

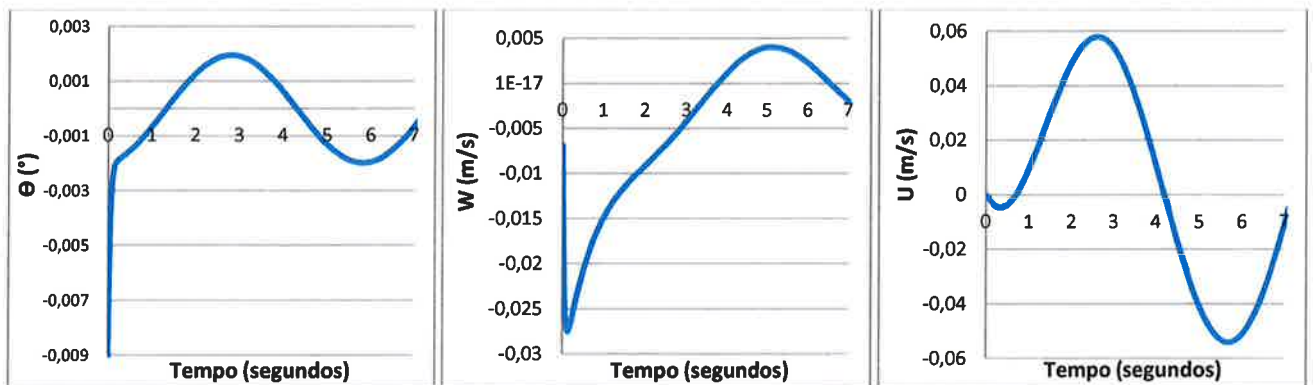
6 - Control report

Deflecting the control surfaces, the pilot causes a change in the effective camber of the lifting surface changing its normal force thereby producing a moment and subsequent angular rate about the associate axis of the aircraft. To know better the dynamic responses during a flight, the transfer functions were calculated as seen in [NELSON] to observe how the velocities in the three axis (U, V, W), the roll and pitch angles (Θ , Φ) besides the angular rate in the normal axis (r) vary according to control input assuming it starts in zero. A dynamic simulation made using SIMULINK ambient is exemplified below and analyzing the graphics found we conclude the project limitations in flight as a deflection of 1 degree.

Figure. 6.1.1:



Graph.6.1.1-Maximum $|\Theta|$: .009° Graph.6.1.2-Maximum $|W|$: .027ft/s Graph.6.1.3-Maximum U: .058ft/s



Graph.6.1.4 - Maximum $|V|$ [lb/s]: Graph.6.1.5 - Maximum $|\Phi|$:

Graph.6.1.6-Maximum $|r|$ [°/s]:

Rudder: .00052; Aileron: .0017

Rudder: .0027°; Aileron: .037°

Rudder: .0009; Aileron: .0061

