KADI SARVA VISHWAVIDHYALAYA

BE 7th Semester. Examination –November 2016

Sub code: EC-701 Date: 8111/2016 Sub Name: Digital Signal Processing

Time:10:30am to 01:30pm

Total Marks:70

Instructions:

- 1. Answer Each Section in Separate Answer sheet.
- 2. Use of Scientific Calculator is permitted. .
- 3. All questions are separate
- 4. Indicate clearly, the options you attempted along with its respective question number.
- 5. Use the last page of supplementary for rough work.

SECTION I

Q.1 (a) (b)	What is convolution? State and Proof the commutative law for convolution. Short Question: 1. Define A-periodic Signal & Periodic Signal. 2. Define Static system? 3. Define a Signal? 4. What is meant by sampling rate? 5. State sampling theorem	[05] [05]
(c)	A discrete time signal is given $X(n) = 1$ for $-2 <= n <= 1$ = 1/2 for $n = 2,3,4$ = 0 others	[05]
	Find (1) $X(n-2)$ (2) $X(4-n)$ (3) $X(n+2)$ (4) $X(n^2)$ (5) Even samples of $X(n)$ OR	
(c)	A discrete time signal is given $X(n) = 1+n/3$ for $n = -3, -2, -1$ =1 for $n = 0, 1, 2, 3$ = 0 others	[05]
Q.2 (a)	Find (1) X(-n) (2)X(4-n) (3) X(n)u(2-n) (4) X(n-1)u(n-3) (5) X(n+3) Find the convolution using mathematical method of following pairs of discrete sequences 1. $x(n) = \{1,2,1,-1\}$ $h(n) = \{1,2,3,1\}$	[05]
(b)	Which of the following systems are causal LTI systems? Justify. A. $y(n) = x(n) - x(n-2)$ B. $y(n) = x(-n)$	[05]
Q.2 (a)	OR Perform Convolution sun using Graphical Method X[n]={1,2,3,-1} and H[n]={1,2,1}	[05]
(b)	Explain what is meant by stability criteria for discrete time system	[05]
Q-3 (a)	Determine the Z Transform of $X(n) = r^n \cos[w_0 n]$ $n \ge 0$ = 0 for elsewhere	[05]
(b)	State and prove the differentiation property of Z transform	[05]

Q-3 (a)	Find out the Z transform of the following sequence. 1. $X(n) = \{1,0,1,2,1,3,4,5\}$	[05]
	2. $X(n) = \{1, 2, 4, 6, 5, 1\}$	
and the second	2. $X(n) = \{1, 2, -4, 6, 5, 1\}$	
(b)	What is ROC? Write Down the property of ROC.	[05]
	SECTION II	
Q.4 (a)	List of DFT Properties and Proof any two property.	[05]
(b)	Compute DFT of signal $x(n) = \{1,0,0,1\}$	[05]
(c)	Perform circular convolution of sequence	[05]
	$X1(n) = \{1,3,5,3\}$ $x2(n) = \{2,3,1,1\}$	
	OR	
(c)	Write down the convolution property in Z Transform? Find the convolution of	[05]
	given sequence using Z Transform.	
	$X1(n) = \{1, -2, 1\} \times 2(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1\}$	
Q.5 (a)	Using radix - 2 algorithm, plot flow graph for N=16.	[05]
(b)	Determine IZT using Power series method:	[05]
	V(7)-	
	$X(Z) = \frac{1}{1-a^{z-1}}$	
	OR	
Q.5 (a)	Explain IIR and FIR Characteristics Comparison	[05]
(b)	Explain Direct Form-I structure.	[05]
(0)	Explain Direct I offir-1 structure.	[os]
Q-6 (a)	Explain Impulse invariant method	[05]
(b)	Explain Harvard Architecture.	[05]
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Q-6(a)	Explain Bilinear Transformation Transformation	[05]
(b)	List out the DSP application and Explain Any one in details diagram.	[05]

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EXAMINATION (November / 2015)

B.E SEMESTER: 7th

	SUBJECT CODE: EC - 701 SUBJECT NAME: Digital Signal Production of the Su	
1. 2. 3. 4.	Answer each section in separate Answer Sheet. Use of scientific Calculator is permitted. All questions are compulsory. Indicate clearly, the options you attempted along with its respective question number. Use the last page of main supplementary for rough work.	ra Sir di sori e (o la fittali dasa (i) dasa (i)
	Section - 1	
Q:1 (A)	All Compulsory What is signal? Define A-periodic Signal & Periodic Signal with example.	05
(B)	Explain sampling and quantization in detail.	05
(C)	$x[n] = 1 + n/3$ for $-3 \le n \le -1$	05
	$=1 \qquad \text{for } 0 \le n \le 3$	
	=0 for elsewhere	
	Prove TD[FD]≠FD[TD] for x[n].	
(6)	OR and implementation of the second problem	
(C)	Check the following Systems for time invariance and Linearity. 1) $y(n) = n[x(n)]^2$ 2) $y(n) = x(n) \cos(n\pi/4)$	05
Q:2	Answer the following Question.	
ΎA)	For given sequence $x(n) = 2^n$ and $N = 8$, find $X(k)$ using DIT FFT algorithm	05
(B)	Using graphical method, find a-5point circular convolution of two signal defined as	05
	$x(n)=(1.2)^{n+1}$, $0 \le n \le 2$ and $y(n)=2n-3$, $0 \le n \le 3$.	
(A)	Explain Z-Transform with example. List advantages of Z-Transform over Fourier Transform.	05
(B)	Explain digital signal processor TMS 320 series with block diagram.	05
Q:3 (A)	Answer the following Question. Short note on Decimation in Frequency FFT	05
(B)	Determine the direct forms I and II realizations for a third – order IIR transfer function.	05
	$H(z) = 0.28z^2 + 0.319z + 0.04$	

 $0.5z^3 + 0.3z^2 + 0.17z - 0.2$

(A)	List Z-Transform of standard formulas.	05
(B)	Explain Von Neumann architecture and Howard architecture with block diagram. Give Difference between Von Neumann architecture and Howard architecture.	05
	Section - 2	
Q:4	All Compulsory	
(A)	For the given two 4 point sequence $x[n]$ and $h[n]$ where $x[n] = cos(n\pi/2)$ where $n = 0,1,2,3$ $h[n] = 2^n$ where $n = 0,1,2,3$	05
	1] calculate 4- point DFT of x[n] 2] calculate 4- point DFT of h[n]	
(B)	Find the Inverse DFT of $X(k) = (1, 2, 3, 4)$	05
(C)	Explain relationship of DFT to Z Transform.	05
	OR	
(C)	Determine the response of LTI system whose impulse response h(n) and input x(n) given by	05
	$h(n) = \{1, 2, 1, -1\},$ $x(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 1\}$	
Q:5	Answer the following Question	
(A)	Using time shifting Property of Z transform, determine Z transform and ROC of Signal $x(n) = (4)^{n+2} U(n-1)$.	05
(B)	Give the computational efficiency of FFT over DFT	05
	OR CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	
(A)	Obtain the system function $H(Z)$ for the system described by the difference equation, $y(n) - 3y(n-1) + 2y(n-2) = x(n) - x(n-1)$ Realize the filter using 1] Direct Form II, 2] Direct Form II, 3] Cascade Form, 4]	05
	Parallel form for all cases, Draw the structures neatly with system equations at different points.	
(B)	Explain the window functions used in FIR filter design.	05
Q:6	Answer the following Question	
(A)	Short Note on: The Goertzel Algorithm	05
(B)	Short Note on: Chebyshev Filter	05
	OR	
(A)	Design a Digital Butterworth low pass filter with pass band magnitude within 1 dB for frequency $0 \le \omega \le 0.2 \pi$ and stop band attenuation greater than 15dB for frequency $0.3\pi \le \omega \le \pi$. Use bilinear transformation method.	05
(B)	Compare FIR Vs IIR filters.	05