SCRIPTING
CREATING A SIMPLE
DOMAIN SPECIFIC
LANGUAGE
FOR GAM 150 CLUB

Overview

- Writing C code takes a long time
- Some games can make use of
 - Lots of one off logic
 - High amounts of scripted sequences
 - Simple Al
- Wouldn't it be nice to have a tool to make all these things?

Domain Specific Language (DSL)

- A Domain Specific Language is:
 - A language dedicated to a particular problem domain.
- Can be a highly specialized form of a scripting language
- Instead of writing C code
 - Write simple text files
 - Read text files in during runtime
 - No compilation required
 - Hotswapping

StarCraft Brood War

- This game had a "trigger editor"
- Trigger:
 - Collection of conditions and actions
- Condition:
 - Some test to perform, returns boolean
- Action:
 - Some function pointer to call
 - Could be anything
 - Create enemies, update AI, display messages, etc.

Stealing BW's Triggers Design

- Lets call these "triggers" events
- An event has conditions and actions
- If all conditions are met
 - Run all actions
 - Discard the event
- Events can be constructed from files
- Can write events in a text file

Events Example

- Consider a list of events read from file:
 - Event1
 - Conditions Player is within location "HealingArea";
 "HealEnabled" is true
 - Actions Heal player, decrement "HealCounter"; Set "HealEnabled" to false
 - Event2
 - Conditions Player is not within location "HealingArea"; "HealEnabled" is false
 - Actions Set "HealEnabled" to true
 - Event3
 - Conditions "HealCounter" is at least 3
 - Actions Destroy all "HealingPools" at "HealingArea"

Events Example – In English

- We have a healing pool
- Player enter pool, gets healed
 - Will not be healed until leaves then returns
- Pool will heal 3 times
 - On the third the pool is destroyed

Scripting Languages

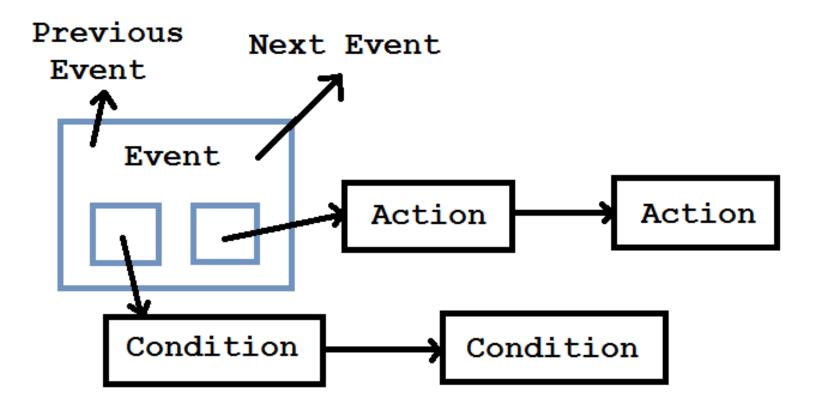
- Scripting in a text file is powerful
- Purpose of scripting is to save time
- You want a scripting language
 - There is a drawback:
 - Must be able to create the language quickly
- If language development:
 - Takes too long
 - Too hard to add new events
 - Then purpose is self-defeating

- Need very simple way to parse events from file
- □ First up: file format

```
Conditions
Always
Actions
Print "Welcome to the game!"

Conditions
TimeElapsed 5
Actions
Print "Please select your character."
```

- Each condition can have two parameters
 - Params come directly after name
 - Strings, numbers, names, etc.
- Each action can also have two parameters
- Each event can hold any number of conditions or actions
 - Store conditions and actions in a linked list within the event itself
- Link all events together



Questions?

Updating event list:

```
for each event in the event list
run all conditions
if all conditions return true
run all actions
remove event from event list
cleanup all conditions/actions
```

- What about events that persist?
 - Want to run actions more than just one time
 - Usually an event is deleted once it runs actions
 - Use a "preserve action"

```
Conditions
Always
Actions
Print "printing a string"
Preserve
```

New pseudo code for updating event list

```
for each event in the event list
run all conditions
if all conditions return true
run all actions
if no preserve action
remove event from event list
cleanup all conditions/actions
```

- Open file and look for "Conditions" string
 - fscanf(fp, "%s%*c", buffer);
 - strcmp(buffer, "Conditions") == 0
- Read condition name
 - Name associates with integer index
 - Save this index to lookup functions

```
const char *ConditionArray[] = {
   "Always",
   "TimeElapsed",
   NULL,
};
```

Function Pointers

- Each condition needs to:
 - Run boolean check
 - Read in parameters when loading from file
 - Cleanup after itself (free things)
- Setup arrays of function pointers
 - One array for each of the three things above

- Now that you have the index
 - Lookup function pointers (use typedefs for ptrs)

```
typedef int (*ConditionCB) ( struct Condition *self );
typedef void (*ReadConditionParams) ( FILE *fp, struct Condition *self );
            const ConditionCB ConditionPtrs[] = {
              Always,
              TimeElapsed,
            };
            const cleanup ConditionCleanups[] = {
              NULL,
              NULL,
            };
            const ReadConditionParams ReadCParamPtrs[] = {
              ReadParamsAlways,
              ReadParamsTimeElapsed,
            };
```

Order of function pointer arrays must be

```
maintained
const char *ConditionArray[] = {
    "Always",
    "TimeElapsed",
    NULL,
    Get index
};

By match string
```

- Save index and use in function pointer array
- Example: assign the boolean check of condition:

```
const ConditionCB ConditionPtrs[] = {
   Always,
   TimeElapsed,
};
```

- Same thing with actions
 - Array of names
 - Array of ActionFunctions
 - Array of ActionCleanups
 - Array of ReadActionParams
- Assign function pointers while loading from file
- See sample code on distance for more details

Questions?

Types of Conditions

- Condition variables:
 - Counters; Factions, Locations (AABB or Circle); Timers; Object Count; Inventory (acquire enough money?); Kill counts; Scores, etc.
- Condition comparisons:
 - At least; exactly; at most
- Condition examples:
 - [Faction] bring [comparison] [number] of [type of object] to [location]
 - Player kills [comparison] [number] [type of object]

Types of Actions

Create object(s), move object to location, modify hit points, destroy objects, setup timers, victory, defeat, etc.

Example Events

- Time elapsed is at least 10 minutes
 - Victory
- Player owns at least 5 torches
 - Turn off the lights
- Player owns at most 0 torches
 - Turn on the lights
- Player kills at least 3 villagers
 - Spawn guards around player
 - Order guards to attack player

Demo!

Final Tips

- Look at my sample code online
 - It isn't a whole lot of code
 - Can be extended easily
- Re-read the GameObject Design lecture
 - Setup global vtables
 - Reduce maintenance time to nearly zero
- Consider yourself if the whole language will save time
 - Can you code it in a reasonable time?
 - One weekend? One week?
 - If longer than a week I'd say just write C code
 - It took me two days out of a weekend, was very worthwhile!

Resources:

- Sample code on moodle
- □ <u>r.gaul@digipen.edu</u> my email