## Lab One (Python 2)

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#### 1 Problem 86

With a constant torque of magnitude 2 Nm, the final angle is 23.30 radians, the final magnitude of the angular velocity is 23.30 rads/s. The ratio of the angular speed to the angle is approximately 1. Based on the previously mentioned relationship, the plots of  $\omega$  vs t and  $\theta$  vs t are appropriate.

The period of the system with a magnitude of torque of  $3\cos 5t$  is approximately 1.3 seconds. The rotational energy is not large when the torque is large.

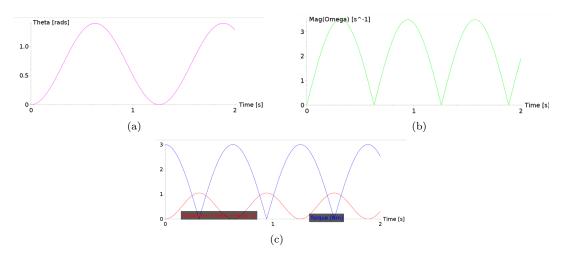


Figure 1: Outputs for Question 86

### 2 Problem 87

While there is a torque applied to the axle with a magnitude of 0.04 Nm, there doesn't seem to be any physical change to the system. The reason for this is a result of the direction that the force is applied, this change propagates down to the calculation of the omega\_scalar variable. Since the angular momentum is in the  $\hat{y}$  direction and the axis of rotation is in the  $\hat{z}$  direction the resulting dot product is zero.

### 3 Problem 89

The period of rotation for this system is approximately 15 seconds. The system is a harmonic oscillator. The sum of the energies should have little perturbation.

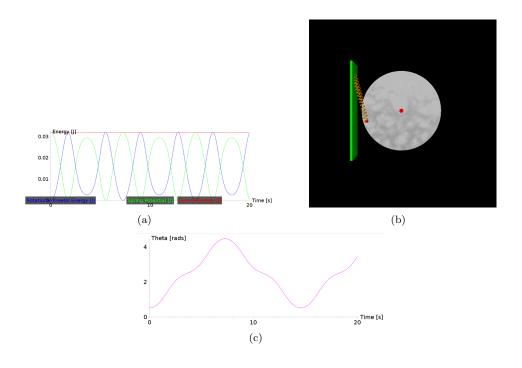


Figure 2: Outputs for Question 89

# 4 Problem 92

This system is a harmonic oscillator for large and small angles.

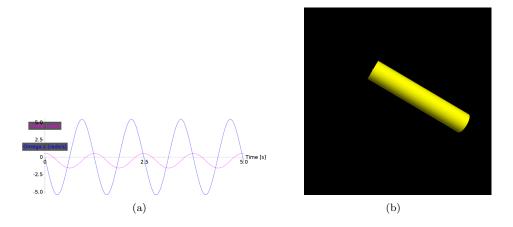


Figure 3: Outputs for Question 92