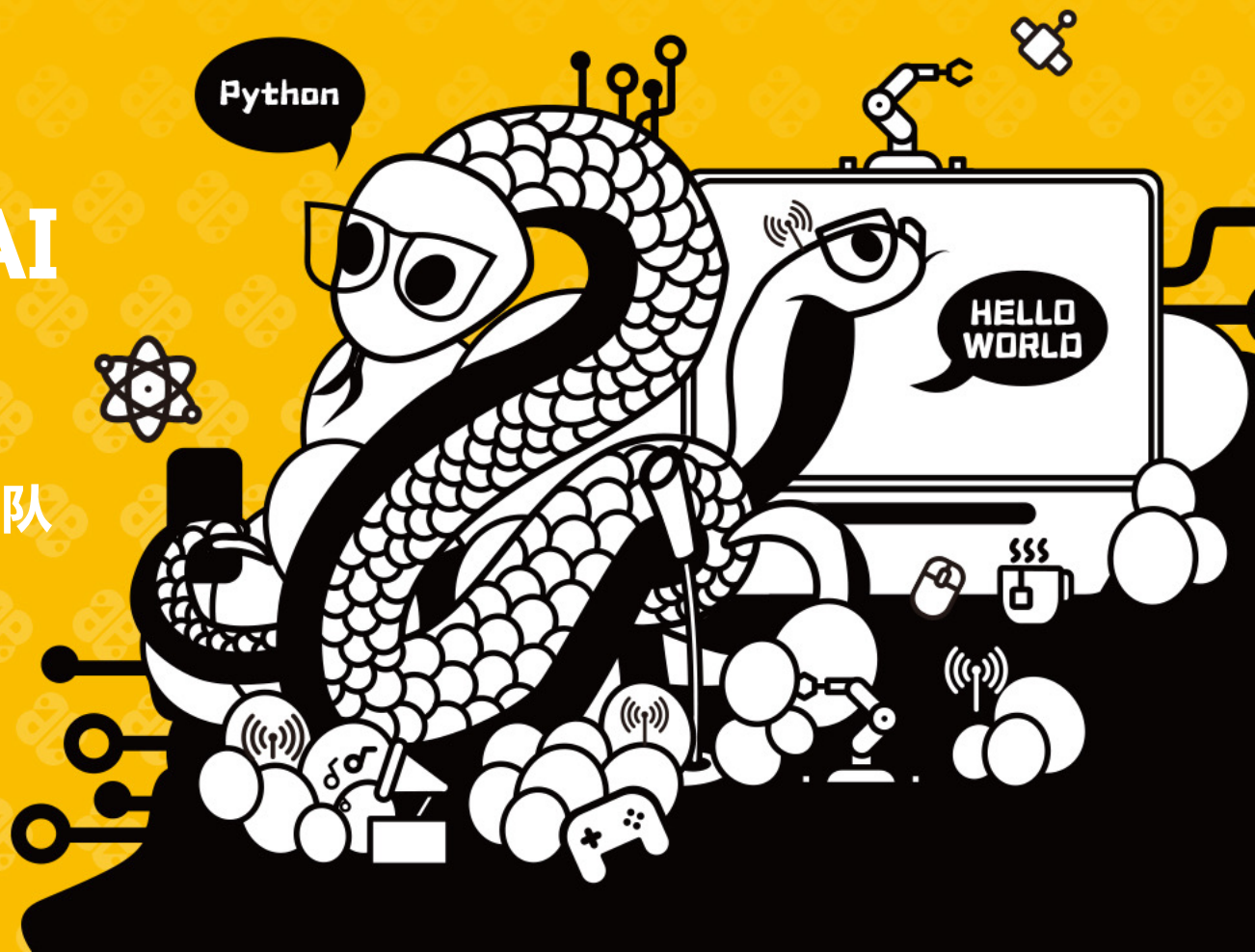


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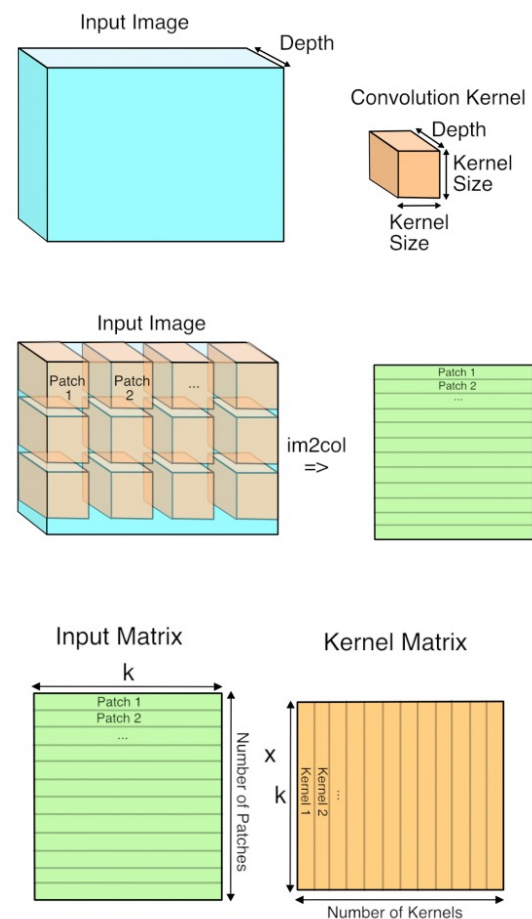
ARM 芯片的 Python + AI 算力优化

主讲人：朱宏林 – 阿里云程序语言与编译器团队

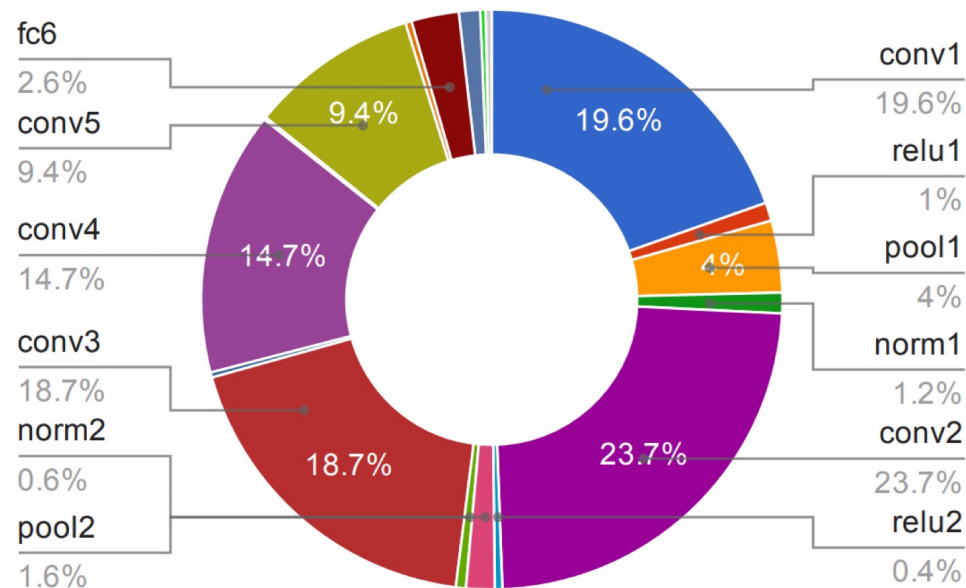


- 当今开发者们大量使用 Python 语言编写的 AI 程序。过去这些程序总跑在 GPU 或者 x86 架构的 CPU 上。然而综合考虑到功耗、成本、性能等因素，云厂商们开始建设 ARM 架构的服务平台，如何整合 Python + AI 的相关软件并使其在该平台上发挥最高的性能成为了工程师们关注的焦点。
- 矩阵乘法是深度学习计算的重要组成部分，我们利用 ARM 架构新提供的矩阵扩展对 bf16 类型的矩阵乘法计算进行优化，该优化将纯矩阵乘法的运算速度提升 3 倍以上，对深度学习推理任务性能提升明显。目前，该成果已经被集成进 OpenBLAS 和 PyTorch 中。
- 本次演讲，将向大家介绍我们在倚天 710 ARM 芯片上开展的 Python + AI 优化工作，以及在 ARM 云平台上部署 Python + AI 任务的最佳实践。

- 广泛使用的深度学习框架
 - TensorFlow、PyTorch
- 结合硬件 (ARM 服务端芯片)
 - 倚天 710
 - AWS graviton
- 矩阵乘法
 - 为什么矩阵乘法是深度学习的核心
 - Conv、Linear、Transformers



- AlexNet 模型推理各个层计算比例
 - 86.1%
 - 2.6%



来源: *Learning Semantic Image Representations at a Large Scale*, Yangqing Jia

- ResNet-50
- PyTorch Profiler

```
=====
This report only display top-level ops statistics
=====
```

Name	Self CPU %	Self CPU	CPU total %	CPU total	CPU time avg	# of Calls
aten::conv2d	0.11%	276.000us	93.66%	228.600ms	4.313ms	53
aten::batch_norm	0.09%	209.000us	2.27%	5.536ms	104.453us	53
aten::max_pool2d	0.01%	25.000us	1.86%	4.551ms	4.551ms	1
aten::relu_	0.11%	276.000us	0.82%	1.992ms	40.653us	49
aten::linear	0.01%	29.000us	0.65%	1.584ms	1.584ms	1
aten::add_	0.61%	1.499ms	0.61%	1.499ms	93.688us	16
aten::adaptive_avg_pool2d	0.01%	15.000us	0.09%	228.000us	228.000us	1
aten::flatten	0.01%	24.000us	0.01%	33.000us	33.000us	1

```
=====
Self CPU time total: 244.068ms
=====
```

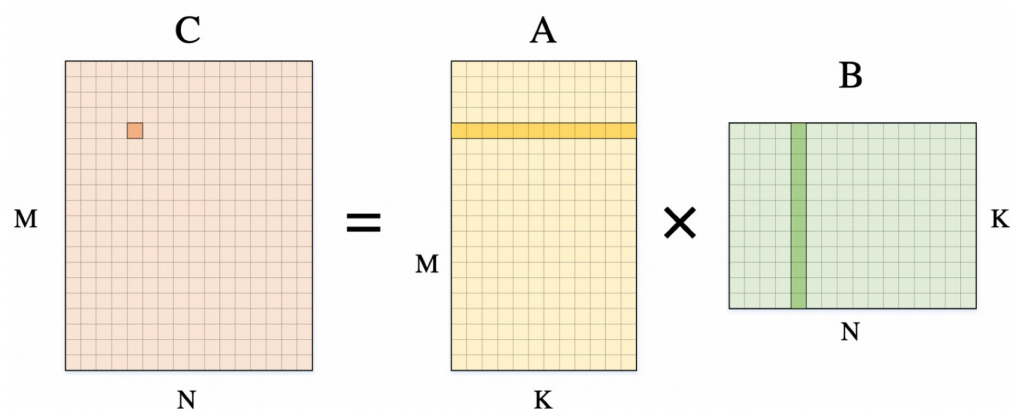

- GPT-2
- PyTorch Profiler

```
=====
This report only display top-level ops statistics
=====
```

Name	Self CPU %	Self CPU	CPU total %	CPU total	CPU time avg	# of Calls
aten::addmm	53.55%	262.582ms	54.01%	264.826ms	204.341us	1296
aten::matmul	0.72%	3.549ms	29.43%	144.309ms	213.791us	675
aten::linear	0.02%	112.000us	24.54%	120.329ms	4.457ms	27
aten::multinomial	0.13%	654.000us	4.23%	20.746ms	768.370us	27
aten::tanh	2.97%	14.544ms	2.97%	14.544ms	44.889us	324
aten::cat	1.61%	7.902ms	1.67%	8.170ms	12.050us	678
aten::mul	1.05%	5.172ms	1.43%	6.997ms	4.984us	1404
aten::topk	1.00%	4.892ms	1.00%	4.892ms	181.185us	27
aten::layer_norm	0.17%	823.000us	0.97%	4.748ms	7.034us	675
aten::softmax	0.11%	515.000us	0.90%	4.404ms	12.547us	351

```
=====
Self CPU time total: 490.353ms
```

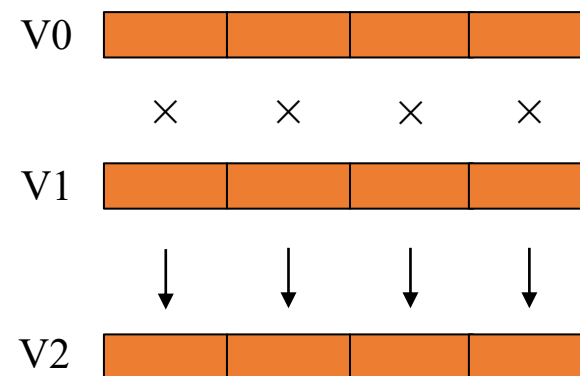
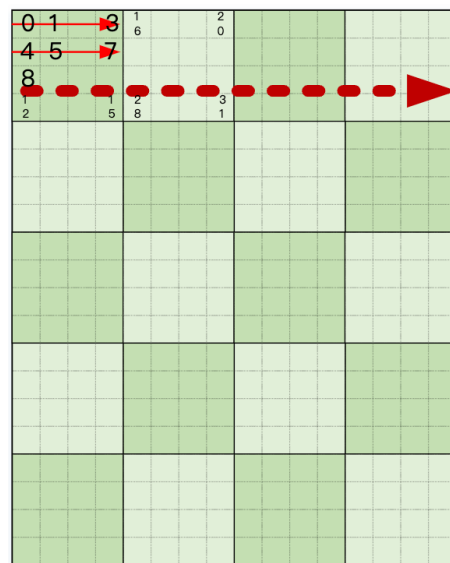
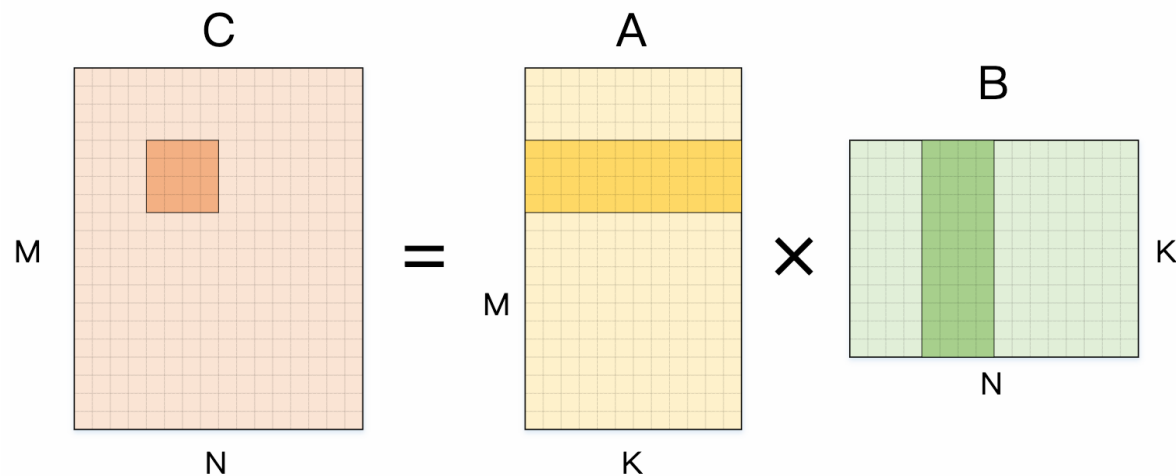
- General Matrix Multiplication: $C = \alpha AB + \beta C$
 - MNK 级别的时间复杂度
 - 深度学习卷积运算量很大(例如尺寸 $256 \times 1152 \times 192 \approx 5700$ 万)
 - GEMM 通过优化内存局部性和向量指令，比朴素实现快 10 倍以上



```
for (int i = 0; i < M; i++) {  
    for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {  
        C(i, j) = 0;  
        for (int p = 0; p < K; p++) {  
            C(i, j) += A(i, p) * B(j, p);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

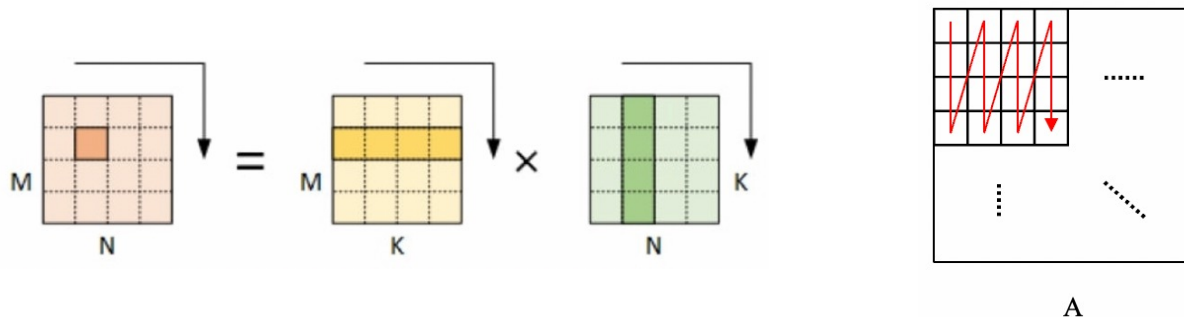
- 优化 GEMM

- 内存布局：矩阵分块；重排
- 向量化指令：AVX、NEON



- 优化 GEMM

- 内存布局：矩阵分块；重排
- 向量化指令：AVX、NEON



```
for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < M; i++) {  
        C(i, j) = 0;  
        for (int p = 0; p < K; p++) {  
            C(i, j) += A(i, p) * B(j, p);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

原始算法

```
for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < M; i += 4) {  
        C(i+0, j) = 0;  
        C(i+1, j) = 0;  
        C(i+2, j) = 0;  
        C(i+3, j) = 0;  
        for (int p = 0; p < K; p++) {  
            C(i+0, j) += A(i+0, p) * B(j, p);  
            C(i+1, j) += A(i+1, p) * B(j, p);  
            C(i+2, j) += A(i+2, p) * B(j, p);  
            C(i+3, j) += A(i+3, p) * B(j, p);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

展开4x1

```
for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < M; i += 4) {  
        vc <- 0, 0, 0, 0  
        for (int p = 0; p < K; p++) {  
            va <- A(i+0, p), A(i+0, p), A(i+0, p), A(i+0, p)  
            vb <- B(j, p) ...  
            vc += va * vb  
        }  
        vc -> C(i, j), C(i+1, j), C(i+2, j), C(i+3, j)  
    }  
}
```

向量化

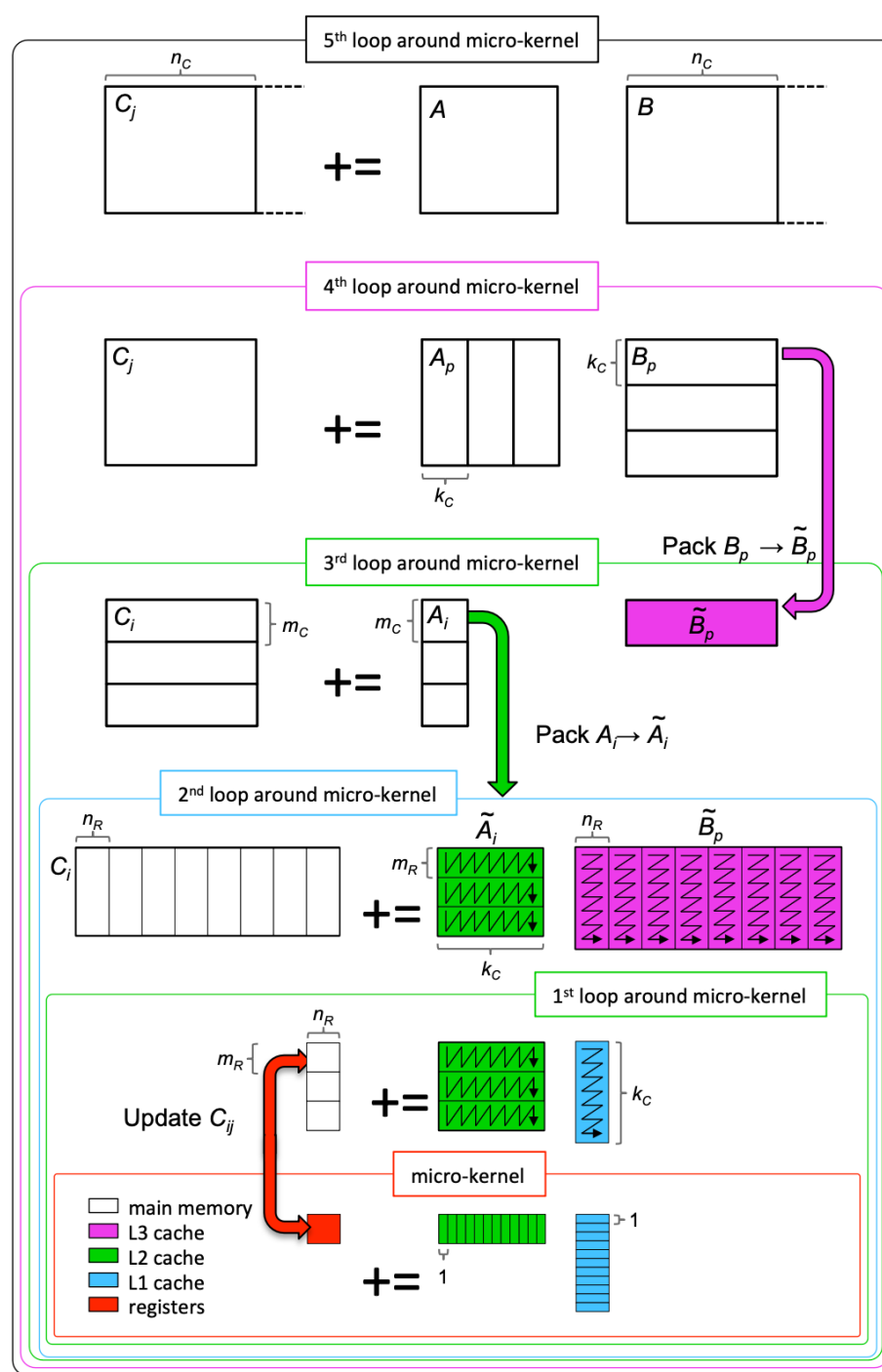
GEMM 例子

• 优化 GEMM

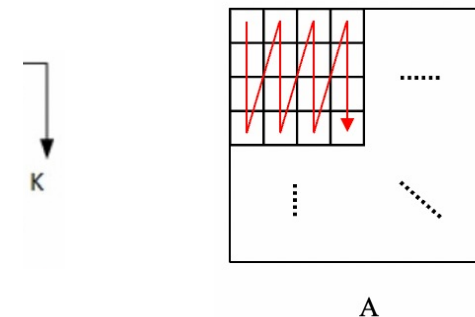
- 内存布局：矩阵分块；重排
- 向量化指令：AVX、NEO

```
for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
  for (int i = 0; i < M; i++) {
    C(i, j) = 0;
    for (int p = 0; p < K; p++) {
      C(i, j) += A(i, p) * B(j, p);
    }
  }
}
```

原始算法



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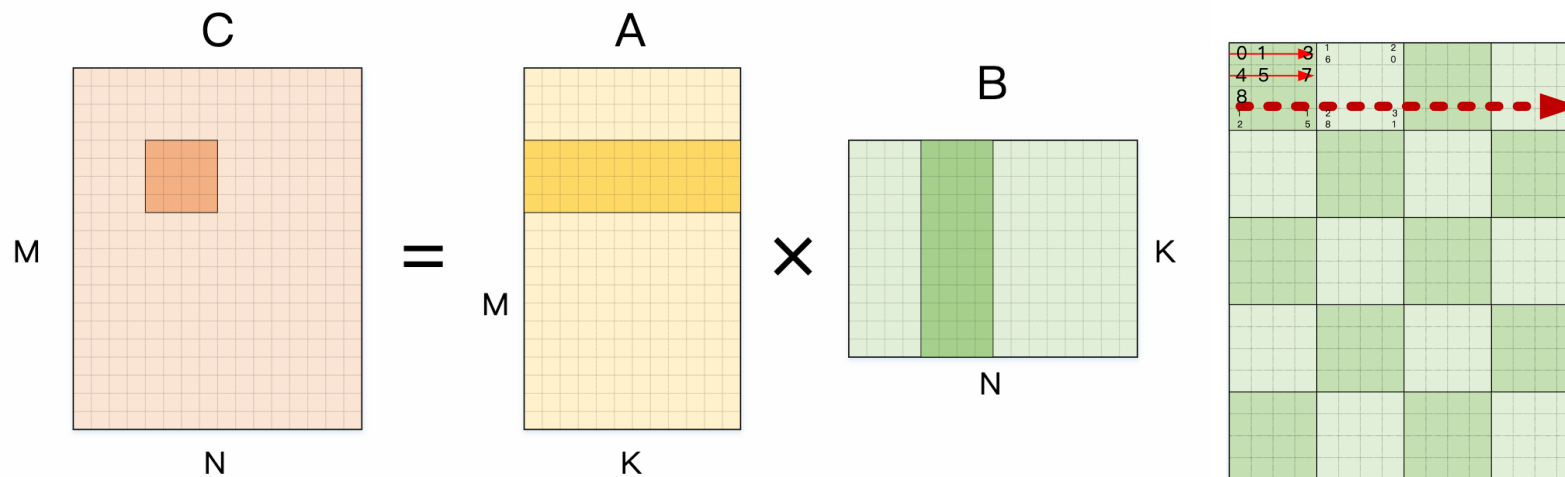
```
= 0; j < N; j++) {
  t i = 0; i < M; i += 4) {
    <- 0, 0, 0, 0
    (int p = 0; p < K; p++) {
      va <- A(i+0, p), A(i+0, p), A(i+0, p), A(i+0, p)
      vb <- B(j, p) ...
      vc += va * vb

-> C(i, j), C(i+1, j), C(i+2, j), C(i+3, j)
```

向量化

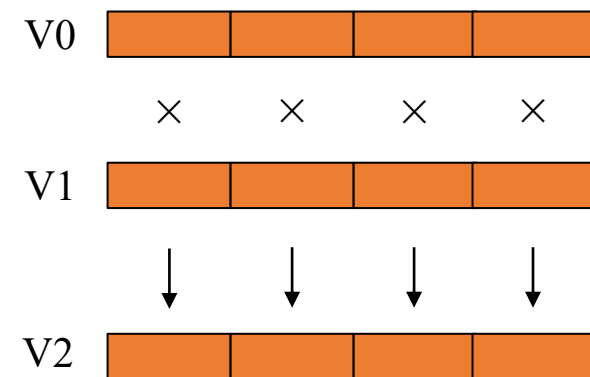
- 优化 GEMM

- 内存布局：矩阵分块；重排
- 向量化指令：AVX、NEON

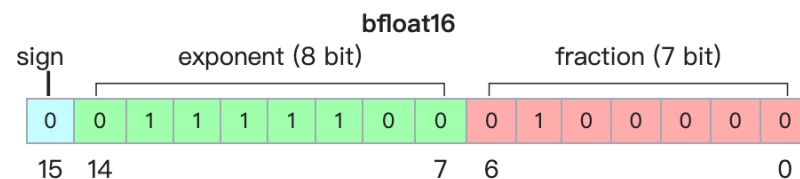
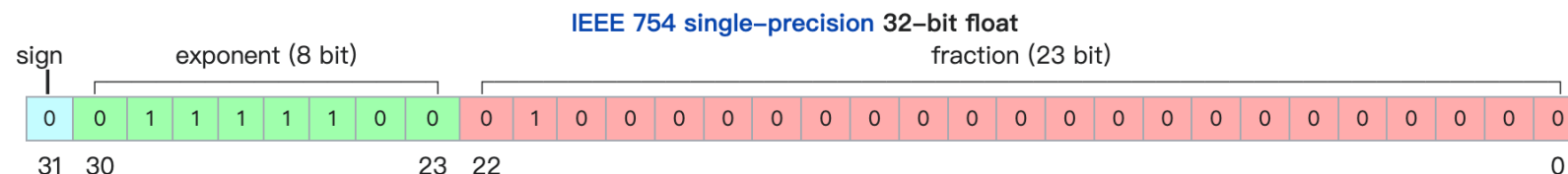
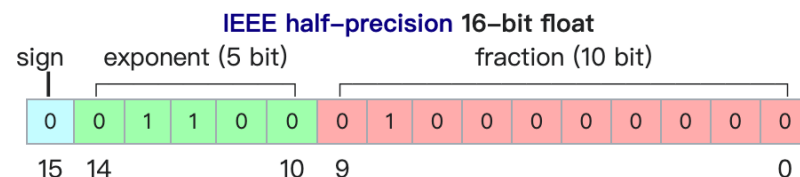


- 硬件加速

- Nvidia Volta 架构引入 tensor core
- Intel AMX, Advanced Matrix Extension
- ARM SME, Scalable Matrix Extension
- CPU 存在优势场景，但当前尚没有可大规模使用 AMX 和 SME 实例



- BF16 (Brain Floating Point , bfloat16)
 - Google Brain 团队
 - float32、float16、bfloat16 (FP32、FP16、BF16)
- 特点
 - 表示范围和 FP32 一致
 - 转换便利
 - 节省存储空间
 - 硬件指令支持

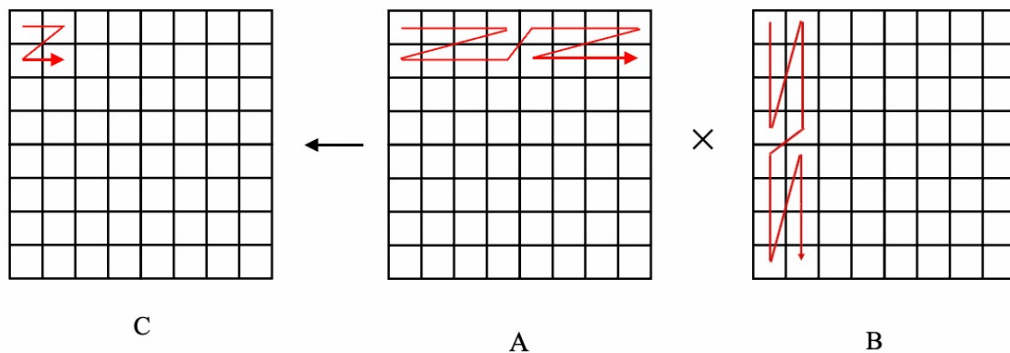
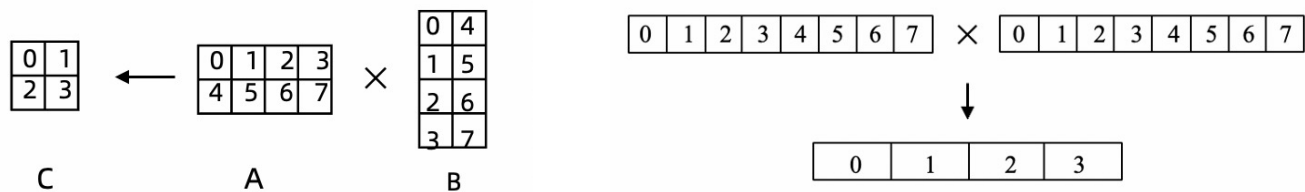


- bf16 扩展

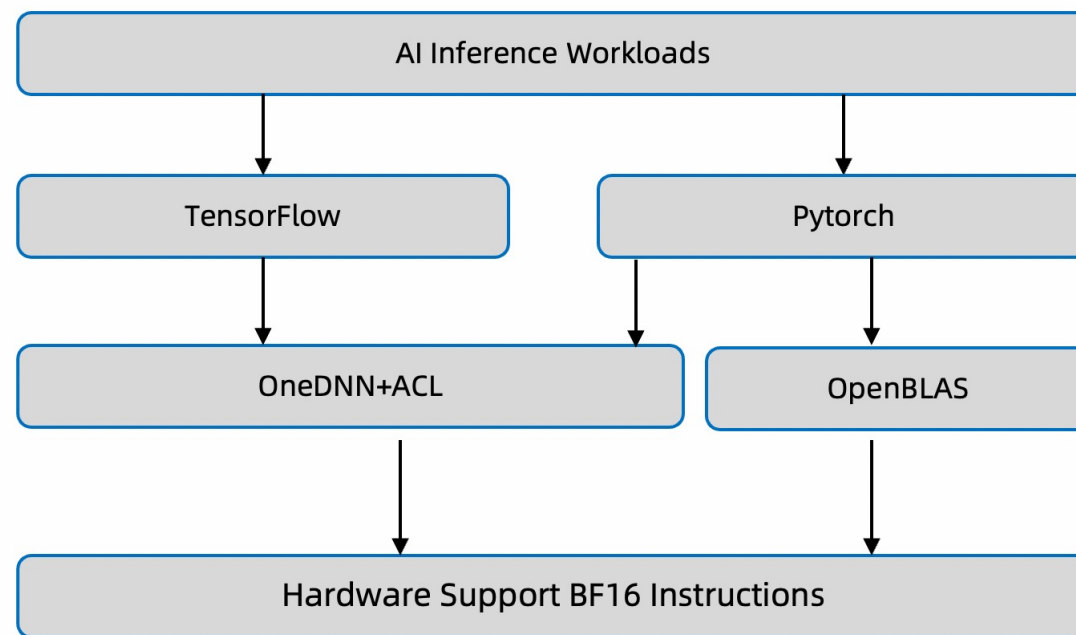
- ARMv8.6
- 矩阵乘法指令 BFMMLA
- 类型转换指令 BFCVT

- BFMMLA

- 128 bit 向量寄存器
- 单指令完成 $(2 \times 4) * (4 \times 2)$
- 16 mul + 16 add



- BF16 gemm 实现
 - ARM Compute Library
 - OpenBLAS
- TensorFlow
 - oneDNN + ACL
 - `DNNL_DEFAULT_FPMATH_MODE=BF16`
- PyTorch
 - OpenBLAS
 - oneDNN + ACL
 - `torch.set_float32_fast_math_mode("BF16")`



- BF16 gemm 实现
 - ARM Compute Library
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 - `DNNL_DEFAULT_FPMATH_MODE=BF16`
- PyTorch
 - OpenBLAS
 - oneDNN + ACL
 - `torch.set_float32_fast_math_mode("BF16")`

```
1 # 假设 resnet.py 包含用户写的模型推理的代码
2 DNNL_DEFAULT_FPMATH_MODE=BF16 python3 resnet.py
```

```
1 import torch
2 # ...
3
4 # 在模型执行前设置fast math mode
5 torch.set_float32_fast_math_mode("BF16")
6 # ...
7 # 执行模型
8 pred = model(x)
9 # ...
```

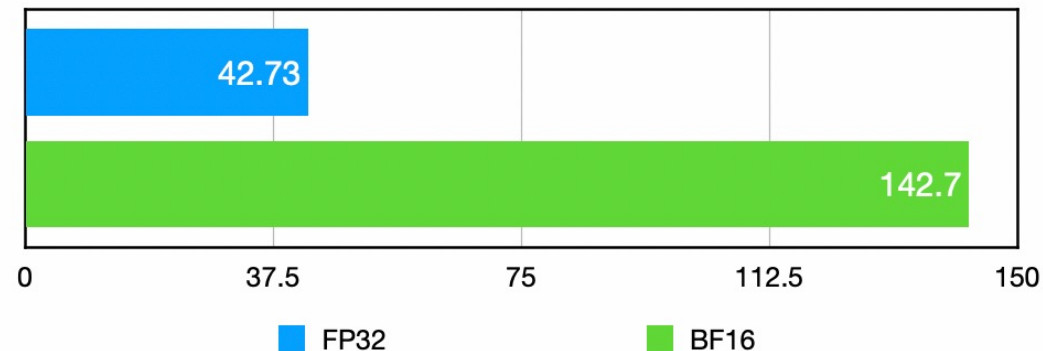
- BF16 gemm 实现
 - ARM Compute Library
 - OpenBLAS
- TensorFlow
 - oneDNN + ACL
 - `DNNL_DEFAULT_FPMATH_MODE=BF16`
- PyTorch
 - OpenBLAS
 - oneDNN + ACL
 - `torch.set_float32_fast_math_mode("BF16")`

6.75	<code>ldr q19, [x1, #32]</code>
1.53	<code>ldp q25, q24, [x0, #96]</code>
1.79	<code>ldr q23, [x0, #128]</code>
0.32	<code>fmla v22.4s, v25.4s, v19.s[0]</code>
0.21	<code>fmla v17.4s, v25.4s, v19.s[1]</code>
0.34	<code>fmla v20.4s, v25.4s, v19.s[2]</code>
	<code>fmla v21.4s, v25.4s, v19.s[3]</code>
0.17	<code>fmla v18.4s, v24.4s, v19.s[0]</code>
0.23	<code>fmla v16.4s, v24.4s, v19.s[1]</code>
0.01	<code>fmla v7.4s, v24.4s, v19.s[2]</code>

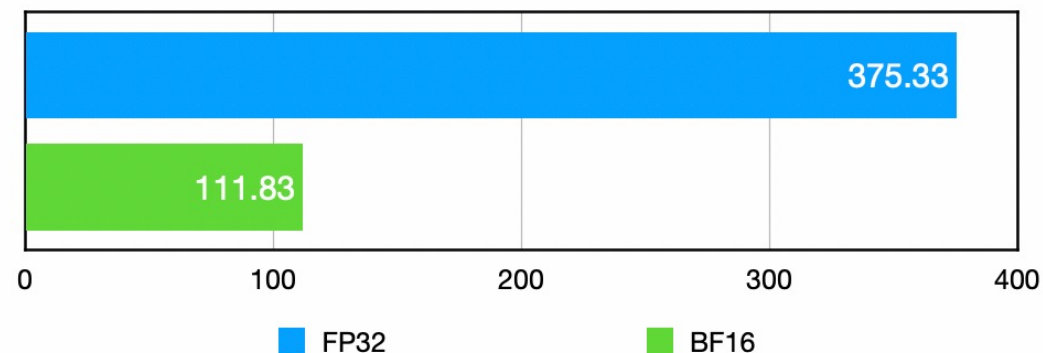
5.67	<code>bfmmla v8.4s, v0.8h, v4.8h</code>
0.01	<code>bfmmla v14.4s, v1.8h, v4.8h</code>
0.38	<code>bfmmla v11.4s, v0.8h, v5.8h</code>
0.44	<code>bfmmla v17.4s, v1.8h, v5.8h</code>
0.57	<code>ldr q6, [x20]</code>
3.33	<code>bfmmla v20.4s, v2.8h, v4.8h</code>
0.05	<code>bfmmla v23.4s, v2.8h, v5.8h</code>
0.34	<code>ldr q7, [x20, #16]</code>
1.72	<code>bfmmla v26.4s, v3.8h, v4.8h</code>
0.02	<code>bfmmla v29.4s, v3.8h, v5.8h</code>

- OpenBLAS 矩阵乘法测试
 - 阿里云 ECS g8y (倚天 710) 单线程 FP32 vs BF16
 - MNK : 2000, 2000, 2000
- GFLOPS
 - 每秒浮点数计算次数, G (十亿次)
 - 2MNK / Times

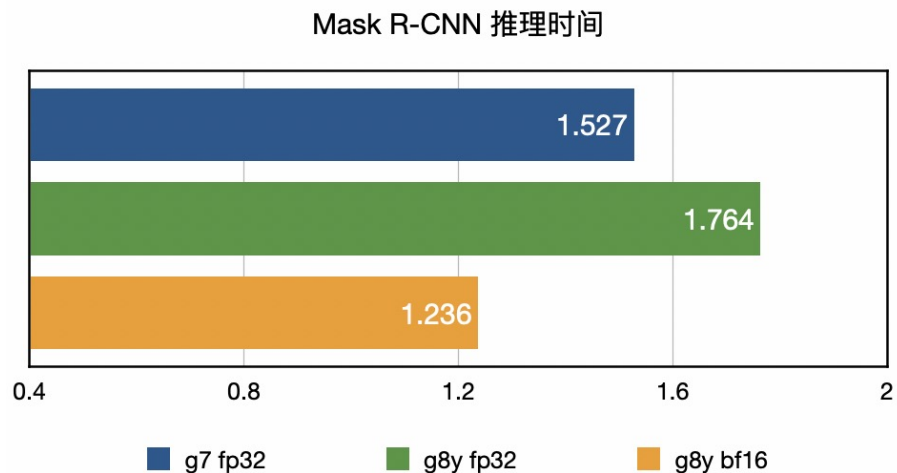
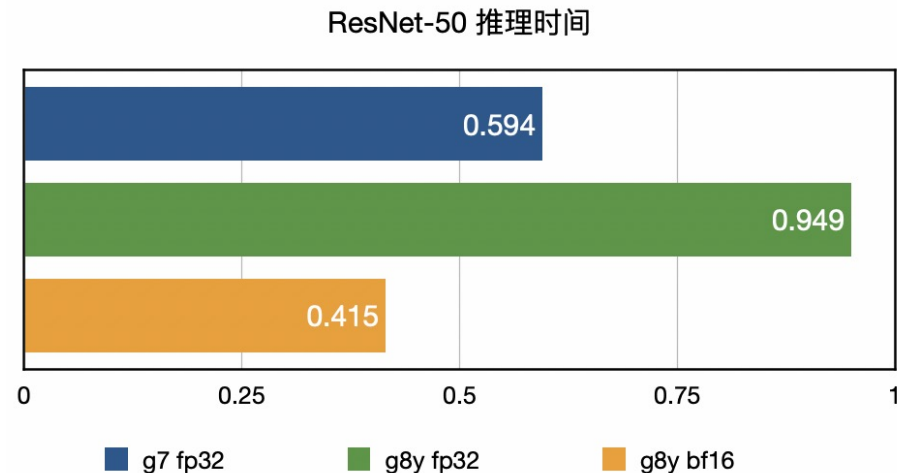
FP32 和 BF16 GEMM GFLOPS 对比



FP32 和 BF16 GEMM 耗时对比 (单位毫秒)



- 平台
 - 阿里云 ECS g8y vs g7 (Ice Lake)
 - 8vCPUs
- TensorFlow 推理测试
 - ResNet-50
 - batch size 32
- PyTorch 推理测试
 - Mask R-CNN
 - 每张图像耗时



- TensorFlow
 - Official (latest)
 - `pip install tensorflow == 2.10.1` 或者 `== 2.11.0`
 - 阿里云
 - Docker 镜像
 - `accc-registry.cn-hangzhou.cr.aliyuncs.com/tensorflow/tensorflow`
 - Tag: latest
- PyTorch
 - Official (latest)
 - `pip install torch==1.13.0`
 - 阿里云
 - Docker 镜像
 - `accc-registry.cn-hangzhou.cr.aliyuncs.com/pytorch/pytorch`
 - Tag: `torch_openblas`, `torch_openblas_modelzoo`

- 拉取镜像
 - `docker pull accc-registry.cn-hangzhou.cr.aliyuncs.com/pytorch/pytorch:torch1.13.0_openblas_modelzoo`
- 启动容器
 - `docker run -d --name torch_bm -ti accc-registry.cn-hangzhou.cr.aliyuncs.com/pytorch/pytorch:torch1.13.0_openblas_modelzoo`

PyTorch BF16 加速演示

- 测试 ResNet-50 推理性能

- `docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/resnet50 && python3 performance.py"`
- `docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/resnet50 && python3 performance.py --bf16"`

```
[root@iZ2ze27s0knu0qd946v8mmZ ~]# docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/resnet50 && python3 performance.py"
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/io/image.py:13: UserWarning: Failed to load image Python extension:
warn(f"Failed to load image Python extension: {e}")
Downloading: "https://download.pytorch.org/models/resnet50-11ad3fa6.pth" to /root/.cache/torch/hub/checkpoints/resnet50-11ad3fa6.pth
100.0%
STAGE:2022-12-16 03:32:27 9:9 ActivityProfilerController [root@iZ2ze27s0knu0qd946v8mmZ ~]# docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/resnet50 && python3 performance.py --bf16"
STAGE:2022-12-16 03:32:28 9:9 ActivityProfilerController /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torchvision/io/image.py:13: UserWarning: Failed to load image Python extension:
warn(f"Failed to load image Python extension: {e}")
-----
Name          Self CPU %      Self CPU
-----
aten::conv2d   0.04%          392.000us
aten::convolution 0.06%         664.000us
aten::_convolution 0.07%         760.000us
aten::thnn_conv2d 0.03%         364.000us
aten::_slow_conv2d_forward 90.25%        955.000ms
aten::batch_norm 0.04%          390.000us
aten::_batch_norm_impl_index 0.08%          879.000us
aten::native_batch_norm 3.99%          42.000ms
aten::max_pool2d 0.02%          221.000us
aten::max_pool2d_with_indices 1.81%          19.091ms
-----
Self CPU time total: 1.058s
```

首次执行会下载预训练模型

```
STAGE:2022-12-16 03:39:37 30:30 ActivityProfilerController.cpp:294] Completed Stage: Warm Up
STAGE:2022-12-16 03:39:38 30:30 ActivityProfilerController.cpp:300] Completed Stage: Collection
-----
Name          Self CPU %      Self CPU      CPU total %      CPU total      CPU time avg      # of Calls
-----
aten::conv2d   0.07%          398.000us      82.34%          460.282ms      8.685ms          53
aten::convolution 0.12%          647.000us      82.27%          459.884ms      8.677ms          53
aten::_convolution 0.14%          770.000us      82.15%          459.237ms      8.665ms          53
aten::thnn_conv2d 0.06%          337.000us      82.01%          458.467ms      8.650ms          53
aten::_slow_conv2d_forward 81.65%          456.408ms      81.95%          458.130ms      8.644ms          53
aten::batch_norm 0.06%          336.000us      7.98%           44.581ms      841.151us          53
aten::_batch_norm_impl_index 0.15%          866.000us      7.91%           44.245ms      834.811us          53
aten::native_batch_norm 7.51%          41.994ms       7.70%           43.039ms      812.057us          53
aten::max_pool2d 0.03%          189.000us      3.45%           19.280ms      19.280ms           1
aten::max_pool2d_with_indices 3.42%          19.091ms       3.42%           19.091ms      19.091ms           1
-----
Self CPU time total: 559.006ms
```

输出执行耗时

- 测试 Mask R-CNN 推理性能

- `docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/maskrcnn && python3 performance.py"`
- `docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/maskrcnn && python3 performance.py --bf16"`

```
inference: 1.9125633239746094 s
inference: 1.861675500869751 s
inference: 1.8602280616760254 s
inference: 1.8563194274902344 s
inference: 1.86903715133667 s
inference: 1.8603780269622803 s
best inference time: 1.8563
```

推理时间
← FP32 BF16 →

```
inference: 1.237515926361084 s
inference: 1.2208869457244873 s
inference: 1.243666648864746 s
inference: 1.231743574142456 s
inference: 1.2250795364379883 s
inference: 1.2179841995239258 s
best inference time: 1.2180
```

- 验证 Mask R-CNN 预测结果

- `docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/maskrcnn && python3 validate.py"`
- `docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/maskrcnn && python3 validate.py --bf16"`

PyTorch BF16 加速演示

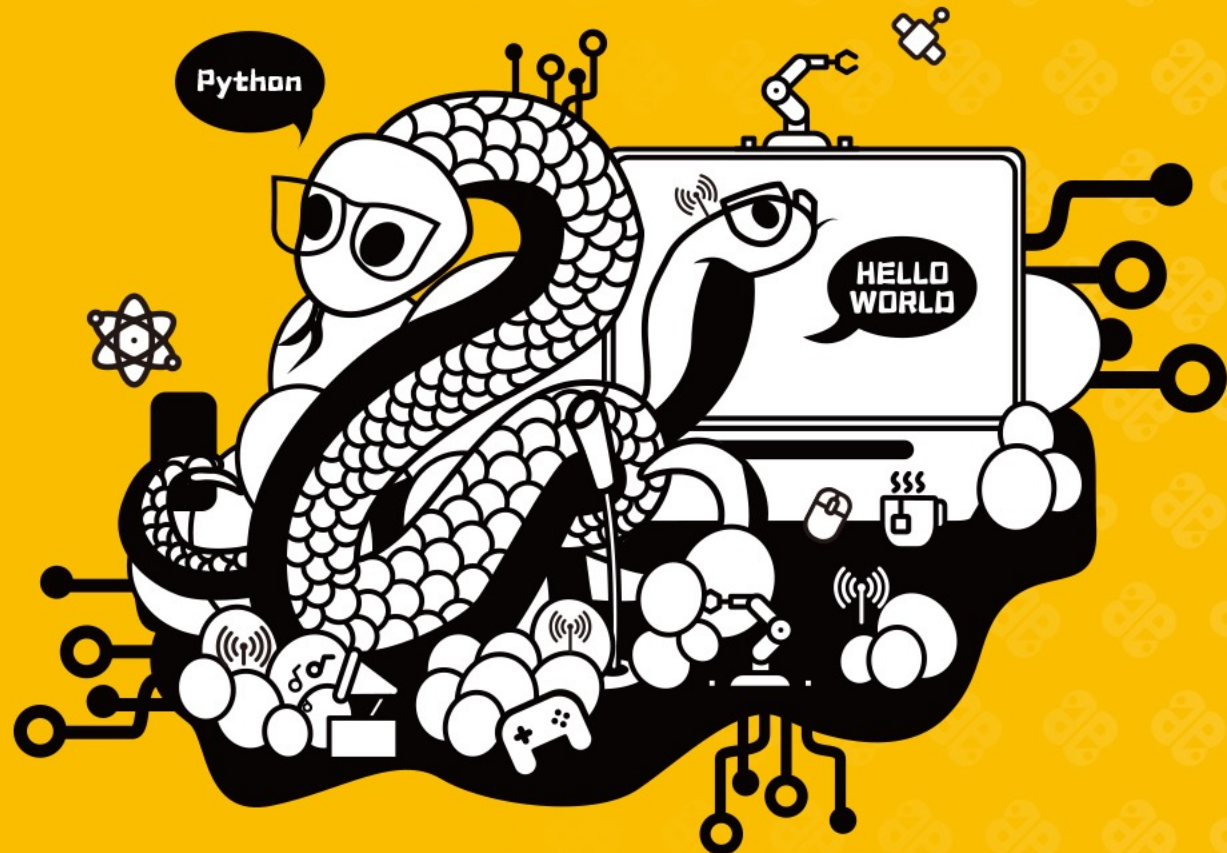
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- 测试 Mask R-CNN 推理性能

- `docker exec -ti torch_bm bash -c "cd /tmp/maskrcnn && python3 performance.py"`



预测结果，左图FP32，右图BF16，提升性能的同时不影响模型预测结果



Thanks!

感谢观看