

HomeWork2

- Q1: 针对表4.1(P50)的数据, 采用拉普拉斯平滑建立贝叶斯分类器, 并求点 $x=(2, S)^T$ 的类标记

正例9. 负例6

表 4.1 训练数据

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
$X^{(1)}$	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
$X^{(2)}$	S	M	M	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L	M	M	L	L
Y	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1

$$P(Y=1) = 10/17.$$

$$P(Y=0) = 7/17$$

建立贝叶斯分类器, 取 $\lambda=1$.

$$P(X^{(1)}=1|Y=1) = \frac{3}{12}; P(X^{(1)}=2|Y=1) = \frac{4}{12}; P(X^{(1)}=3|Y=1) = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$P(X^{(2)}=S|Y=1) = \frac{2}{12}; P(X^{(2)}=M|Y=1) = \frac{5}{12}; P(X^{(2)}=L|Y=1) = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$P(X^{(1)}=1|Y=-1) = \frac{4}{9}; P(X^{(1)}=2|Y=-1) = \frac{3}{9}; P(X^{(1)}=3|Y=-1) = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$P(X^{(2)}=S|Y=-1) = \frac{4}{9}; P(X^{(2)}=M|Y=-1) = \frac{3}{9}; P(X^{(2)}=L|Y=-1) = \frac{2}{9}$$

对于 $x=(2, S)^T$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{正}) &= P(Y=1) \cdot P(X^{(1)}=2|Y=1) \cdot P(X^{(2)}=S|Y=1) \\ &= \frac{10}{17} \cdot \frac{4}{12} \cdot \frac{2}{12} = \frac{5}{153} \approx 0.03 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(\text{负}) = P(Y=-1) \cdot P(X^{(1)}=2|Y=-1) \cdot P(X^{(2)}=S|Y=-1) = \frac{7}{17} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{9} = \frac{28}{459} \approx 0.06$$

$\therefore P(\text{负}) > P(\text{正})$. 故 $x=(2, S)^T$ 标记为 -1