}
    0.855277 (0.046334) with: {'dropout_rate': 0.5, 'neurons': 128}
    0.685120 (0.035716) with: {'dropout_rate': 0.7, 'neurons': 64}
    0.819097 (0.070899) with: {'dropout_rate': 0.7, 'neurons': 128}
```

[1.1] Validation plots

[1.1.1] Accuracy on train Vs hyperparameters

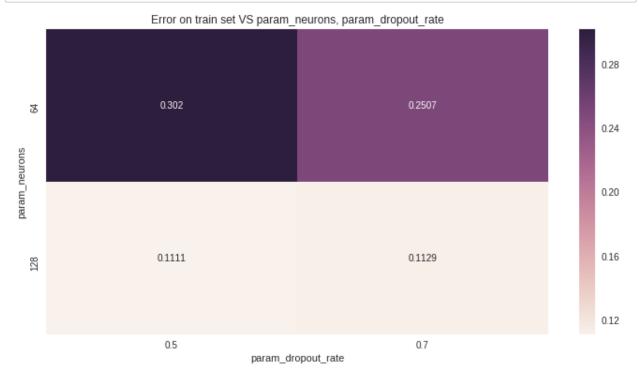
```
In [91]: import warnings
    warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
    import seaborn as sns

df_gridsearch = pd.DataFrame(grid_result.cv_results_)
    max_scores = df_gridsearch.groupby(['param_neurons','param_dropout_rate']).max().
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (12, 6)
    title = 'Maximum score on train set VS param_neurons, param_dropout_rate'
    fmt = 'png'
    sns.heatmap(max_scores.mean_train_score, annot=True, fmt='.4g');
    plt.title(title);
```



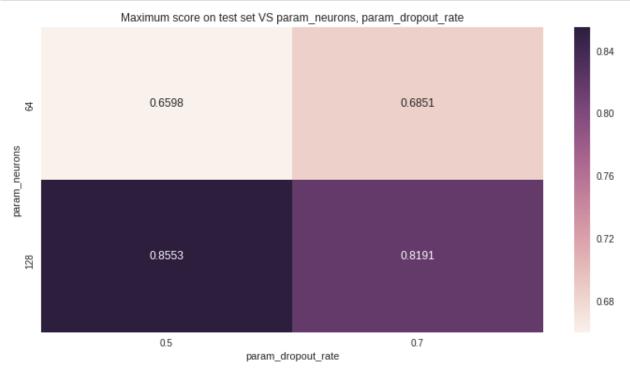
[1.1.2] Error on train Vs hyperparameters

```
In [122]: df_gridsearch = pd.DataFrame(grid_result.cv_results_)
    max_scores = df_gridsearch.groupby(['param_neurons','param_dropout_rate']).max().
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (12, 6)
    title = 'Error on train set VS param_neurons, param_dropout_rate'
    fmt = 'png'
    a = max_scores.mean_train_score
    b = 1-a
    sns.heatmap(b, annot=True, fmt='.4g');
    plt.title(title);
```



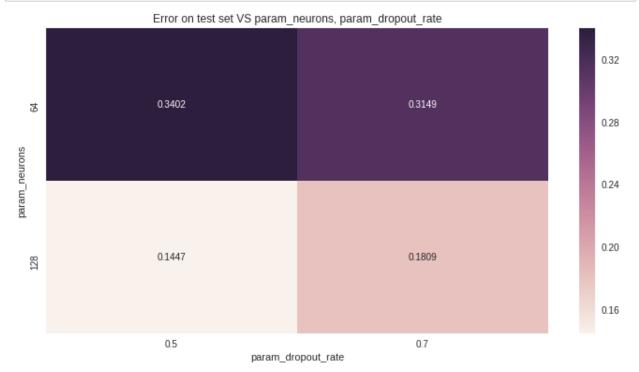
[1.1.3] Accuracy on test Vs hyperparameters

```
In [92]: df_gridsearch = pd.DataFrame(grid_result.cv_results_)
    max_scores = df_gridsearch.groupby(['param_neurons','param_dropout_rate']).max().
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (12, 6)
    title = 'Maximum score on test set VS param_neurons, param_dropout_rate'
    fmt = 'png'
    sns.heatmap(max_scores.mean_test_score, annot=True, fmt='.4g');
    plt.title(title);
```



[1.1.4] Error on test Vs hyperparameters

```
In [123]: df_gridsearch = pd.DataFrame(grid_result.cv_results_)
    max_scores = df_gridsearch.groupby(['param_neurons','param_dropout_rate']).max().
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (12, 6)
    title = 'Error on test set VS param_neurons, param_dropout_rate'
    fmt = 'png'
    a = max_scores.mean_test_score
    b = 1-a
    sns.heatmap(b, annot=True, fmt='.4g');
    plt.title(title);
```



[1.1] LSTM with best hyperparameter

```
In [0]: # Initializing paramtrers
epochs = 40
batch_size = 64
```

```
In [112]: # Initiliazing the sequential model
    model = Sequential()
    # Configuring the parameters
    model.add(LSTM(128, input_shape=(timesteps, input_dim), kernel_initializer='unifo
    # Adding a dropout layer
    model.add(Dropout(0.5))
    # Adding a dense output layer with sigmoid activation
    model.add(Dense(n_classes, kernel_initializer='uniform', activation='sigmoid'))
    model.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
lstm_74 (LSTM)	(None, 128)	70656
dropout_73 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_73 (Dense)	(None, 6)	774

Total params: 71,430 Trainable params: 71,430 Non-trainable params: 0

```
In [113]: # Compiling the model
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='RMSprop', metrics=['acc
    #Fitting the data to the model
    history = model.fit(X_train, Y_train, nb_epoch=epochs, batch_size=batch_size, val

Train on 7352 samples, validate on 2947 samples
```

```
Epoch 1/40
0.3626 - val loss: 1.5199 - val acc: 0.3590
Epoch 2/40
0.4021 - val_loss: 1.2717 - val_acc: 0.4204
Epoch 3/40
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 1.2813 - acc:
0.4260 - val loss: 1.3083 - val acc: 0.4086
Epoch 4/40
0.4495 - val loss: 1.1894 - val acc: 0.4941
Epoch 5/40
0.5091 - val loss: 1.1761 - val acc: 0.5029
Epoch 6/40
0.5853 - val loss: 0.9945 - val acc: 0.5921
Epoch 7/40
0.5849 - val loss: 1.0610 - val acc: 0.5185
Epoch 8/40
0.5970 - val loss: 1.0095 - val acc: 0.5826
Epoch 9/40
0.6436 - val loss: 0.8930 - val acc: 0.6149
Epoch 10/40
0.6967 - val_loss: 1.0957 - val_acc: 0.5908
Epoch 11/40
0.7372 - val_loss: 0.6060 - val_acc: 0.7699
Epoch 12/40
7352/7352 [============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.5735 - acc:
0.7809 - val loss: 0.6765 - val acc: 0.7421
Epoch 13/40
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.5157 - acc:
0.8071 - val_loss: 0.5608 - val_acc: 0.8147
Epoch 14/40
0.8562 - val_loss: 0.5449 - val_acc: 0.8229
Epoch 15/40
0.8747 - val_loss: 0.4743 - val_acc: 0.8317
Epoch 16/40
0.9026 - val loss: 0.5061 - val acc: 0.8653
Epoch 17/40
```

```
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 30s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2599 - acc:
0.9129 - val loss: 1.0891 - val acc: 0.7482
Epoch 18/40
0.9188 - val loss: 0.4492 - val acc: 0.8673
Epoch 19/40
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2327 - acc:
0.9221 - val loss: 0.3934 - val acc: 0.8765
Epoch 20/40
0.9144 - val loss: 0.4748 - val acc: 0.8724
Epoch 21/40
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1873 - acc:
0.9328 - val loss: 0.3585 - val acc: 0.8962
Epoch 22/40
7352/7352 [============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1837 - acc:
0.9321 - val loss: 0.3905 - val acc: 0.9023
Epoch 23/40
0.9373 - val loss: 0.4414 - val acc: 0.8873
Epoch 24/40
0.8656 - val loss: 0.9037 - val acc: 0.5395
Epoch 25/40
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2910 - acc:
0.8905 - val loss: 0.3131 - val acc: 0.9023
Epoch 26/40
0.9446 - val loss: 0.3213 - val acc: 0.9026
Epoch 27/40
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1531 - acc:
0.9436 - val loss: 0.3609 - val acc: 0.8982
Epoch 28/40
0.9436 - val loss: 0.3059 - val acc: 0.9013
Epoch 29/40
0.9449 - val loss: 0.4337 - val acc: 0.8816
Epoch 30/40
0.9286 - val loss: 0.3764 - val acc: 0.8989
Epoch 31/40
0.9494 - val loss: 0.4148 - val acc: 0.8965
Epoch 32/40
7352/7352 [============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1501 - acc:
0.9449 - val_loss: 0.2825 - val_acc: 0.9128
Epoch 33/40
0.9444 - val_loss: 0.3120 - val_acc: 0.9138
Epoch 34/40
0.9465 - val_loss: 0.4854 - val_acc: 0.9009
Epoch 35/40
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1421 - acc:
0.9474 - val_loss: 0.3594 - val_acc: 0.9148
Epoch 36/40
```

```
7352/7352 [=============== ] - 29s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1439 - acc:
     0.9442 - val loss: 0.3336 - val acc: 0.9121
     Epoch 37/40
     0.9498 - val loss: 0.3906 - val acc: 0.9050
     Epoch 38/40
     0.9499 - val loss: 0.4214 - val acc: 0.9077
     Epoch 39/40
     0.9456 - val loss: 0.4482 - val acc: 0.9036
     Epoch 40/40
     0.9445 - val_loss: 0.4652 - val_acc: 0.9009
In [0]:
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import numpy as np
     import time
     # https://qist.github.com/greydanus/f6eee59eaf1d90fcb3b534a25362cea4
     # https://stackoverflow.com/a/14434334
     # this function is used to update the plots for each epoch and error
     def plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax, colors=['b']):
        ax.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation Loss")
```

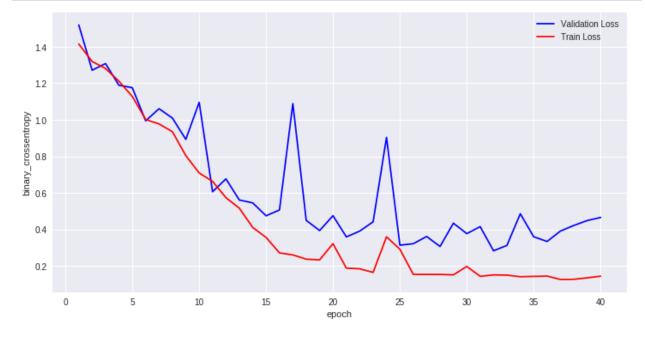
ax.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train Loss")

plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
fig.canvas.draw()

```
In [115]: fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('binary_crossentropy')

# List of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,epochs+1))

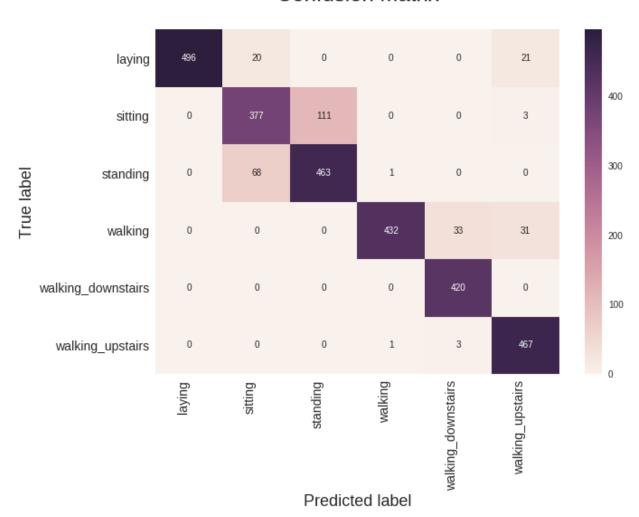
vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```



```
In [116]:
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          %matplotlib inline
          import seaborn as sns
          from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
          # Final evaluation of the model
          scores = model.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
          print("Test Score: %f" % (scores[0]))
          print("Test Accuracy: %f%%" % (scores[1]*100))
          # Confusion Matrix
          Y_true = pd.Series([ACTIVITIES[y] for y in np.argmax(Y_test, axis=1)])
          Y_predictions = pd.Series([ACTIVITIES[y] for y in np.argmax(model.predict(X_test)
          # Code for drawing seaborn heatmaps
          class_names = ['laying','sitting','standing','walking','walking_downstairs','walk
          df_heatmap = pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(Y_true, Y_predictions), index=class_na
          fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
          heatmap = sns.heatmap(df_heatmap, annot=True, fmt="d")
          # Setting tick labels for heatmap
          heatmap.yaxis.set_ticklabels(heatmap.yaxis.get_ticklabels(), rotation=0, ha='righ
          heatmap.xaxis.set ticklabels(heatmap.xaxis.get ticklabels(), rotation=90, ha='rig
          plt.ylabel('True label', size=18)
          plt.xlabel('Predicted label', size=18)
          plt.title("Confusion Matrix\n", size=24)
          plt.show()
```

Test Score: 0.465158
Test Accuracy: 90.091619%

Confusion Matrix



[2] LSTM with 2 layers

```
In [0]: # Initializing parameters
    epochs = 15
    batch_size = 16
```

```
In [0]: # Initiliazing the sequential model
    model = Sequential()
    # Configuring the parameters
    model.add(LSTM(64,return_sequences=True, input_shape=(timesteps, input_dim)))
    # Adding a dropout Layer
    model.add(Dropout(0.7))

# Configuring the parameters
    model.add(LSTM(64))
    # Adding a dropout Layer
    model.add(Dropout(0.7))
# Adding a dense output layer with sigmoid activation
    model.add(Dense(n_classes, activation='sigmoid'))
    print(model.summary())
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
lstm_38 (LSTM)	(None, 128, 64)	18944
dropout_35 (Dropout)	(None, 128, 64)	0
lstm_39 (LSTM)	(None, 64)	33024
dropout_36 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_25 (Dense)	(None, 6)	390

Total params: 52,358 Trainable params: 52,358 Non-trainable params: 0

None

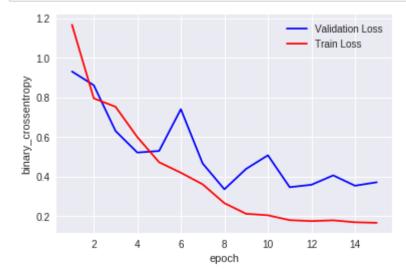
```
In [0]: # Compiling the model
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',optimizer='rmsprop',metrics=['accur
# Training the model
history = model.fit(X_train,Y_train,batch_size=batch_size,validation_data=(X_test)
```

```
Train on 7352 samples, validate on 2947 samples
Epoch 1/15
c: 0.4990 - val loss: 0.9319 - val acc: 0.6132
Epoch 2/15
c: 0.6355 - val_loss: 0.8624 - val_acc: 0.5830
Epoch 3/15
c: 0.6557 - val loss: 0.6314 - val acc: 0.7299
Epoch 4/15
c: 0.7425 - val loss: 0.5225 - val acc: 0.7604
c: 0.7826 - val loss: 0.5304 - val acc: 0.7550
Epoch 6/15
c: 0.8045 - val loss: 0.7414 - val acc: 0.7350
Epoch 7/15
7352/7352 [================ ] - 74s 10ms/step - loss: 0.3622 - ac
c: 0.8466 - val loss: 0.4676 - val acc: 0.8636
Epoch 8/15
7352/7352 [================ ] - 74s 10ms/step - loss: 0.2667 - ac
c: 0.9188 - val loss: 0.3370 - val acc: 0.8989
Epoch 9/15
c: 0.9317 - val_loss: 0.4400 - val_acc: 0.8744
Epoch 10/15
c: 0.9346 - val_loss: 0.5086 - val_acc: 0.8785
Epoch 11/15
7352/7352 [================== ] - 75s 10ms/step - loss: 0.1810 - ac
c: 0.9425 - val_loss: 0.3475 - val_acc: 0.9043
Epoch 12/15
c: 0.9438 - val loss: 0.3597 - val acc: 0.9101
Epoch 13/15
c: 0.9430 - val_loss: 0.4071 - val_acc: 0.9043
Epoch 14/15
c: 0.9423 - val_loss: 0.3549 - val_acc: 0.9270
Epoch 15/15
c: 0.9453 - val_loss: 0.3723 - val_acc: 0.9158
```

```
In [0]: fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
    ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('binary_crossentropy')

# list of epoch numbers
    x = list(range(1,epochs+1))

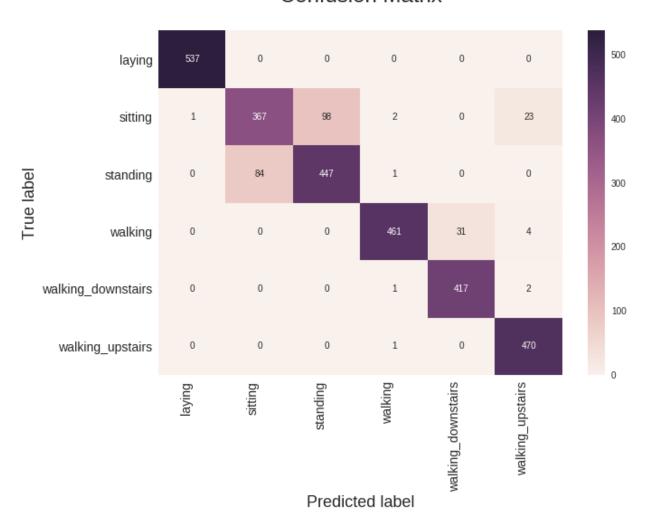
vy = history.history['val_loss']
    ty = history.history['loss']
    plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```



```
In [0]: # Final evaluation of the model
        scores = model.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)
        print("Test Score: %f" % (scores[0]))
        print("Test Accuracy: %f%%" % (scores[1]*100))
        # Confusion Matrix
        Y_true = pd.Series([ACTIVITIES[y] for y in np.argmax(Y_test, axis=1)])
        Y predictions = pd.Series([ACTIVITIES[y] for y in np.argmax(model.predict(X test)
        # Code for drawing seaborn heatmaps
        class_names = ['laying','sitting','standing','walking','walking_downstairs','walk
        df_heatmap = pd.DataFrame(confusion_matrix(Y_true, Y_predictions), index=class_na
        fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
        heatmap = sns.heatmap(df heatmap, annot=True, fmt="d")
        # Setting tick labels for heatmap
        heatmap.yaxis.set ticklabels(heatmap.yaxis.get ticklabels(), rotation=0, ha='righ
        heatmap.xaxis.set_ticklabels(heatmap.xaxis.get_ticklabels(), rotation=90, ha='rig
        plt.ylabel('True label', size=18)
        plt.xlabel('Predicted label', size=18)
        plt.title("Confusion Matrix\n", size=24)
        plt.show()
```

Test Score: 0.372318 Test Accuracy: 91.584662%

Confusion Matrix



Performane Table

```
In [117]: from prettytable import PrettyTable
    x = PrettyTable()

    x.field_names = ["MODEL", "TRAIN_ACCURACY", "TEST_ACCURACY"]
    x.add_row(["1 LSTM layer with 128 LSTM Units(Optimizer-->rmsprop)", 94.45, 90.09]
    x.add_row(["2 LSTM layer with 64 LSTM Units(Optimizer-->rmsprop)", 94.53, 91.58])
    print('\t\tRNN WITH DIFFERNET ARCHITECTURES')
    print(x)
```

RNN WITH DIFFERNET ARCHITECTURES			
+ MODEL _ACCURACY		TRAIN_ACCURACY	TEST
+	т.		T
1 LSTM layer with 128 LSTM Units(Optimizer>rmsprop)		94.45	
90.09 2 LSTM layer with 64 LSTM Units(Optimizer>rmsprop) 91.58		94.53	I
++	-+-		+

Conclusion:

- We did Hyperparameter tuning for 1 LSTM layered Architecture for tuning neurons and dropout rate.
- 2. After hyperparameter tuning we got best hyperparameter (neurons = 128, dropout rate = 0.5)
- 3. And trained model with best hyperparameter got accuracy of 90.09 and a loss of 0.46.
- 4. With a simple 2 LSTM layer architecture we got 91.58% test accuracy and a loss of 0.37

In [0]:		