# KH2017 reanalysis following Dale et al. (2007)

Pascal J. Kieslich & Felix Henninger

#### References

Data from: Kieslich, P. J., & Henninger, F. (in press). Mousetrap: An integrated, open-source mouse-tracking package. Behavior Research Methods. https://doi.org/10.3758/s13428-017-0900-z

Analyses following: Dale, R., Kehoe, C., & Spivey, M. J. (2007). Graded motor responses in the time course of categorizing atypical exemplars. *Memory & Cognition*, 35(1), 15-28. https://doi.org/10.3758/BF03195938

### General preparations

#### Load libraries

```
library(mousetrap)
library(ggplot2)
library(afex)
```

#### Custom ggplot2 theme

```
theme_set(theme_classic()+
  theme(
    axis.line = element_line(colour = "black"),
    axis.ticks = element_line(colour = "black"),
    axis.text = element_text(colour = "black"),
    panel.border = element_rect(colour = "black", fill=NA)
))
```

# Data preparation

#### Read in merged raw data

```
raw_data <- KH2017_raw
```

#### Filter trials

```
# Test difference using chi-squared test
chisq.test(with(raw_data,table(Condition, correct)))

##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
##
## data: with(raw_data, table(Condition, correct))
## X-squared = 15.676, df = 1, p-value = 7.519e-05
# Exlude incorrect trials
raw_data <- subset(raw_data, correct==1)

# Check that each subject has at least one typical and atypical trial left
table(with(raw_data,table(subject_nr,Condition))>0)

##
## TRUE
## 120
```

#### Import mouse-tracking data

```
mt_data <- mt_import_mousetrap(raw_data)</pre>
```

#### Trajectory preprocessing

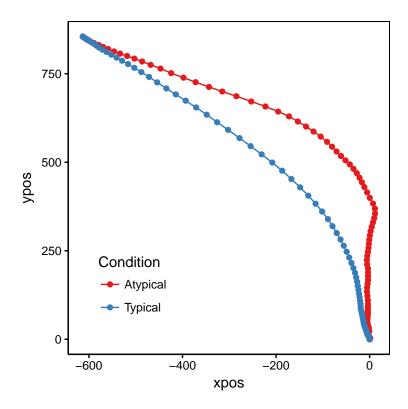
```
mt_data <- mt_remap_symmetric(mt_data)
mt_data <- mt_align_start(mt_data)
mt_data <- mt_time_normalize(mt_data)</pre>
```

# Analyses

#### Analysis of time-normalized trajectories

Plot average time-normalized tajectories

```
mt_plot_aggregate(mt_data, use = "tn_trajectories", points = TRUE,
    x = "xpos", y = "ypos", color = "Condition", subject_id = "subject_nr")+
    scale_color_brewer(type="qual",palette = "Set1" )+
    theme(legend.position=c(.2,.2))
```



#### Compare time normalized x-positions for each step

```
# Aggregate time-normalized trajectories per condition
# separately per subject
av_tn_trajectories <- mt_aggregate_per_subject(mt_data,
    use="tn_trajectories",use2_variables="Condition",subject_id="subject_nr")

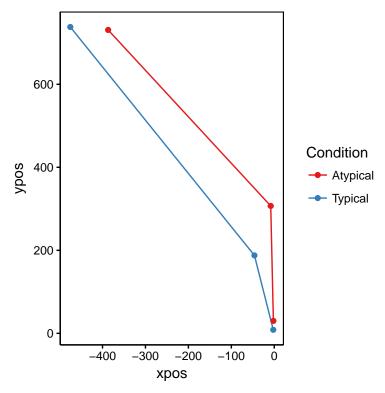
# Plot aggregate trajectories with standard errors
# (note that mean_se does not take into account within subjects design)
ggplot(av_tn_trajectories,aes(x=steps,y=xpos,group=Condition))+
    stat_summary(geom = "ribbon",fun.data=mean_se,alpha=.2)+
    geom_line(aes(color=Condition),stat="summary",fun.y="mean")+
    scale_color_brewer(type="qual",palette = "Set1" )+
    theme(legend.position=c(.2,.2))</pre>
```

```
-200 - Sodx -400 - Condition — Atypical — Typical — Typical steps
```

```
### Paired t-tests on coordinates
xpos_t_tests <-</pre>
  with(av_tn_trajectories,
       sapply(unique(steps),function(i){
         t.test(xpos[Condition=="Atypical" & steps==i],
                 xpos[Condition=="Typical" & steps==i],
                paired = TRUE)$p.value})
       )
\# Retrieve all significant t-tests
which(xpos_t_tests<.05)</pre>
## [1] 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76
## [24] 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95
# Number of significant t-tests
sum(xpos_t_tests<.05,na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
## [1] 42
\# Number of adjacent significant t-tests (minus 1)
table(diff(which(xpos_t_tests<.05)))</pre>
##
##
   1
## 41
```

#### Analysis of binned time-normalized trajectories

```
mt_data <- mt_average(mt_data,use="tn_trajectories",save_as="av_tn_trajectories",</pre>
  av dimension="steps", intervals = c(0.5, 33.5, 67.5, 101.5))
mt_aggregate(mt_data,use = "av_tn_trajectories",
  use2 variables = "Condition", subject id = "subject nr")
##
     Condition mt_seq steps timestamps
                                              xpos
                                                          ypos
                                         -2.063065 30.030090
## 1 Atypical
                    1 17.0
                              402.8360
## 2
     Atypical
                    2 50.5 1246.2739
                                        -8.209932 306.902839
     Atypical
                    3 84.5
                             2102.3004 -386.917752 730.937056
## 3
                    1 17.0
## 4
       Typical
                              282.7307
                                         -2.368584
                                                     8.519337
                    2 50.5
                              874.6981 -46.165343 187.708387
## 5
       Typical
## 6
       Typical
                    3 84.5 1475.5009 -475.017635 738.018296
mt_plot_aggregate(mt_data,use = "av_tn_trajectories", points=TRUE,
  color = "Condition", subject_id = "subject_nr")+
  scale_color_brewer(type="qual",palette = "Set1" )
```



```
## Response: xpos
##
                             MSF.
           Effect
                      df
                                           F ges pes p.value
        Condition 1, 59 7405.64
                                   21.56 *** .08 .27 <.0001
## 1
              bin 2, 118 4458.03 1558.94 *** .88 .96 <.0001
## 2
## 3 Condition:bin 2, 118 2482.98
                                   23.44 *** .06 .28 <.0001
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '+' 0.1 ' ' 1
aov ez(data=av tn trajectory bins,id="subject nr",dv="xpos",within = c("Condition","bin"),
      anova_table = list(es=c("ges","pes"),correction=c("GG")))
## Anova Table (Type 3 tests)
## Response: xpos
##
           Effect
                            df
                                   MSE
                                                 F ges pes p.value
## 1
        Condition
                         1, 59 7405.64
                                         21.56 *** .08 .27 <.0001
              bin 1.96, 115.42 4557.70 1558.94 *** .88 .96 <.0001
## 3 Condition:bin 1.87, 110.33 2655.70
                                        23.44 *** .06 .28 <.0001
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '+' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Sphericity correction method: GG
```

### Analysis of space normalized trajectories per subject

```
mt_data <- mt_align_start_end(mt_data, save_as="sn_trajectories",</pre>
  start = c(0,0), end = c(-1,1))
mt_data <- mt_average(mt_data,use="sn_trajectories",</pre>
  interval size = 500,max interval=1500)
mt aggregate(mt data, use="av trajectories",
use2_variables="Condition",subject_id="subject_nr")
     Condition mt_seq timestamps
                                         xpos
## 1 Atypical
                    1
                             250 -0.001728983 0.005293067
## 2 Atypical
                    2
                             750 -0.017958161 0.202536523
## 3 Atypical
                    3
                           1250 -0.260951683 0.567393228
## 4
      Typical
                    1
                             250 -0.001015639 0.004013623
                    2
                             750 -0.159926771 0.263175365
## 5
       Typical
## 6
                            1250 -0.638290679 0.744520598
      Typical
mt_plot_aggregate(mt_data,use = "av_trajectories", points=TRUE,
color = "Condition", subject_id = "subject_nr")+
scale_color_brewer(type="qual",palette = "Set1" )
```

```
0.6

O.4

O.2

O.0

-0.6

O.4

O.2

Xpos

Condition

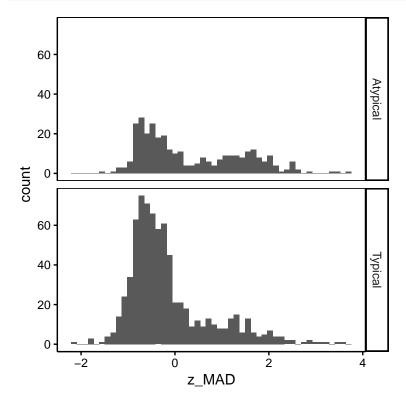
Atypical

Typical
```

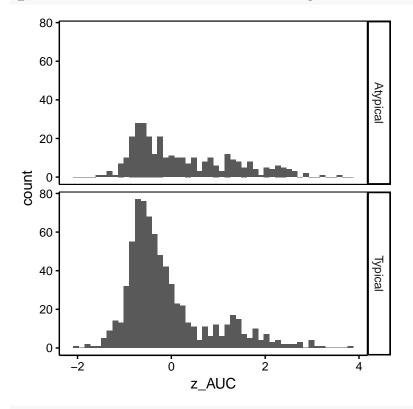
```
av_sn_trajectory_bins <- mt_aggregate_per_subject(mt_data,use="av_trajectories",
  use2_variables="Condition",subject_id="subject_nr")
# Check that each subject has observations in each category
table(table(av_sn_trajectory_bins$subject_nr))
##
##
   6
## 60
av_sn_trajectory_bins$bin <- factor(av_sn_trajectory_bins$timestamps)</pre>
aov_ez(data=av_sn_trajectory_bins,id="subject_nr",dv="xpos",within = c("Condition","bin"),
       anova_table = list(es=c("ges","pes"),correction=c("none")))
## Anova Table (Type 3 tests)
##
## Response: xpos
                       df MSE
            Effect
                                        F ges pes p.value
         Condition 1, 59 0.02 110.90 *** .23 .65 <.0001
## 1
## 2
              bin 2, 118 0.03 267.88 *** .60 .82
## 3 Condition:bin 2, 118 0.01 85.44 *** .20 .59
                                                  <.0001
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '+' 0.1 ' ' 1
aov_ez(data=av_sn_trajectory_bins,id="subject_nr",dv="xpos",within = c("Condition","bin"),
      anova_table = list(es=c("ges","pes"),correction=c("GG")))
## Anova Table (Type 3 tests)
##
## Response: xpos
```

```
## Effect df MSE F ges pes p.value
## 1 Condition 1, 59 0.02 110.90 *** .23 .65 <.0001
## 2 bin 1.26, 74.26 0.04 267.88 *** .60 .82 <.0001
## 3 Condition:bin 1.88, 110.67 0.01 85.44 *** .20 .59 <.0001
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '+' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Sphericity correction method: GG</pre>
```

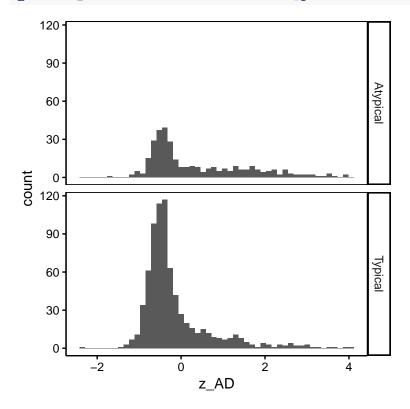
#### Distributional analyses



### qplot(x=z\_AUC,data=results,bins=50)+facet\_grid(Condition~.)



qplot(x=z\_AD,data=results,bins=50)+facet\_grid(Condition~.)



```
# Calculate bimodality coefficient
mt_check_bimodality(mt_data,use_variables = c("z_MAD","z_AUC","z_AD"),
    grouping_variables = "Condition", methods = c("BC"))

## $BC
## Condition z_MAD z_AUC z_AD
## 1 Atypical 0.5934582 0.5976725 0.6510847
## 2 Typical 0.6078283 0.6132270 0.6617684
```

#### Sample entropy

```
# Calculate sample entropy (for lag 3)
mt_data <- mt_sample_entropy(mt_data,use="tn_trajectories",m=3,dimension="xpos")
# Aggregate per participant
agg_sample_entropy <- mt_aggregate_per_subject(mt_data, subject_id = "subject_nr",</pre>
  use_variables = "sample_entropy", use2_variables = "Condition")
# Test the difference
mt_aggregate(mt_data, subject_id = "subject_nr",
 use_variables = "sample_entropy", use2_variables = "Condition")
    Condition sample_entropy
                   0.09112034
## 1 Atypical
## 2
      Typical
                   0.06955290
t.test(sample_entropy~Condition, data=agg_sample_entropy, paired=TRUE)
##
## Paired t-test
##
## data: sample_entropy by Condition
## t = 5.4269, df = 59, p-value = 1.129e-06
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.01361514 0.02951976
## sample estimates:
## mean of the differences
##
                0.02156745
```

# Plot for left- and rightward responses

#### Data preparation

```
mt_data <- mt_import_mousetrap(raw_data)
mt_data <- mt_remap_symmetric(mt_data,remap_xpos = "no")
mt_data <- mt_align_start(mt_data)
mt_data <- mt_time_normalize(mt_data)

# code response side
mt_data$data$side <- ifelse(mt_data$data$response==mt_data$data$CategoryLeft,"left","right")</pre>
```

### Plot average time-normalized tajectories

```
mt_plot_aggregate(mt_data, use = "tn_trajectories", points = TRUE,
    x = "xpos", y = "ypos", color = "Condition", subject_id = "subject_nr",
    linetype = "side")+
    scale_color_brewer(type="qual",palette = "Set1" )+
    theme(legend.position=c(.15,.3))
```

