

LDRP INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & RESEARCH, GANDHINAGAR.
B.E. Fourth Semester (Branch: CE,IT)
MID EXAMINATION

Date/Day : 27/02/2015, Friday
Subject Name : Probability and Numerical
Method(CC401B)

Time : 12:00 pm to 01:30pm
Max. Marks: 30

Instructions:1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q-1 Do as directed [10]

- (1) Find the number of arrangements of the letters of the World
(i) INDEPENDENCE so that the consonants remain together
(ii) SOLIDARITY when the vowels are to occupy only even positions.
- (2) Compute the value of x , when $y = 8$ by using Langrange's inverse interpolation formula

x	-2	-1	1	2
f(x)	-7	2	0	11

Q-2 Do as directed [10]

- (1) Using secant method to find the root of $\cos x - xe^x = 0$ correct up to 3 decimal places.
- (2) Find the real root of the equation $x^3 + 3x^2 - 3 = 0$ using Newton-Raphson method

OR

- (1) Compute $f(1.22)$ from the following values using Stirling's formula.

x	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4
F(x)	0.841	0.891	0.932	0.963	0.985

- (2) Show that (i) $\Delta \nabla = \nabla \Delta = \Delta - \nabla$ (ii) $E \nabla = \nabla E = \Delta$

(iii) $\Delta = \frac{1}{\delta E^2}$

Q-3 Do as directed [10]

- (1) From a class of 12 boys and 10 girls, 10 students are to be chosen for a competition, at least including 4 boys and 4 girls. The 2 girls who won the prizes last year should be included. In how many ways can selection be made?
- (2) Box I contain 1 white, 2 red, 3 green balls, Box II contains 2 white, 3 red, 1 green ball. Two balls are drawn from a box chosen at random. These are found to be one white and one red. Determine the probability that the balls so drawn came from Box II

OR

- (1) (a) Three groups of children contain respectively 3 girls and 1 boy; 2 girls and 2 boys; 1 girl and 3 boys. One child is selected at random from each group. Find the chance of selecting 1 girl and 2 boys.
- (b) An article manufactured by a company consists of two parts A and B. In the process of manufacture of part A, 9 out of 100 are likely to be defective. Similarly, 5 out of 100 are likely to be defective in the manufacturing of part B. Calculate the probability that the assembled article will not be defective.
- (2) Determine the discrete probability distribution, Expectation of discrete random variable X which denotes the minimum of the two numbers that appear when a pair of fair dice is thrown once.

****BEST OF LUCK****