

① Decimal to any base

$$(6 \ 3 \ 4)_{10} = (\ ? \ )_8$$

8	6	3	4	2	$\times 10^0 +$
8	7	9		7	$\times 10^1 +$
8	9			1	$\times 10^2 +$
				1	$\times 10^3 +$

$(1172)_8$

→ answer = reverse & add with power of 10

$$\therefore \text{ans} = 1 \times 10^0 + 1 \times 10^1 + 7 \times 10^2 + 2 \times 10^3$$

CODE : `int ans=0, pow10=1;`

```
while (n > 0) {
```

```
ans = ans * (n % 8) * pow(10, i);
```

$$\text{pow } 10 = 10 \times \text{pow } 10;$$

$$n = n / 8;$$

3

let us ans;

Step 1: dividend

2  $\xrightarrow{\quad}$  divide the number until it becomes zero

3 —————  $\rightarrow$  extract remainder, multiply it with multiplier and add to answer.  
and update the multiplier

② Any base addition

To add 2 numbers in decimal base,

$$n_1 = 3 \ 2 \ 4$$

$$n_2 = 786$$

$$(8+2+1) \cdot 10^2 \quad 1 \leftarrow (4+6) \cdot 10$$

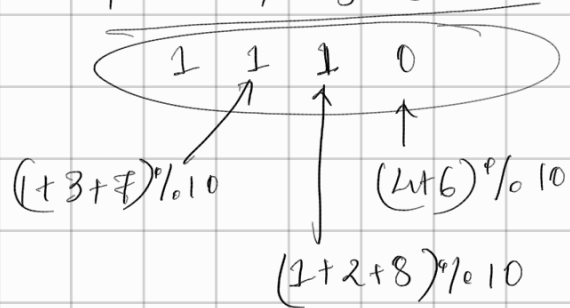
3	2	4
---	---	---

+		7	8	6
---	--	---	---	---

So, similarly, for the other bases, we need to

① add the (digits + carry) = 818

② Add (x18% base) x 100 to 10 to give



- ②  $ans = (ans + n1 \% 10 + n2 \% 10 + carry) / 10$  to move it to its correct place
- ③ update carry, pow 10 and the 2 numbers  $n1$  and  $n2$ .
- ④ return this value to print.

CODE:

```
int ans = 0, carry = 0, pow10 = 1;
while (n1 > 0 || n2 > 0 || carry > 0) {
    int sum = (n1 % 10) + (n2 % 10) + carry;
    ans += (sum % 10) * pow10;
    carry = sum / 10;
    pow10 *= 10;
    n1 /= 10;
    n2 /= 10;
}
return ans;
```

