Reads input files broadcasts, and allocates/initializes global variables.

[called by: focus, globals.]

Input namelist

The focusin namelist is the only input namelist needed for FOCUS running. It should be written from the file example.input. Here are the details for the variables.

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• IsQuiet = -1
  Information displayed to the user
   -2: more details & update unconstrained cost functions;
   -1: more details;
    0: essential:
    1: concise.
• IsSymmetric = 0
  Enforce stellarator symmetry or not
    0: no stellarator symmetry enforced;
    1: plasma periodicty enforced;
    2: coil and plasma periodicity enforced.
• case_surface = 0
  Specify the input plasma boundary format
    0: general VMEC-like format (Rbc, Rbs, Zbc, Zbs), seen in rdsurf;
    1: read axis for knots, seen in rdknot; (not ready)
• knotsurf = 0.2
  Minor plasma radius for knototrans, only valid for case_surface = 1
• ellipticity = 0.0
  Ellipticity of plasma for knototrans, only valid for case_surface = 1
• Nteta = 64
  Poloidal resolution for discretizing the plasma
• Nzeta = 64
  Toroidal resolution for discretizing the plasma
 case_init = 0
  Specify the initializing method for coils, seen in rdcoils
   -1: read the standard coils.example file;
    0: read FOCUS format data in example.focus;
    1: toroidally spaced Ncoils circular coils with radius of init_radius;
• case_coils = 1
  Specify representation used for the initial coils, seen in rdcoils
    0: using piecewise linear representation; (not ready)
    1: using Fourier series representation;
• Ncoils = 0
  Number of coils initilized, only valid for case_init = 1
• init_current = 1.0E6
  Initial coil current (A), only valid for case_init = 1
• init_radius = 1.0
  Initial coil radius (m), only valid for case_init = 1
• IsVaryCurrent = 1
  Keep coil currents fixed or not, overriden by example. focus
    0: coil currents are fixed;
    1: coil currents are free;
• IsVaryGeometry = 1
  Keep coil geometries fixed or not, overriden by example. focus
    0: coil geometries are fixed;
```

1: coil geometries are free;

• NFcoil = 4Number of Fourier coefficients for coils, only valid for case_coils = 1, overriden by example.focus • Nseg = 128 Number of segments for discritizing coils, only valid for case_coils = 1, overriden by example focus • IsNormalize = 1 Normalizing coil parameters or not 0: keep raw data (normalized to 1.0); 1: currents being normalized to averaged absolute current, coil geometry parameters being normalized to major radius; • IsNormWeight = 1 each constraints normalized to initial value or not 0: keep raw value for constraints; 1: $w = w/f_0$ weights normalized to the initial values of each constraints; • case_bnormal = 0 Bn error normalized to |B| or not 0: keep raw Bn error; 1: Bn residue normalized to local |B|; • case_length = 0 options for constructing coil length constraint, seen in length 1: quadratic format, converging the target_length; 2: exponential format, as short as possible; • weight_bnorm = 1.0 weight for Bn error, if zero, turned off; seen in bnormal • weight_bharm = 0.0 weight for Bn Fourier harmonics error, if zero, turned off; seen in bmnharm • weight_tflux = 0.0 weight for toroidal flux error, if zero, turned off; seen in torflux • target_tflux = 0.0 target value for the toroidal flux, if zero, automatically set to initial Ψ_{ave} ; seen in solvers • weight_ttlen = 0.0 weight for coils length error, if zero, turned off; seen in length • target_length = 0.0 target value (or for normalization) of the coils length, if zero, automatically set to initial actual length; seen in rdcoils • weight_specw = 0.0 weight for spectral condensation error, if zero, turned off; seen in specwid; (not ready) • weight_ccsep = 0.0 weight for coil-coil separation constraint, if zero, turned off; seen in coilsep; (not ready) • weight_Inorm = 1.0 additional factor for normalizing currents; the larger, the more optimized for currents; seen in rdcoils weight_Gnorm = 1.0 additional factor for normalizing geometric variables; the larger, the more optimized for coil shapes; seen in rdcoils • case_optimize = 1 specify optimizing options. -2: check the 2nd derivatives; seen infdcheck; (not ready) -1: check the 1st derivatives; seen infdcheck; 0: no optimizations performed; 1: optimizing with algorithms using the gradient (DF and/or CG); seen in solvers; 2: optimizing with algorithms using the Hessian (HT and/or NT); seen in solvers; (not ready) • exit_tol = 1.000D-04 additional creteria to judge if the cost function decreases significantly; if $\frac{|\chi_i^2 - \chi_{i-5}^2|}{\chi_i^2} < exit_tol$, send an exit signal; seen in solvers • DF_maxiter = 0 maximum iterations allowed for using Differential Flow (DF); if zero, turned of; seen in descent • DF_xtol = 1.000D-08 relative error for ODE solver; seen in descent • DF_tausta = 0.000D+00 starting value of τ ; usually 0.0 is a good idea; seen in descent

• $DF_{tauend} = 0.000D+00$

ending value of τ ; the larger value of $\tau_{end} - \tau_{sta}$, the more optimized; seen in descent

• CG_maxiter = 0

maximum iterations allowed for using Conjugate Gradient (CG); if zero, turned of; seen in congrad

• CG_xtol = 1.000D-08

the stopping criteria of finding minimum; if $|d\chi^2/d\mathbf{X}| < CG$ _xtol, exit the optimization; seen in congrad;

• $CG_{wolfe_c1} = 1.000D-04$

c1 value in the strong wolfe condition for line search; usually 1.0×10^{-4} ; seen in congrad;

• $CG_wolfe_c2 = 0.1$

c2 value in the strong wolfe condition for line search; if one CG step takes too long, try to increase c2, but remember 0 < c1 < c2 < 1; seen in congrad;

• LM_maxiter = 0

maximum iterations allowed for using Levenberg-Marquard (LM); if zero, turned of; seen in lmalg

• LM_xtol = 1.000D-08

the stopping criteria of finding minimum; if the relative error between two consecutives iterates is at most xtol, the optimization terminates; seen in *lmalg*;

• LM_ftol = 1.000D-08

the stopping criteria of finding minimum; if both the actual and predicted relative reductions in the sum of squares are at most ftol, the optimization terminates; seen in *lmalq*;

• LM_factor = 1.000D+02

factor is a positive input variable used in determining the initial step bound. this bound is set to the product of factor and the euclidean norm of diag*x if nonzero, or else to factor itself. in most cases factor should lie in the interval (.1,100.).100. is a generally recommended value. seen in lmalg;

• case_postproc = 1

specify post-processing options.

0: no extra post-processing;

- 1: evaluate the present coils for each cost functions, coil curvature, coil-coil separation, and coil-plasma separation, Bn harmonics overlap, coil importance;
- 2: write mgrid file; (not ready)
- save_freq = 1

frequency for writing output files; should be positive; seen in solvers;

• save_coils = 0

flag for indicating whether write example.focus and example.coils; seen in saving;

• save_harmonics = 0

flag for indicating whether write example.harmonics; seen in saving;

• save_filaments = 0

flag for indicating whether write .example.filaments.xxxxx; seen in saving;

initial.h last modified on 018-06-19 11:51:22.;

Focus subroutines;