

# Information theory and coding

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## Introduction

This document is Antoine Groudiev's class notes while following the class *Théorie de l'information et codage* (Information theory and coding) at the Computer Science Department of ENS Ulm. It is freely inspired by Bartek Blaszczyzyn's class notes.

## 1 Entropy and source coding

We shall introduce *Shannon's entropy* of a probability distribution on a discrete space and study its basic properties. Our goal is to prove *Shannon's source coding theorem* formulated in 1948. It will allow us to interpret the entropy as a notion of the *amount of information* "carried" by random variables of a given distribution.

### 1.1 Shannon's entropy

Let  $\mathcal{X}$  be a finite or countable set, and  $p := \{p(x) \mid x \in \mathcal{X}\}$  be a probability distribution on  $\mathcal{X}$ .

**Definition** (Shannon's entropy). We define (Shannon's) entropy  $H(p)$  of  $p$  to be:

$$H(p) := - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p(x) \log(p(x)) \tag{1}$$

with the convention that  $0 \log 0 = 0$ , and  $a \log 0 = -\infty$  for  $a > 0$ .