1

Random Variable Generation, AI1110

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1

2

CONTENTS

2 Central Limit Theorem

3 From Uniform to Other

Abstract—This manual provides solutions to simple examples of generation of random numbers

1 Uniform Random Numbers

Let U be a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.

1.1 Generate 10^6 samples of U using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat .

Solution: Download the following c code. Run it to generate samples of U.

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q1/1p1.c

1.2 Load the uni.dat file into python and plot the empirical CDF of U using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr\left(U < x\right) \tag{1.1}$$

Solution: The empirical CDF of U is plotted in 1.2 using the code below

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q1/1p2.py

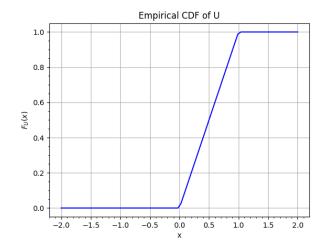


Fig. 1.2. The CDF of U

1.3 Find a theoretical expression for $F_U(x)$. **Solution:** The PDF has a uniform distribution,

$$p_{U}(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{1-0} & 0 \le x \le 1\\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$
 (1.2)

$$F_{U}(x) = \int_{\infty}^{x} p_{U}(x) dx$$
 (1.3)

$$F_{U}(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0\\ \int_{0}^{x} 1 dx & 0 \le x \le 1\\ \int_{0}^{1} 1 dx & 1 < x \end{cases}$$
 (1.4)

$$F_{U}(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ x & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 1 & 1 < x \end{cases}$$
 (1.5)

Solution: The theoretical CDF of U is plotted in 1.3 using the code below

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q1/1p3.py

1.4 The mean of U is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} U_i$$
 (1.6)

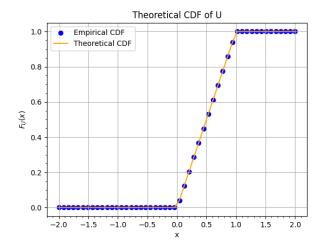


Fig. 1.3. The CDF of ${\cal U}$

and its variance as

$$\operatorname{var}[U] = E[(U - E[U])^{2}]$$
 (1.7)

Write a C program to find the mean and variance of U.

Solution: Run the following C file

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q1/1p4.c

Results were,

$$E[U] = 0.500007 \tag{1.8}$$

$$var[U] = 0.083301 \tag{1.9}$$

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E\left[U^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{U}\left(x\right) \tag{1.10}$$

Solution: Taking k as 1,

$$E\left[U\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x dF_U\left(x\right) \tag{1.11}$$

Using expression (1.5), this simplifies to

$$E\left[U\right] = \int_{0}^{1} x dx \tag{1.12}$$

$$E[U] = \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{0}^{1} \tag{1.13}$$

$$E[U] = 0.5$$
 (1.14)

To calculate variance we take k=2

$$\operatorname{var}\left[U\right] = E\left[\left(U - E\left[U\right]\right)^{2}\right] \tag{1.15}$$

$$var[U] = E[(U - 0.5)^{2}]$$
 (1.16)

$$var[U] = E[U^2 - U + 0.25]$$
 (1.17)

$$\operatorname{var}[U] = E[U^2] - E[U] + E[0.25]$$
 (1.18)

$$var[U] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 dF_U(x) - 0.5 + 0.25 \qquad (1.19)$$

$$var[U] = \int_0^1 x^2 dx - \frac{1}{4}$$
 (1.20)

$$var[U] = \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 - \frac{1}{4}$$
 (1.21)

$$var[U] = \frac{1}{12} = 0.0833 \tag{1.22}$$

(1.23)

2 CENTRAL LIMIT THEOREM

2.1 Generate 10^6 samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \tag{2.1}$$

using a C program, where U_i , i = 1, 2, ..., 12 are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat

Solution: Download the following c code. Run it to generate samples of X.

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q1/2p1.c

2.2 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical CDF of *X* using the samples in gau.dat. What properties does a CDF have?

Solution: The empirical CDF of X is plotted in Fig. 2.2 using the code below

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q1/2p2.py

A CDF is a non-decreasing function. Its value varies from 0 to 1. It is continuous if PDF has finite values.

2.3 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical PDF of *X* using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of *X* is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x)$$
 (2.2)

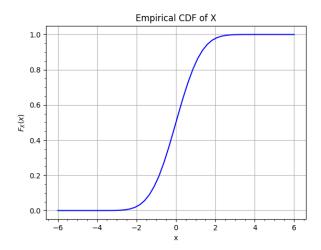


Fig. 2.2. The CDF of X

What properties does the PDF have?

Solution: The empirical PDF of X is plotted in Fig. 2.3 using the code below

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q2/2p3.c

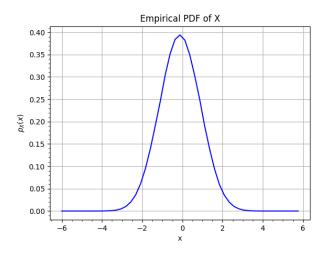


Fig. 2.3. The PDF of X

Values taken by a PDF are non negative. The total area under a PDF is equal to 1.

2.4 Find the mean and variance of *X* by writing a C program.

Solution: Run the following C file

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q2/2p4.c Results were,

$$E[X] = 0.000294 \tag{2.3}$$

$$var[X] = 0.999560 \tag{2.4}$$

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty,$$
(2.5)

repeat the above exercise theoretically.

Solution: The theoretical PDF of X is plotted in Fig. 2.5 using the code below

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q2/2p5.c

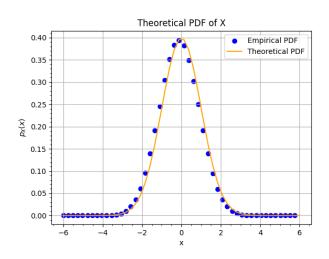


Fig. 2.5. The theoretical PDF of X

Using given equation (1.10),

$$E\left[X^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{X}\left(x\right) \qquad (2.6)$$

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x dF_X(x)$$
 (2.7)

Using given equation (2.2),

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x p_X(x) dx$$
 (2.8)

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.9)$$

Taking $t = \frac{x^2}{2}$

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{t}{2}\right) dt \qquad (2.10)$$

$$E[X] = 0 (2.11)$$

To calculate variance we take k=2

$$var[X] = E[(X - E[X])^2]$$
 (2.12)

$$var[X] = E[X^2]$$
 (2.13)

$$\operatorname{var}\left[X\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 dF_X\left(x\right) \tag{2.14}$$

$$\operatorname{var}\left[X\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{2} p_{X}\left(x\right) dx \tag{2.15}$$

$$\operatorname{var}\left[X\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) dx \tag{2.16}$$

Integrating by parts, we obtain

$$\operatorname{var}\left[X\right] = -x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.17)$$

The second term is the area under the PDF, which is 1

$$\operatorname{var}\left[X\right] = 0 + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_X\left(x\right) dx \qquad (2.18)$$

$$\operatorname{var}\left[X\right] = 1\tag{2.19}$$

3 From Uniform to Other

3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.1}$$

and plot its CDF.

Solution: Run the following files to generate samples and CDF.

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110_assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q3/3p1b.py

3.2 Find a theoretical expression for $F_V(x)$.

Solution:

$$F_V(x) = Pr(V \le x) \tag{3.2}$$

$$F_V(x) = Pr(-2\ln(1-U) \le x)$$
 (3.3)

$$F_V(x) = Pr\left(\ln\left(1 - U\right) \ge -\frac{x}{2}\right) \tag{3.4}$$

$$F_V(x) = Pr\left(1 - U \ge \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$
 (3.5)

$$F_V(x) = Pr\left(U \le 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$
 (3.6)

$$F_V(x) = F_U\left(1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \tag{3.7}$$

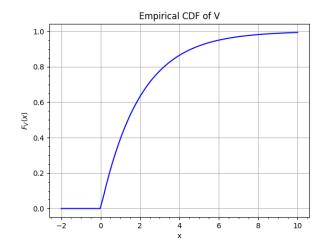


Fig. 3.1. The CDF of V

$$F_{V}(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right) < 0\\ 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right) & 0 \le 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right) \le 1\\ 1 & 1 < 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right) \end{cases}$$
(3.8)

This simplifies to

$$F_V(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right) & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$
 (3.9)

The following code plots the theoretical CDF.

wget https://github.com/cs21btech11051Rajiv/ AI1110 assignments/blob/main/manual1/ q3/3p2.py

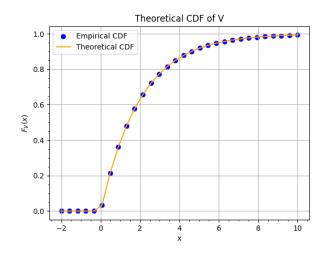


Fig. 3.2. The CDF of V