

# 1. GREAT Summary

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- 3. GO enrichment visualization

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## Introduction

#### **GREAT: Genomic Regions Enrichment of Annotations Tool**

· Online software

#### GREAT Input: Genomic Regions Enrichment of Annotations Tool, Bejerano Lab, Stanford University

News Aug. 7, 2020: This issue is now fixed! There was a server issue in GREAT partly due to an increasing service demand. We are trying to fix the issue. In the meanwhile, if you are pushing a large number of jobs, please increase the delay between jobs.



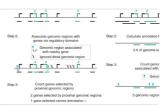
http://great.stanford.edu/public/html/

Paper

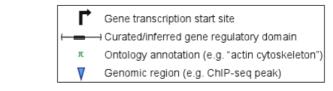
#### ${\sf GREAT\ improves\ functional\ interpretation\ of\ cis-regulatory\ regions\ -\ Nature\ Biotechnology}$

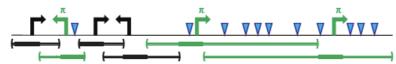
ChIP-Seq data are usually analyzed with approaches developed for microarrays, which only consider binding events within a few kilobases of a gene. McLean et al. present an algorithm that takes into account more distant events, thereby improving functional annotation of regulatory regions.





• Function: model cis-regulatory regions through the use of <u>long-range regulatory domains</u> and a <u>genomic</u> region-based enrichment test.





Binomial test over genomic regions

n = 11 total genomic regions

 $p_{\pi}$  = 0.75 fraction of genome annotated with  $\pi$ 

 $k_{\pi}$  = 11 genomic regions annotated with  $\pi$ 

P-value = 0.04

Hypergeometric test over genes

N = 6 total genes  $K_{\pi}$  = 3 genes anno

= 3 genes annotated with π

n = 3 genes with an associated genomic region  $k_{\pi}$  = 3 genes annotated and with a genomic region

P-value = 0.05

- <u>Long-range regulatory domains:</u> consisting of a basal domain that extends 5kb upstream and 1kb downstream from its transcription start site, and an extension up to the basal regulatory domain of the nearest upstream and downstream genes within 1Mb. (marked by the horizontal line in the figure above) rules and distances could be modified by users
- · Genomic region-based enrichment test: a binomial test

## **Input & Parameters**

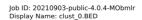
- 1. Input: 10 clusters from ATAC(PBMC)
- 2. Parameters:
  - Species Assembly: Human: GRCh38
  - · others are default

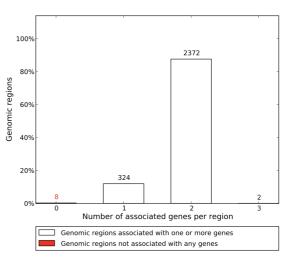
## **Output**

cluster\_0, for example:

## 1. Region-Gene Association Graphs

 Number of associated genes per region: how many genes each input genomic region is assigned as putatively regulating based on the association rule used.





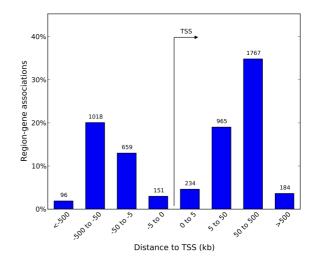
### • Binned by orientation and distance to TSS:

show the distance between input regions and their putatively regulated genes.

TSS: transcription start site

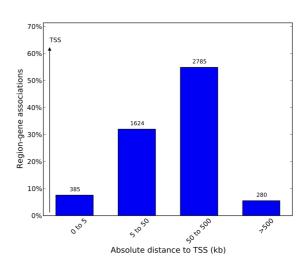
One input region may be associated with 2 or 3 genomic regions(see figure of number of associated genes per region).





• Binned by absolute distance to TSS: only the distance to TSS is considered.

Job ID: 20210903-public-4.0.4-MObmlr



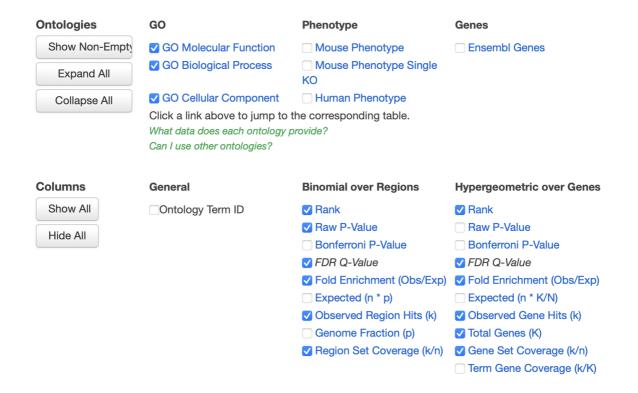
## 2. Global export

"xxx.csv" contains GO ontology results based on the binomial test and the hypergeometric test

# GREAT version 4.0.4	Species assembly: hg38	Association rule: Basal+extension: 5000 bp upstream, 1000 bp downstream, 1000000 bp max extension, curated regulatory domains included											
# Ontology	Term Name	Binom Rank	Binom Raw P- Value	Binom FDR Q-Val	Binom Fold Enrichment	Binom Observed Region Hits	Binom Region Set Coverage	Hyper Rank	Hyper FDR Q-Val	Hyper Fold Enrichment	Hyper Observed Gene Hits	Hyper Total Genes	Hyper Gene Set Coverage
GO Biological Process	regulation of immune system process	1	1.520726E-76	2.0011233434E-72	2.119458	651	0.2405765	8	2.375372211875E-08	1.474248	263	1423	0.1117247
GO Biological Process	cell activation	3	9.487898E-76	4.16170832606667E	2.364982	528	0.195122	55	0.0000765824850200	1.425243	181	1013	0.0768904
GO Biological Process	leukocyte activation	4	1.189875E-75	3.91439128125E-72	2.529586	471	0.1740576	52	0.0000366904046096	1.477835	161	869	0.06839422
GO Biological Process	lymphocyte activation	5	6.550268E-67	1.72389953224E-63	3.177439	299	0.1104952	2	2.0458849978E-08	2.085844	91	348	0.0386576
GO Biological Process	positive regulation of immune system process	6	1.127757E-62	2.4733590605E-59	2.300966	466	0.1722099	6	2.7404736015E-08	1.618448	182	897	0.07731521

Ontologies and columns are below

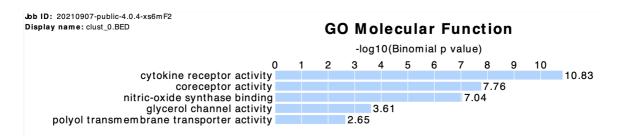
Some clusters don't have three domains of GO. Some clusters have human phenotype results.

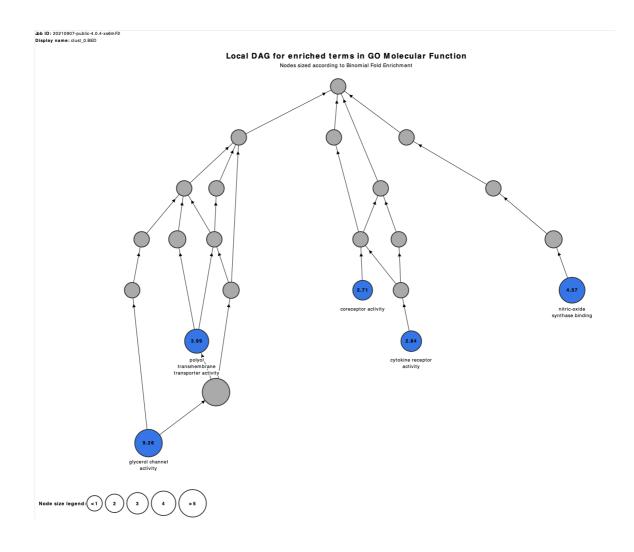


## 3. GO enrichment visualization

GREAT provides bar chart and DAG.

• GO molecular function

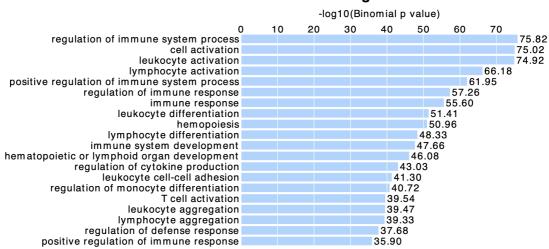


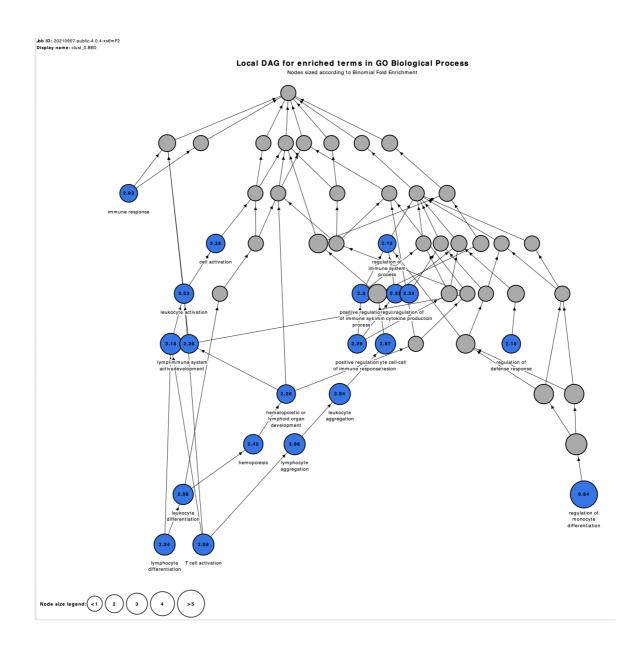


#### · GO biological process

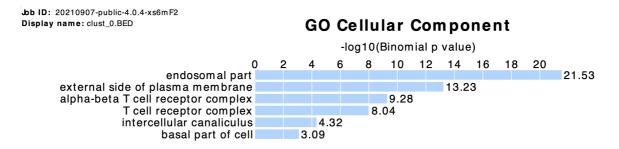
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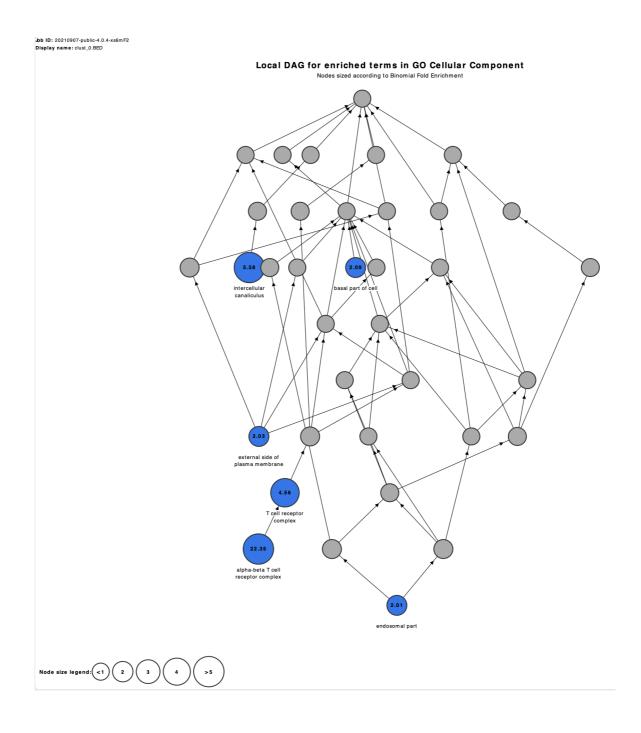
### **GO Biological Process**





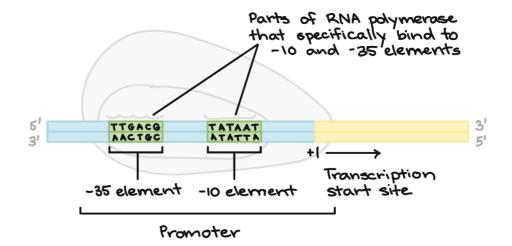
#### · GO cellular component



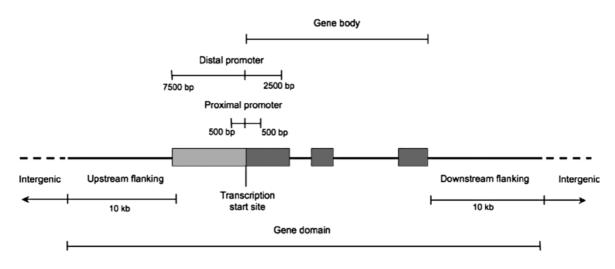


# **Biological terminology**

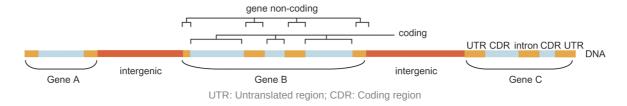
• TSS: transcription start site



• Genomic region: contains a gene body with exons (dark bars) and introns, and a promoter



· Intergenic region



### • Flanking region: 5' flanking region and 3' flanking region

 $\underline{5'}$  flanking region: a region of DNA that is adjacent to the 5' end of the gene. The 5' flanking region contains the promoter, and may contain enhancers or other protein binding sites.

3' flanking region: The region of DNA which borders the 3' end of a transcription unit and where a variety of regulatory sequences are located.

