Effect of the temporal laser pulse asymmetry on pair production processes during intense laser-electron scattering

C I Hojbota, Hyung Taek Kim, Chul Min Kim, V B Pathak and Chang Hee Nam, Plasma Phys. Control. Fusion 60 (2018) Notebook: Óscar Amaro, November 2022 @ GoLP-EPP Contact: oscar.amaro@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Introduction

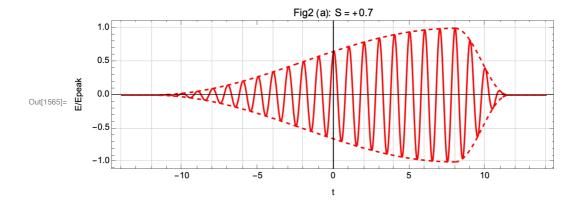
In this notebook we reproduce some results from the paper.

Table 1

```
In[1550]:= (* table 1 *)
Clear[\tau 12, \tau 12r, \tau 12f]
\tau 12 = 42;
\tau 12r = \{36, 31.5, 21.5, 10.5, 6\};
\tau 12f = \{6, 10.5, 21, 31.5, 36\};
(* S *)
\frac{\tau 12r - \tau 12f}{\tau 12} // N
Out[1554]= \{0.714286, 0.5, 0.0119048, -0.5, -0.714286\}
```

Figure 2

```
In[1555]:= Clear[T1, T2, \tau12r, \tau12f, \tau12, sol, S, c, \lambda, \omega0, T, tpeak]
          sol = Solve[\{\tau 12f = \tau 12 - \tau 12r, S = (\tau 12r - \tau 12f) / \tau 12\}, \{\tau 12r, \tau 12f\}]
          \tau12r = sol[[1, 1, 2]]
          \tau 12f = sol[1, 2, 2]
          (* physical parameters *)
          c = 299792458; (*[m/s]*)
          \lambda = 0.8 \times 10^{-6}; (*[m]*)
          \omega 0 = 2 \pi c / \lambda; (*[s-1]*)
          T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_0}; (*[s]*)
          \tau12 = 42; (*[fs] as stated after eq 4*)
          S = +0.7;
          T1 = 6 \tau 12r;
          T2 = 6 \tau 12f;
          Tt[t_{-}] := Piecewise \left[ \left\{ \left\{ Cos \left[ \frac{t}{T_{1}} \right]^{2} HeavisideTheta \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} T1 + t \right], t < 0 \right\} \right\},
               \left\{ \cos \left[ \frac{t}{T_2} \right]^2 \text{ HeavisideTheta} \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ T2 - t} \right], t > 0 \right\} \right\}
          tpeak = 8;
          Plot[\{Tt[2\pi (tt-tpeak) T 10^{15}] Cos[\omega 0 tt T], Tt[2\pi (tt-tpeak) T 10^{15}],
              -Tt[2 π (tt - tpeak) T 10^{15}]}, {tt, -14, +14}, Frame → True,
            FrameLabel → {"t", "E/Epeak"}, PlotLabel → "Fig2 (a): S = +0.7",
            PlotStyle → {Red, {Red, Dashed}}, {Red, Dashed}}, AspectRatio → 1 / 3,
            GridLines \rightarrow {Table[x, {x, -14, 14, 2}], {-1, -0.5, 0, 0.5, 1}}, ImageSize \rightarrow 500]
Out[1556]= \left\{ \left\{ \tau 12r \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (\tau 12 + S \tau 12), \tau 12f \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (\tau 12 - S \tau 12) \right\} \right\}
Out[1557]= \frac{1}{2} (\tau12 + S \tau12)
Out[1558]= \frac{1}{2} (\tau12 - S \tau12)
```



```
log(1566) = Clear[T1, T2, \tau12r, \tau12f, \tau12, sol, S, c, \lambda, \omega0, T, tpeak]
          sol = Solve[\{\tau 12f = \tau 12 - \tau 12r, S = (\tau 12r - \tau 12f) / \tau 12\}, \{\tau 12r, \tau 12f\}];
          \tau 12r = sol[[1, 1, 2]];
          \tau 12f = sol[[1, 2, 2]];
          (* physical parameters *)
          c = 299792458; (*[m/s]*)
          \lambda = 0.8 \times 10^{-6}; (*[m]*)
         \omega \theta = 2 \pi c / \lambda; (*[s-1]*)
         T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega 0}; \ (*[s]*)
          \tau12 = 42; (*[fs] as stated after eq 4*)
          S = -0.7;
         T1 = 6 \tau 12r;
          T2 = 6 \tau 12f;
         Tt[t_{-}] := Piecewise \left[ \left\{ \left\{ Cos \left[ \frac{t}{T1} \right]^{2} HeavisideTheta \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} T1 + t \right], t < 0 \right\}, \right. \right.
               \left\{ \cos \left[ \frac{t}{T_2} \right]^2 \text{ HeavisideTheta} \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ T2 - t} \right], t > 0 \right\} \right\}
          tpeak = 8;
          Plot[\{Tt[2\pi (tt+tpeak) T 10^{15}] Cos[\omega 0 tt T], Tt[2\pi (tt+tpeak) T 10^{15}],
             -Tt[2\pi (tt + tpeak) T 10^{15}], {tt, -14, +14}, Frame \rightarrow True,
           FrameLabel → {"t", "E/Epeak"}, PlotLabel → "Fig2 (b): S = -0.7",
           PlotStyle → {Blue, {Blue, Dashed}}, {Blue, Dashed}}, AspectRatio → 1 / 3,
           GridLines \rightarrow {Table[x, {x, -14, 14, 2}], {-1, -0.5, 0, 0.5, 1}}, ImageSize \rightarrow 500]
                                                         Fig2 (b): S = -0.7
              1.0
              0.5
Out[1575]= |
```