## **Challenge:**

We've recovered this disk image but it seems to be damaged. Can you recover any useful information from it? File: tamu2020-recovered\_disk.img

For this challenge, we are given a .img file. We have to extract the flag from this.

As a part of my preliminary checks for Forensic challenges, I do the below

- 1. Use the *strings* command to see if the flag is present as plaintext in the file.
- 2. Use *Binwalk* to check for embedded files.

Applying those, we get to know that

- 1. There is a file called *flag.png* in it.
- 2. There are 2 png images embedded( indices 92848 and 486064).

```
/Downloads/tamuctf# strings recdisk.img | grep flag
            i:~/Downloads/tamuctf# binwalk recdisk.img
DECIMAL
                      HEXADECIMAL
                                                DESCRIPTION
76464
                      0x12AB0
                                                PDF document, version: "1.4"
                                               Zlib compressed data, default compression
Zlib compressed data, default compression
Zlib compressed data, default compression
76535
                      0x12AF7
76774
                      0x12BF6
87882
                      0x1574A
                                               PNG image, 329 x 17, 8-bit grayscale, non-interlaced Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: _rels/.rels Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: word/settings.xml
92848
                      0x16AB0
                      0x42AB0
273346
                      0x42BC2
                                               Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: word/_rels/document.xml.rels Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: word/fontTable.xml
273595
                      0x42CBB
273971
                      0x42E33
274385
                                                                                  least v2.0 to extract, name: word/numbering.xml
                      0x42FD1
                                                Zip archive data, at
275259
                      0x4333B
                                                                                  least v2.0 to extract, name: word/media/imagel.jpeg
                                                Zip archive data, at
                                               Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: word/charts/chart1. Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: word/styles.xml
375699
                      0x5BB93
376594
                      0x5BF12
                                               Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: word/document.xml Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: docProps/app.xml
377822
                      0x5C3DE
382592
                      0x5D680
                                                Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: docProps/core.xml
Zip archive data, at least v2.0 to extract, name: [Content_Types].xml
382823
                      0x5D767
383169
                      0x5D8C1
                                               End of Zip archive, footer length: 22

JPEG image data, EXIF standard

TIFF image data, little-endian offset of first image directory: 8

PNG image, 1068 x 966, 8-bit/color RGBA, non-interlaced

Zlib compressed data, best compression
384353
                      0x5DD61
387760
                      0x5EAB0
387772
                      0x5EABC
                      0x76AB0
                      0x76AF0
500566
                      0x7A356
                                                Zlib compressed data, default compression
```

Now, its very likely that the flag is in one of these 2 png files. So we extract them using the <u>dd</u> command and name them flag1.png and flag2.png.

```
root@kali:~/Downloads/tamuctf# dd if=recdisk.img of=flag1.png bs=1 count=64 skip=486064
64+0 records in
64+0 records out
64 bytes copied, 0.00288294 s, 22.2 kB/s
root@kali:~/Downloads/tamuctf# ls.e
flag1.png recdisk.img
root@kali:~/Downloads/tamuctf# strings flag1.png
IHDR
8dzTXtRaw profile type exif
root@kali:~/Downloads/tamuctf# dd if=recdisk.img of=flag2.png bs=1 count=180224 skip=92848
180224+0 records in
180224+0 records out
180224 bytes (180 kB, 176 KiB) copied, 0.926538 s,
root@kali:~/Downloads/tamuctf# strings flag2.png
```

I first thought of using *strings* again to see if that got me the flag. It did not but I was able to see it after opening *flag2.png*.

Flag: gigem{wh3r3\_w3r3\_601n6\_w3\_d0n7\_n33d\_h34d3r5}