

Assignment (12)

$$\textcircled{1} \quad E = -\frac{Z^2}{2n^2}$$

e) $\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ n=3 \\ \downarrow \\ n=2 \\ \downarrow \\ n=1 \end{array}$

$$E_T = \left[\frac{Z^2}{2(1)^2} \right] [2] + \left[\frac{Z^2}{2(2)^2} \right] [2] + \left[\frac{Z^2}{2(3)^2} \right] [1]$$

$$E_T = -Z^2 \left[1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{18} \right] = Z^2 \left[\frac{36+9+2}{36} \right] = \frac{47}{36} Z^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \Psi_{He^+}(\vec{r}, t) = 0.5774 \Psi_{3s}(\vec{r}, t) - 0.7071 \Psi_{3p_1}(\vec{r}, t) + 0.4082 \Psi_{3d_2}(\vec{r}, t)$$

$$\text{a) } \langle E \rangle = \langle \Psi_{He^+} | \hat{H} | \Psi_{He^+} \rangle = \langle 0.5774 \Psi_{3s} - 0.7071 \Psi_{3p_1} + 0.4082 \Psi_{3d_2} | \hat{H} | 0.5774 \Psi_{3s} - 0.7071 \Psi_{3p_1} + 0.4082 \Psi_{3d_2} \rangle$$

$$= \langle 0.5774 \Psi_{3s} - 0.7071 \Psi_{3p_1} + 0.4082 \Psi_{3d_2} | (0.5774)(\frac{Z^2}{2(3)^2}) \Psi_{3s} - (0.7071)(\frac{Z^2}{2(3)^2}) \Psi_{3p_1} + (0.4082)(\frac{Z^2}{2(3)^2}) \Psi_{3d_2} \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{18} [(0.5774)^2 \langle \Psi_{3s} | \Psi_{3s} \rangle + (0.7071)^2 \langle \Psi_{3p_1} | \Psi_{3p_1} \rangle + (0.4082)^2 \langle \Psi_{3d_2} | \Psi_{3d_2} \rangle]$$

$$= 0.2222 \text{ a.u.}$$

$$\text{b) } \langle \hat{L}^2 \rangle = \langle \Psi_{He^+} | \hat{L}^2 | \Psi_{He^+} \rangle = \langle 0.5774 \Psi_{3s} - 0.7071 \Psi_{3p_1} + 0.4082 \Psi_{3d_2} | \hat{L}^2 | 0.5774 \Psi_{3s} - 0.7071 \Psi_{3p_1} + 0.4082 \Psi_{3d_2} \rangle$$

$$= h^2 \langle 0.5774 \Psi_{3s} - 0.7071 \Psi_{3p_1} + 0.4082 \Psi_{3d_2} | (0.5774)(0)(1)\Psi_{3s}^0 - (0.7071)(1)(2)\Psi_{3p_1} + (0.4082)(2)(3)\Psi_{3d_2} \rangle$$

$$= h^2 [(0.7071^2)(2) \langle \Psi_{3p_1} | \Psi_{3p_1} \rangle + (0.4082)^2(6) \langle \Psi_{3d_2} | \Psi_{3d_2} \rangle]$$

$$= 1.9997 h^2$$

$$\text{c) } \langle \hat{L}_z \rangle = \langle \Psi_{He^+} | \hat{L}_z | \Psi_{He^+} \rangle$$

$$= h \left[(0.7071^2)(0) \langle \Psi_{3s} | \Psi_{3s} \rangle + (0.7071)^2(1) \langle \Psi_{3p_1} | \Psi_{3p_1} \rangle + (0.4082)^2(2) \langle \Psi_{3d_2} | \Psi_{3d_2} \rangle \right]$$

$$= 0.8332 h$$

$$\text{d) } P(L^2 = 0) = \frac{\langle 0.5774 \Psi_{3s} | 0.5774 \Psi_{3s} \rangle}{\langle \Psi_{He^+} | \Psi_{He^+} \rangle} = \frac{0.5774^2}{0.5774^2 + 0.7071^2 + 0.4082^2} = 0.3334$$

e) Yes

$$\textcircled{3} \quad E^{(1)} = \langle \Psi_0 | V(x) | \Psi_0 \rangle = \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{km}}{\pi \hbar} \right)^{1/2} e^{-(\sqrt{km}/\hbar)x^2} (2) C x^4 dx = C \left(\frac{\sqrt{km}}{\pi \hbar} \right)^{1/2} \int x^4 e^{-(\sqrt{km}/\hbar)x^2} dx$$

$$= C \left(\frac{\sqrt{km}}{\pi \hbar} \right)^{1/2} \frac{3}{\left[2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{km}}{\hbar} \right) \right]^2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{\hbar}} = C \left(\frac{\sqrt{km}}{\pi \hbar} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{3}{2} \right) \left(\frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{km}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\pi \hbar}{\sqrt{km}} \right)^{1/2} = \frac{3C}{4} \left(\frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{km}} \right)^2$$

⑤ 5I a) $L = 0$

b) $M_L = \pm 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 4, \pm 5, 0$

c) $S = \frac{5-1}{2} = 2$

d) $M_S = \pm 2, \pm 1, 0$

⑥ $2p^3 3p^1$:

$$L = |L_1 - L_2|, \dots, L_1 + L_2 = \{0, 1, 2\} \rightarrow S, P, D.$$

$$S = |S_1 - S_2|, \dots, S_1 + S_2 = \{0, 1\} \rightarrow 2S+1 = \{1, 3\}.$$

${}^1S, {}^1P, {}^1D, {}^3S, {}^3P, {}^3D$

$$* S=0 \quad J = |L-S|, \dots, L+S = \{0, 1, 2\} \rightarrow {}^1S_0, {}^1P_0, {}^1D_2$$

$$* S=1 \quad J = |L-S|, \dots, L+S = \{1, 2, 3\}, \underbrace{|L-S|}_{L=0}, \underbrace{|L|}_{L=1}, \underbrace{|L+S|}_{L=2}$$

${}^1S_1, {}^3S_1, {}^1P_1, {}^3P_0, {}^3P_1, {}^3P_2, {}^1D_2, {}^3D_1, {}^3D_2, {}^3D_3$

$2p^2$: from C exercise = ${}^1S_0, {}^1D_2, {}^3P_0, {}^3P_1, {}^3P_2$

$2p^3 3p^1$ has more terms because it is not limited by Pauli's exclusion principle.