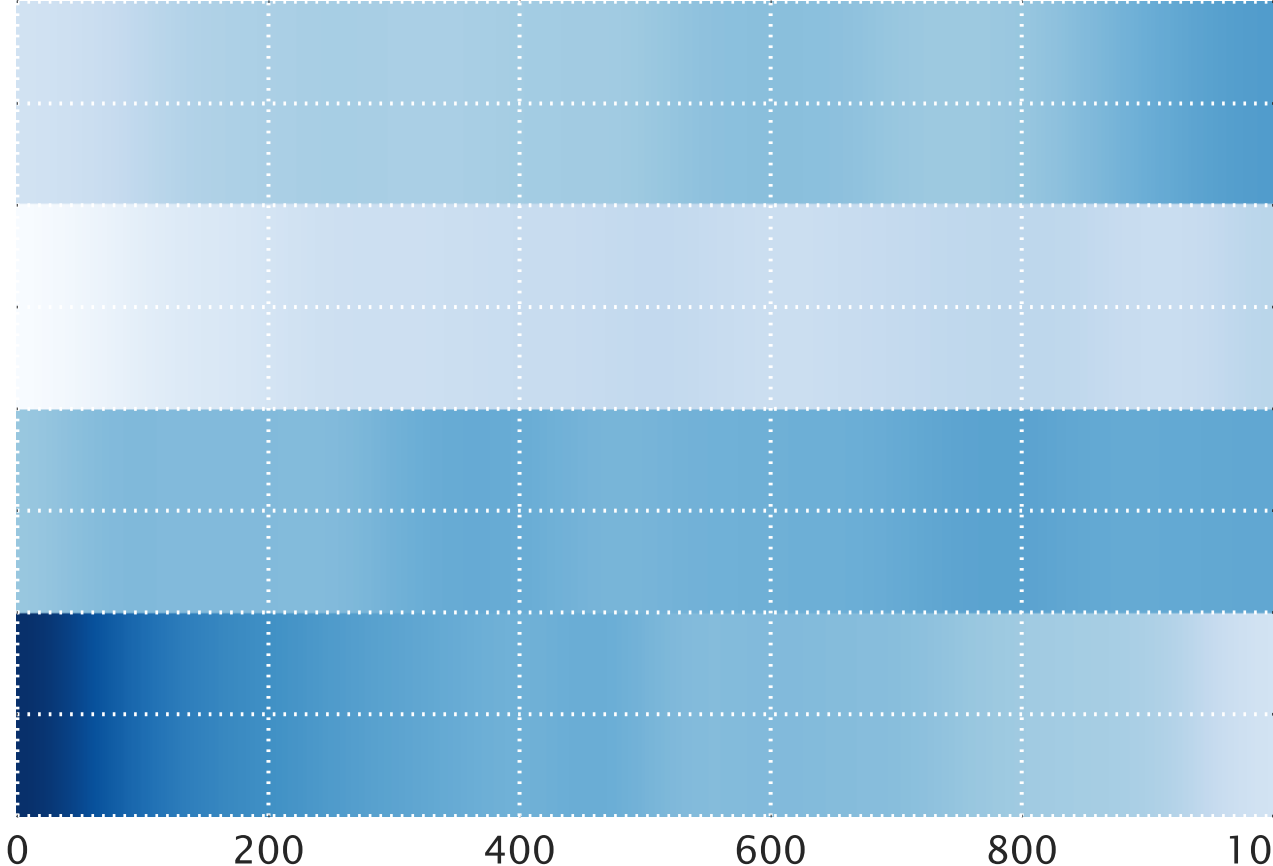


A heatmap showing the distribution of the 'number' variable across 'age' and 'sex' categories. The x-axis represents 'age' with values 0, 200, 400, 600, 800, and 1000. The y-axis represents 'sex' with categories 'male' and 'female'. The color scale ranges from dark blue (low values) to light blue (high values). The heatmap shows that the 'number' variable is generally higher for 'male' than for 'female' across all age groups. The highest values are concentrated in the 'male' group for ages between 200 and 600.



A heatmap showing the distribution of the 'number' variable across 'age' and 'sex' categories. The x-axis represents 'age' with values 0, 200, 400, 600, 800, and 1000. The y-axis represents 'sex' with categories 'male' and 'female'. The color scale ranges from dark blue (low values) to light blue (high values). The heatmap shows that the 'number' variable is generally higher for 'male' than for 'female' across all age groups. The highest values are concentrated in the 'male' group for ages between 200 and 600.