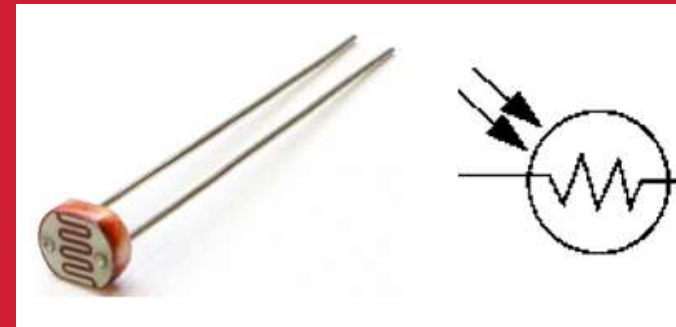


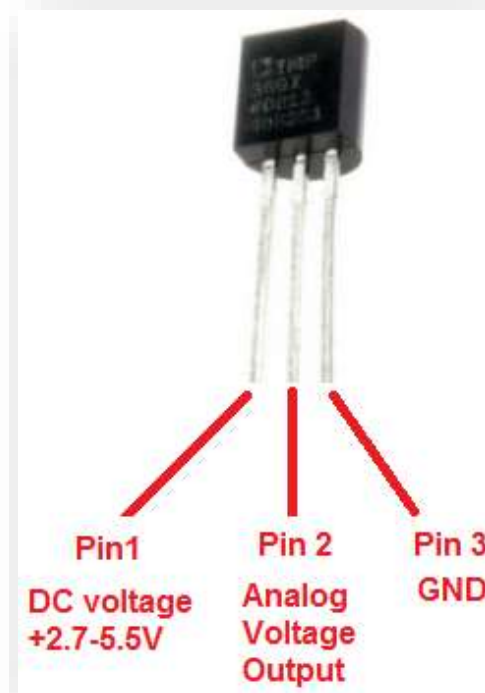
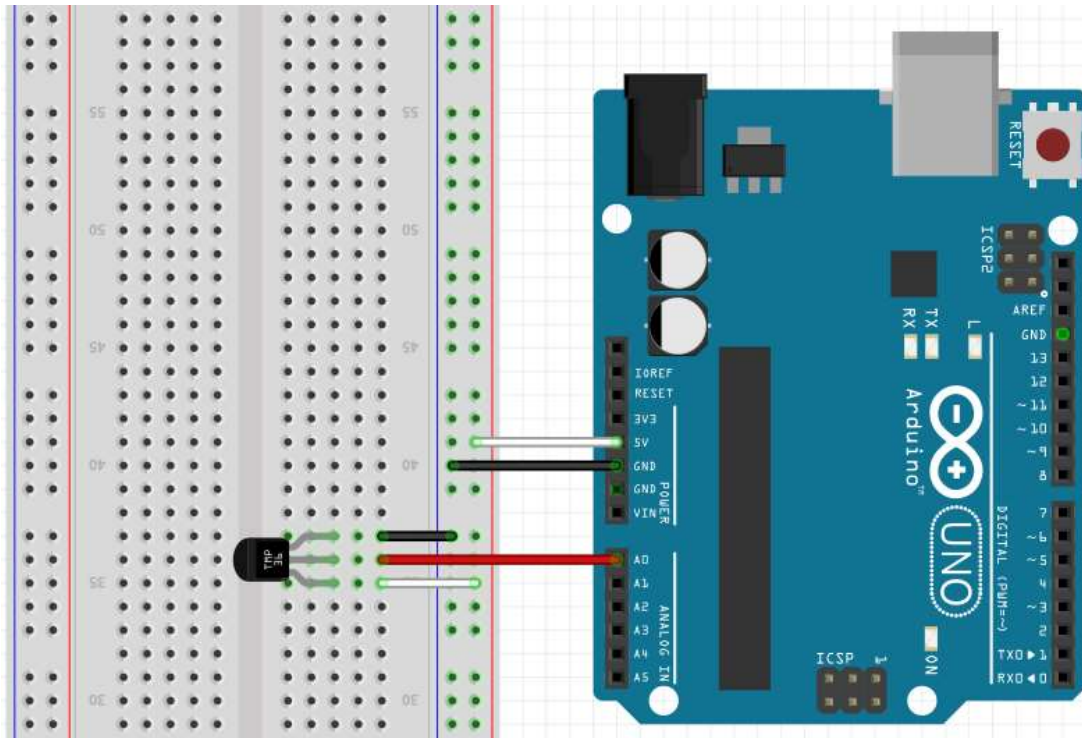


온도, 조도 센서

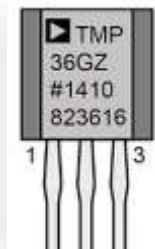




A3.1.1 Temperature sensor [TMP36]



Parts : TMP36



- **Size:** TO-92 package (about 0.2" x 0.2" x 0.2") with three leads
- **Price:** \$2.00 at the [Adafruit shop](#)
- **Temperature range:** -40°C to 150°C / -40°F to 302°F
- **Output range:** 0.1V (-40°C) to 2.0V (150°C) but accuracy decreases after 125°C
- **Power supply:** 2.7V to 5.5V only, 0.05 mA current draw

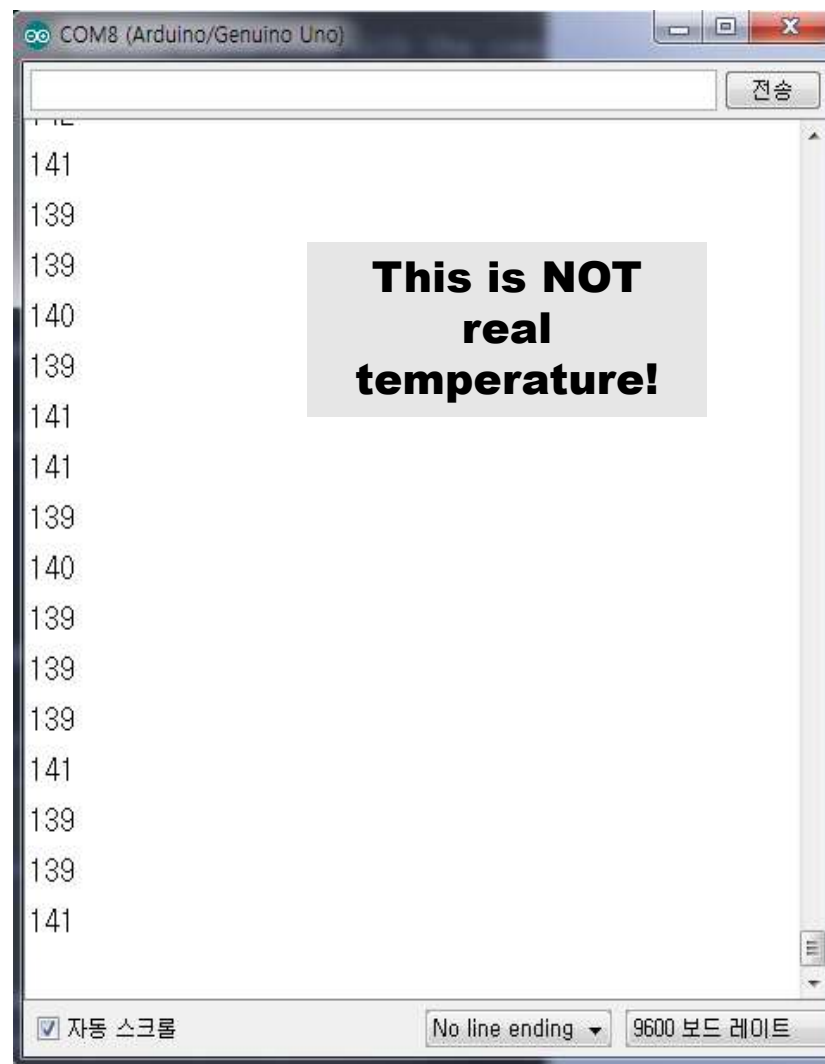


A3.1.2 Temperature sensor [TMP36]

Simple code

```
TMP36 $
1 //
2 //  AR00, TMP36 sensor
3 //
4
5 #define TEMP_INPUT 0
6 // or  int TEMP_INPUT = 0;
7
8 void setup() {
9   Serial.begin(9600);
10 }
11
12 void loop() {
13
14   int value = analogRead(TEMP_INPUT);
15   Serial.println(value);
16
17   delay(1000);
18 }
```

Serial output (0 ~ 1023)



Sensor property

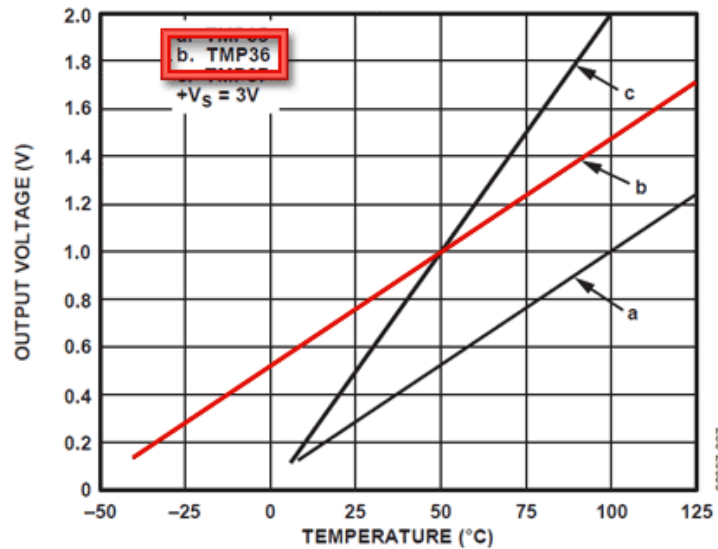


Figure 6. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

Output Voltage (mV) vs. Temperature (°C)			
V	0	500	1000
T	-50	0	50

https://github.com/Redwoods/Arduino/blob/master/ar-iot/py-ml/tmp36_LR.ipynb

Temperature conversion

$$\text{Temp (}^{\circ}\text{C)} = (\text{Vout} - 500) / 10$$

$$\text{Vout (mV)} = \text{value} * (5000 / 1023)$$

$$(0 \leq \text{value} \leq 1023)$$



```
// converting that reading to voltage
float voltage = value * 5.0 * 1000; // in mV
voltage /= 1023.0;
float temperatureC = (voltage - 500) / 10 ;
```



A3.1.4 Temperature sensor [TMP36]

Working code

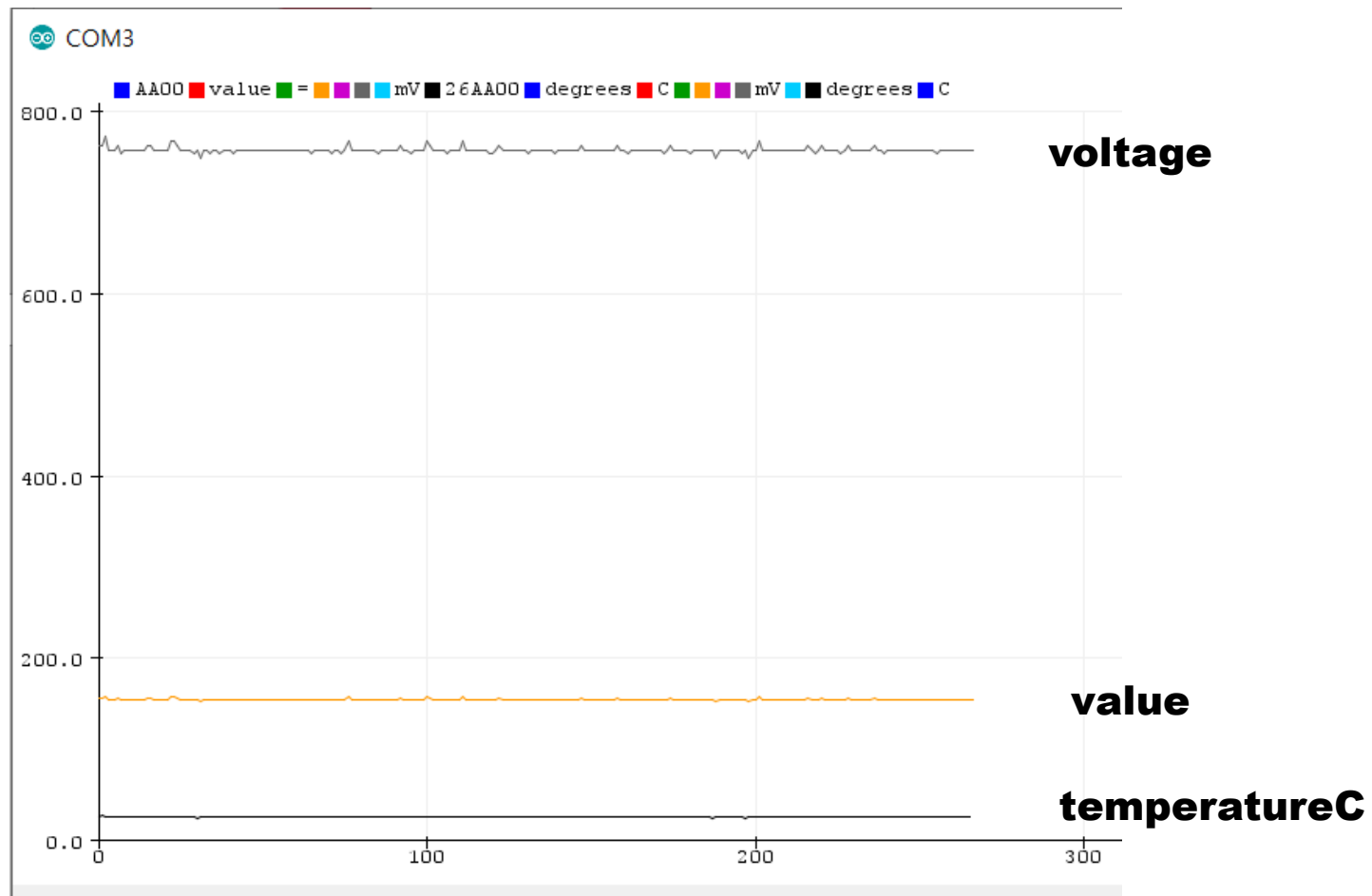
```
TMP36
10 }
11
12 void loop() {
13   //getting the voltage reading from the temperature sensor
14   int value = analogRead(TEMP_INPUT);
15   Serial.print("AA00, value = ");
16   Serial.print(value);
17   Serial.print(" : ");
18
19   // converting that reading to voltage
20   float voltage = value * 5.0 * 1000; // in mV
21   voltage /= 1023.0;
22
23   // print out the voltage
24   Serial.print(voltage);
25   Serial.print(" mV, ");
26
27   // now print out the temperature
28   float temperatureC = (voltage - 500) / 10 ;
29   Serial.print(temperatureC);
30   Serial.println(" degrees C");
31
32   delay(1000);
33 }
```

Serial output (°C)

```
COM4
AA00, value = 131 : 640.27 mV, 14.03 degrees C
AA00, value = 130 : 635.39 mV, 13.54 degrees C
AA00, value = 132 : 645.16 mV, 14.52 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 129 : 630.50 mV, 13.05 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 130 : 635.39 mV, 13.54 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 132 : 645.16 mV, 14.52 degrees C
AA00, value = 129 : 630.50 mV, 13.05 degrees C
AA00, value = 132 : 645.16 mV, 14.52 degrees C
AA00, value = 129 : 630.50 mV, 13.05 degrees C
AA00, value = 130 : 635.39 mV, 13.54 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
AA00, value = 128 : 625.61 mV, 12.56 degrees C
```

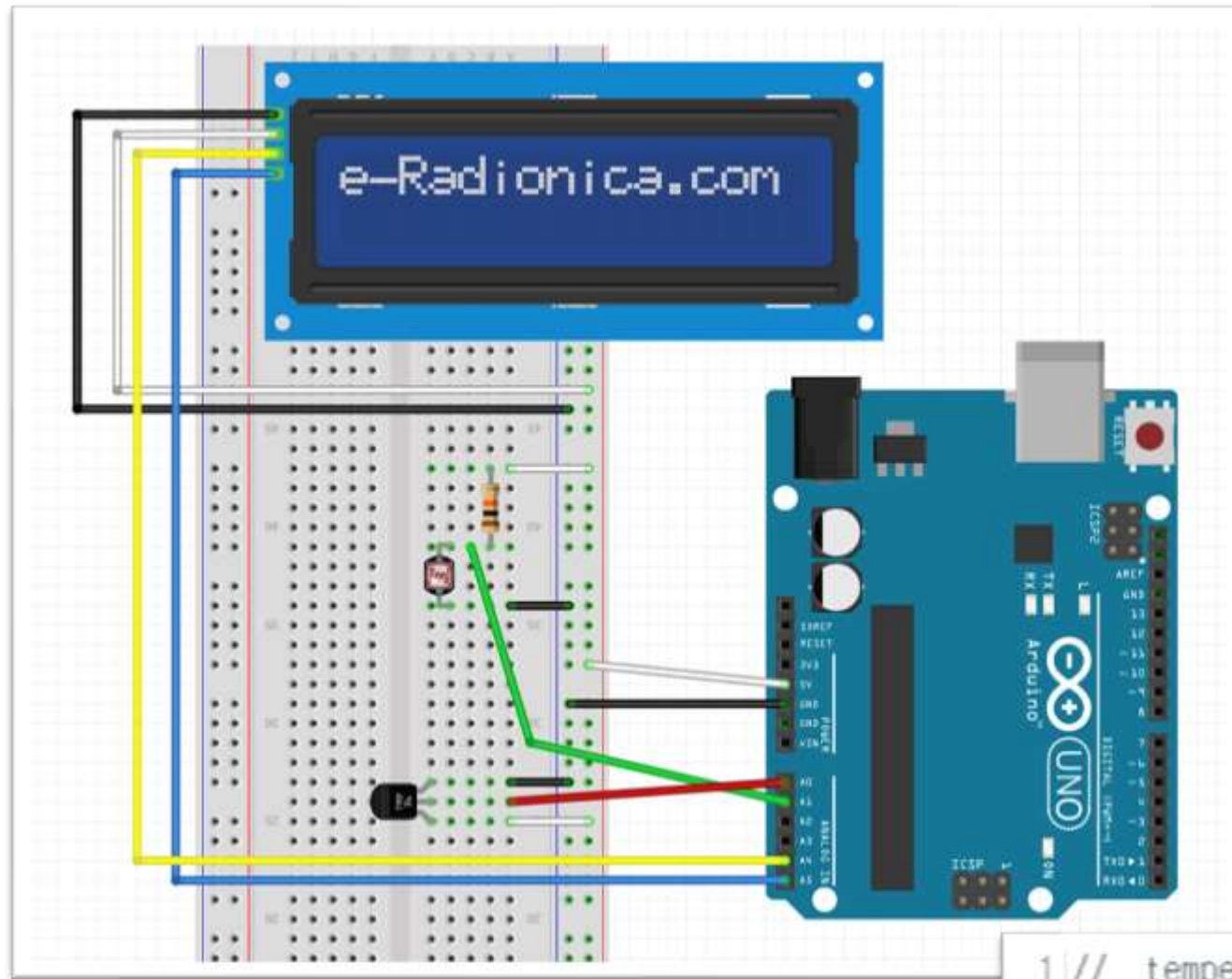


A3.1.5 Temperature sensor [TMP36]





TMP36 + CdS + LCD : circuit



```
1 // temperature & lux  
2 #define TMP36_INPUT 0  
3 #define CDS_INPUT 1
```




TMP36 + CdS + LCD : code

arXX_cds_tmp36.ino

```
1  // temperature & lux
2  #define TMP36_INPUT 0
3  #define CDS_INPUT 1
4
5  void setup() {
6    Serial.begin(9600);
7  }
8
9  void loop() {
10     // Temperature from TMP36
11     int temp_value = analogRead(TMP36_INPUT);
12     // converting that reading to voltage
13     float voltage = temp_value * 5.0 * 1000; // in mV
14     voltage /= 1023.0;
15     float tempC = (voltage - 500) / 10 ;
16
17     // Lux from CdS (LDR)
18     int cds_value = analogRead(CDS_INPUT);
19     int lux = int(luminosity(cds_value));
20     // Serial.print("ARnn,");
21     Serial.print(tempC);
22     Serial.print(",");
23     Serial.println(lux);
24
25     delay(1000);
26 }
```

```
28 //Voltage to Lux
29 double luminosity (int RawADC0){
30     double Vout=RawADC0*5.0/1023.0;
31     double lux=(2500/Vout-500)/10.0;
32     // lux = 500 / Rldr, Vout = Ildr
33     return lux;
34 }
```


아두이노 실기

- TMP36 + CdS + LCD + @
- 온도와 조도를 **LCD**로 모니터링
- 모니터링 화면을 **arnn_project.png**로 촬영 및 저장
- **led**, 부저, 모터 등을 추가해서 온도/조도 변화 효과를 추가
- 최종 동작 상태를 촬영 및 저장: **arnn_project2.png**

- 시간: 6월 15일 오후 2 시~
- 장소: **E323** 실습실
- 배점: @@@
- 각자 **github**에 **project** 폴더로 업!