

Difference Equations

Linear Difference Equation

The linear difference equation has the form:

$$y_{n+1} = ay_n + b$$

The general solution for y_n is:

$$y_n = \frac{b}{1-a} + (y_0 - \frac{b}{1-a})a^n$$

Long term behaviour

Type of behaviour	Indicator	Condition	Behavior
Vertical behavior	Sign of a	$a > 0$	Solution monotone
		$a < 0$	Solution oscillating
Long term behavior	Sign of a	$ a < 1$	Attracted to equilibrium
		$ a > 1$	Repelled by equilibrium

Logistic Difference Equation

The logistic difference equation has the form:

Theorem 2

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + ry_n(M - y_n)$$

so...

$$\Delta y = ry_n(M - y_0)$$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{y_n} = r(M - y_0) = rM - ry_0$$

but...

$$\frac{\Delta y}{y_n} = ay_n + b$$

so...

$$a = -r, \quad b = rm$$

Theorem 3

$$\text{Let } \frac{1}{r} < M < \frac{2}{r}$$

1. There exists 2 equilibria $y = 0$ and $y = m$.
2. If $y_0 \geq M + 1/r$, then $y_1 \leq 0$.
3. If $0 < y_0 < M + 1/r$, then y_n tends to equilibrium M as n increases.
4. The population will start oscillating as soon as $y > 1/r$