



July 26, 2022

Wildfire Risk Due to Climate Change

CS-442-BSCS

USAMA-RAHEEM-002 

19-A-19011519-002

University of Gujrat- Hafiz Hayat Campus-Gujrat

Project-Idea-Name-Assignment-3

Data Science

BS Computer Science, University of Gujrat.

Due Date: 27 July 2022

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Roll No: 19011519-002

Topic Title: DS Project

1. Project Name

“Wildfire Risk Due to Climate Change”

2. Description

Wildfires are some of the most dangerous effects humanity is facing right now due to climate change. Every year, there are hundreds and thousands of wildfires reported across the world, causing huge economical losses. Resulting in an overall economic imbalance in world markets and trading.

3. Objectives

- My project aim is to provide insights on wildfires, their causes, and their behaviors.
- Aim is to provide useful recommendations to increase public safety and minimize the economic damage from potential future wildfires
- I will analyze the geographical information on where and when the wildfires occurred which could provide useful information to identify high-risk areas that are vulnerable to wildfires.
- My project findings will help make better strategies on where firefighters' departments are located and how to respond on time.
- I will find/predict the causes and risks of wildfires that can help plan preventive measures in future
- Increasing public understanding of wildfires can help prevent future losses and save billions of dollars

4. Problem

- Wildfires are costly, and firefighting is also costly. There are approx.. 75000+ wildfires per annum in the US on average
- 400 billion of total economic loss in 2018 from wildfires in California.
- 16.5 billion is lost from the costliest wildfires in 2018.

- Most Wildfires in the US are caused by humans.
- Most Destructive Wildfires are caused by Nature.

5. Solution

- Interactive maps to visualize the historical fire data.
- There should be Statistical Analysis to reveal frequencies, trends, and correlations
- I will apply some Machine learning models to predict the causes and risks for wildfires.

6. Dataset

The data set is from USDA forest services 1992-2015

7. Techniques

- Data Collection and Data Cleaning: by using NOAA API, wildfire dataset from US forecast service.
- EDA and Data visualization: using SciPy, SKlearn, Matplotlib, Plotly, folium, Seaborn
- Machine Learning Models: Random Forest, creating Gaussian Classifier.

8. Is your Problem/Project Multi Class or Binary Class

- My problem which is to analyze and predict the cause factor of occurring major wildfires, after the observation, my problem is Binary class, because I classify my problem into 0 or 1 as a resultant factor so far so good

```
In [74]: ca_wf_missing['natural_cause_predict'].value_counts(normalize = True)
```

```
Out[74]: 0    0.968404
         1    0.031596
         Name: natural_cause_predict, dtype: float64
```

Based on the above result, we can see among all the wildfires that have missing or unidentified reasons, 3% maybe caused by natural reasons, and 97% were probably caused by human-related reasons.

9. What Features are involved in your Dataset

How many times fire erupts due to which cause?

```
In [13]: wf_cause_num = wildfire.stat_cause_descr.value_counts()
         wf_cause_num
```

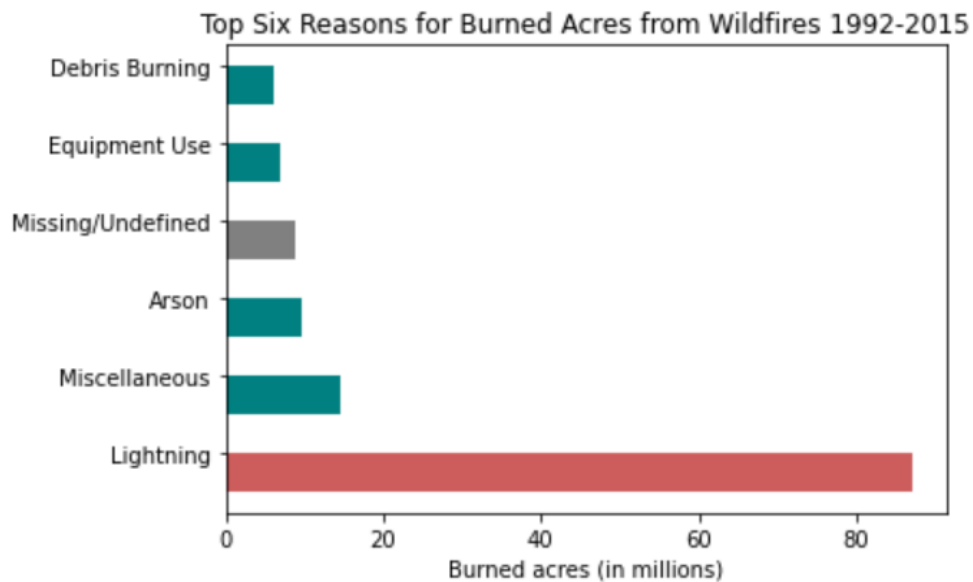
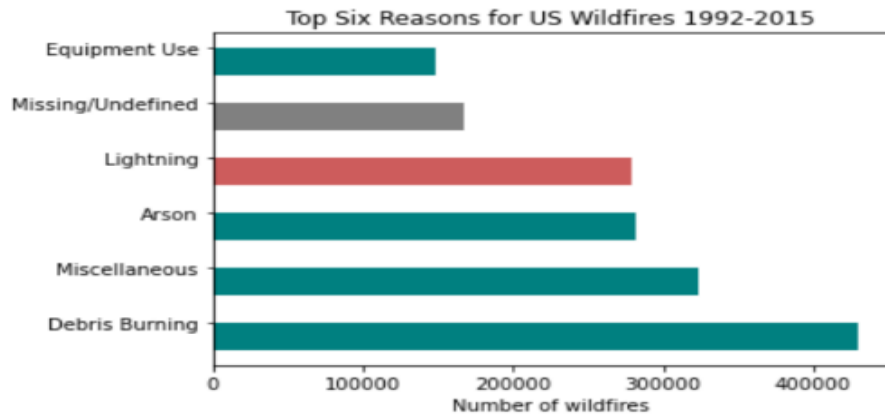
```
Out[13]: Debris Burning      429028
         Miscellaneous      323805
         Arson              281455
         Lightning          278468
         Missing/Undefined   166723
         Equipment Use      147612
         Campfire           76139
         Children           61167
         Smoking            52869
         Railroad           33455
         Powerline          14448
         Fireworks          11500
         Structure          3796
         Name: stat_cause_descr, dtype: int64
```

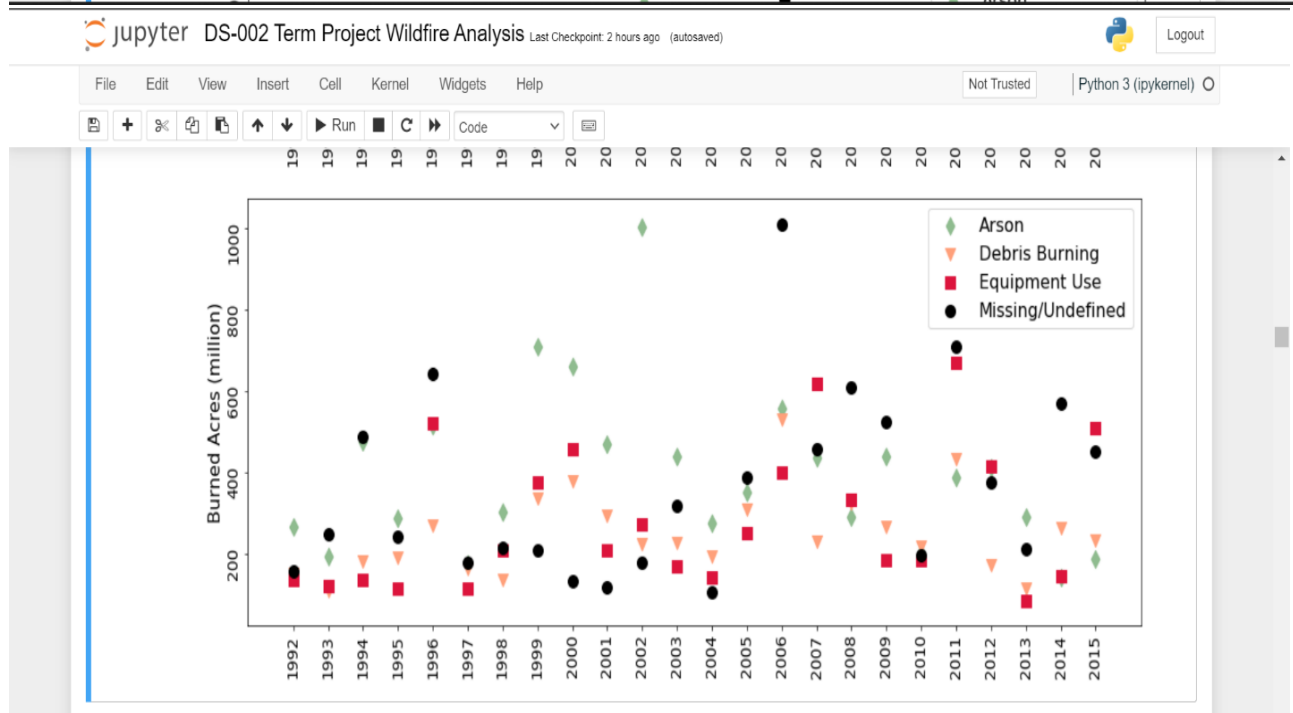
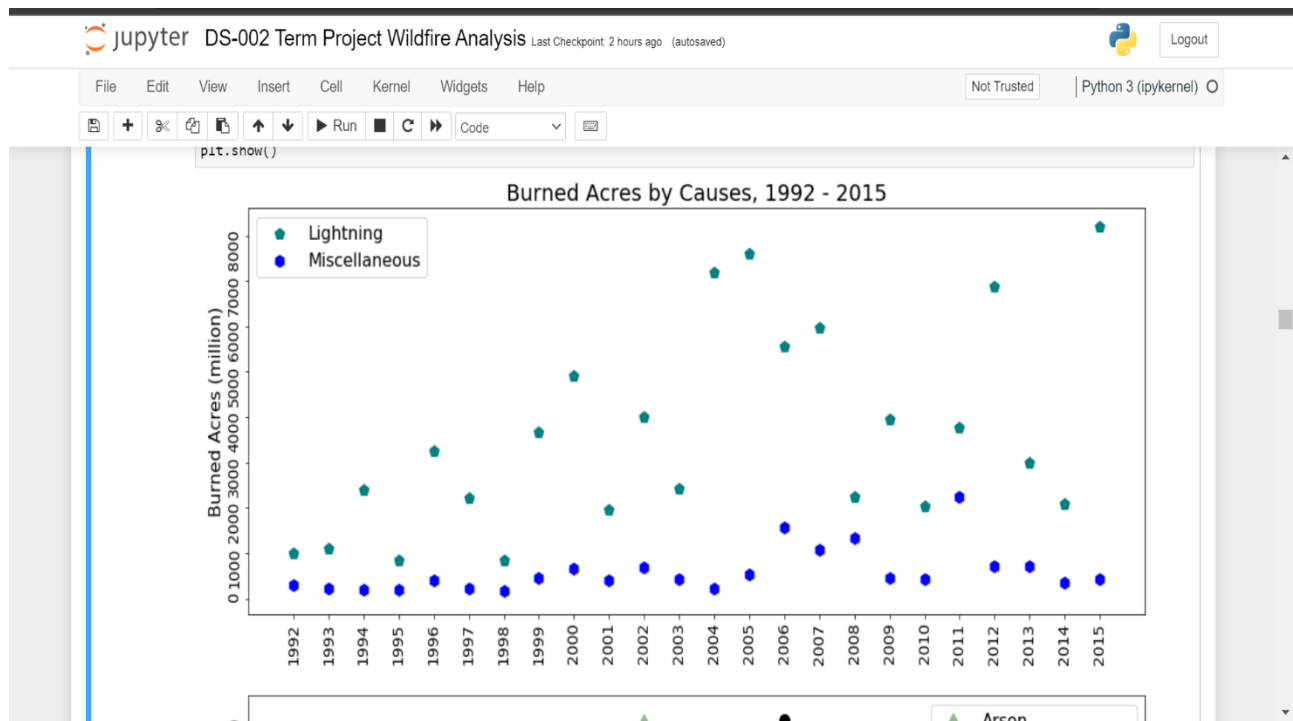
What are the most important features in my DataSet

```
In [72]: # Get numerical feature importances
importances = list(clf.feature_importances_)
# List of tuples with variable and importance
feature_importances = [(feature, round(importance, 2)) for feature, importance in zip(ca_wf_md1_list, importances)]
# Sort the feature importances by most important first
feature_importances = sorted(feature_importances, key = lambda x: x[1], reverse = True)
feature_importances

Out[72]: [('discovery_doy', 0.26),
          ('latitude', 0.25),
          ('longitude', 0.24),
          ('burning_days', 0.15),
          ('TAVG', 0.1)]
```

From above, we can see that the most important variables for predicting the causes of wildfire is longitude, discovery date, and latitude.





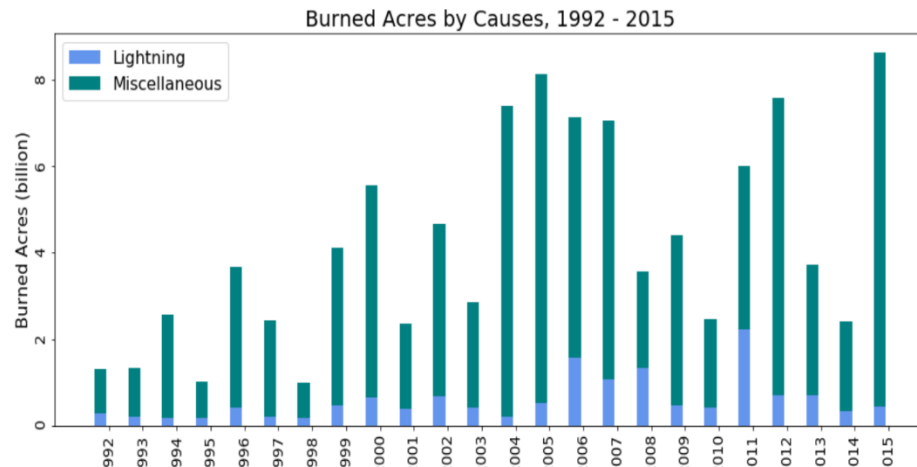
File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help

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Python 3 (ipykernel)

Run Code

```
ax2.set_xticks(tick_positions)
ax2.set_xticklabels(y)
ax2.tick_params(labelsize=14,rotation = 90)
plt.show()
```

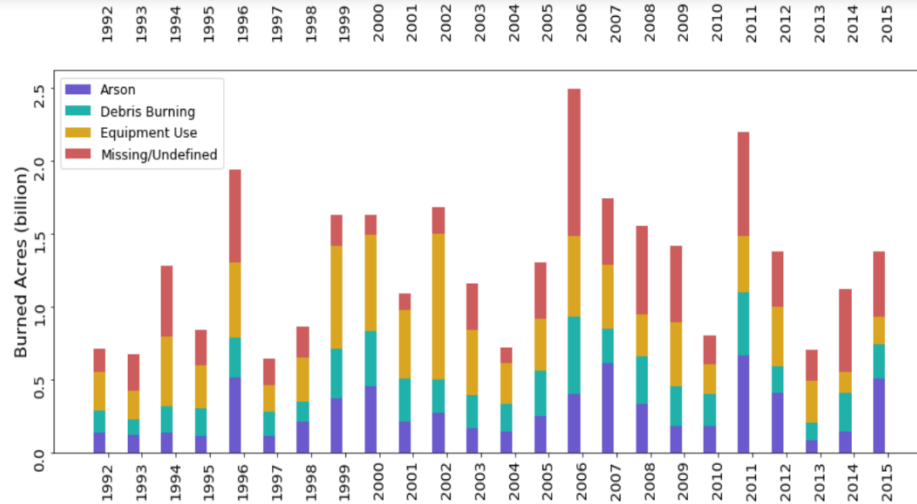


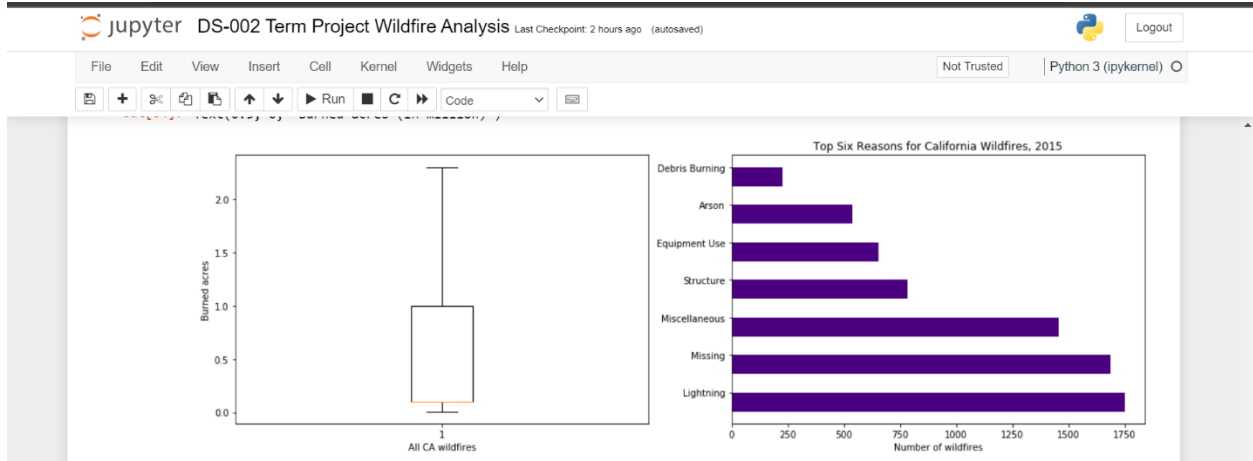
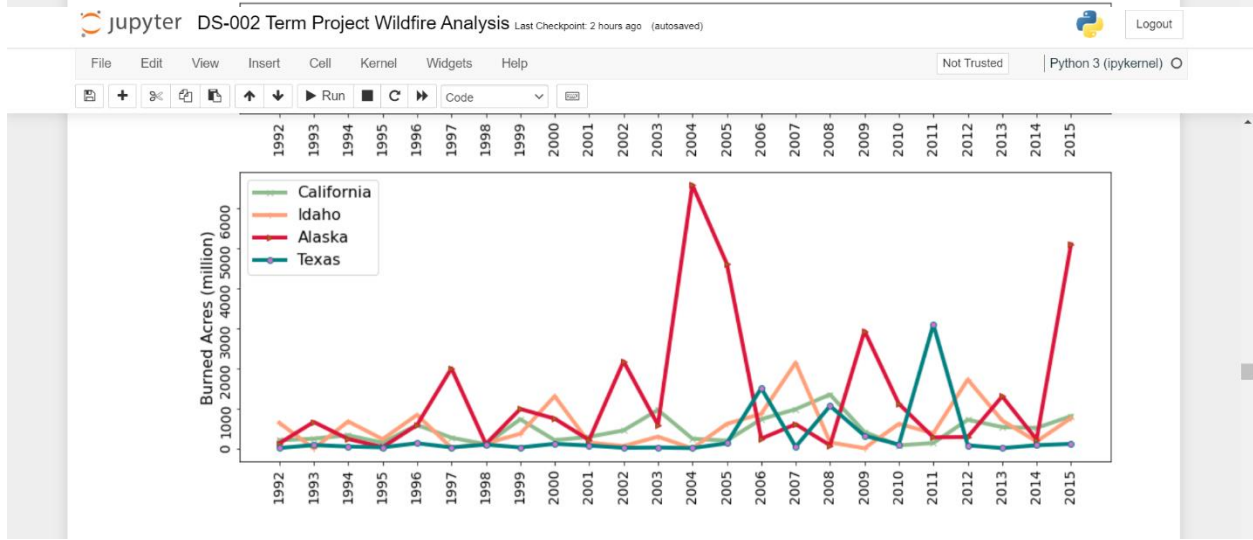
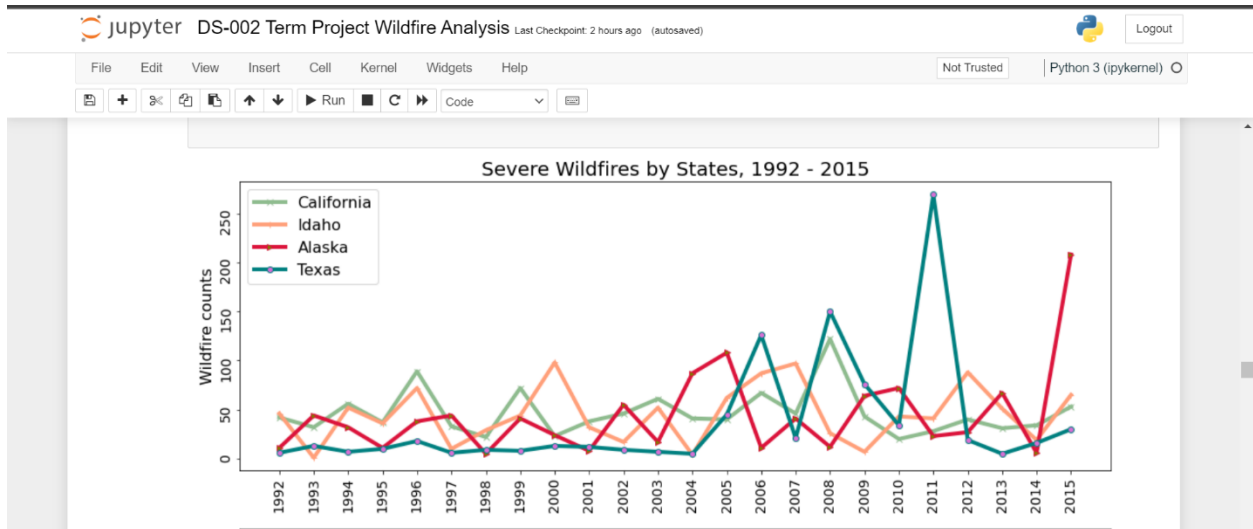
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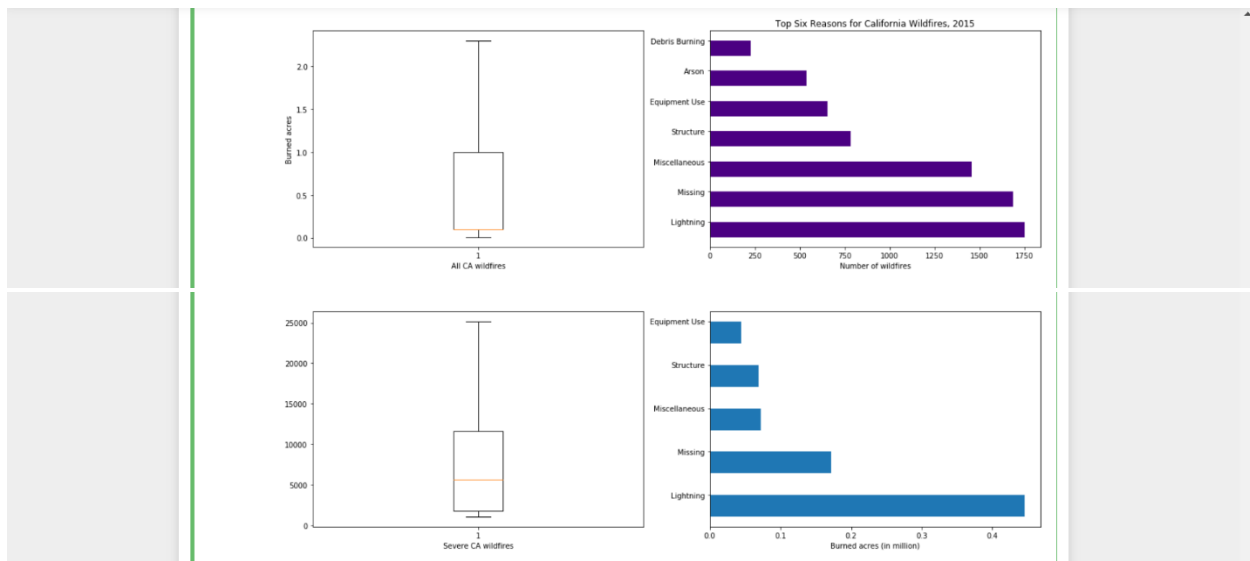
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Python 3 (ipykernel)

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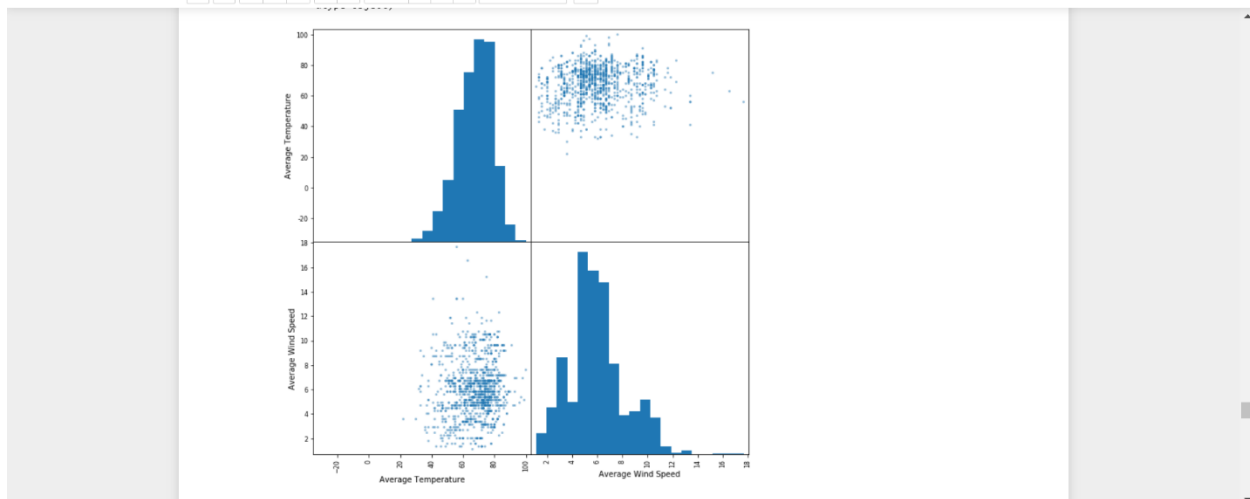


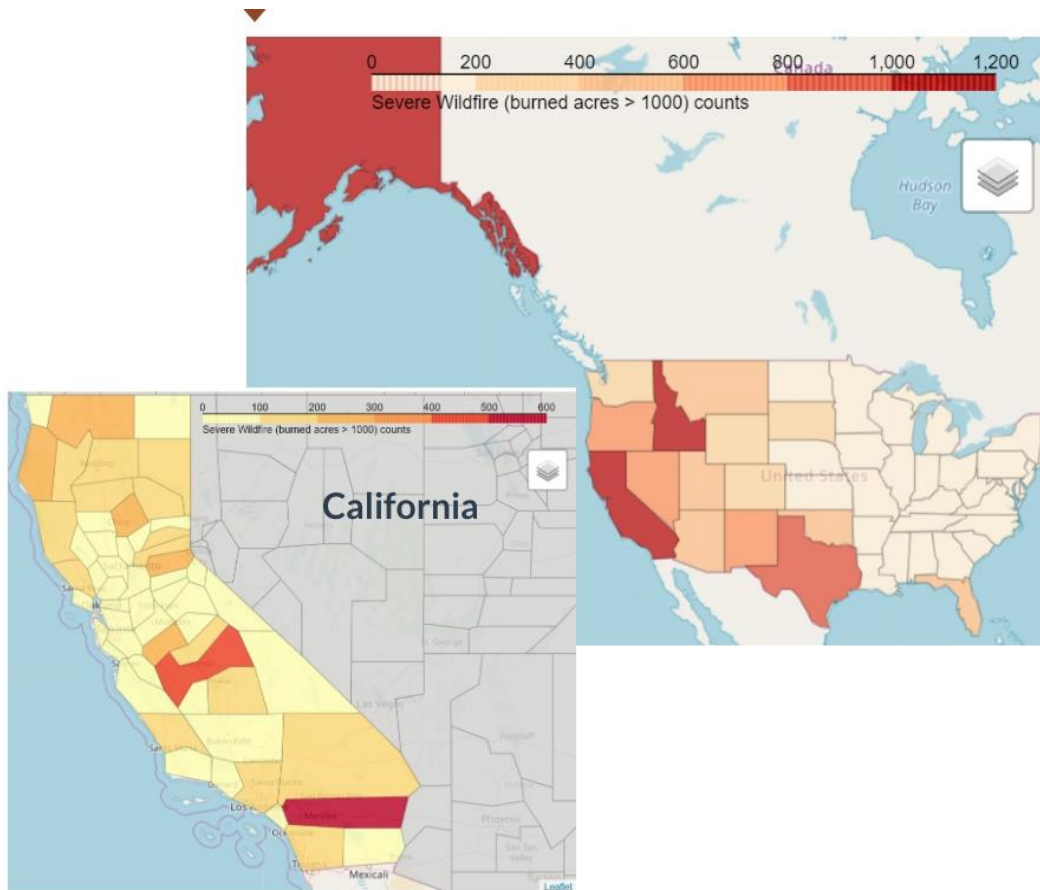
Jupyter DS-002 Term Project Wildfire Analysis Last Checkpoint: 2 hours ago (autosaved)

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Run Code





- These highlighted areas that are shown Wildfire severity across Californian Counties using color.