KADI SARVA VISHWAVIDYALAYA /GTU LDRP INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND RESEARCH, GANDHINAGAR DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION B.E. 5th SEMESTER

MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION AUGUST-2014

Subject Code: EC 503 Branch: EC

Subject Name: ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY

Total Marks: 30 Date: 26/08/2014

Time: 08.30 AM to 10.00 AM

Instructions: - All questions are compulsory.

- Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Make suitable assumption, wherever necessary.

Que. 1 Answer the followings

(06)

- A) Mention the properties of perfect conductor.
- B) State the experimental law of coulomb.
- C) State the Gauss's law.

Que. 2 Answer the following questions.

(12)

- A) List the applications of Gauss's law. Explain any one.
- B) The Cylindrical surface ρ =8cm contains the surface charge density ρ_s =5e^{-20|z|} nC/m².(a)What is the total amount of charge present? (b)How much electric flux leaves the surface ρ =8cm,1cm<z<5cm, 30⁰< ϕ <90⁰?
- C) An electric field is given as \mathbf{E} =-10e^y(sin2z $a_x + x\sin 2z a_y + 2x\cos 2z a_z$) V/m. (a) Find \mathbf{E} at P(5,0, π /12). (b) How much work is done in moving a charge of 2 nC an incremental distance of 1mm from P in the direction of a_x ? (c) of a_y ? (d) of a_z ? (e) of $(a_x+a_y+a_z)$?

OR

- A) Derive the electric field at a point due to line charge.
- B) List divergence of vector in rectangular, cylindrical and spherical coordinates.
- C) The sun radiates the total power of about 2*10²⁶ watts(W). If we imagine the sun's surface to be marked off in latitude and longitude and assume uniform radiation, (a) What power is radiated by the region lying between latitude 50⁰ N and 60⁰ N and longitude 12⁰ W and 27⁰ W? (b) What is the power density on the spherical surface 93,000,000 miles from the sun in W/m²?

Que. 3 Answer the following questions.

(12)

- A) Derive the point form of the continuity equation.
- B) Explain and derive the equation for Biot Savart's law. states it's significant
- C) Let $\mathbf{J} = 400 \sin\Theta/(r^2 + 4) \ a_r \ A/m^2$. (a) Find the total current flowing through that portion of the spherical surface r=0.8, bounded by $0.1\pi < \Theta < 0.3 \ \pi$, $0 < \phi < 2\pi$. (b) Find the average value of \mathbf{J} over the defined area.

OR

- A) Explain the boundary condition for conductor.
- B) Derive and state the Ampere's circuital law.
- C) The charge density varies with radius in cylindrical coordinate system as $\rho_{v=} \rho_{0/(} \rho^2 + a^2)^2 \text{ C/m}^3$. Within what distance from the Z axis does half the total charge lie?

*****All The Best****