

Lab #3

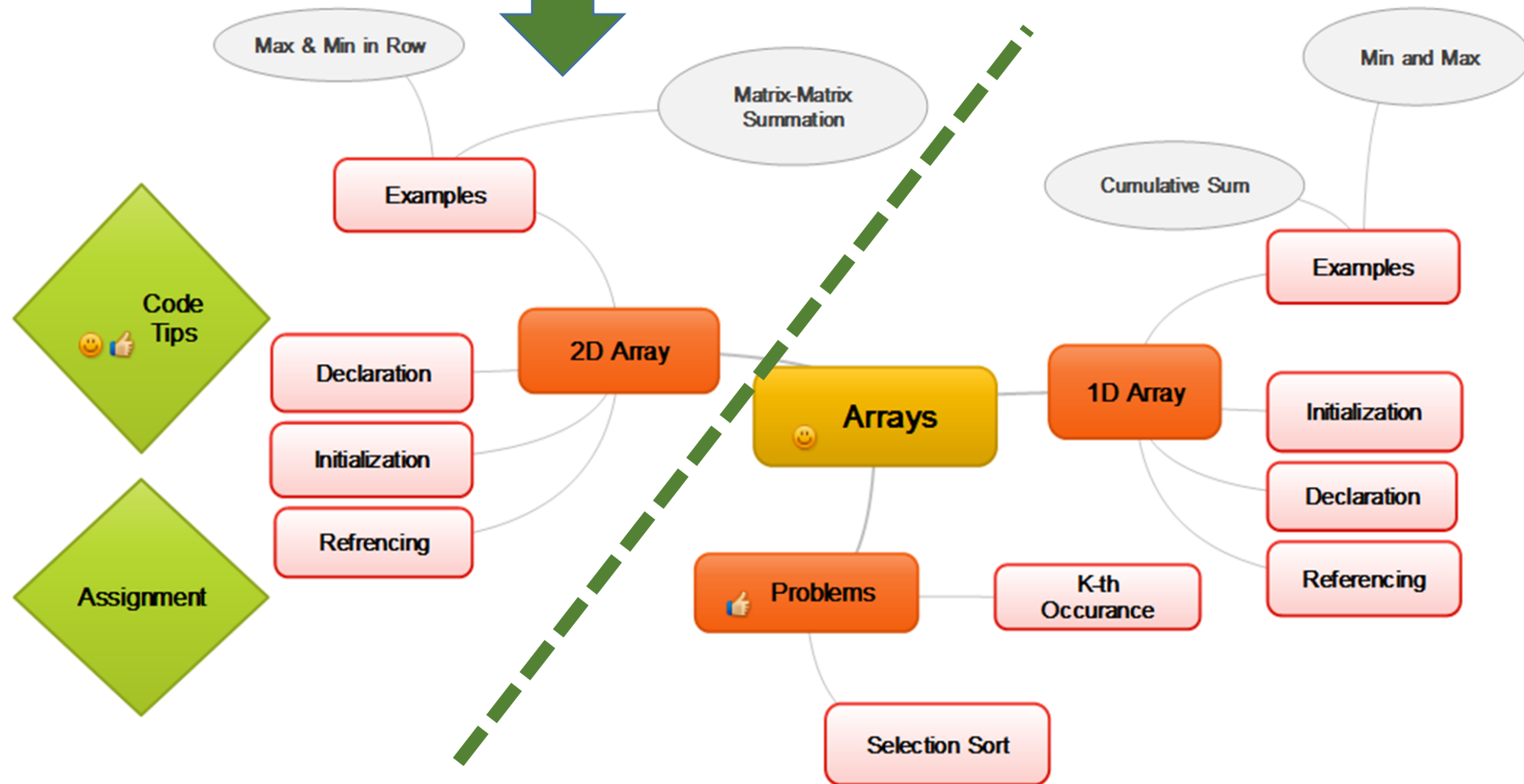
2D Arrays

Structured Programming 2017/2018

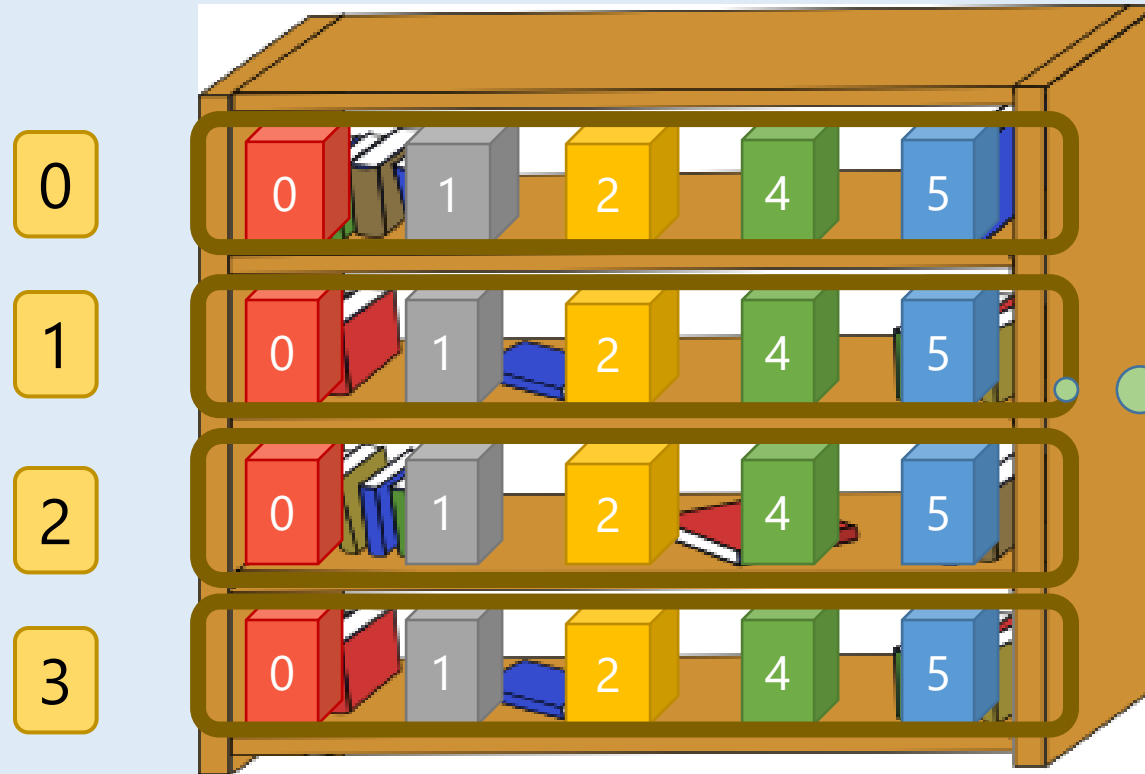


Today's Lab

Today!



2D Arrays



Array of
Array!

Declaration & Initialization

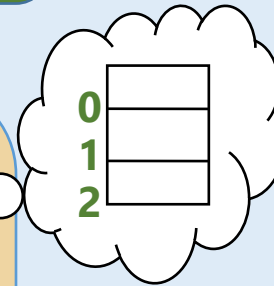
One Element

```
//declaration  
int element;  
  
//declaration &  
initialization  
int element = 10;
```

Array of elements

```
//declaration  
int elements[3];  
  
//declaration &  
initialization  
int elements[3] =  
    {1,2,3};
```

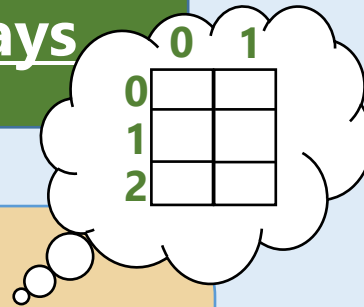
```
int elements[] =  
    {1,2,3};
```



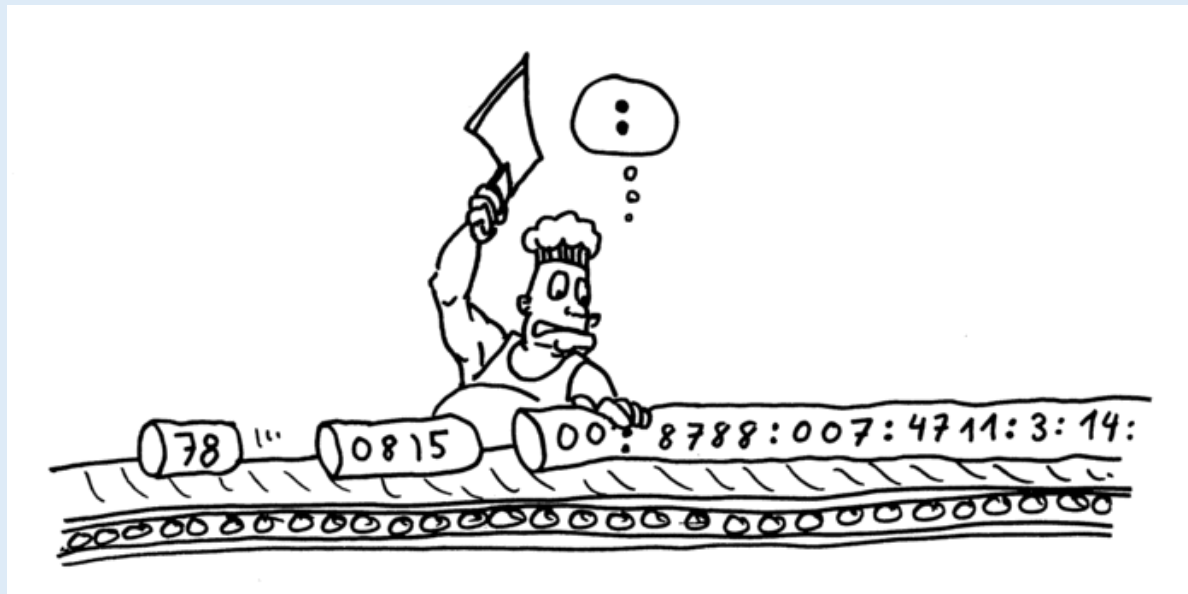
Array of Arrays

```
//declaration  
int elements[3][2];  
  
//declaration &  
initialization  
int elements[3][2] =  
    {{1,2},{3},{4,5}};
```

```
int elements[][2] =  
    {{1,2,3},{},{4}};
```



Exercises!



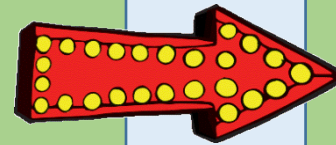
1. Read and Display 2D array

Write a program that asks the user to enter **2×3** matrix and outputs it again in an **2×3** matrix form.

Sample Execution:

Enter Matrix elements:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |



The output of Matrix
in an 2x3 format:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
{

    //1. declare matrix
    int arr[2][3];

    //2. read arr elements
    cout<< "Enter Matrix elements: \n";
    for(int i = 0 ; i < 2 ; i++)
    {
        for(int j = 0 ; j < 3 ; j++)
        {
            cin>> arr[i][j];
        }
    }
}
```

```
//3. The output of Matrix in an 2x3 format
cout<<"The output of Matrix in an 2x3 format: \n";

for(int i = 0 ; i < 2 ; i++)
{
    for(int j = 0 ; j < 3 ; j++)
    {
        cout<<arr[i][j]<<" ";
    }
    cout<<endl;
} // This bracket is the end of main()
```


Ready... Steady... Code!

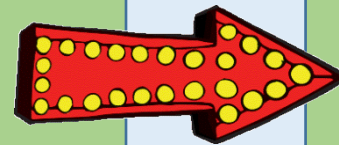


1. Matrix Operations - Summation

Write a program that asks the user to enter **two $n \times m$** matrices and outputs their **sum** in an **$n \times m$** matrix form.

Sample Execution:

```
Enter rows and then columns: 2    3
Enter Matrix 1 elements:
1      2      3
4      5      6
Enter Matrix 2 elements:
5      8      2
7      3      1
```



```
The sum of Matrix 1
and Matrix 2 is:
6      10     5
11     8      7
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
{

    //1. declare matrices
    int matA[10][10], matB[10][10], matC[10][10];
    int row, col;

    //2. read dimensions
    cout << "Please enter row then col: " << endl;
    cin >> row >> col;
```

```
//3. read matA matB
```

```
cout<< "Enter Matrix 1 elements: \n";
```

```
for(int i = 0 ; i < row ; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    for(int j = 0 ; j < col ; j++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        cin>> matA[i][j];
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
cout<< "Enter Matrix 2 elements: \n";
```

```
for(int i = 0 ; i < row ; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    for(int j = 0 ; j < col ; j++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        cin>> matB[i][j];
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
cout<<"The Sum of matrix 1 and matrix 2 is: \n";
```

```
//4. calculate sum of mat A and B the put the res in  
mat c
```

```
for(int i = 0 ; i < row ; i++)  
{
```

```
    for(int j = 0 ; j < col ; j++)  
    {
```

```
        matC[i][j] = matA[i][j] + matB[i][j];  
        cout<<matC[i][j]<<" ";
```

```
    }
```

```
    cout<<endl;
```

```
}
```

```
} // This bracket is the end of main()
```

2. Get The Diagonal

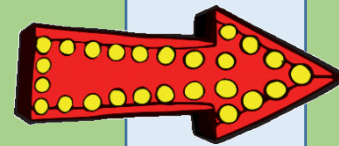
Write a program that asks the user to enter **$n \times n$** matrix and outputs its **diagonal**.

Sample Execution:

Enter rows and columns: 3

Enter Matrix elements:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 |



The Matrix diagonal
is:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 5 | 9 |
|---|---|---|

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void main()
{
    //1. declare matrix
    int arr[10][10];
    int n;

    //2. read n
    cout << "Please enter n :" << endl;
    cin >> n;
    //3. read n x n matrix
    cout << "Enter n x n Matrix elements:" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            cin >> arr[i][j];
    }
}
```

```
//4. display the diagonal
cout << "The Matrix diagonal is:" << endl;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    cout << arr[i][i] << '\t';

}
cout << endl;

system("pause");
}
```


3. Get The Sum

Write a program that asks the user to enter **$n \times n$** matrix (that contains students grades, each row contains grades of certain student) and outputs the Sum of each row.

Sample Execution:

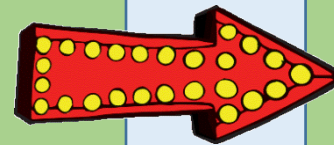
```
Enter rows and columns: 3
```

```
Enter Matrix elements:
```

```
10    2    3
```

```
4     50   6
```

```
70    8    9
```



```
The sum of each row  
is:
```

```
#row1 :- 15
```

```
#row2 :- 60
```

```
#row3 :- 87
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void main()
{
    //1. declare matrix
    int arr[10][10];
    int n;

    //2. read n
    cout << "Please enter n :" << endl;
    cin >> n;
    //3. read n x n matrix
    cout << "Enter n x n Matrix elements:" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            cin >> arr[i][j];
    }
}
```

```
//4. display the diagonal
```

```
cout << "The sum foreach row :" << endl;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
{
```

```
    int sum = 0;
```

```
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        sum += arr[i][j] ;
```

```
    }
```

```
    cout << "#row " << i << " " << sum << endl;
```

```
}
```

```
cout << endl;
```

```
system("pause");
```

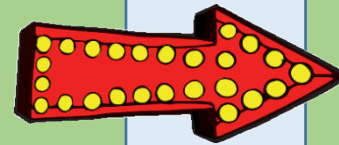
```
}
```

4. Get The Maximum

Write a program that asks the user to enter **$n \times n$** matrix and outputs the maximum in each row.

Sample Execution:

```
Enter rows and columns: 3
Enter Matrix elements:
10      2      3
4       50     6
70      8      9
```



```
The maximum in each
row is:
#row1 :- 10
#row2 :- 50
#row3 :- 70
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void main()
{
    //1. declare matrix
    int arr[10][10];
    int n;

    //2. read n
    cout << "Please enter n :" << endl;
    cin >> n;
    //3. read n x n matrix
    cout << "Enter n x n Matrix elements:" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            cin >> arr[i][j];
    }
}
```

```
//4. display the diagonal
```

```
cout << "The Maximum in each row :" << endl;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
{
```

```
    int max = arr[i][0];
```

```
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if (arr[i][j] > max)
```

```
        {
```

```
            max = arr[i][j];
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    cout << "#row " << i << " max is " << max << endl;
```

```
}
```

```
cout << endl;
```

```
system("pause");
```

```
}
```

Home Exercise

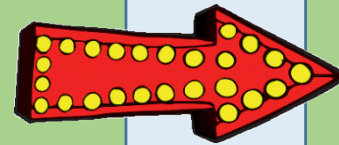


4.Matrix Transpose

Write a program that asks the user to enter **$n \times m$** matrix and outputs the Transposed Matrix.

Sample Execution:

```
Enter rows and then columns: 3    2
Enter Matrix elements:
1  2
3  4
5  6
```



```
The Transposed
Matrix:
1  3  5
2  4  6
```


4.Matrix Multiplication

Write a program that asks the user to enter two matrices **$n \times m$** and **$m \times n$** matrix and outputs their multiplication.

4.Matrix Multiplication (Cont.)

Sample Execution:

Enter rows and columns of firs matrix: 2 3

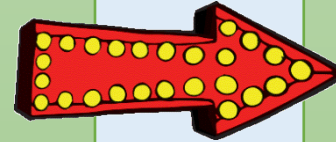
Enter the elements of first matrix:

| | | |
|---|----|---|
| 3 | -2 | 5 |
| 3 | 0 | 4 |

Enter rows and columns of second matrix: 3 2

Enter the elements of second matrix:

| | |
|----|---|
| 2 | 3 |
| -9 | 0 |
| 0 | 4 |



The output Matrix:

| | |
|----|----|
| 24 | 29 |
| 6 | 25 |

Thank you!

