



Data Visualization II

- plotly.js + node

Visualization of Signals using Arduino, Node.js & storing signals in MongoDB & mining data using Python





2nd semester, 2022





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Drone-IoT-Comsi, INJE University



My ID

ID를 확인하고 github에 repo 만들기

| AA01 | 강대진 | AA13 | 박제홍 |
|-------------|-----|------|-----|
| | | AA14 | 심준혁 |
| AA03 | 김성우 | AA15 | 이상혁 |
| AA04 | 김정헌 | AA16 | 이승무 |
| | | AA17 | 이승준 |
| AA06 | 김창연 | AA18 | 이준희 |
| AA07 | 김창욱 | AA19 | 이현준 |
| 80AA | 김태화 | AA20 | 임태형 |
| AA09 | 남승현 | AA21 | 정동현 |
| AA10 | 류재환 | | |
| AA11 | 박세훈 | AA23 | 정희서 |
| AA12 | 박신영 | AA24 | 최재형 |

위의 id를 이용해서 github에 repo를 만드시오.

Option: ^{아두이노}응용 실습 과제 – AAnn

Public, README.md check





[Review]

- [wk06]
- > charts by plotly
- Complete your project
- Upload folder: aann-rpt07
- Use repo "aann" in github

wk06: Practice: aann-rpt07



- [Target of this week]
 - Complete your works
 - Save your outcomes and upload outputs in github

제출폴더명: aann-rpt07

- 압축할 파일들
 - ① AAnn_Chart_Layout.png
 - ② AAnn_Axis_Title.png
 - 3 AAnn_Line_Dash_Dot.png
 - AAnn_lux_Time_Series.png
 - **⑤** AAnn_lux_Rangeslider.png
 - 6 All *.html in data_charts folder



Purpose of AA

주요 수업 목표는 다음과 같다.

- 1. Node.js를 이용한 아두이노 센서 신호 처리
- 2. Plotly.js를 이용한 아두이노 센서 신호 시각화
- 3. MongoDB에 아두이노 센서 데이터 저장 및 처리









4. 저장된 IoT 데이터의 마이닝 (파이썬 코딩)

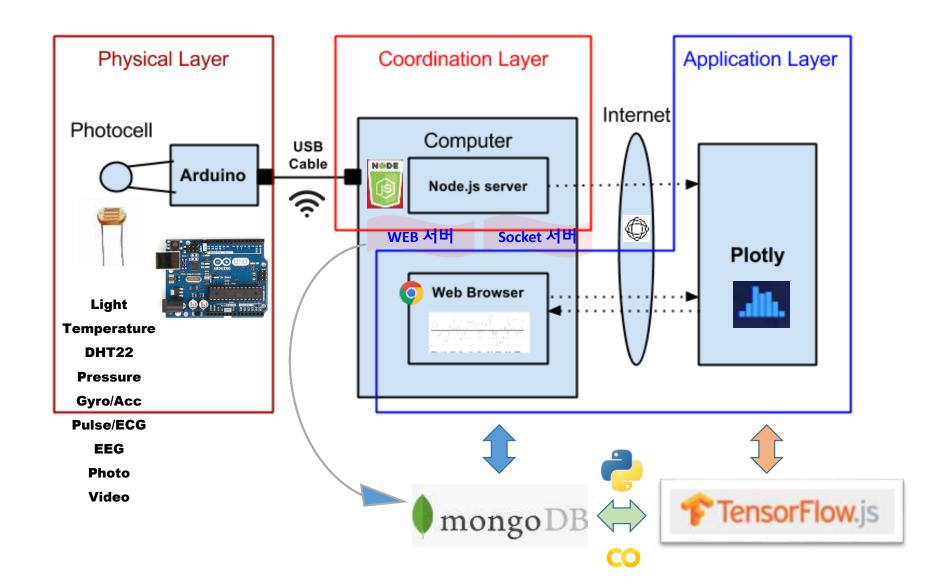








Layout [H S C]



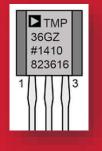


Arduino

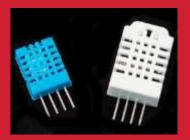
ARDUINO ARD

Sensors

+ Node.js







on WEB monitoring Arduino data

IoT Signal from Arduino

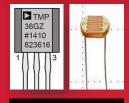
Real-time Signals

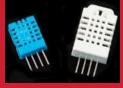
on Time: 2021-10-06 09:49:49.818

Signals (조도,습도,온도): 166,60,-5

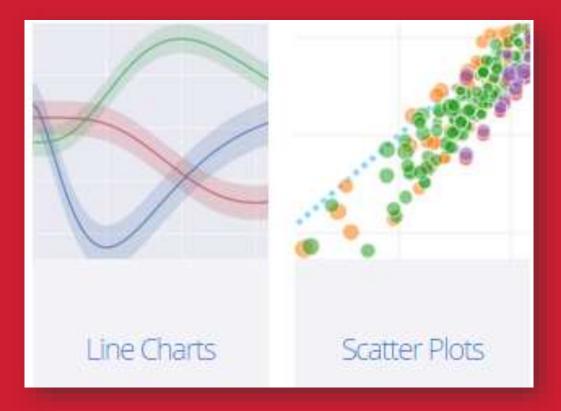








Data charts using plotly.js





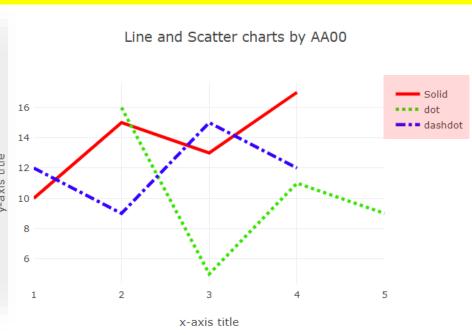


A5.2.6.6 plotly.js: Line & Scatter plot

[3.5] Line & scatter plot with dash and dot

```
var trace1 = {
 x: [1, 2, 3, 4],
 y: [10, 15, 13, 17],
 mode: 'lines',
 name: 'Solid',
 line: {
   color: 'rgb(255, 0, 0)',
   dash: 'solid',
   width: 4
var trace2 = {
 x: [2, 3, 4, 5],
 y: [16, 5, 11, 9],
 mode: 'lines',
 name: 'dot',
 line: {
   color: 'rgb(55, 228, 0)'
   dash: 'dot',
   width: 4
```

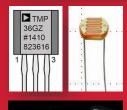
```
var trace3 = {
 x: [1, 2, 3, 4],
 y: [12, 9, 15, 12],
 mode: 'lines',
 name: 'dashdot',
 line: {
   color: 'rgb(55, 0, 255',
   dash: 'dashdot',
   width: 4
};
```

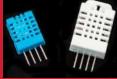


AAnn_Line_Dash_Dot.png









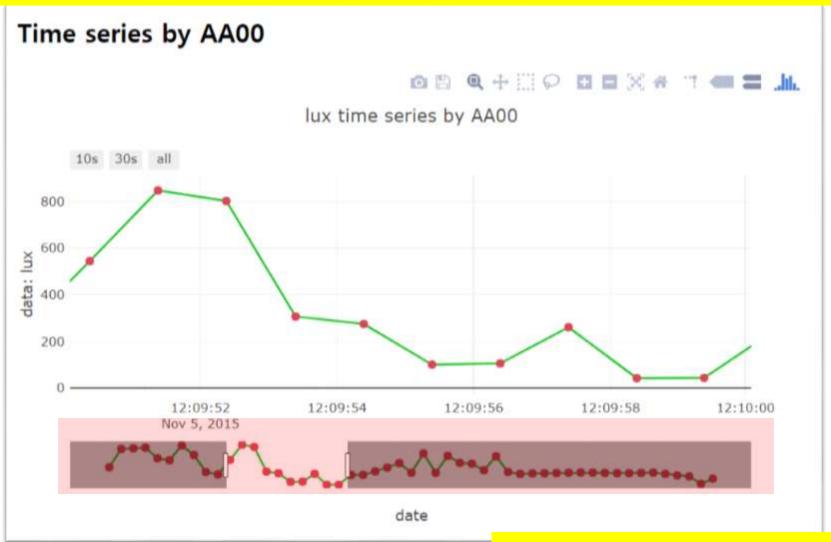
Data visualization using plotly.js





Project: Time series with Rangeslider

[Project-DIY] AAnn_lux_Rangelslider.html



AAnn_lux_Rangelslider.png



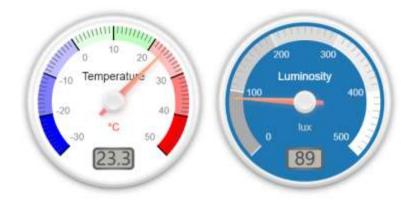
Time series with Rangeslider

```
var layout = {
  title: 'lux time series by AA00',
  width: 750, height: 500,
  margin: {
   1: 50,
   r: 50,
   b: 100,
   t: 100,
    pad: 4
  xaxis: {
  title: 'date',
    autorange: true,
  range: ['2015-11-05 12:09:40.383', '2015-11-05 12:10:30.413'],
  rangeselector: {buttons: [
        count: 10,
       label: '10s',
        step: 'second',
        stepmode: 'backward'
        count: 30,
       label: '30s',
        step: 'second',
        stepmode: 'backward'
      {step: 'all'}
    ]},
  rangeslider: {range: ['2015-11-05 12:09:40.383', '2015-11-05 12:10:30.413']},
  type: 'date'
  yaxis: {
   title: 'data: lux'
```

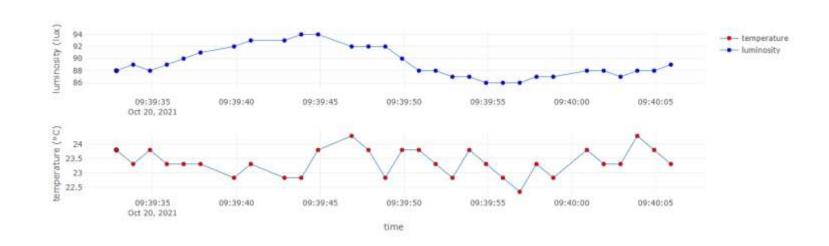
12

Arduino data + plotly + gauge.js

Real-time Temperature(°C) and Luminosity(lux) from sensors

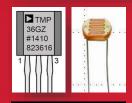


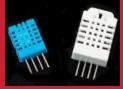
on Time: 2021-10-20 09:40:05.918





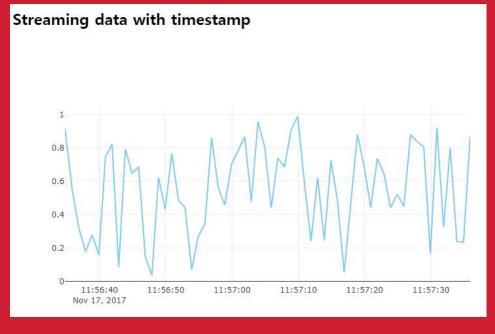






Data Streaming using plotly.js



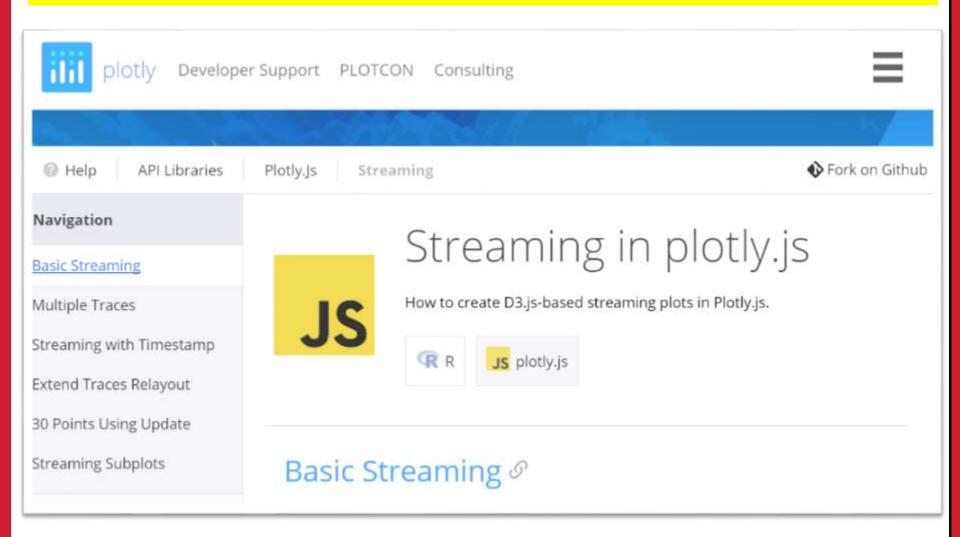






A5.4 plotly.js: Streaming data

Plot.ly > Streaming



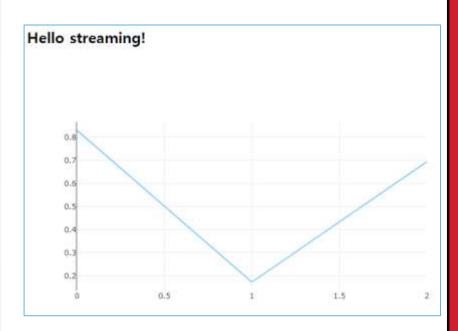




A5.4.1 plotly.js: Streaming data

[1.0] Starting chart

```
<h2>Hello streaming!</h2>
<div id="graph"></div>
(script>
 function rand() (
   return Math.random();
 trace = {
   y: [1, 2, 3].map(rand),
   mode: "lines",
   line: { color: "#80CAF6" },
 data = [trace];
 Plotly.newPlot("graph", data);
 /*var cnt = 0;
   var interval = setInterval(function() {
        cnt++;
        Plotly.extendTraces('graph', {
            y: [[rand()]]
        }, [0]);
        if(cnt == 30) clearInterval(interval);
    }, 2000);*/
```



https://developer.mozilla.org/ko/docs/Web/Java Script/Reference/Global_Objects/Array/map



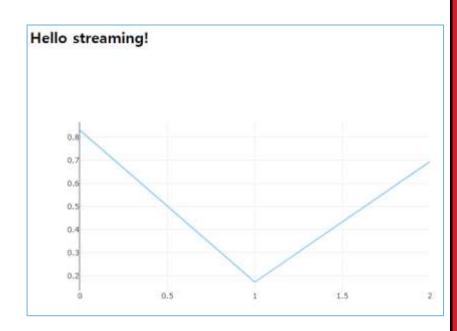


A5.4.2.1 plotly.js: Streaming data

[1.1] Starting chart (new)

DV_streaming01.html

```
<h2>Hello streaming!</h2>
<div id="graph"></div>
<script>
 function rand() {
    return Math.random();
  Plotly.newPlot("graph", [
      y: [1, 2, 3].map(rand),
     mode: "lines",
      line: { color: "#80CAF6" },
  ]);
 /*var cnt = 0;
var interval = setInterval(function() {
 cnt++;
 Plotly.extendTraces('graph', {
   y: [[rand()]]
 }, [0]);
  if(cnt == 30) clearInterval(interval);
}, 2000);*/
</script>
```





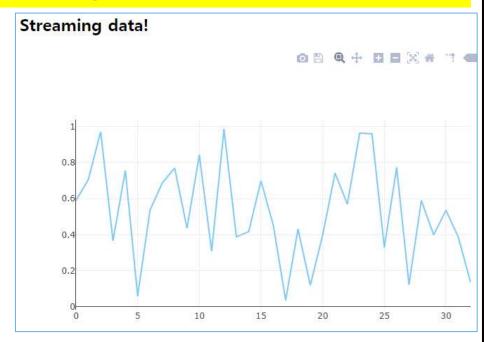


A5.4.2.2 plotly.js: Streaming data

[1.2] Basic streaming

DV_streaming01S.html

```
<h2>Streaming data!</h2>
<div id="graph"></div>
<script>
 function rand() {
    return Math.random();
 Plotly.newPlot("graph", [
     y: [1, 2, 3].map(rand),
     mode: "lines",
      line: { color: "#80CAF6" },
  1);
 var cnt = 0;
 var interval = setInterval(function () {
    cnt++;
    Plotly.extendTraces(
      "graph",
        y: [[rand()]],
      0
    if (cnt == 30) clearInterval(interval);
  }, 2000);
</script>
```





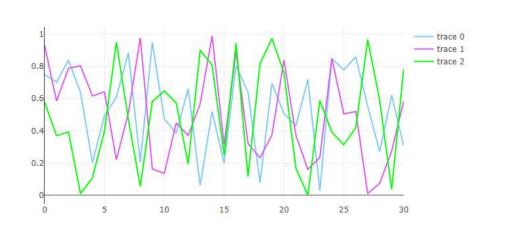


A5.4.3.1 plotly.js: Streaming data

[2.1] Streaming multiple traces

```
function rand() {
    return Math.random();
trace1 = {
    y: [1,2,3].map(rand),
    mode: 'lines',
    line: {color: '#80CAF6'}
};
trace2 = {
    y: [1,2,3].map(rand),
    mode: 'lines',
    line: {color: '#DF56F1'}
};
trace3 = {
    y: [1,2,3].map(rand),
    mode: 'lines',
    line: {color: '#00FF00'}
};
data = [trace1, trace2, trace3];
Plotly.plot('graph', data);
```

```
var cnt = 0;
var interval = setInterval(function() {
    Plotly.extendTraces('graph', {
        y: [[rand()], [rand()], [rand()]]
    }, [0, 1, 2])
    cnt++;
    if(cnt === 100) clearInterval(interval);
}, 300);
```







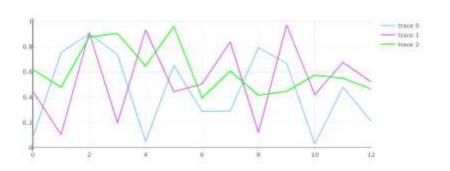
A5.4.3.2 plotly.js: Streaming data

[2.2] Streaming multiple traces (new code) DV_streaming02.html

```
function rand() {
  return Math.random();
Plotly.newPlot("graph", [
    y: [1, 2, 3].map(rand),
    mode: "lines",
    line: { color: "#80CAF6" },
    y: [1, 2, 3].map(rand),
    mode: "lines",
    line: { color: "#DF56F1" },
    y: [1, 2, 3].map(rand),
    mode: "lines",
    line: { color: "#00FF00" },
```

```
// continous plot
var cnt = 0;
var interval = setInterval(function() {
    Plotly extendTraces('graph', {
       y: [[rand()], [rand()], [rand()]]
    }, [0, 1, 2])
    cnt++;
   if(cnt === 100) clearInterval(interval);
}, 300);
```

Hello multiple streaming!





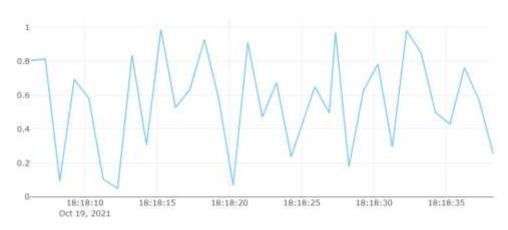


A5.4.4 plotly.js: Streaming data

[3] Streaming data with timestamp DV_streaming03_timestamp.html

```
function rand() {
  return Math.random();
var time = new Date();
var data = [
    x: [time],
    y: [rand()],
    mode: "lines",
    line: { color: "#80CAF6" },
Plotly.newPlot("graph", data);
```

Timestamp data streaming



```
var cnt = 0;
var interval = setInterval(function () {
  var time = new Date();
  var update = {
    x: [[time]],
    y: [[rand()]],
  Plotly.extendTraces("graph", update, [0]);
  if (cnt === 100) clearInterval(interval);
}, 1000);
```





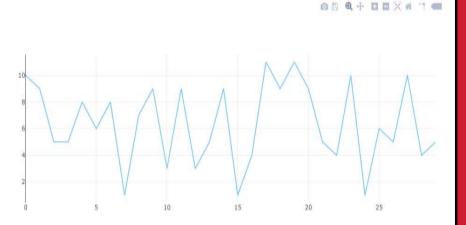
A5.4.5 plotly.js: Streaming data

[4] Streaming data using 30 points update

```
var arrayLength = 30;
var newArray = [];
// initial 30 data
for (var i = 0; i < arrayLength; i++) (
 var y = Math.round(Math.random() * 10) + 1;
 newArray[i] = y;
var data =
    y: newArray,
   mode: "lines",
    line: { color: "#80CAF6" },
Plotly.newPlot("graph", data);
var cnt = 0;
var interval = setInterval(function () {
 var y = Math.round(Math.random() * 10) + 1;
 newArray = newArray.concat(y); // add new data
  newArray.splice(0, 1); //remove the oldest data
 var update = {
   y: [newArray],
  Plotly.update("graph", update);
  cnt++;
  if (cnt === 50) clearInterval(interval);
}, 1000);
```

DV streaming04 range START.html

Streaming using 30 points update

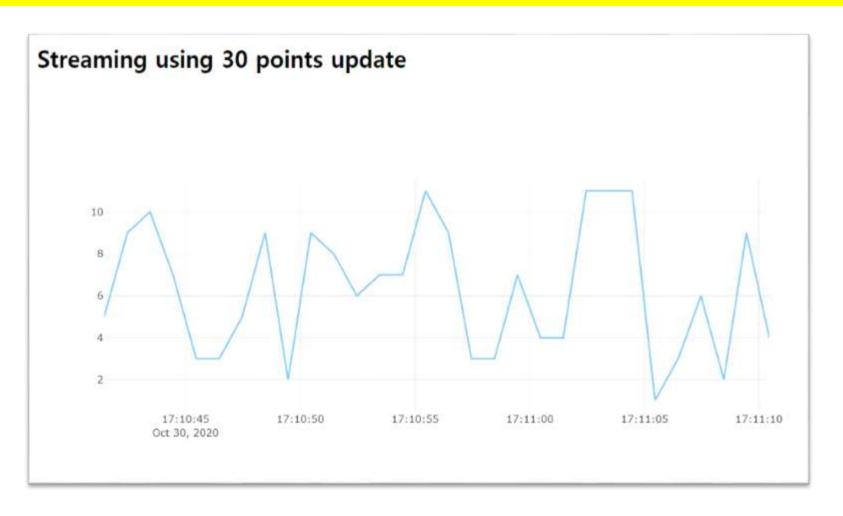






A5.4.5.1 plotly.js: Streaming data

[4.1] Streaming data using 30 points update (with timestamp)







A5.4.5.2 plotly.js: Streaming data

[4.2] Streaming data using 30 points update DV_streaming04_range.html

```
var arrayLength = 30;
var newArray = [];
var timeArray = [];
// initial 30 data
for (var i = 0; i < arrayLength; i++) {
 var y = Math.round(Math.random() * 10) + 1;
 var time = new Date();
 newArray[i] = y;
 timeArray[i] = time;
var data =
   x: timeArray,
   y: newArray,
   mode: "lines",
   line: { color: "#80CAF6" },
Plotly.newPlot("graph", data);
```

```
var cnt = 0;
var interval = setInterval(function () {
  var y = Math.round(Math.random() * 10) + 1;
 var time = new Date();
 timeArray = timeArray.concat(time);
 timeArray.splice(0, 1);
 newArray = newArray.concat(y);
 newArray.splice(0, 1);
 var update = {
   x: [timeArray],
   y: [newArray],
  Plotly.update("graph", update);
 cnt++;
 if (cnt === 50) clearInterval(interval);
}, 1000);
```

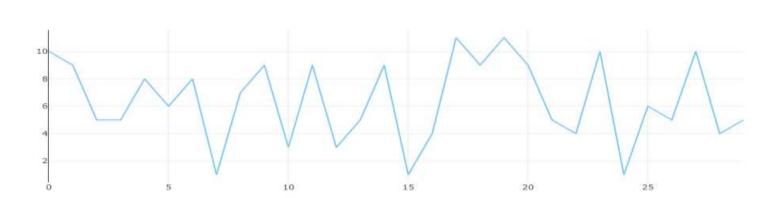




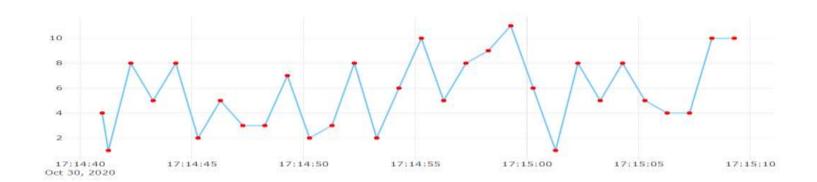
A5.4.5.3 plotly.js: Streaming data

[DIY] Streaming time series using 30 points update

Streaming using 30 points update



Streaming using 30 points update with timestamp



OBQ+BBX#T=





A5.4.5.4 plotly.js: Streaming data

[DIY-hint] Streaming time series using 30 points update

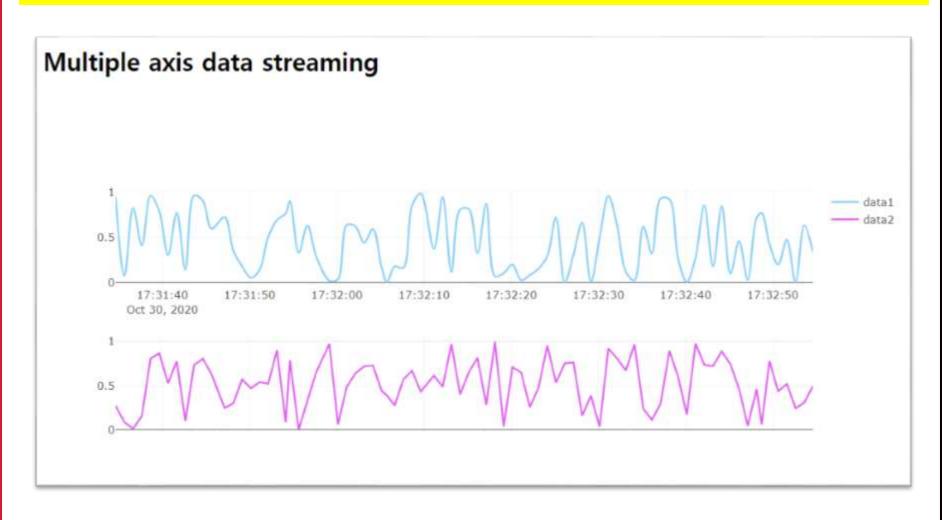
```
var data = [
    x: timeArray,
    y: newArray,
   mode: "lines+markers",
   marker: { color: "#FF0000" },
   line: { color: "#80CAF6" },
Plotly.newPlot("graph", data);
```





A5.4.6 plotly.js: Streaming multiple data

[5] Streaming data using multiple axis







A5.4.6.1 plotly.js: Streaming data

[5.1] Streaming data using multiple axis DV streaming05 multiple axis.html

```
<h2>Multiple axis data streaming</h2>
<div id="graph"></div>
(script)
 function rand() {
   return Math.random();
 var time = new Date();
 var trace1 = (
   x: [],
   y: [],
    mode: "lines".
   line: {
    color: "#80CAF6",
     shape: "spline",
    name: "data1",
  var trace2 =
   x: [],
   y: [],
   xaxis: "x2",
   yaxis: "y2",
   mode: "lines".
    line: { color: "#DF56F1" },
    name: "data2",
```

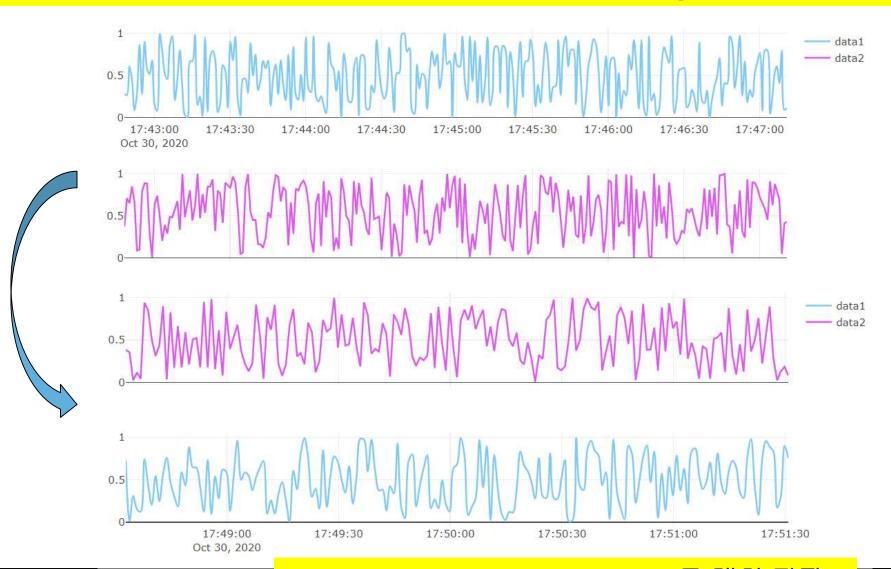
```
var lavout = (
  xaxis: {
    type: "date",
    domain: [0, 1],
  yaxis: { domain: [0.6, 1] },
  xaxis2: {
    type: "date",
    anchor: "v2".
    domain: [0, 1].
    showticklabels: false, // 종요!
  yaxis2: {
    anchor: "x2",
    domain: [0, 0.4],
var data = [trace1, trace2];
Plotly.newPlot("graph", data, layout);
// streaming
var cnt = 0;
var interval = setInterval(function () {
 var time = new Date();
 var update = {
   x: [[time], [time]],
   y: [[rand()], [rand()]],
 Plotly.extendTraces("graph", update, [0, 1]);
 // cnt++;
 if (cnt === 100) clearInterval(interval);
}, 1000);
```





A5.4.6.2 plotly.js: Streaming data

[DIY] Streaming data using multiple axis -> change axis





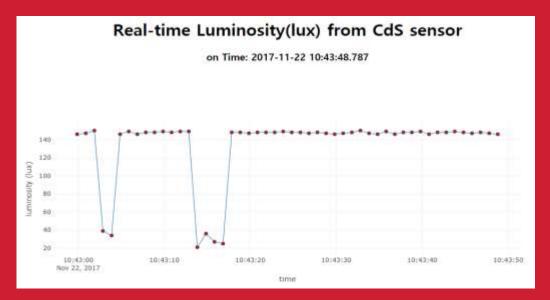




Arduino sensor data RT visualization using plotly.js

AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:11.859,149 AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:12.851,149 AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:13.845,21 AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:14.854,36 AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:15.844,27 AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:16.837,25 AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:17.846,148 AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:18.839,148 AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:19.847,147



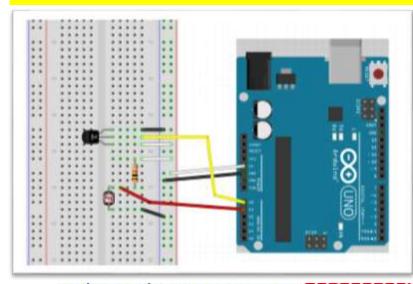






Network socket emitting data

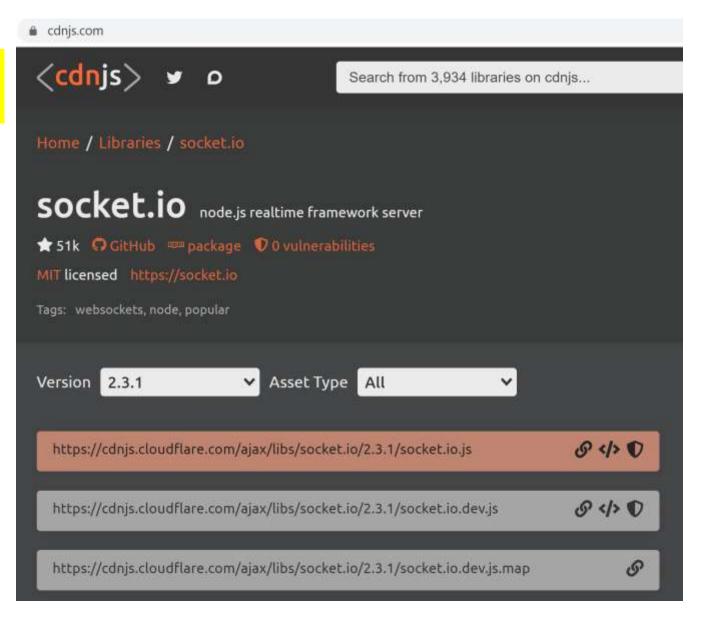
tmp36 + CdS circuit



```
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:30.533 25.27,245
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:31.535 25.27,243
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:32.535 25.27,158
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:33.534 24.29,40
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:34.538 24.29,33
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:35.537 24.78,86
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:36.541 25.27,249
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:37.540 25.76,245
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:38.543 25.76,243
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:39.543 25.27,245
```

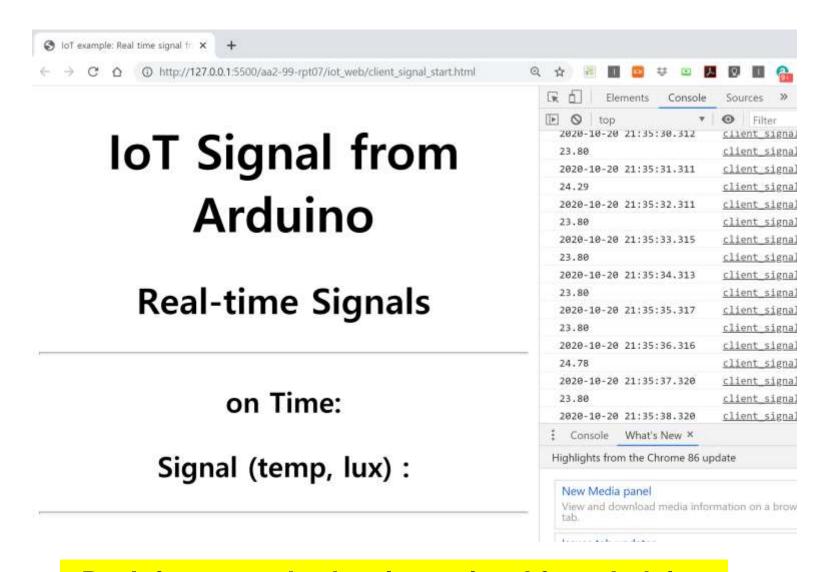
```
var readData = "";
var temp = "";
var lux = "";
var mdata = [];
var firstcommaidx = 0;
parser.on("data", (data) => {
  // call back when data is received
 readData = data.toString();
 firstcommaidx = readData.indexOf(",");
 if (firstcommaidx > 0) {
    temp = readData.substring(0, firstcommaidx);
    lux = readData.substring(firstcommaidx + 1);
    readData = "";
    dStr = getDateString();
   mdata[0] = dStr; //date
    mdata[1] = temp; //data
                                  시간,온도,조도
    mdata 2 = lux;
    console.log("AA00," + mdata);
    io.sockets.emit("message", mdata); // send data
   else
    console.log(readData);
```

Google search socket.io.js cdn

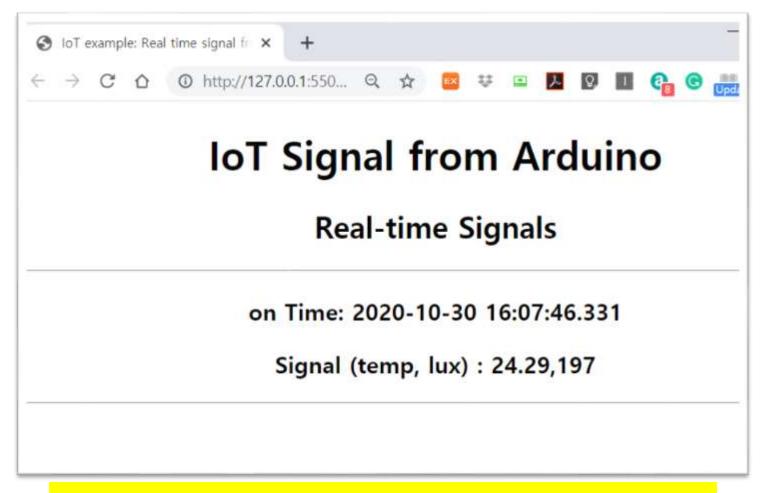


```
<!DOCTYPE html>
                                                                              client_signal_start.html
     <head>
       <meta charset="utf-8">
       <title>IoT example: Real time signal from Arduino</title>
 5
       <script type="text/javascript" src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/socket.io/2.3.1/socket.io.js"></script>
 6
       <!-- <script type="text/javascript" src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/socket.io/1.3.6/socket.io.js"></scr
       <style>body padding:0;margin:30;background: □ #fff </style>
 9
     </head>
10
     <body> <!-- style="width:100%;height:100%"> -->
11
12
     <h1 align="center"> IoT Signal from Arduino </h1>
13
14
15
     <h2 align="center"> Real-time Signals </h2>
16
17
     (hr)
18
     <h3 align="center"> on Time: <span id="time"> </span> </h3>
19
20
     <h3 align="center"> Signal (temp, lux) : <span id="data"> </span> </h3>
21
22
```

Google search: socket.io.js cdn



Real-time console showing a signal from Arduino in Chrome browser – F12



Real-time monitoring of a signal from Arduino tmp36 + CdS circuit



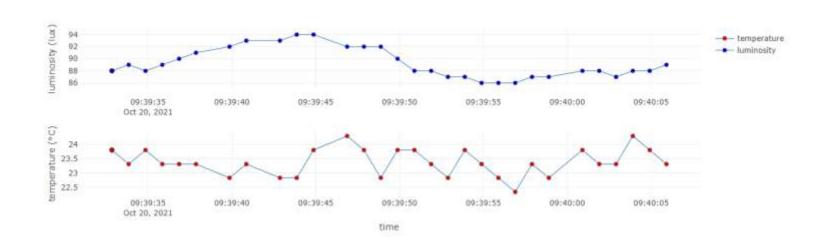


TMP36 + CdS streaming project

Real-time Temperature(°C) and Luminosity(lux) from sensors



on Time: 2021-10-20 09:40:05.918



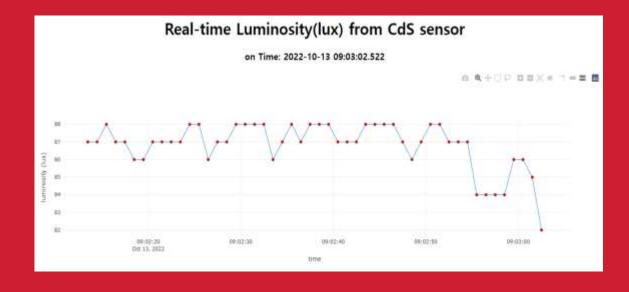


Single sensor: CdS



CdS (LDR) Node project









A4.2.1 Luminosity sensor [Photocell LDR]

- 1. Make cds node project
- md cds
- > cd cds
- 2. Go to cds subfolder
- > npm init
- > npm install -save serialport@9.2.4
- npm install -save socket.io@2.4.1
- npm Error 발생하면,
- npm update

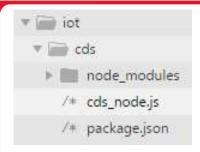
Package.json

```
🚺 aann > aann-rpt08 > Node > cds > 🚥 package.json > ...
  2
         "name": "cds",
         "version": "1.0.0",
         "description": "cds-node project",
         "main": "cds_node.js",
         D 디버그
         "scripts": {
  6
           "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
         "keywords": [
  9
           "cds",
 10
 11
           "node",
 12
           "arduino"
 13
         1,
 14
         "author": "aa00",
 15
         "license": "MIT",
         "dependencies": {
 16
           "serialport": "^9.2.4",
 17
                                         npm install
           "socket.io": "^2.4.1"
 18
 19
 20
```





A4.2.2 Luminosity sensor [Photocell LDR]



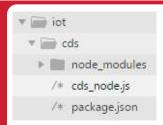
cds_node.js

```
var dStr = "";
var tdata = []; // Array
parser.on("data", (data) => {
  // call back when data is received
 // raw data only
 //console.log(data);
 dStr = getDateString();
 tdata[0] = dStr; // date
                             시간,조도
 tdata[1] = data; // data
 console.log("AA00," + tdata);
 io.sockets.emit("message", tdata); //
});
```





A4.2.3 cds_ node project (실행 결과)



D:\Portable\vscode-portable\data\aa2-00\aa2-99-rpt08\wk11_src_start\Node\cds<mark>/</mark>node cds_node serial port open

AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:24.912,220

AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:25.910,220

AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:26.914,220

AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:27.913,220

AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:28.912,222

AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:29.912,220

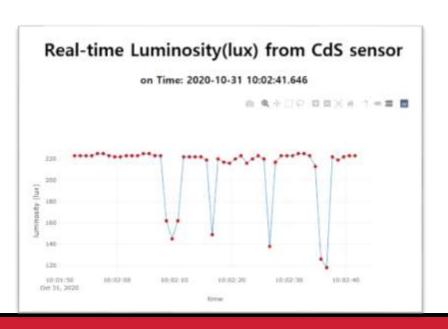
AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:30.915,220

AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:31.914,91

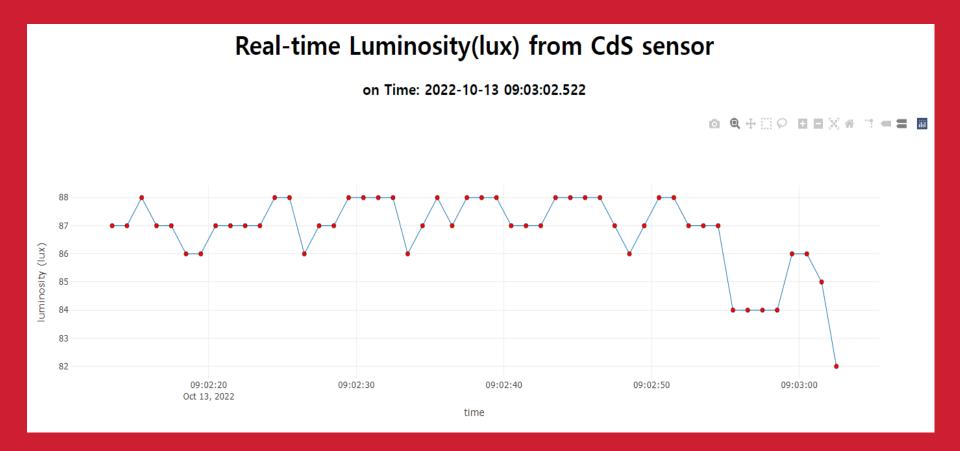
AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:32.914,217

AA00,2020-10-31 09:40:33.917,220





io.sockets.emit('message', tdata); // send data to all clients







A5.5.1 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[1] Client html : client_cds.html (using socket.io.js & plotly.js)





A5.5.2 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[2] Client html : client_cds.html (global variables)

```
<body> <!-- style="width:100%; height:100%"> -->
<!-- Plotly chart will be drawn inside this DIV -->
<h1 align="center"> Real-time Luminosity(lux) from CdS sensor </h1>
<h3 align="center"> on Time: <span id="time"> </span> </h3>
<div id="myDiv"></div> <!-- graph here! -->
<hr>>
  <script>
  /* JAVASCRIPT CODE GOES HERE */
    var streamPlot = document.getElementById('myDiv');
    var ctime = document.getElementById('time');
    var tArray = [], // time of data arrival
        xTrack = [], // value of CdS sensor 1 : lux
        numPts = 50, // number of data points
        dtda = [], // 1 \times 2 \text{ array} : [date, lux] from CdS
        preX = -1, // check change in data
        initFlag = true;
```





A5.5.3 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[3] Client html: client_cds.html (socket connection & handling message)

```
var socket = io.connect('http://localhost:3000'); // port = 3000
socket.on('connect', function () {
    socket.on('message', function (msg) {
        // initial plot
        if(msg[0]!='' && initFlag){
            dtda[0]=msg[0];
            dtda[1]=parseInt(msg[1]); // lux
            init(); // start streaming
            initFlag=false;
        console.log(msg[0]);
        console.log(parseInt(msg[1])); // Convert value to integer
        dtda[0]=msg[0];
        dtda[1] = parseInt(msg[1]);
        // when new data is coming, keep on streaming data
        ctime.innerHTML = dtda[0];
        nextPt();
});
```





A5.5.4 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[4] Client html : client_cds.html (init() & nextPt())

```
function init() { // initial screen ()
   // starting point : first data (lux)
   for (i = 0; i < numPts; i++) {
       tArray.push(dtda[0]); // date
       xTrack.push(dtda[1]); // CdS sensor (lux)
    Plotly.plot(streamPlot, data, layout);
function nextPt() {
   tArray.shift();
    tArray.push(dtda[0]);
    xTrack.shift();
    xTrack.push(dtda[1]); // CdS sensor: lux
    Plotly.redraw(streamPlot);
```





A5.5.5 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[5] Client html : client_cds.html (data & layout)

```
// data
var data = [{
    x : tArray,
    y : xTrack,
    name : 'luminosity',
    mode: "markers+lines",
    line: {
        color: "#1f77b4",
        width: 1
    marker: {
        color: "rgb(255, 0, 0)",
        size: 6,
        line: {
          color: "black",
          width: 0.5
}];
```

```
// layout
var layout = {
    xaxis : {
        title : 'time',
        domain : [0, 1]
    },
    yaxis : {
        title : 'luminosity (lux)',
        domain : [0, 1],
        range : [0, 500]
    }
};
```

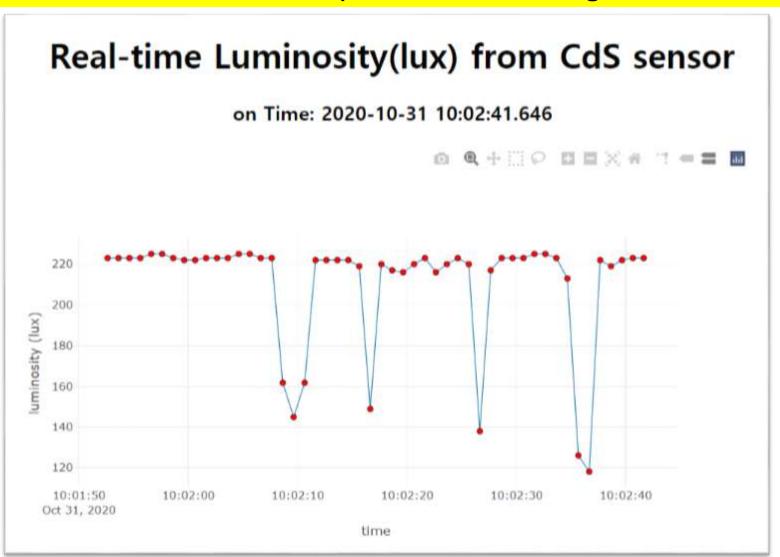
```
domain: [0,1] → x 또는 y 축을 100% 사용 range: [0,500] → y 축의 범위를 0~500 설정
```





A5.5.6 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[6] Client html : client_cds.html (real time monitoring of the luminosity)







A5.5.7.1 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[7.1] Client html : client_cds2.html (using plotly streaming without nextPt())

```
/* function nextPt() {
    tArray.shift();
    tArray.push(dtda[0]);

    xTrack.shift();
    xTrack.push(dtda[1]); //
    Plotly.redraw(streamPlot);
    */
```

nextPt() 주석 처리

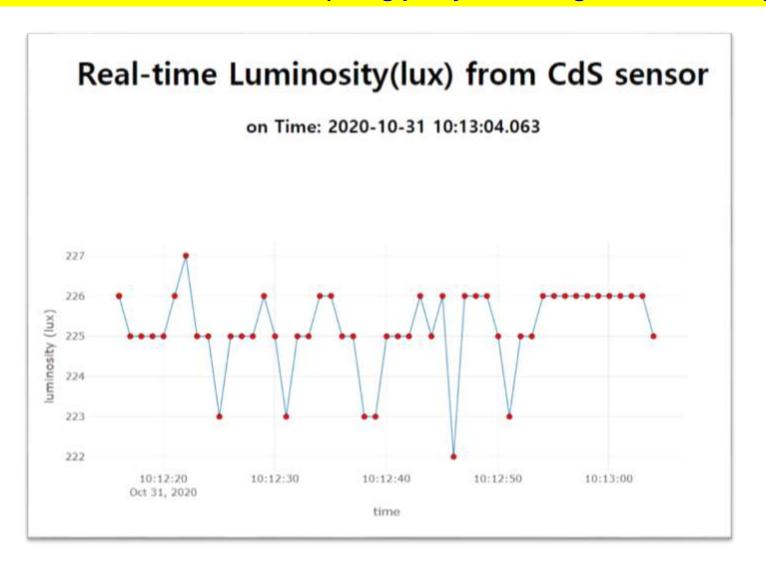
```
socket.on('connect', function () {
   socket.on('message', function (msg) {
       // initial plot
       if(msg[0]!='' && initFlag){
            dtda[0]=msg[0];
            dtda[1]=parseInt(msg[1]); // lux
            init(); // start streaming
            initFlag=false;
        console.log(msg[0]);
        console.log(parseInt(msg[1])); // Convert
       dtda[0]=msg[0]:
        dtda[1] = parseInt(msg[1]);
        // when new data is coming, keep on stream:
        ctime.innerHTML = dtda[0];
        //nextPt();
        tArray = tArray.concat(dtda[0]); // time
        tArray.splice(0,1);
        xTrack = xTrack.concat(dtda[1]); // lux
        xTrack.splice(0,1);
        var update = {
           x: [tArray],
           y: [xTrack]
        Plotly.update(streamPlot, update);
   });
```





A5.5.7.2 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[7.2] Client html : client_cds2.html (using plotly streaming without nextPt())







Canvas Gauge

[1] Canvas gauge javascript library : example



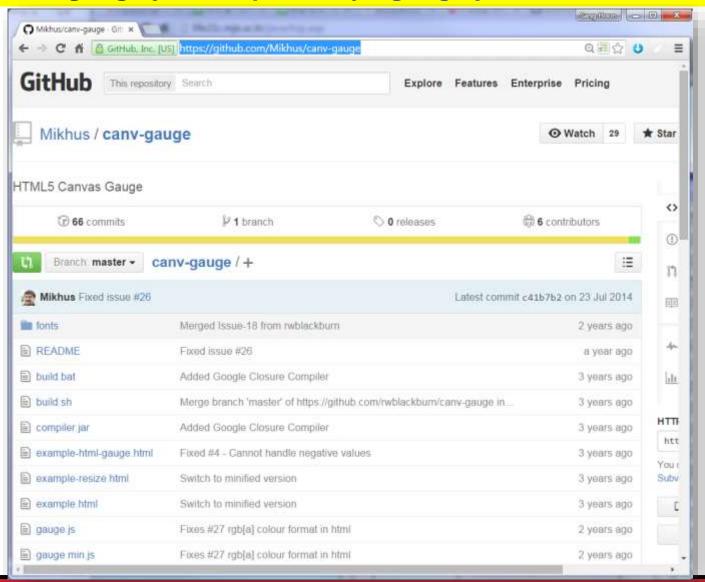
http://ru.smart-ip.net/gauge.html





Canvas Gauge

[2] Canvas gauge javascript library : gauge.js





A5.5.8.1 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[DIY] Client html : client_cds_gauge.html (add Gauge)

```
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>plotly.js client: Real time signals from sensors</title>
 <script src="https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-latest.min.js"></script>
 <script type="text/javascript" src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/socket.io/2.3.1/socket.io.js"></script>
 <script src="gauge.min.js"></script>
 <style>body{padding:0;margin:30;background: □#fff}</style>
</head>
<body> <!-- style="width:100%;height:100%"> -->
<!-- Plotly chart will be drawn inside this DIV -->
<h1 align="center"> Real-time Luminosity(lux) from CdS sensor with Gauge</h1>
<!-- Lux gauge -->
<div align="center">
    <canvas id='gauge'></canvas>
</div>
```





A5.5.8.2 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[DIY] Client html : client_cds_gauge.html (add Gauge)

```
socket.on('connect', function () {
    socket.on('message', function (msg) {
       // initial plot
        if(msg[0]!='' && initFlag){
            dtda[0]=msg[0];
            dtda[1]=parseInt(msg[1]); // lux
            init(); // start streaming
            initFlag=false;
        console.log(msg[0]);
        console.log(parseInt(msg[1])); // Conv
        dtda[0]=msg[0];
        dtda[1] = parseInt(msg[1]);
        // when new data is coming, keep on st
        ctime.innerHTML = dtda[0];
        gauge lux.setValue(dtda[1]); // lux ga
        //nextPt();
        tArray = tArray.concat(dtda[0]);
        tArray.splice(0,1);
        xTrack = xTrack.concat(dtda[1]);
        xTrack.splice(0,1);
        var update = {
            x: [tArray],
            v: [xTrack]
        Plotly.update(streamPlot, update);
```

```
var gauge lux = new Gauge({
   renderTo : 'gauge',
   width
              : 300.
   height
              : 300.
   glow
              : true,
   units : 'lux',
   valueFormat : { int : 2, dec : 0 },
   title
              : "Luminosity",
   minValue
              : 0.
   maxValue : 500, // new
   majorTicks : ['0','100','200','300','400','500'],
   minorTicks : 10,
   strokeTicks : false,
   highlights : [
       { from : 0, to : 100, color : '#aaa' },
       { from : 100, to : 200, color : '#ccc' },
       { from : 200, to : 300, color : '#ddd' },
        from: 300, to: 400, color: '#eee' },
        from: 400, to: 500, color: '#fff' }
   colors
       plate
               : #1f77b4
       majorTicks: '#f5f5f5',
       minorTicks : '#aaa',
       title : '#fff',
       units : '#ccc'.
       numbers : '#eee'.
       needle : { start : 'rgba(240, 128, 128, 1)',
       end : 'rgba(255, 160, 122, .9)' }
gauge lux.draw();
```





A5.5.8.3 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[DIY] Client html : client_cds_gauge.html (change design of Gauge)

변경된 디자인으로 된 그래프를 캡처하여 AAnn_cds_gauge. png 로 저장







A5.5.9.1 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[DIY] Client html : client_cds_change.html (detecting change)



이상 감지 (anomaly detection)

입력되는 lux 값이 변하는 경우에만 그래프를 그림. 실시간 모니터링에서 이상 감지 기능이 필요함. 밝기 값 변화의 문턱값을 설정해서 이상 감지 기능 구현





A5.5.9.2 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[DIY. hint] Client html : client_cds_change.html (detecting change)

```
// when new data is coming,
// keep on streaming data
ctime.innerHTML = dtda[0];
gauge_lux.setValue(dtda[1]); // lux gauge
//nextPt();
tArray = tArray.concat(dtda[0]); // time
tArray.splice(0,1);
xTrack = xTrack.concat(dtda[1]); // lux
xTrack.splice(0,1);

var update = {
    x: [tArray],
    y: [xTrack]
}
Plotly.update(streamPlot, update);
```

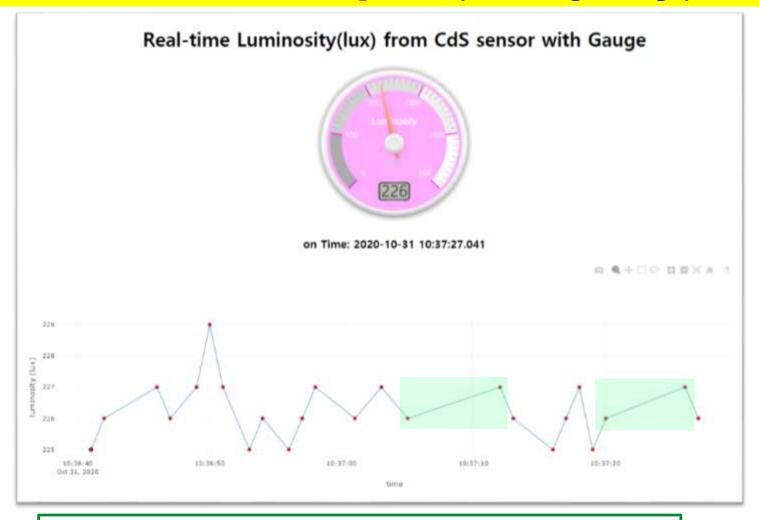
```
// Only when the value of lux is different
// from the previous one, the screen is redrawed.
if (dtda[1] != preX) { // any change?
    preX = dtda[1];
    ctime.innerHTML = dtda[0];
    gauge lux.setValue(dtda[1]); // lux gauge
   //nextPt();
   tArray = tArray.concat(dtda[0]); // time
   tArray.splice(0,1);
   xTrack = xTrack.concat(dtda[1]); // lux
   xTrack.splice(0,1);
    var update = {
        x: [tArray],
        y: [xTrack]
    Plotly.update(streamPlot, update);
```





A5.5.9.3 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

[DIY] Client html : client_cds_change.html (detecting change)

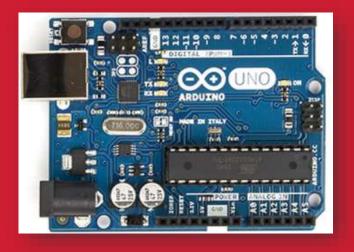


측정되는 주변 광의 밝기가 일정 시간 유지되다가 변하는 그래프를 캡처하여 AAnn_cds_change.png 로 저장





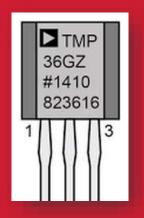
Multiple sensors



CdS + TMP36

+ plotly.js

Node project



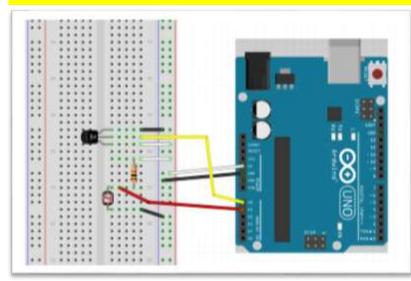






CdS + TMP36 + Node.js + Plotly

tmp36 + CdS circuit



```
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:30.533 25.27,245
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:31.535 25.27,243
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:32.535 25.27,158
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:33.534 24.29,40
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:34.538 24.29,33
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:35.537 24.78,86
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:36.541 25.27,249
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:37.540 25.76,245
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:38.543 25.76,243
AA00 2020-10-17 11:41:39.543 25.27,245
```

```
var readData = "";
var temp = "";
var lux = "";
var mdata = [];
var firstcommaidx = 0;
parser.on("data", (data) => {
  // call back when data is received
 readData = data.toString();
 firstcommaidx = readData.indexOf(",");
 if (firstcommaidx > 0) {
    temp = readData.substring(0, firstcommaidx);
    lux = readData.substring(firstcommaidx + 1);
    readData = "":
    dStr = getDateString();
   mdata[0] = dStr; //date
    mdata[1] = temp; //data
                                  시간,온도,조도
    mdata 2 = lux;
    console.log("AA00," + mdata);
    io.sockets.emit("message", mdata); // send data
   else ·
    console.log(readData);
```





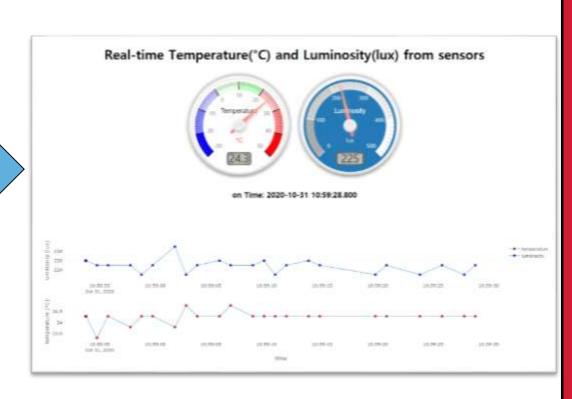
A5.6.1 cds_tmp36_node project (실행 결과)

D:\Portable\vscode-portable\data\aa2-00\aa2-99-rpt08\wk11_src_start\Node\cds_tmp362node cds_tmp36_node serial port open

```
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:17.221,23.80,226
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:18.220,24.29,226
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:19.223,24.29,225
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:20.223,24.29,225
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:21.226,24.78,225
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:22.226,25.27,225
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:23.230,24.29,208
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:24.229,25.27,213
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:25.228,24.78,219
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:26.232,24.29,193
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:27.231,24.29,151
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:28.234,24.29,225
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:29.234,24.29,225
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:30.237,24.29,225
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:31.237,24.29,226
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:32.236,24.29,226
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:33.240,24.29,227
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:34.239,24.29,223
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:35.243,24.29,223
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:36.242,24.29,225
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:37.245,24.29,226
AA00,2020-10-31 10:51:38.245,24.29,226
```

IOT data format

시간, 온도,조도







A5.6.1 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>plotly.js client: Real time signals from sensors</title>
  <script src="https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-latest.min.js"></script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/socket.io/2.3.1/socket.io.js"></script>
  <script src="gauge.min.js"></script>
  <style>body(padding:0;margin:30;background: \(\sigma\)#fff \(/style>
</head>
<body> <!-- style="width:100%;height:100%"> -->
<!-- Plotly chart will be drawn inside this DIV -->
<h1 align="center">Real-time Temperature(°C) and Luminosity(lux) from sensors</h1>
<div align="center">
    <!-- 1st gauge -->
    <canvas id="gauge1"> </canvas>
   <!-- 2nd gauge -->
    <canvas id="gauge2"> </canvas>
</div>
<h3 align="center"> on Time: <span id="time"> </span> </h3>
```





A5.6.2 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

```
<script>
/* JAVASCRIPT CODE GOES HERE */
 var streamPlot = document.getElementById('myDiv');
 var ctime = document.getElementById('time');
  var tArray = [], // time of data arrival
     xTrack = [], // value of sensor 1 : temperature
     yTrack = [], // value of sensor 2 : Luminosity
     numPts = 50, // number of data points in x-axis
     dtda = [], // 1 x 3 array : [date, data1, data2] from sensors
     preX = -1,
     preY = -1,
     initFlag = true;
```





A5.6.3 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

```
var socket = io.connect('http://localhost:3000'); // port = 3000
socket.on('connect', function () {
    socket.on('message', function (msg) {
        // initial plot
        if(msg[0]!='' && initFlag){
            dtda[0]=msg[0];
            dtda[1]=parseFloat(msg[1]); // temperature
            dtda[2]=parseInt(msg[2]);  // Luminosity
            init(); // start streaming
            initFlag=false;
        dtda[0]=msg[0];
        dtda[1] = parseFloat(msg[1]);
        dtda[2] = parseInt(msg[2]);
```





});

A5.6.4 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

```
// Only when any of temperature or Luminosity is different from
  the previous one, the screen is redrawed.
if (dtda[1] != preX | dtda[2] != preY) { // any change?
    preX = dtda[1];
    preY = dtda[2];
    ctime.innerHTML = dtda[0];
    gauge_temp.setValue(dtda[1]) // temp gauge
    gauge lux.setValue(dtda[2]); // lux gauge
   //nextPt();
   tArray = tArray.concat(dtda[0]); // time
   tArray.splice(0,1);
   xTrack = xTrack.concat(dtda[1]) // temp
    xTrack.splice(0, 1) // remove the oldest data
   yTrack = yTrack.concat(dtda[2]) // lux
    yTrack.splice(0, 1)
    var update = {
       x: [tArray, tArray],
       y: [xTrack, yTrack]
    Plotly update(streamPlot, update);
```



A5.6.5 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

```
function init() {    // initial screen ()
    // starting point : first data (temp, lux)
    for ( i = 0; i < numPts; i++) {
        tArray.push(dtda[0]);    // date
        xTrack.push(dtda[1]);    // sensor 1 (temp)
        yTrack.push(dtda[2]);    // sensor 2 (lux)
    }

Plotly.newPlot(streamPlot, data, layout);
}</pre>
```





A5.6.6 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

```
// data
var data = [{
    x : tArray,
    y : xTrack,
    name : 'temperature',
    mode: "markers+lines",
    line: {
        color: "#1f77b4",
        width: 1
    },
    marker: {
        color: "rgb(255, 0, 0)",
        size: 6,
        line: {
          color: "black",
          width: 0.5
x : tArray,
y: yTrack,
name : 'luminosity',
xaxis: 'x2',
vaxis: 'v2'.
    mode: "markers+lines",
    line: {
        color: "#1f77b4",
        width: 1
    },
    marker: {
        color: "rgb(0, 0, 255)",
        size: 6,
        line: {
          color: "black",
          width: 0.5
```

```
var layout = {
 xaxis : {
     title : 'time',
     domain : [0, 1]
 },
 vaxis : {
     title : 'temperature (°C)',
     domain : [0, 0.4],
     range : [-30, 50]
  },
 xaxis2 : {
     title : '',
      domain : [0, 1],
      position: 0.6
 yaxis2 : {
     title : 'luminosity (lux)'
     domain : [0.65, 1],
     range : [0, 500]
```





A5.6.7 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

```
gauge configuration
var gauge temp = new Gauge({
   renderTo : 'gaugel',
   width
              300
   height : 300,
   glow
              : true,
   units
   valueFormat : { int : 1, dec : 1 },
   title : "Temperature",
   minValue : -30,
   maxValue : 50,
   majorTicks : ['-30','-20','-10','0','10','20','30','40','50'],
   minorTicks : 10,
   strokeTicks : false.
   highlights : [
    from: -30, to: -20, color: 'rgba(0, 0, 255, 1)' },
    from: -20, to: -10, color: 'rgba(0, 0, 255, .5)' },
    from : -10, to : 0, color : 'rgba(0, 0, 255, .25)' },
    from: 0, to: 10, color: 'rgba(0, 255, 0, .1)' },
    from: 10, to: 20, color: 'rgba(0, 255, 0, .25)' },
    from: 20, to: 30, color: 'rgba(255, 0, 0, .25)' },
    from: 30, to: 40, color: 'rgba(255, 0, 0, .5)' },
    from: 40, to: 50, color: 'rgba(255, 0, 0, 1)' }
   colors
              #fff
       plate
       majorTicks : '#000',
       minorTicks : '#444',
       title : '#000',
       units : '#f00',
       numbers : '#777',
       needle : { start : 'rgba(240, 128, 128, 1)',
       end : 'rgba(255, 160, 122, .9)' }
gauge temp.draw()
```

```
var gauge lux = new Gauge({
   renderTo : 'gauge2',
   width
             300.
   height
             : 300,
             : true,
   glow
   units : 'lux',
   valueFormat : { int : 3, dec : 0 },
   title : "Luminosity",
   minValue
             0.
   maxValue : 500, // new
   majorTicks : ['0','100','200','300','400','500'],
   minorTicks : 10,
   strokeTicks : false,
   highlights : [
   { from : 0, to : 100, color : '#aaa' },
   { from : 100, to : 200, color : '#ccc' },
    from: 200, to: 300, color: '#ddd' },
    from: 300, to: 400, color: '#eee' }.
     from: 400, to: 500, color: '#fff' }
   colors
              #1f77b4 ,
       plate
       majorTicks : '#f5f5f5',
       minorTicks : '#aaa'.
                 : #fff
       title
                 #ccc .
       units
       numbers : '#eee',
       needle : { start : 'rgba(240, 128, 128, 1)',
       end: 'rgba(255, 160, 122, .9)' }
gauge lux.draw()
```





A5.6.8 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : client_cds_tmp36.html (result)

Real-time Temperature(°C) and Luminosity(lux) from sensors



on Time: 2021-10-20 09:40:05.918





CdS + DHT22

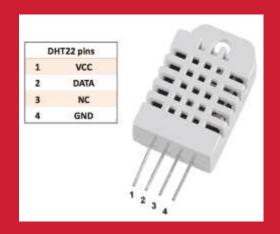


+ plotly.js
Node project

Multi-sensors

DHT22 + CdS







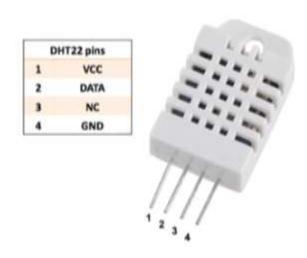


그림 8-7 DHT22 pin 구조

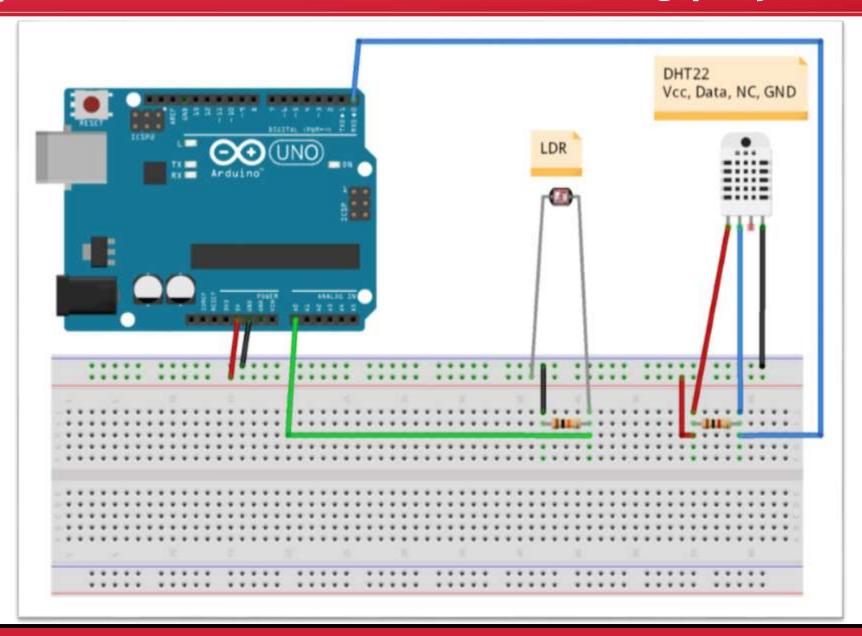
- 3 ~ 5V power and I/O
- 2.5mA max current
- [0-100%] humidity readings with 2-5% accuracy
- [-40 to 80°C] temperature readings ±0.5°C accuracy
- 0.5 Hz sampling rate

https://learn.adafruit.com/dht/overview





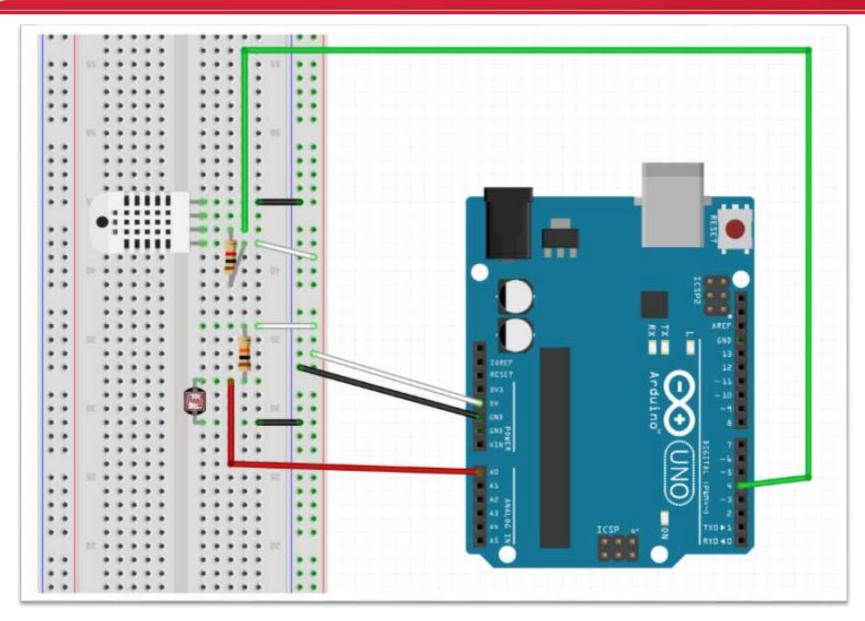
A5.7 DHT22 + CdS streaming project







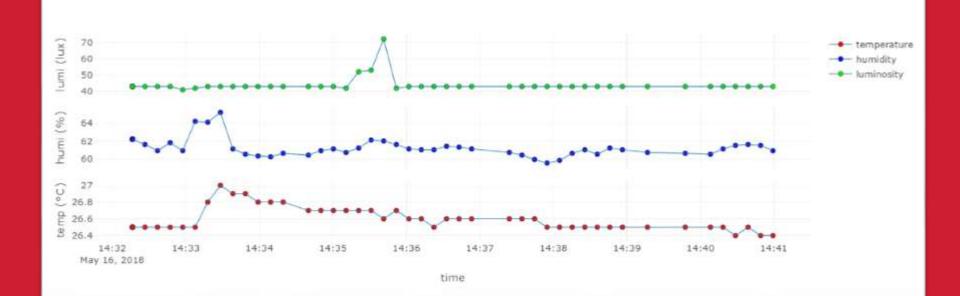
A5.7.1 DHT22 + CdS circuit



Real-time Weather Station from sensors



on Time: 2018-05-16 14:40:59.402







[Practice]

- ◆ [wk07]
- RT Data Visualization with node.js
- Usage of gauge.js
- Complete your plotly-node project
- Upload folder: aann-rpt08
- Use repo "aann" in github

wk07: Practice: aann-rpt08



- [Target of this week]
 - Complete your works
 - Save your outcomes and upload outputs in github

제출폴더명: aann-rpt08

- 압축할 파일들

- ① AAnn_DS_30timestamps.png
- ② AAnn_DS_multiple_axis.png
- ③ AAnn_cds_gauge.png
- 4 AAnn_cds_change.png
- ⑤ AAnn_DS_cds_tmp36.png
- 6 All *.ino
- **7** All *.js
- 8 All *.html

Lecture materials



References & good sites

- ✓ http://www.arduino.cc Arduino Homepage
- http://www.nodejs.org/ko Node.js
- √ https://plot.ly/ plotly
- https://www.mongodb.com/ MongoDB
- ✓ http://www.w3schools.com

 By w3schools.com
- http://www.github.com GitHub

Target of this class





Real-time Weather Station from nano 33 BLE sensors



on Time: 2020-09-09 10:27:17.321

