

Chatbot: Seq2Seq Model

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Applications



Speech
Transcription



Neural Machine
Translation (NMT)



Chatbots



Q&A



Text
Summarization



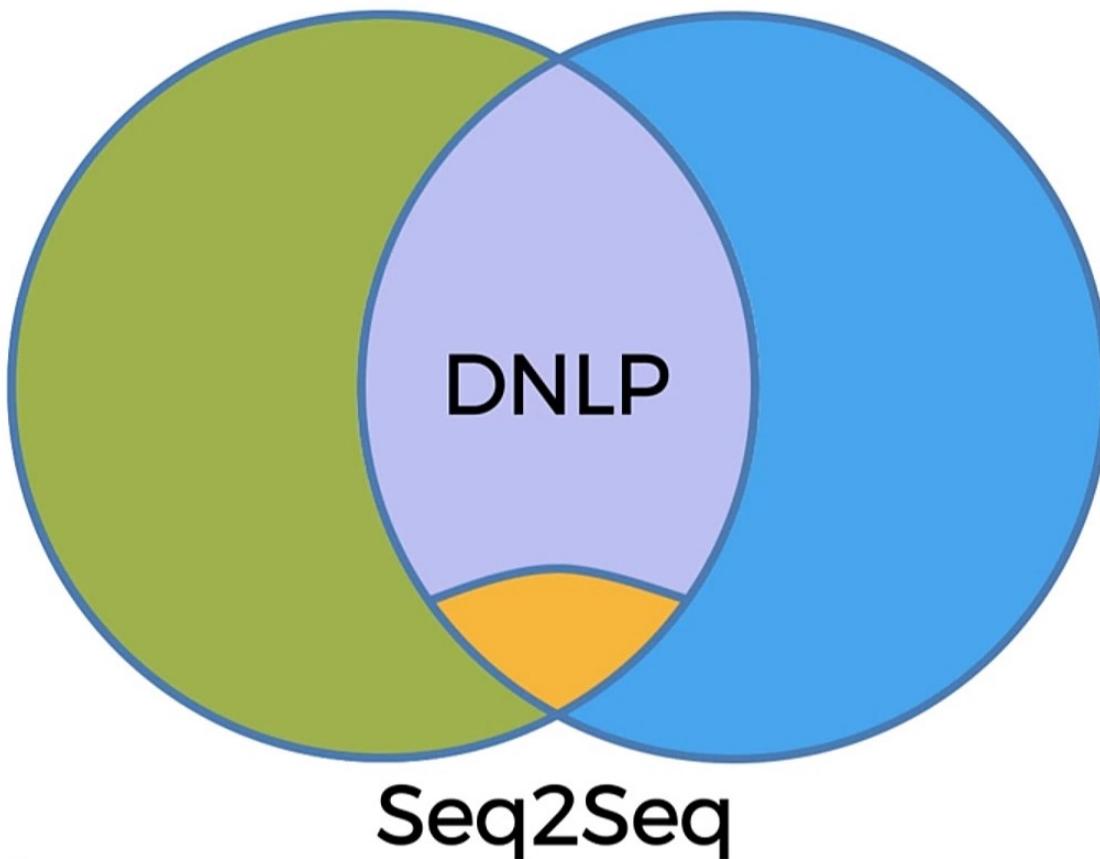
Image
Captioning



Video
Captioning

Types of NLP

Natural
Language
Processing



Deep
Learning

Classical vs Deep Learning Models

Some examples:

1. If / Else Rules (Chatbot)
2. Audio frequency components analysis (Speech Recognition)
3. Bag-of-words model (Classification)
4. CNN for text Recognition (Classification)

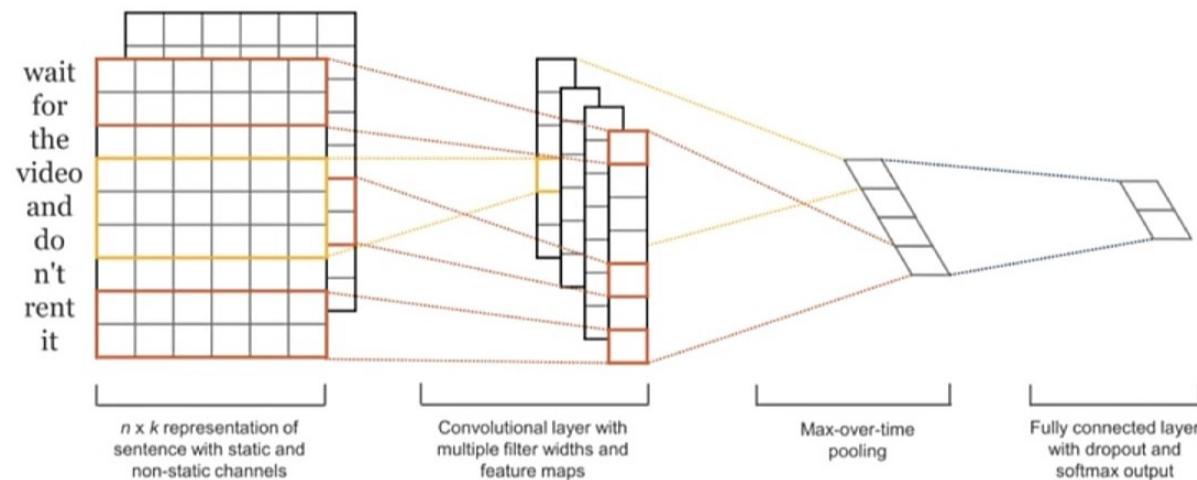
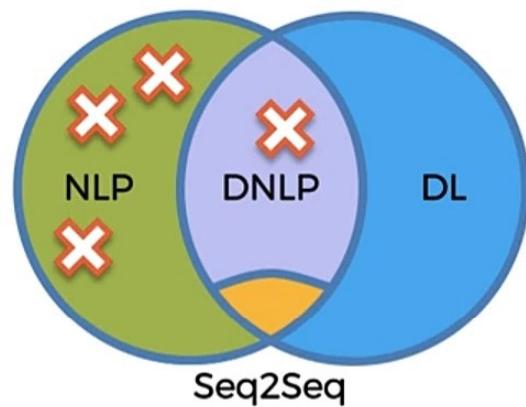


Image Source: www.wildml.com

Bag-Of-Words

20,000 elements long



171,476 words

The Second Edition of the 20-volume Oxford English Dictionary contains full entries for 171,476 words in current use, and 47,156 obsolete words. To this may be added around 9,500 derivative words included as subentries.



How many words are there in the English language?

<https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/.../how-many-words-are-there-in-the-english-language>

About this result Feedback

People also ask

How many words in the English language does the average person know?

Most adult native test-takers range from **20,000–35,000 words**. Average native test-takers of age 8 already know **10,000 words**. Average native test-takers of age 4 already know **5,000 words**. Adult native test-takers learn almost 1 new word a day until middle age. May 29, 2013

Lexical facts - The Economist

<https://www.economist.com/blogs/johnson/2013/05/vocabulary-size>

Search for: How many words in the English language does the average person know?

How many words are there in all the languages in the world?

Which language has the most words in the world?

How many words are there in the Spanish language?

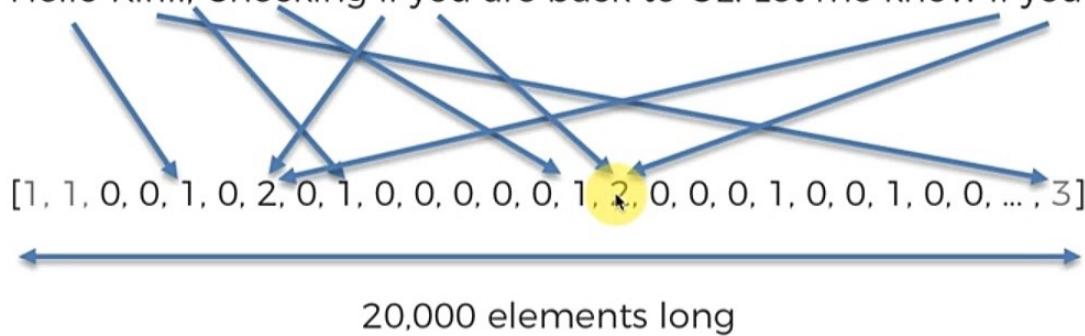
How many words does Eminem say in a minute?

How many pages is 100 000 words?

[View all posts](#)

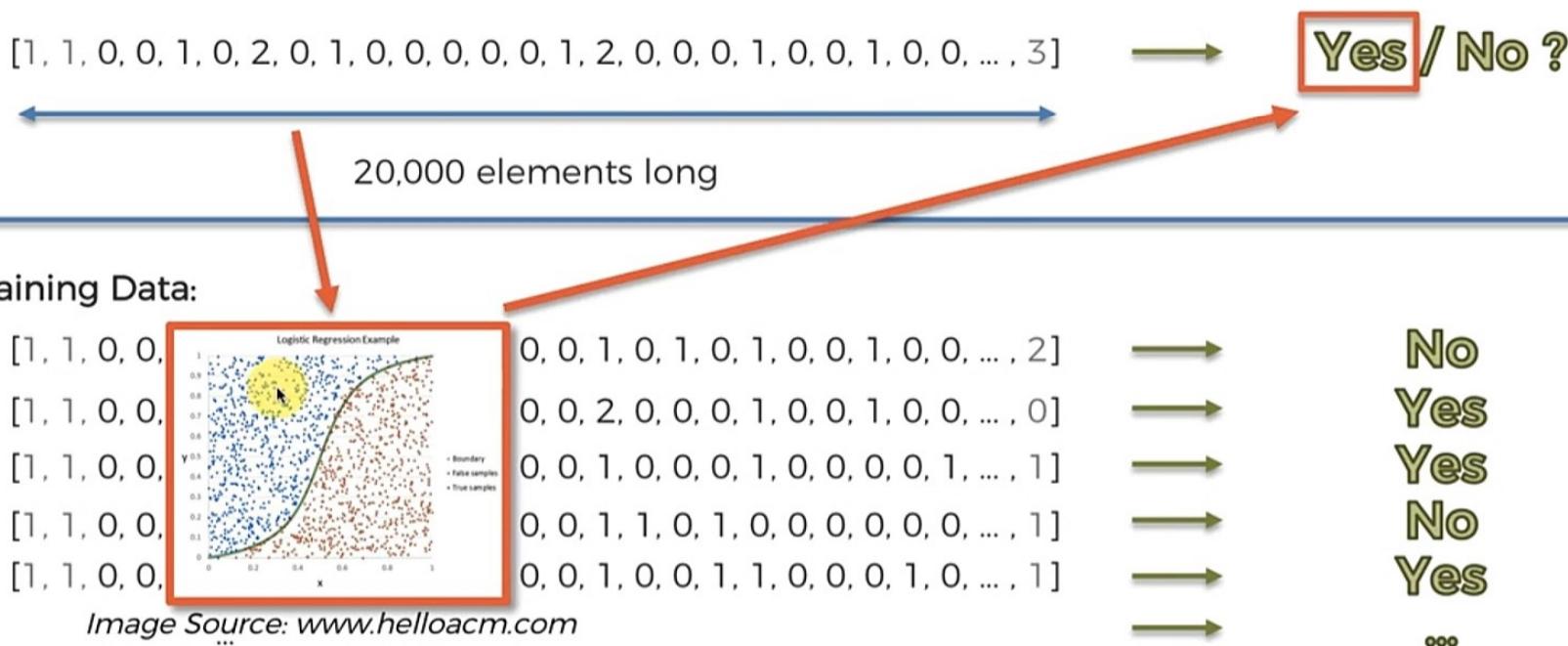
Bag-Of-Words

Hello Kirill, Checking if you are back to Oz. Let me know if you are around ... Cheers, V



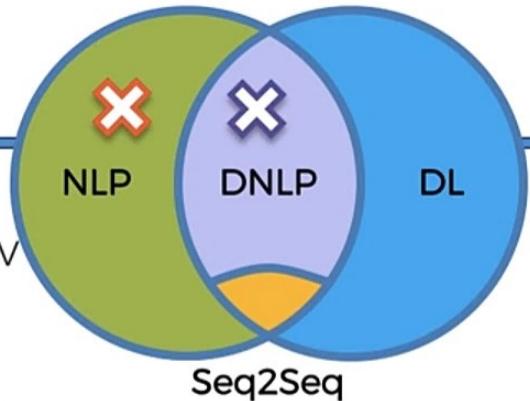
Bag-Of-Words

Hello Kirill, Checking if you are back to Oz. Let me know if you are around ... Cheers, V



Bag-Of-Words

Hello Kirill, Checking if you are back to Oz. Let me know if you are around ... Cheers, V



[1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, ..., 3] → Yes / No ?

20,000 elements long

Training Data:

[1, 1, 0, 0,
[1, 1, 0, 0,
[1, 1, 0, 0,
[1, 1, 0, 0,
[1, 1, 0, 0,

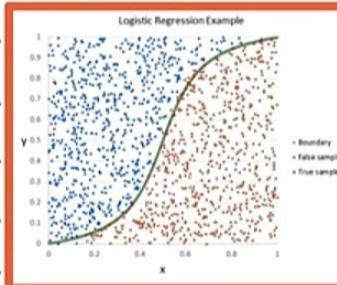
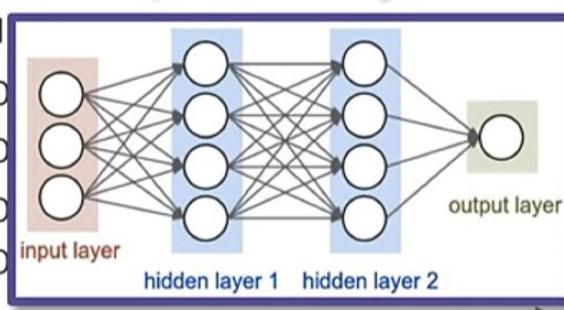


Image Source: www.helloacm.com

0, 0, 1, 0, 1
0, 0, 2, 0, 0
0, 0, 1, 0, 0
0, 0, 1, 1, 0
0, 0, 1, 0, 0



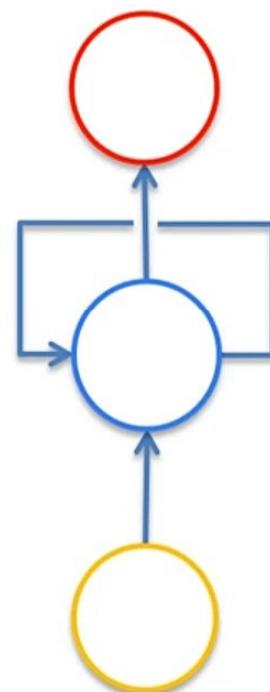
No
Yes
Yes
No
Yes
...



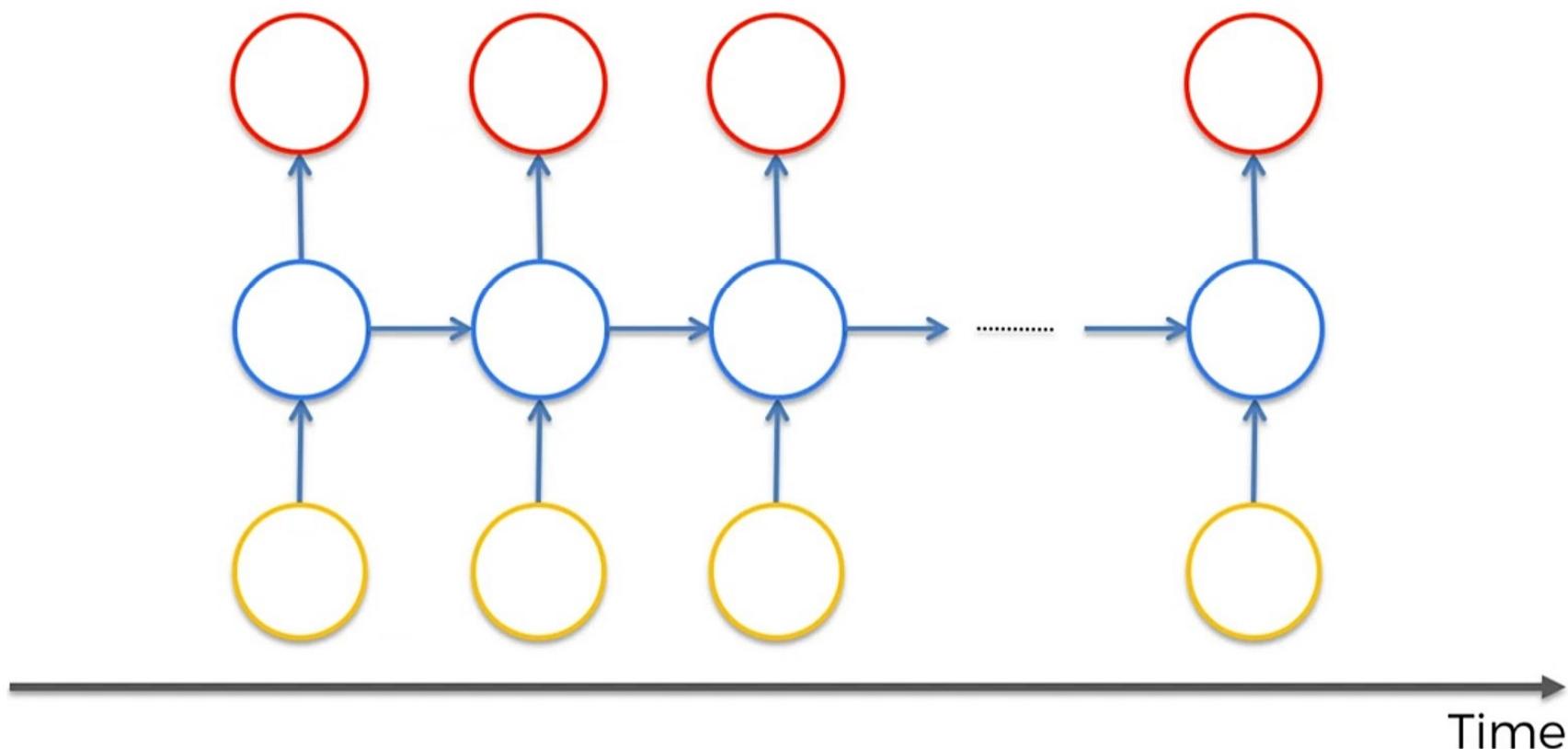
Seq2Seq Architecture

RNNs

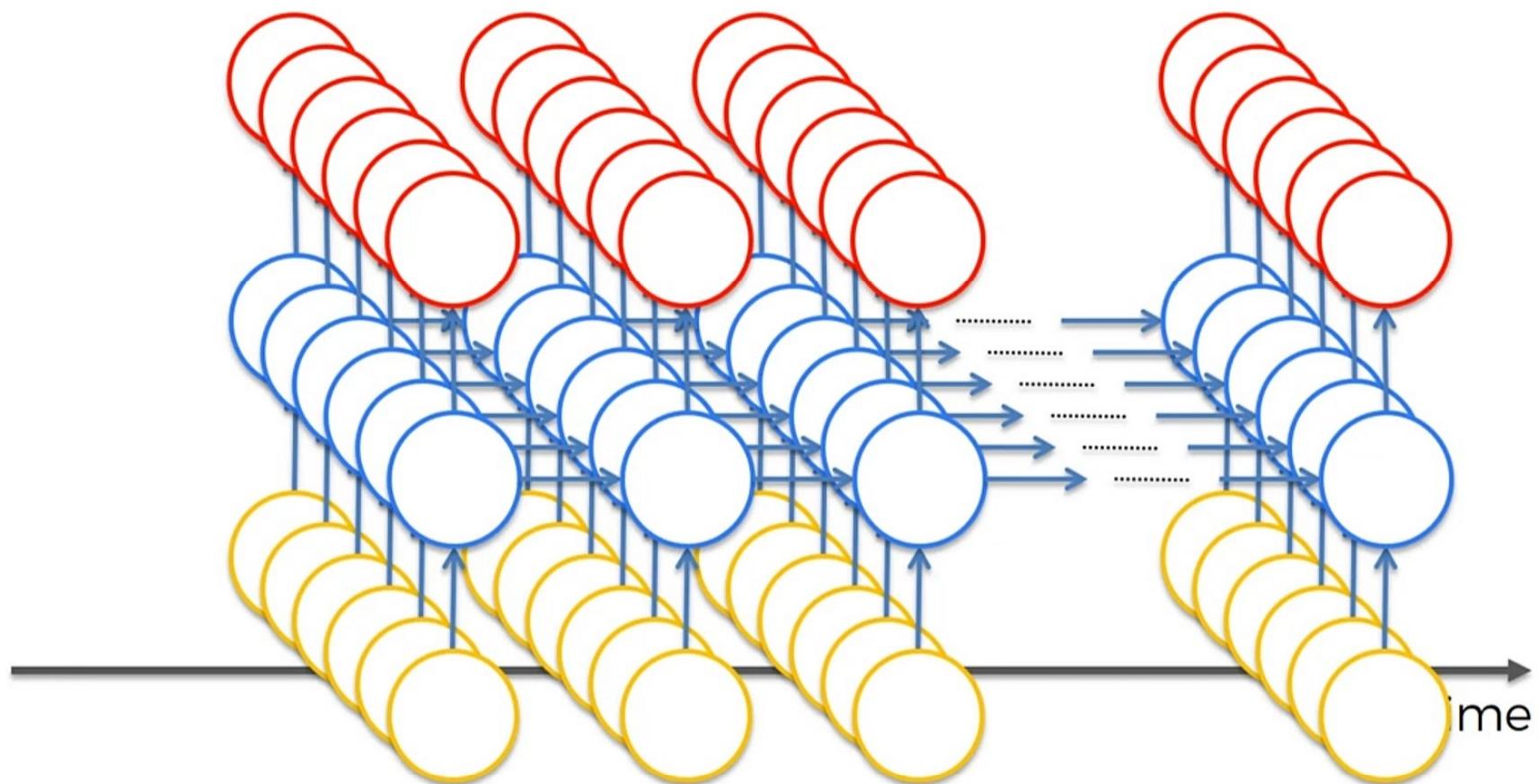
Recurrent Neural Networks



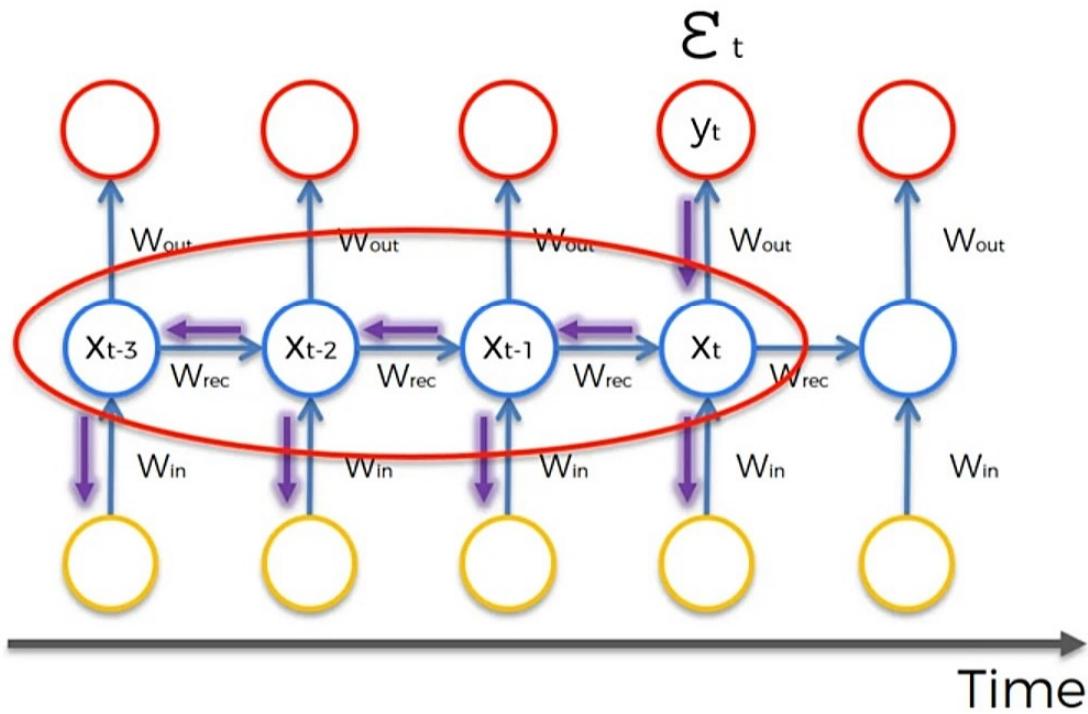
Recurrent Neural Networks



Recurrent Neural Networks



The Vanishing Gradient Problem



Formula Source: Razvan Pascanu et al. (2013)

The Vanishing Gradient Problem

Solutions:

1. Exploding Gradient

- Truncated Backpropagation
- Penalties
- Gradient Clipping

2. Vanishing Gradient

- Weight Initialization
- Echo State Networks
- Long Short-Term Memory Networks (LSTMs)



Long Short-Term Memory

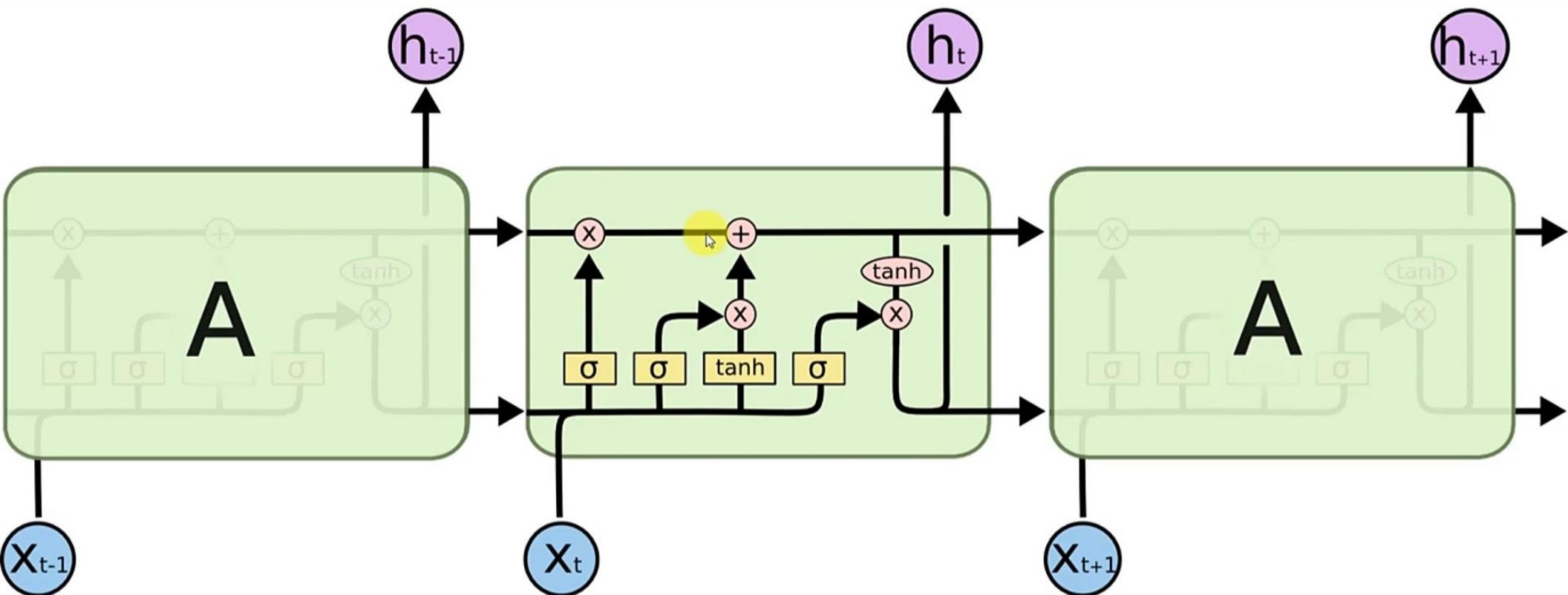


Image Source: colah.github.io

Long Short-Term Memory

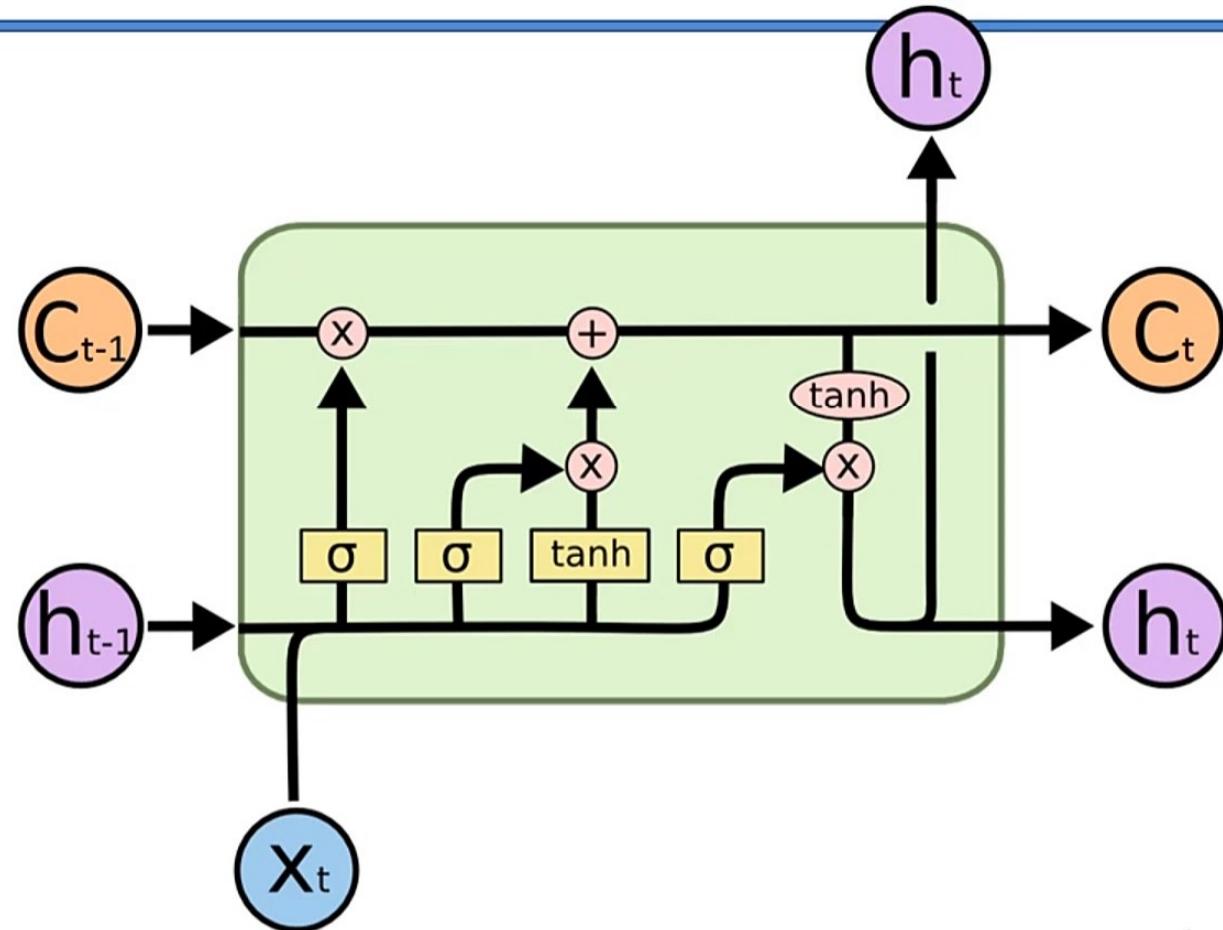


Image Source: colah.github.io

Seq2Seq Architecture

Issues with the Bag-of-words model:

1. Fixed-sized input
2. Doesn't take word order into account
3. Fixed-sized output

Seq2Seq Architecture

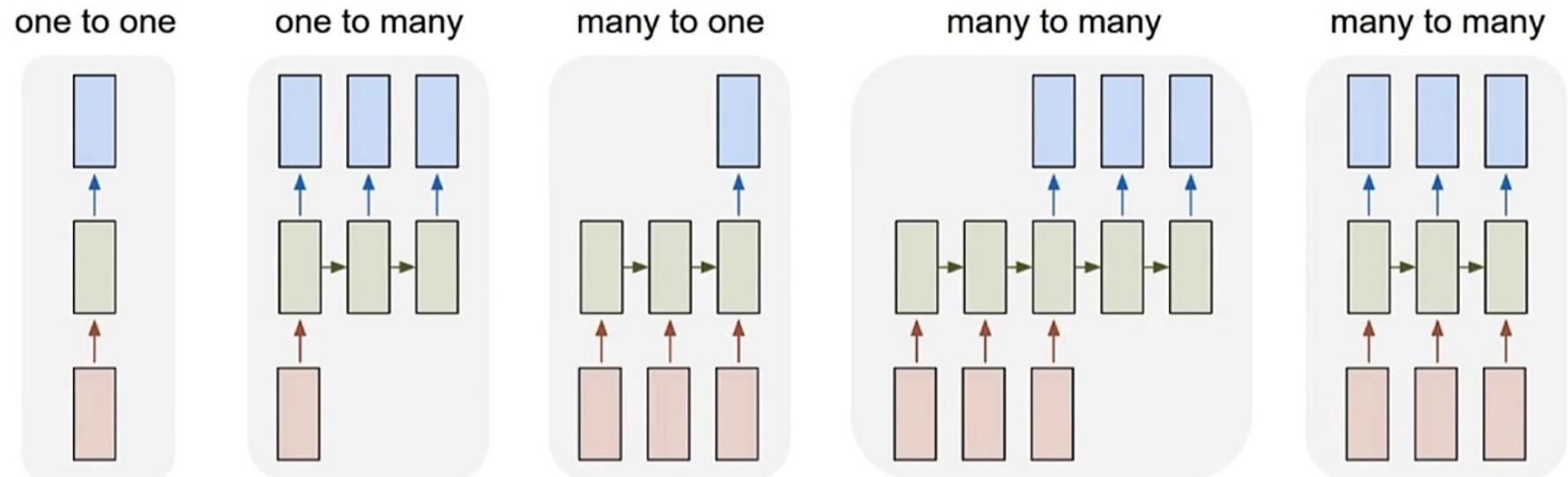


Image Source: karpathy.github.io

Seq2Seq Architecture

Hello Kirill, Checking if you are back to Oz.

[1, 5, 0, 9, 23, 7, 41, 101, 19, 4, 0, 20, 2]
(SOS) (EOS)

Seq2Seq Architecture

Hello Kirill, Checking if you are back to Oz.

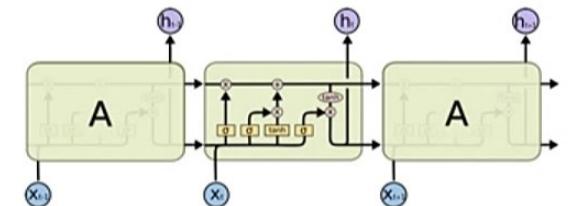
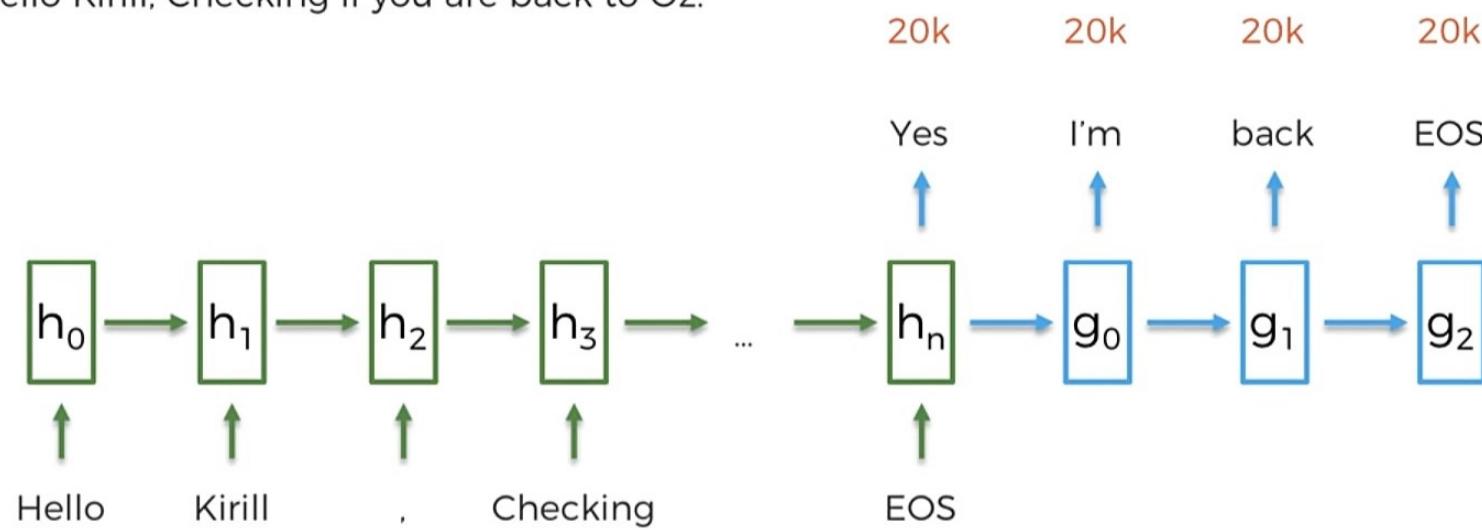
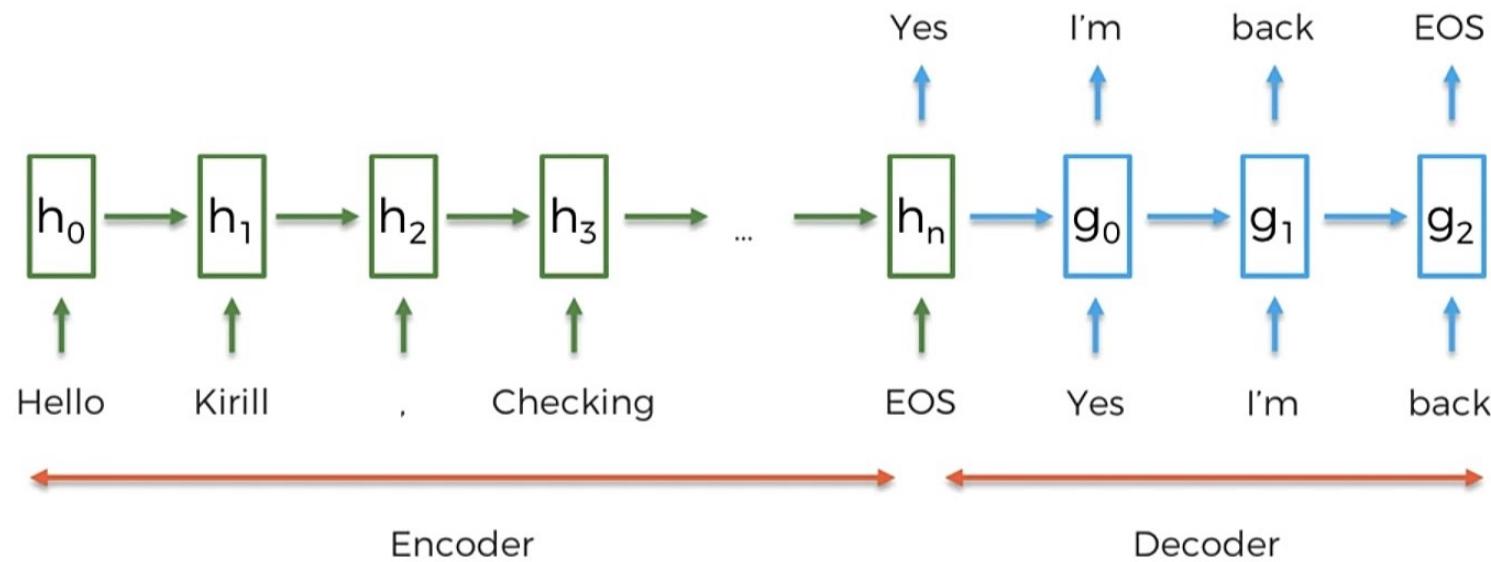


Image Source: colah.github.io

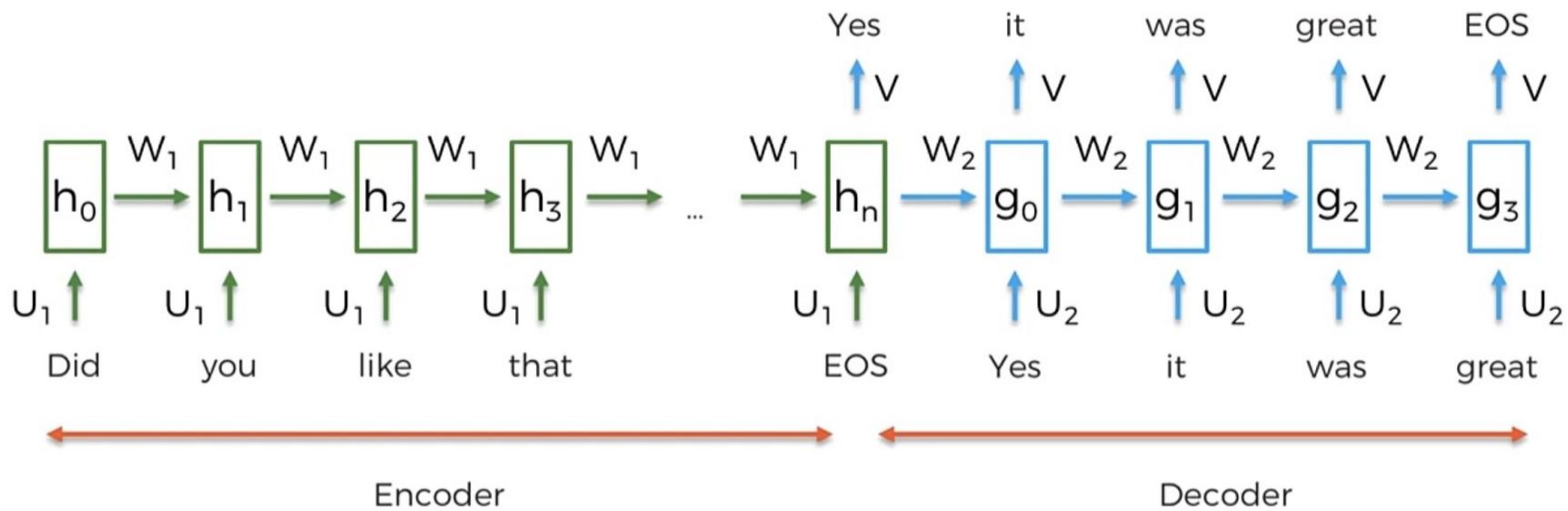
Seq2Seq Architecture

Hello Kirill, Checking if you are back to Oz.



Seq2Seq Training

Did you like that recipe I sent you last week?

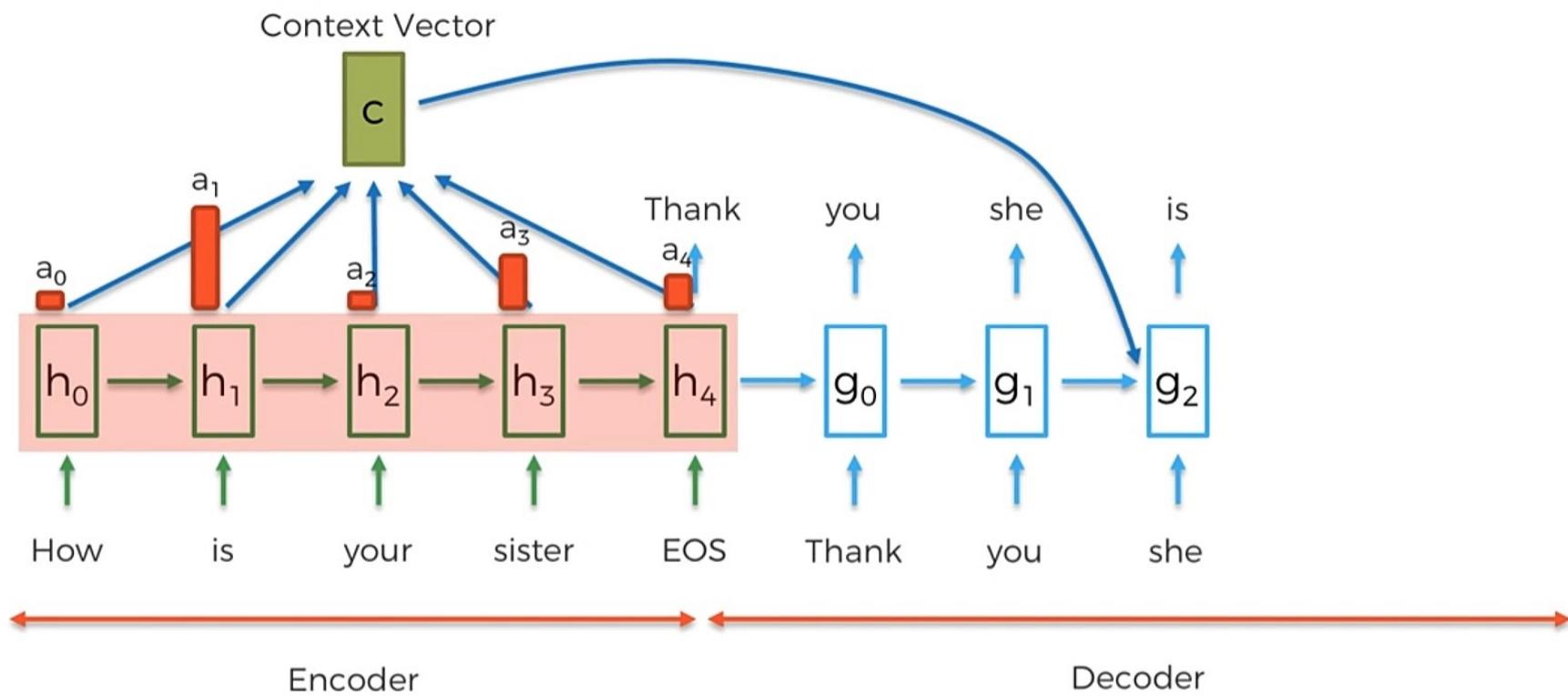


Beam Search Decoding

Beam Search Decoding



Attention Mechanisms



Attention Mechanisms

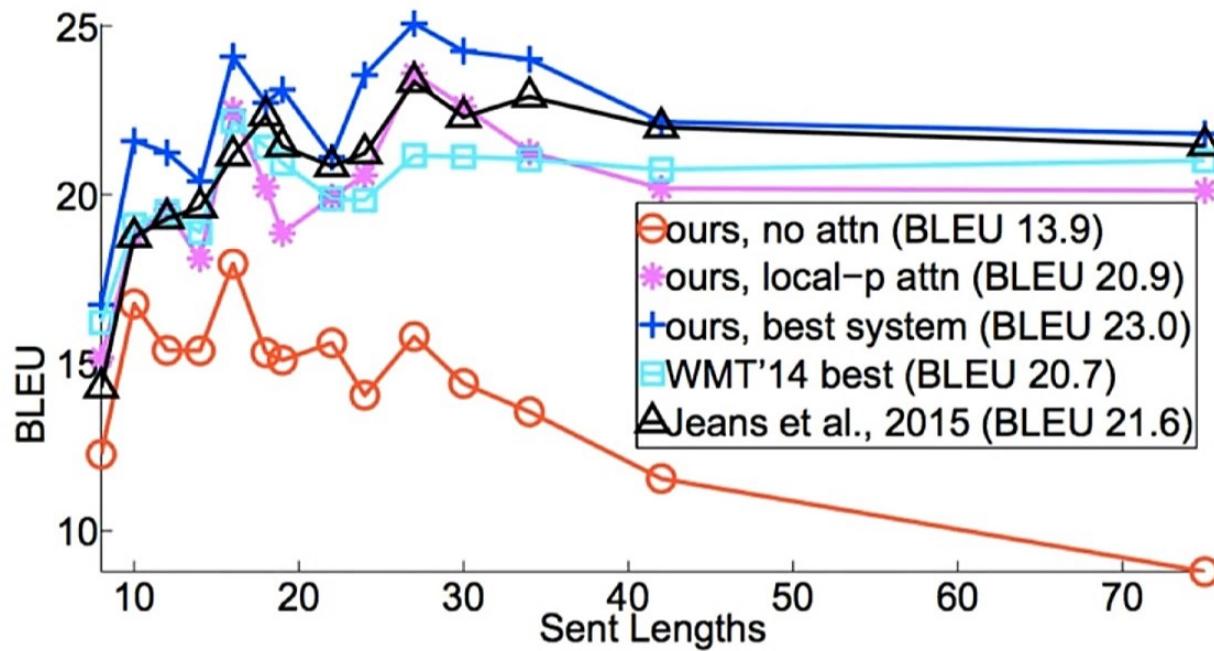


Image Source: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1508.04025.pdf>

Spyder (Python 3.5)

Editor - /Users/Hadelin/Desktop/The Best ChatBot/the_best_chatbot.py

```

28 batch_size = 16
29 vocab_twit = metadata['idx2w']
30 xvocab_size = len(metadata['idx2w'])
31 yvocab_size = xvocab_size
32 emb_dim = 1024
33 idx2w, w2idx, limit = data_utils_2.get_metadata()
34
35
36 ###### PART 2 - BUILDING THE SEQ2SEQ MODEL #####
37
38
39
40 # Building the seq2seq model
41 model = seq2seq_wrapper.Seq2Seq(xseq_len=xseq_len,
42                                 yseq_len=yseq_len,
43                                 xvocab_size=xvocab_size,
44                                 yvocab_size=vyocab_size,
45                                 ckpt_path='./weights',
46                                 emb_dim=emb_dim,
47                                 num_layers=3)
48
49
50
51 ###### PART 3 - TRAINING THE SEQ2SEQ MODEL #####
52
53
54
55 # See the Training in seq2seq_wrapper.py
56
57
58
59 ###### PART 4 - TESTING THE SEQ2SEQ MODEL #####
60
61
62
63
64 # Loading the weights and Running the session
65 sess = model.restore_last_session()
66
67 # Getting the ChatBot predicted answer
68 def respond(question):
69     encoded_question = data_utils_2.encode(question, w2idx, limit['maxq'])
70     answer = model.predict(sess, encoded_question)[0]
71     return data_utils_2.decode(answer, idx2w)
72
73 # Setting up the chat
74 while True :
75     question = input("You: ")
76     answer = respond(question)
77     print ("ChatBot: "+answer)
78

```

File explorer

Name	Size	Kind	Date Modified
__pycache__	-- Folder		23/12/2017 03:19
data_preprocessing.py	5 KB	py File	05/04/2017 08:08
data_utils_1.py	1 KB	py File	05/04/2017 08:08
data_utils_2.py	1 KB	py File	23/12/2017 01:12
idx_a.npy	10,0 MB	npy File	29/12/2016 18:01
idx_r.npy	10,0 MB	npy File	29/12/2016 18:01
metadata.pkl	2,7 MB	pkl File	29/12/2016 18:01
seq2seq_wrapper.py	7 KB	py File	23/12/2017 01:58
the_best_chatbot.py	1 KB	py File	23/12/2017 02:08
weights	-- Folder		23/12/2017 01:49

File explorer Variable explorer Help

Console 1/A

```

...:
...: # Getting the ChatBot predicted answer
...: def respond(question):
...:     encoded_question = data_utils_2.encode(question,
...: w2idx, limit['maxq'])
...:     answer = model.predict(sess, encoded_question)[0]
...:     return data_utils_2.decode(answer, idx2w)
...:
...: # Setting up the chat
...: while True :
...:     question = input("You: ")
...:     answer = respond(question)
...:     print ("ChatBot: "+answer)

#####Start Chatting Below#####
You: hi
ChatBot: hows the weekend

You: great thanks
ChatBot: youre welcome

You: who won the first presidential debate
ChatBot: trump will be a better time for a man

You: hey happy birthday have a nice day
ChatBot: thank you

You: |

```

Permissions: RW End-of-lines: LF Encoding: ASCII Line: 78 Column: 1 Memory: 74 %

Resources

<http://colah.github.io/posts/2015-08-Understanding-LSTMs/>

<https://distill.pub/2016/augmented-rnns/>

https://github.com/REDFOX1899/Learn_Machine_Learning_in_3_Months

Online Courses

Deep Learning and **NLP A-Z™** by Super Data Science

Andrew Ng Stanford Machine Learning

Machine Learning, Udemy (by Kirill Eremenko, Hadelin de Ponteves,

Deep Learning, Udemy (by Kirill Eremenko, Hadelin de Ponteves)

Thank You