# Assignment 37

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## 1. Identify all relevant **Actors**.

Nr.1 Client

Nr.2 Server

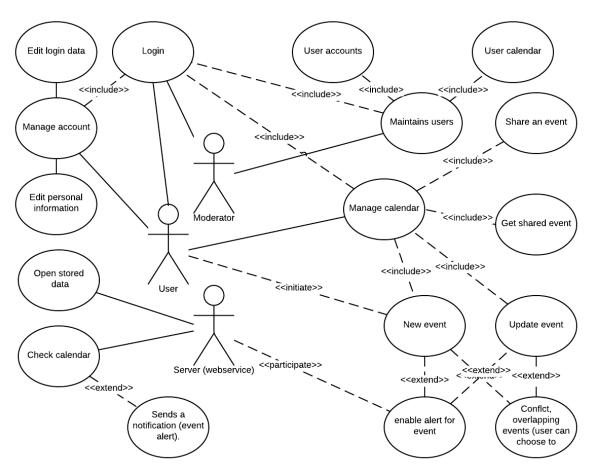
Nr.3 Moderater

## 2. Identify and describe 2 non-trivial Scenarios.

Scenario name	Entry sharing
Praticipating actor	Claus, Jan: Client
instances	
Flow of events	1)Claus' birthday is coming up, so he needs to invite any participants
	who would like to come. therefore he makes an event in the CALENDAR.
	2) When Claus have openet CALENDAR, he use the Ädd a eventfunction. which
	to open a new window for spisifikations of the event.
	3) Then he enters the date, pladse and a shot diskription of the event.
	Claus also choses a color for the event. a time he like to be alermet
	of the event and then he confirms his input.
	4) The CALENDAR closes the spisifikation window and shows Claus calender with
	hes new event. Claus then use the SSharefunction and gets a digital code
	he copyes and pasts it on hes Facebook wall.
	5) The friend Jan notices this digital code and wishes to take part in Claus'
	birthday. He therefore uses the digital code to get to a window, where he can
	chose to accept, which ther vill put the event in his calendar in CALENDAR.
	6) Jan and Claus can new see the event in ther calendar, with date, place,
	deskription and how many praticipan ther have accepted the event.

Scenario name	Upcomming event notification
Praticipating actor	Claus: Client
instances	server: Server
Flow of events	1)A week ago Claus inserted an event to his CALENDAR where he added
	a ëvent alertto notifi him 2 hours before the event.
	2) The server react to the ëvent alertat the spisefid time, by sending
	a message to the Client Claus with the ditails for the upcomming event.
	3) Claus now gets an message notification from his smartphone
	which he then uses to read the message.
	4)The messagel tells him of the upcomming event and show him hes calender
	for today.

3. Identify all relevant **Use Cases** and draw the "sticky man" UML diagram.



4. Select 3  $\operatorname{\mathbf{non-trivial}}$  Use Cases and document them using the use case table

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Use case name:	Edit personal information
Participating actors:	User
Flow of events:	1.User chooses to manage his account.
	2. User chooses to edit his/hers personal information.
Entry condition:	User is logged into the system.
Exit condition:	The user updates his personal information.

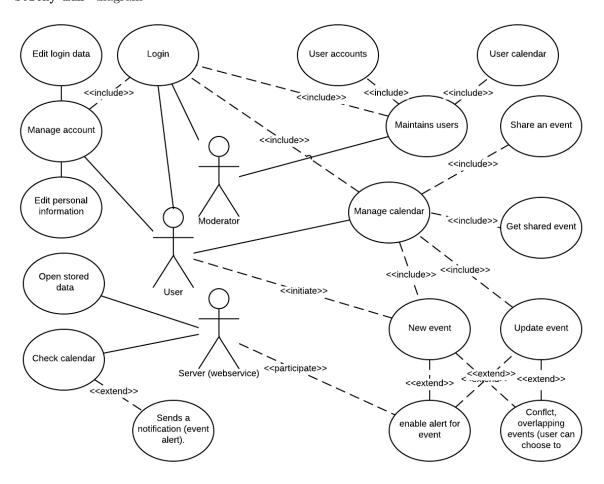
## 4.2

Use case name:	Enable alert
Participating actors:	User, Server
Flow of events:	1.User chooses to manage his calendar (login include has been profiled
	2.by entry condition). User chooses to add a new event.
	3. User chooses to enable an alert for his event (explained by the «extend»
	which tells us its an extension of the base case. You have to do the base case,
	but you may do the extension).
	4. The user chooses to enable the notification alert (due to the server participating
	in this, the server will act as an observer to your choice of enabling the event).
	5. You enable the alert and the server will know the result.
Entry condition:	User is logged into the system.
Exit condition:	The user chooses to enable/disable the alert.

## 4.3

Use case name:	Send event alert
Participating actors:	Server
Flow of events:	1. Server checks the events for all users.
	2.On the condition that it finds an upcoming event, we will end up sending
	a notification to the user about it (using «extend», we say
	that we arrive there as a condition is met,
	in this case, an event is an upcoming event).
Entry condition:	A timed loop chooses to have the server perform this task regularly.
Exit condition:	Event alerts have been sent for all upcoming events.

5. Identify **Relationships** between Actors and Use Cases and finalize the "sticky man" diagram



#### 6. Identify Initial Analysis Objects and document them in a table

#### Participating objects for the enable alert use case.

**Server (web service):** Web service running on a server which regularly checks up on all events and notifies users in case of an upcoming event. It is up to the user if he wants to have a notification sent, so the server will participate in the user events and choice of enabling the notification alert.

**User** the user can create events in his calendar. As such he is the initiator of event creation and other users may participate in those events.

Additionally a new possible event alert may be initiated which a server will participate in.

#### 7. Identify Non-functional Requirements and document them i a table

#### Non-functional Requirements

**Usability:** Users must be able to view (not edit) a shared event without having an account and without logging in. The user interface should be kept simple thus fancy features should be kept at a minimum. The only exception to the latter is if more features are kept isolated from the simple interface, meaning that there may be a page dedicated for advanced features.

**Reliability:** The system may not make changes to the database in a way where a failure could corrupt the database. For instance, a script may not make multiple statements that depend on each other and send them to the server individually, only collectively.

**Performance:** The asymptotic running time of the program must not increase propositionally by the number of events.

**Supportability:** The system must be designed in a way, so that new notifications types besides upcoming events notification can be implemented without the need to alter the implementation of the upcoming event notification.

Implementation: The implementation must work on

at least one of the following main platform: Windows or Mac OS.

**Operation:** moderator maintains the users, but should be kept from seeing as much personal information from users as possible unless specifically requested by the moderator.

Legal: As in accordance to the Danish law 264,

it is not legal to forward messages or pictures concerning another person private circumstances or pictures without permission from the person in question.

This also means that the calendar system must not publicize/distribute the user events or personal information (to the front page of the website etc.) without the user personal permission.