Mini Project Report (2020-2021)

GIFFY



Institute of Engineering and Technology

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Declaration

I here by declare that the work which is being presented in the Full Stack Project "GIFFY", in partial full fillment of the requirements for Mini Project viva voce, is an authentic record of my own work carried under the supervision of Mr. Amir Khan, Assistant Professor, GLA University, Mathura.

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GIFFY



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Certificate

This is to certify that the project entitled "GIFFY" carried out in Mini Project is the work done by Priyanshu Upadhyay and is submitted in partial fullfillment of the requirements for the award of degree Bachelor of Technology (Computer Science and Engineering).

Signature of Supervisor:

Name of Supervisor: Mr. Amir Khan

Date:



Acknowledgement

It is my pleasure to acknowledge the assistance of a number of people without whose help this project would not have been possible.

First and foremost, We I would like to express our gratitude to **Mr. Amir Khan** my project mentor, for providing invaluable Encouragement, guidance and assistance. After doing this project I can confidently say that this experience has not only enriched my with technical knowledge but also has unparsed the maturity of thought and vision, the attributes required for being a professional.



Abstract

A GIF (Graphical Interchange Format) is an image format invented in 1987 by Steve Wilhite, a US software writer who was looking for a way to animate images in the smallest file size. In short, GIFs are a series of images or soundless video that will loop continuously and doesn't require anyone to press play. This repetition makes GIFs feel immediately familiar, like the beat of a song.

The purpose of this GIFFY is that it provides most of the basic functionality to find a GIF. It allows the person or user can find the animated GIFs or stickers or memes and can use it. Once the user search foe a GIF or Stickers or Memes then the system show the related gifs of the searches.



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1.1. Overview

The presence of GIFs on social media networks has increased dramatically over the past few years as brands started to incorporate them into their campaigns online. In less than a minute, you can convey the emotion and message you want to get across. They are also ideal in summarizing information or explaining a process. People prefer consuming information in a visual form because the content is more appealing, engaging and easy to understand. That's what makes it so effective. Animated images make communication more charismatic and engaging between a brand and their consumers especially when they are relevant to your audience.

1.2. Motivation

I am going to make a Giffy Website that helps us to search or make gifs /stickers which we use to express our current mood.

Also, here there will be thousands of gifs and stickers which they can download and the content provided by us will be updated as per the trending Content.

1.3. Project Plan

1.3.1. Objective

To build Giffy Website using HTML, CSS and JavaScript. As memes culture is on boost, nowadays many people use memes not only for sharing purposes but also their response/reply is hidden in it. So here will be this website which will provide them some templates by which people can make their own stickers.

1.3.2. Scope

User get all the gifs regarding trending, entertainment, reactions, sports, and many more. User can also get live scores of the cricket match.



1.4. Drawbacks in Existing System

- No API for entertainment, sports, and memes.
- No Offline Updates.
- Not on HTTPS encryptions.
- No updates for live Scores.



Software Requirement Analysis

2.1. Hardware Requirements

Processor: Intel Pentium III or later
Main Memory (RAM): 256 MB

• Cache Memory: 512 KB

• Monitor: 14-inch Color Monitor

Keyboard: 108 KeysMouse: Optical Mouse

• Hard Disk: 160 GB

2.2. Software Requirements

• System Software

- Operating System: Windows 10, Linux

• Application Software

- Tools: GitHub, VS Code

- Front-end:

> HTML

> CSS

➤ JavaScript

2.3. Installation of VS Code

VS Code is a free code editor, which runs on the macOS, Linux, and Windows operating systems.

VS Code is lightweight and should run on most available hardware and platform versions. You can review the System Requirements to check if your computer configuration is supported.

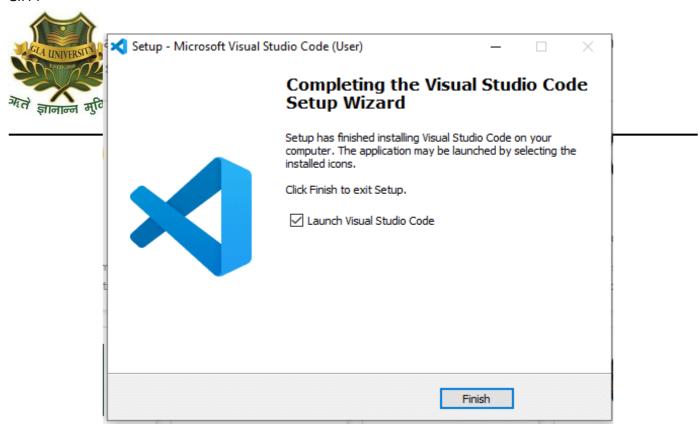


Fig1. Finish up Installing.

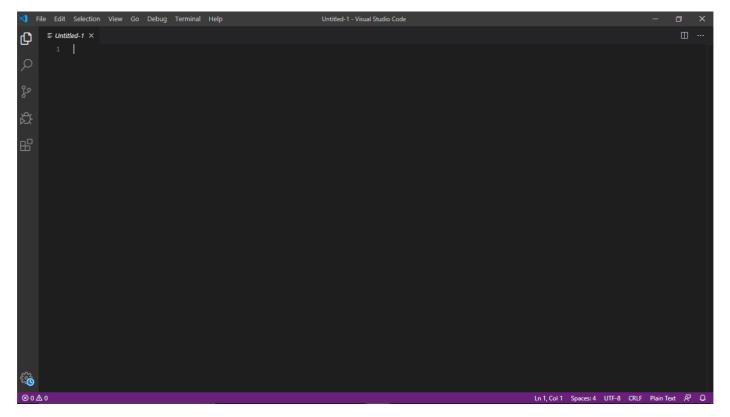


Fig2. VS Code Window.



HTML:

HTML stands for Hyper Text Mark-up Language, which is the most widely used language on Web to develop web pages. HTML was created by Berners-Lee in late 1991 but "HTML 2.0" was the first standard HTML specification which was published in 1995. HTML 4.01 was a major version of HTML and it was published in late 1999. Though HTML 4.01 version is widely used but currently we are having HTML-5 version which is an extension to HTML 4.01, and this version was published in 2012.

I will list down some of the key advantages of learning HTML:

- Create Web site You can create a website or customize an existing web template if you know HTML well.
- **Become a web designer** If you want to start a career as a professional web designer, HTML and CSS designing is a must skill.
- Understand web If you want to optimize your website, to boost its speed and performance, it is good to know HTML to yield best results.
- Learn other languages Once you understand the basic of HTML then other related technologies like java script, php, or angular are become easier to understand.

CSS:

Cascading Style Sheets, fondly referred to as CSS, is a simple design language intended to simplify the process of making web pages presentable.

CSS handles the look and feel part of a web page. Using CSS, you can control the colour of the text, the style of fonts, the spacing between paragraphs, how columns are sized and laid out, what background images or colors are used, layout designs, variations in display for different devices and screen sizes as well as a variety of other effects.

CSS is easy to learn and understand but it provides powerful control over the presentation of an HTML document. Most commonly, CSS is combined with the mark-up languages HTML or XHTML.

• CSS saves time — You can write CSS once and then reuse same sheet in multiple HTML pages. You can define a style for each HTML element and apply it to as many Web pages as you want.

- Pages load faster If you are using CSS, you do not need to write HTML tag annual severy time. Just write one CSS rule of a tag and apply it to all the occurrences of that tag. So less code means faster download times.
- Easy maintenance To make a global change, simply change the style, and all elements in all the web pages will be updated automatically.
- **Superior styles to HTML** CSS has a much wider array of attributes than HTML, so you can give a far better look to your HTML page in comparison to HTML attributes.
- Multiple Device Compatibility Style sheets allow content to be optimized for more than one type of device. By using the same HTML document, different versions of a website can be presented for handheld devices such as PDAs and cell phones or for printing.

JavaScript:

JavaScript is a lightweight, interpreted programming language. It is designed for creating network-centric applications. It is complimentary to and integrated with Java. JavaScript is very easy to implement because it is integrated with HTML. It is open and cross-platform.



Fig3. HTML vs CSS vs JAVASCRIPT



3.1 Use Case diagram

A **use case diagram** is a dynamic or behaviour diagram in UML. Use case diagrams model the functionality of a system using actors and use cases. Use cases are a set of actions, services, and functions that the system needs to perform.

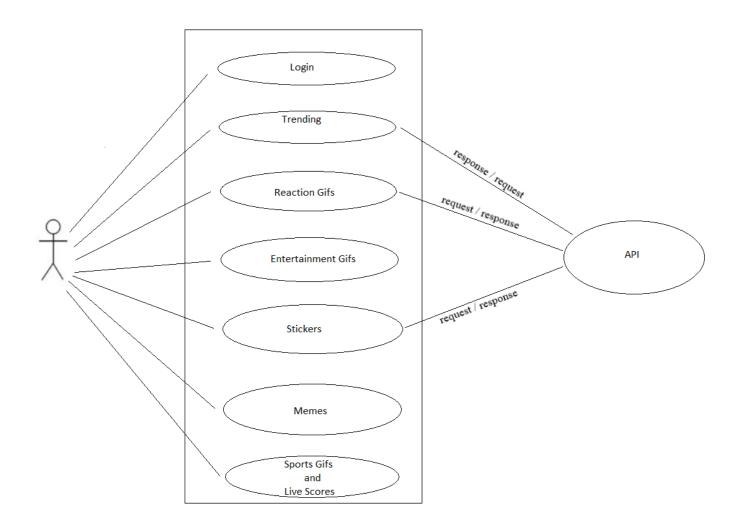
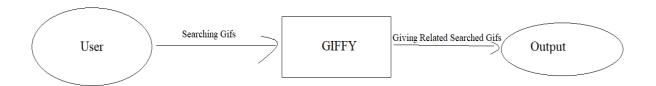


Fig 3.1 Use Case diagram



Level 0:



Level 0 DFD

Fig. 3.2 Level-0 DFD

3.3 Activity Diagram

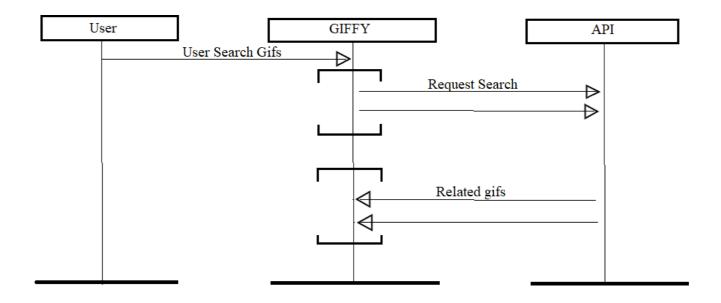


Fig. 3.3 Sequential Diagram



4.1 Introduction

The implementation phase of software development is concerned with translating design specification into source code. The preliminary goal of implementation is to write source code and internal documentation so that conformance of the code to its specifications can be easily verified, and so that debugging, testing and modifications are eased. This goal can be achieved by making the source code as clear and straightforward as possible. Simplicity, clarity and elegance are the hallmark of good programs, obscurity, cleverness, and complexity are indications of inadequate design and misdirected thinking.

Source code clarity is enhanced by structured coding techniques, by good coding style, by, appropriate supporting documents, by good internal comments, and by feature provided in modern programming languages.

The implementation team should be provided with a well-defined set of software requirement, an architectural design specification, and a detailed design description. Each team member must understand the objectives of implementation.



Fig5. Testing

4.2. Error

The term error is used in two ways. It refers to the difference between the actual output of software and the correct output, in this interpretation, error is essential a measure of the difference between actual and ideal. Error is also to used to refer to human action that result in software containing a defect or fault.

Hault is a condition that causes to fail in performing its required function. A fault is a basic reason for software malfunction and is synonymous with the commonly used term Bug.

4.4. Failure

Failure is the inability of a system or component to perform a required function according to its specifications. A software failure occurs if the behaviour of the software is the different from the specified behaviour. Failure may be caused due to functional or performance reasons.

a. Unit Testing

The term unit testing comprises the sets of tests performed by an individual programmer prior to integration of the unit into a larger system.

A program unit is usually small enough that the programmer who developed it can test it in great detail, and certainly in greater detail than will be possible when the unit is integrated into an evolving software product. In the unit testing the programs are tested separately, independent of each other. Since the check is done at the program level, it is also called program teasing.

b. Module Testing

A module and encapsulates related component. So can be tested without other system module.

c. Subsystem Testing

Subsystem testing may be independently design and implemented common problems are sub-system interface mistake in this checking we concenton it. There are four categories of tests that a programmer will typically perform on a program unit.

i Functional test

ii Performance test

iii Stress test

iv Structure test

4.5 Functional Test

Functional test cases involve exercising the code with Nominal input values for which expected results are known; as well as boundary values (minimum values, maximum values and values on and just outside the functional boundaries) and special values.

4.6 Performance Test

parts of the unit, program throughput, response time, and device utilization by the program unit. A certain amount of avoid expending too much effort on fine-tuning of a program unit that contributes little to the overall performance of the entire system. Performance testing is most productive at the subsystem and system levels.

4.7 Stress Test

Stress test are those designed to intentionally break the unit. A great deal can be learned about the strengths and limitations of a program by examining the manner in which a program unit breaks.

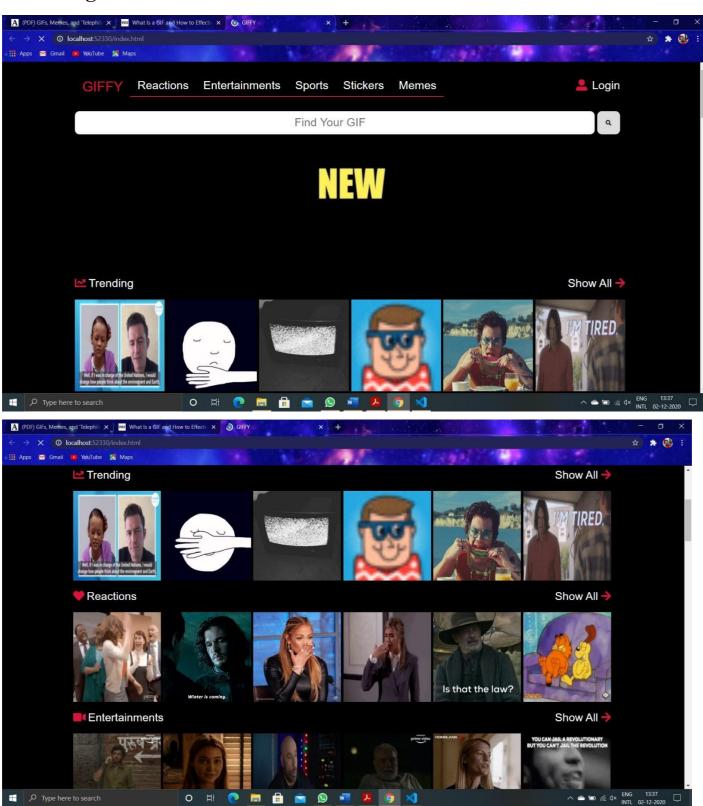
4.8 Structure Test

Structure tests are concerned with exercising the internal logic of a program and traversing particular execution paths. Some authors refer collectively to functional performance and stress testing as "black box" testing. While structure testing is referred to as "white box" or "glass box" testing. The major activities in structural testing are deciding which path to exercise, deriving test date to exercise those paths, determining the test coverage criterion to be used, executing the test, and measuring the test coverage achieved when the test cases are exercised.

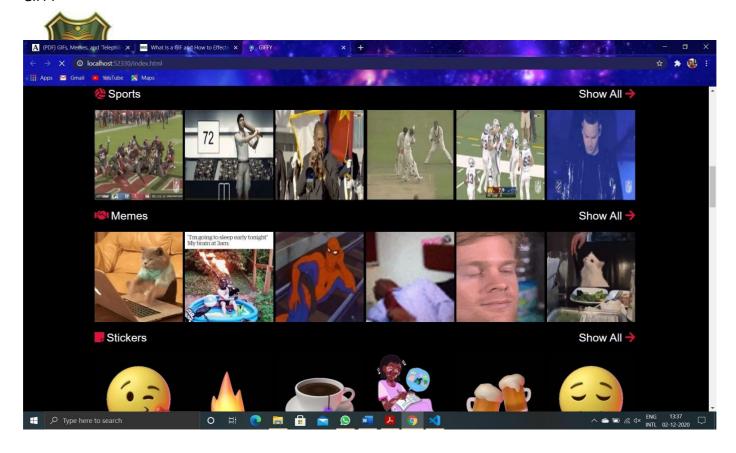


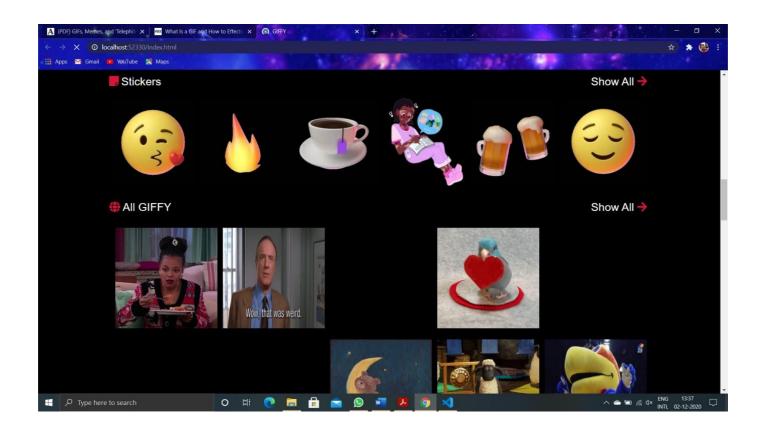
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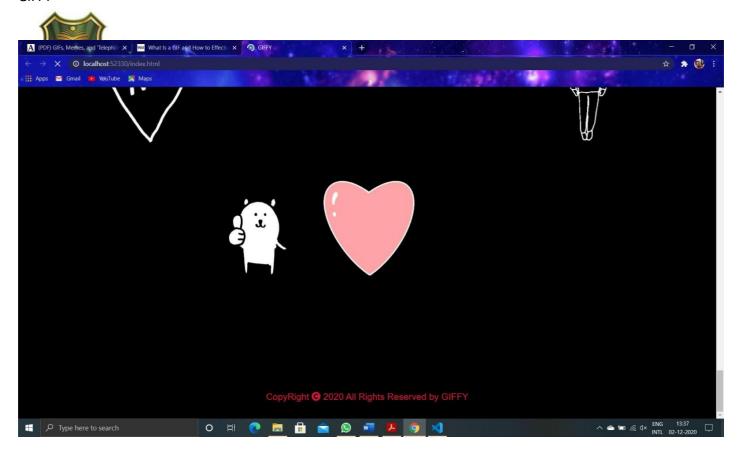
Home Page:



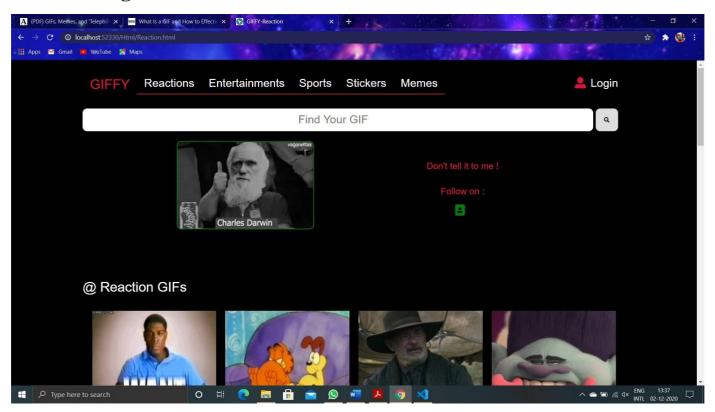
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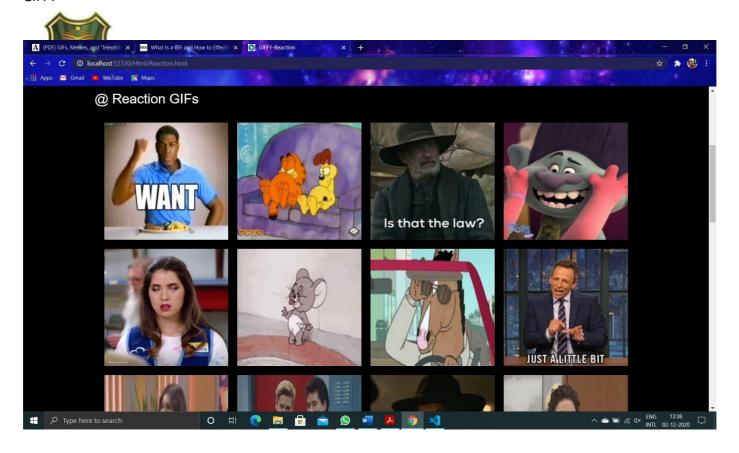


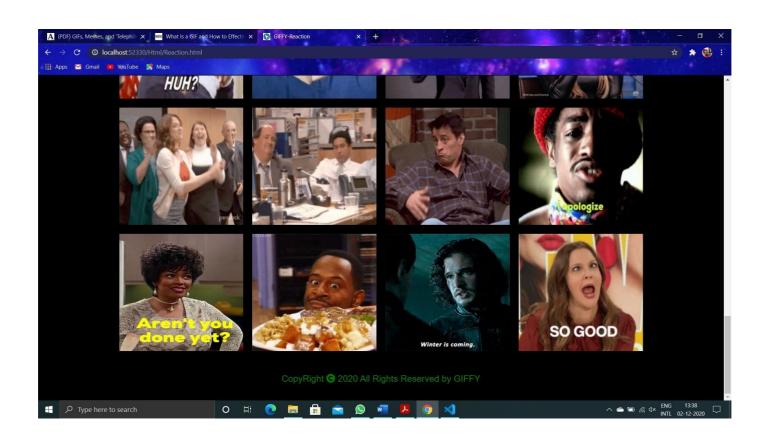




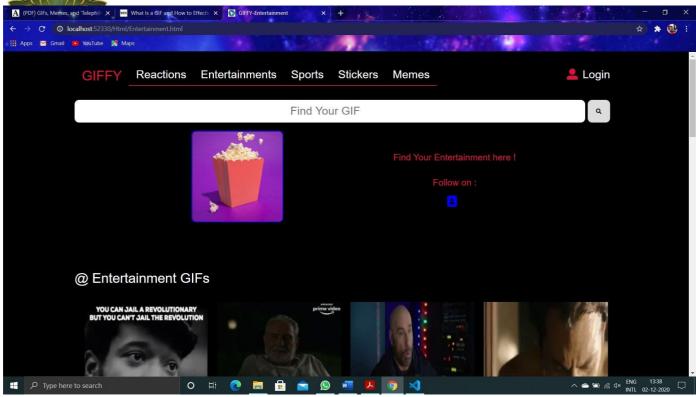
Reaction Page:

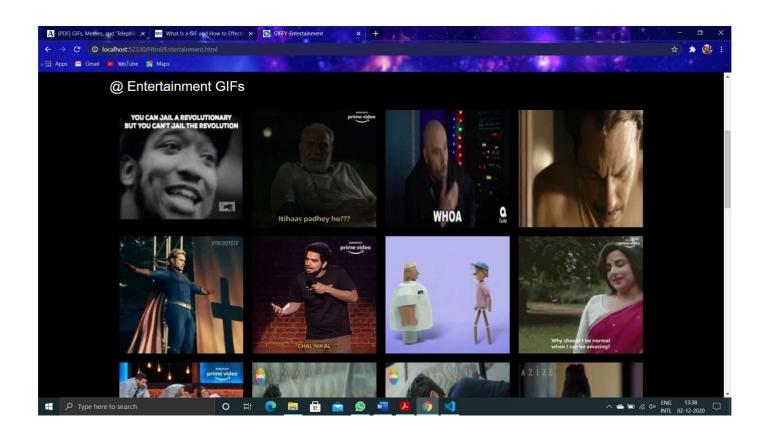


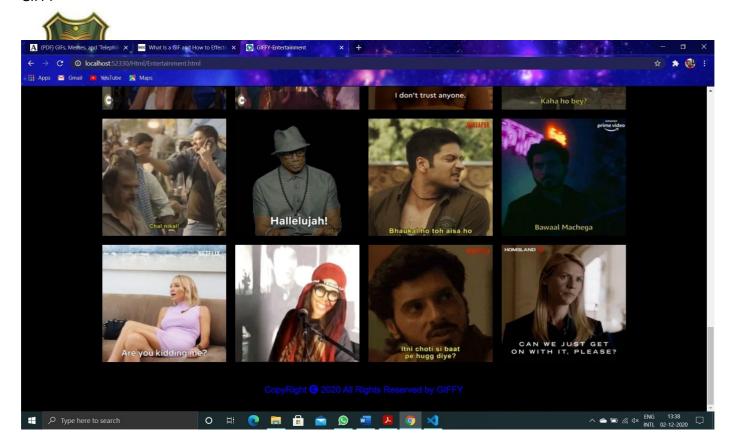




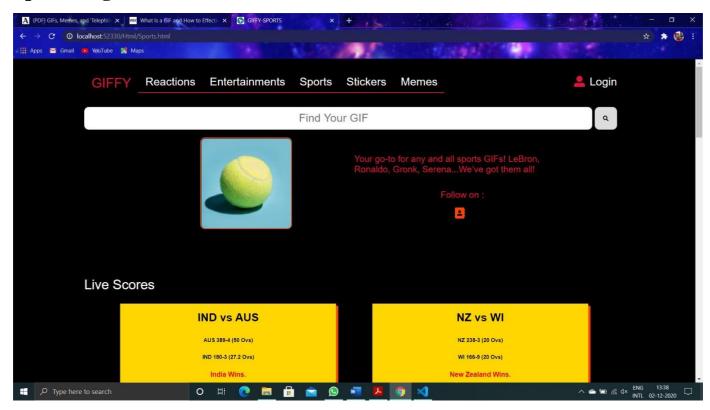


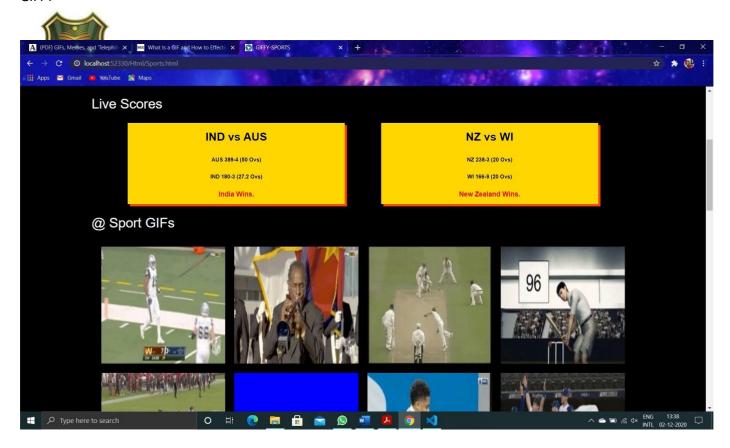


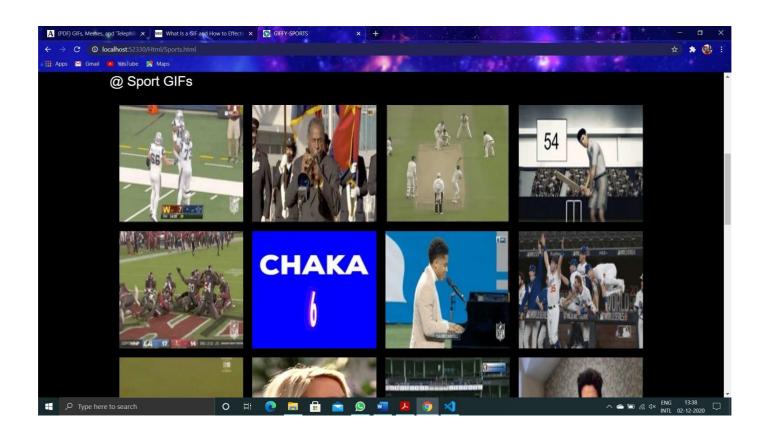




Sports Page:

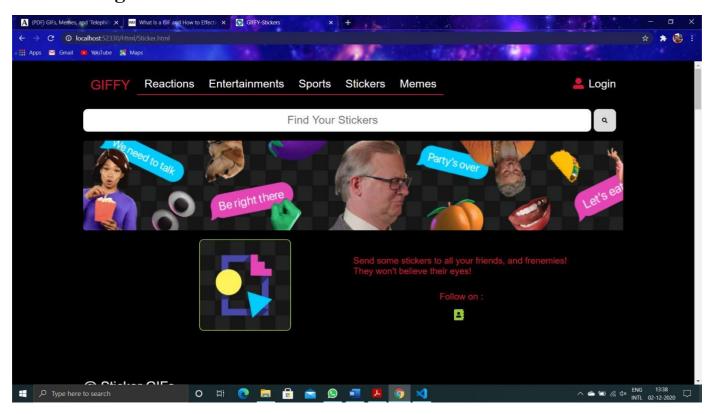




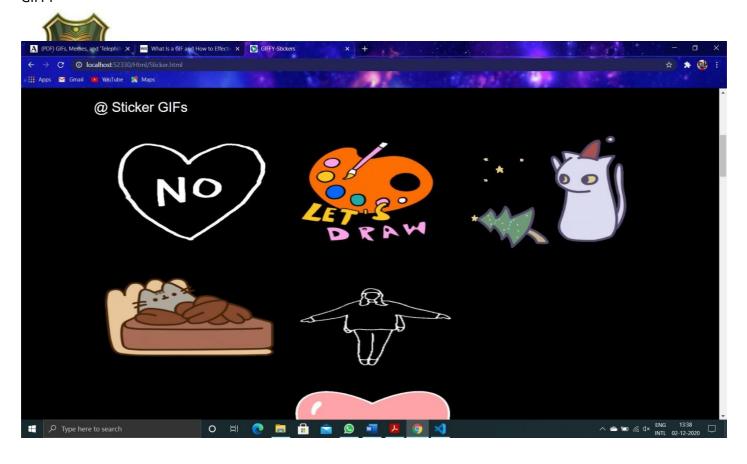


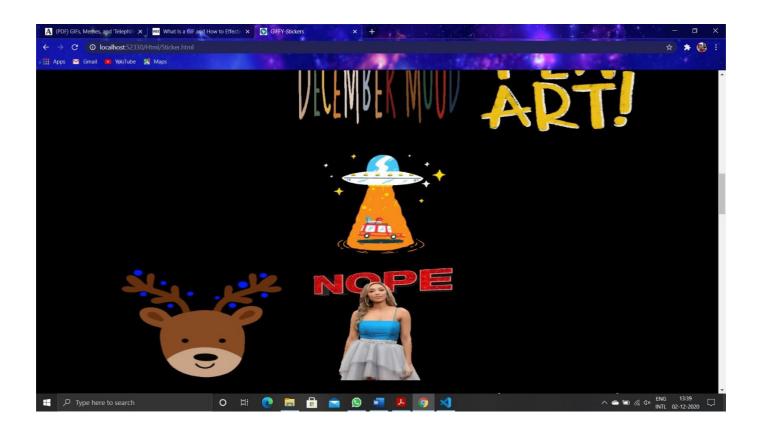


Stickers Page:

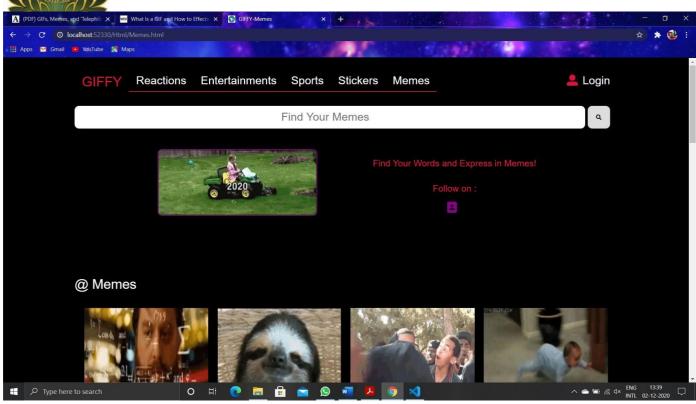


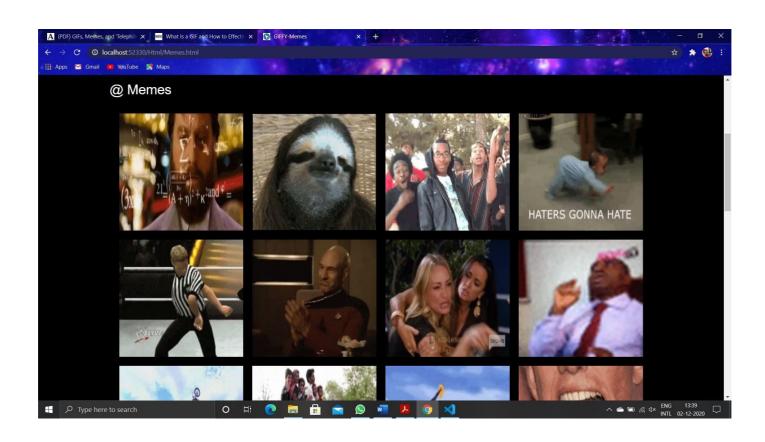
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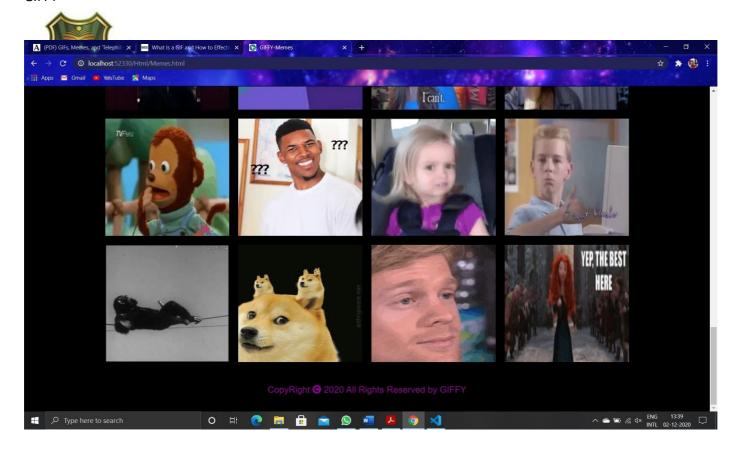




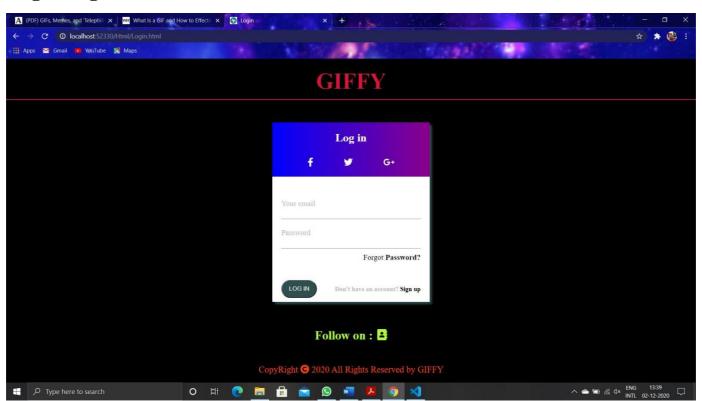




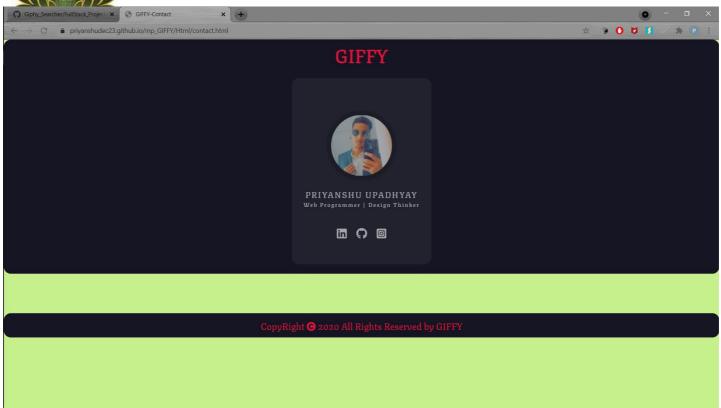




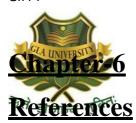
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- **❖** www.youtube.com
- www.giphy.com
- **❖** www.beta-labs.in



1. API:

Gifs url:

api.giphy.com/v1/gifs/search

Stickers url:

api.giphy.com/v1/stickers/search

2. Project GitHub Link:

https://github.com/Priyanshudec23/mp_GIFFY.git

3. Live Project Link:

https://github.com/Priyanshudec23/mp_GIFFY.git