See chapter 3 in Regression and Other Stories.

Widen the notebook

```
html"""

<style>
    main {
        margin: 0 auto;
        max-width: 2000px;
        padding-left: max(160px, 10%);
        padding-right: max(160px, 10%);
    }

</style>
"""
```

```
∘ using Pkg ✓ , DrWatson ✓
```

3.1 - Weighted averages

pop =

"United States"	310000000	36.8
"Mexico"	112000000	26.7
"Canada"	34000000	40.7
Canada	D-1000000	70.7
	33.73.33	"Canada" 34000000 htaFrame(stratum=1:3, country=

```
pop = DataFrame(stratum=1:3, country=
["United States", "Mexico", "Canada"],
population=Int[310e6, 112e6, 34e6],
average_age=[36.8, 26.7, 40.7])
```

34.61008771929824

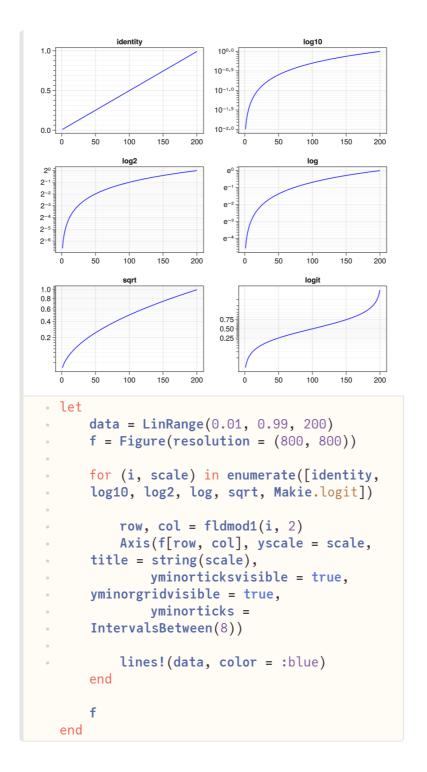
```
mean(pop.average_age,
weights(pop.population))
```

```
▶ [0.679825, 0.245614, 0.0745614]
```

```
weights(pop.population)/sum(pop.population)
```

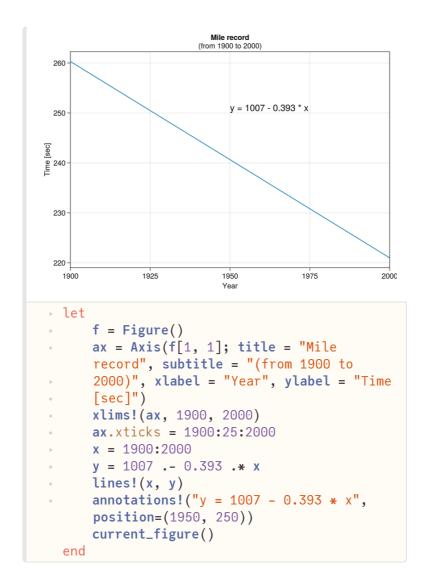
	variable	mean	min	median	
1	:stratum	2.0	1	2.0	- 3
2	:country	nothing	"Canada"	nothing	1
3	:population	1.52e8	34000000	1.12e8	3
4	:average_age	34.7333	26.7	36.8	4

3.3 - Graphing a line



```
10<sup>4</sup> 10<sup>2</sup> 2<sup>10</sup> 2<sup>10</sup> 2<sup>10</sup> 10<sup>0.0</sup> 10<sup>0.5</sup> 10<sup>1.0</sup> 10<sup>1.5</sup> 10<sup>2.0</sup> 2<sup>0</sup> 2<sup>2</sup> 2<sup>4</sup> 2<sup>6</sup> 2<sup>8</sup> e<sup>0</sup> e<sup>2</sup> e<sup>4</sup>
```

```
• let
      data = 10 .^ LinRange(0.01, 5.0, 200)
      f = Figure(resolution = (800, 300))
      for (i, scale) in enumerate([log10,
      log2, log])
          row, col = fldmod1(i, 2)
          Axis(f[1, i], yscale = scale, xscale
       = scale, title = string(scale),
              yminorticksvisible = true,
      yminorgridvisible = true,
              yminorticks =
      IntervalsBetween(8))
          lines!(data, color = :blue)
     end
      f
  end
```



3.4 - Log and exponential scales

Simulated data for metabolic.

```
body_mass
                    rate
     4.46877
                  4.72792
 1
     4.6314
                  4.77953
 2
 3
     4.70212
                  4.86607
     4.85071
                  5.09666
     5.24315
                  5.23391
 5
 6
     5.29702
                  5.27504
     5.3163
 7
                  5.42113
     5.64758
 8
                  5.54111
     5.67783
                  5.54455
 9
10
     5.80551
                  5.76063
: more
200
     9.20921
                  8.22882
```

```
begin

x = sort(rand(Uniform(0.01, 10000),
200))

y = 4.1 * x.^0.74 .+ [rand.(Normal.(0,
sqrt(x[i])), 1)[1] for i in 1:length(x)]
metabolic = DataFrame(:body_mass => log.
(x), :rate => log.(y))
end
```

ppl3_1 (generic function with 2 methods)

```
@model function ppl3_1(m, r)
a ~ Normal(0, 0.3)
b ~ Normal(0, 0.3)
σ ~ Exponential(1)
μ = a .+ b .* m
for i in eachindex(y)
r[i] ~ Normal(μ[i], σ)
end
end
```

```
▶ [
      parameters
                     mean
                                  std
                                            naiv
                   1.40073
   1
      :a
                               0.0198207
                                           0.0003
   2
                   0.740984
      :b
                               0.00240248
                                           3.7986
   3
      : o
                   0.0359071
                               0.00179637
                                           2.8403
 begin
      m3_1t = ppl3_1(metabolic.body_mass,
       metabolic.rate)
       chns3_1t = sample(m3_1t, NUTS(),
       MCMCThreads(), 1000, 4)
       describe(chns3_1t)
```

```
parameters median mad_sd
                                    mean
                                               st
   "a"
                1.401
                         0.02
                                   1.401
                                            0.02
1
   "b"
                0.741
                         0.002
                                   0.741
                                            0.00
2
   "σ"
3
                0.036
                         0.002
                                   0.036
                                            0.00
```

end

```
begin
post3_1t = DataFrame(chns3_1t)[:, 3:5]
ms3_1t = model_summary(post3_1t,
names(post3_1t))
end
```

```
Metabolic rate (linear scale)
                                   Metabolic rate (log-log scale)
 3000
                            og(metobolic rate [W])
Metobolic rate [W]
 1000
              5000
                        10000
           Body mass [kg]
                                     log(body mass [kg])
• let
       x = LinRange(1, 10000, 1000)
       y = 4.1 * x.^{0.74}
       f = Figure()
       ax = Axis(f[1, 1]; title="Metabolic")
       rate (linear scale)", xlabel="Body mass
        [kg]", ylabel="Metobolic rate [W]")
       scatter!(exp.(metabolic.body_mass), exp.
        (metabolic.rate))
       lines!(x, y; color=:darkred)
       ax = Axis(f[1 , 2]; title="Metabolic
       rate (log-log scale)", xscale=log,
       yscale=log,
            xlabel="log(body mass [kg])",
            ylabel="log(metobolic rate [W])")
        LinRange(minimum(metabolic.body_mass),
       maximum(metabolic.body_mass), 100)
       scatter!(metabolic.body_mass,
       metabolic.rate)
       lines!(x, ms3_1t["a", "median"] .+
       ms3_1t["b", "median"] * x;
       color=:darkred)
       current_figure()
   end
```

```
57.69669926958961
```

```
- \exp(\exp(1.4))
```

3.5 - Probability distributions

```
height
                     sex
                   "female"
         61.1316
  1
         64.6008
                   "female"
  2
         67.182
                   "female"
  3
         64.6839
                   "female"
                   "female"
         61.9961
  5
                  "female"
  6
         61.2885
         58.3058
                  "female"
  7
  8
         64.6222
                  "female"
  9
         66.6702
                  "female"
                  "female"
         65.9953
  10
: more
         73.614
                   "male"
200000
```

```
begin

N = 100000
heights = DataFrame()
height = vcat(rand(Normal(63.7, 2.7),
N),
rand(Normal(69.1, 2.9), N))
sex = repeat(["female", "male"],
inner=N)
heights.height = height
heights.sex = sex
heights
```

```
begin

begin

menHeights = heights[heights.sex .==
    "male", :height]

womenHeights = heights[heights.sex .==
    "female", :height]

(mean=mean(womenHeights),
    var=var(womenHeights),
    std=std(womenHeights),
    median=median(womenHeights),
    mad_sd=mad(womenHeights))
end
```

```
Density heights
0.15
                                              Women
0.10
0.05
0.00
                60
                               70
 • let
           f = Figure()
           ax = Axis(f[1, 1]; title="Density
           heights")
           density!(womenHeights; color=color
            = (:lightgreen, 0.4), label="Women")
           density!(menHeights; color=color =
            (:lightblue, 0.4), label="Men")
           axislegend()
       end
```

0.49714220980937984

```
begin
wdf = Normal(63.65, 2.68)
cdf(wdf, 63.65 + 0.67 * 2.68) -
cdf(wdf, 63.65 - 0.67 * 2.68)
end
```

0.6826894921370859

- cdf(wdf, 63.65 + 2.68) - cdf(wdf, 63.65 2.68)

0.9544997361036417

- cdf(wdf, 63.65+2*2.68) - cdf(wdf, 63.65-2*2.68)

```
0.15

0.05

0.05

13.5%

13.5%

13.5%

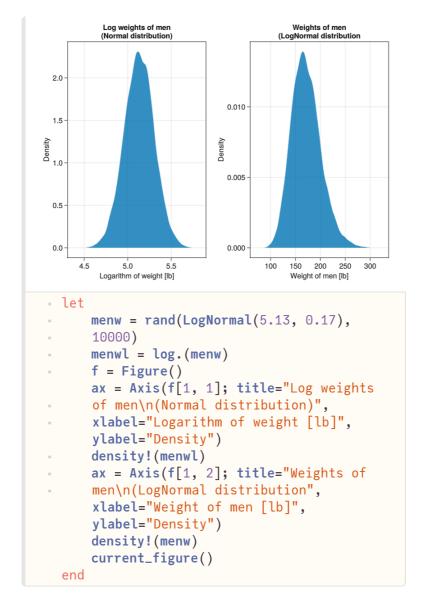
2.5%

70
```

```
let
      wdf = Normal(63.65, 2.68)
      x = range(55.0, 72.5; length=100)
      lines(x, pdf.(wdf, x); color=:darkblue)
      x1 = range(63.65 - 3 * 2.68, 63.65 - 2)
      * 2.68; length=20)
      band!(x1, fill(0, length(x1)), pdf.
      (wdf, x1);
          color = (:blue, 0.25), label =
          "Label")
      x1 = range(63.65 + 2 * 2.68, 63.65 + 3)
      * 2.68; length=20)
      band!(x1, fill(0, length(x1)), pdf.
      (wdf, x1);
          color = (:blue, 0.25), label =
          "Label")
      x1 = range(63.65 - 2 * 2.68, 63.65 - 1)
      * 2.68; length=20)
      band!(x1, fill(0, length(x1)), pdf.
      (wdf, x1);
          color = (:blue, 0.45), label =
          "Label")
      x1 = range(63.65 + 1 * 2.68, 63.65 + 2
      * 2.68; length=20)
      band!(x1, fill(0, length(x1)), pdf.
      (wdf, x1);
          color = (:blue, 0.45), label =
          "Label")
      x1 = range(63.65 - 1 * 2.68, 63.65;
      length=20)
```

```
band!(x1, fill(0, length(x1)), pdf.
    (wdf, x1);
        color = (:blue, 0.55), label =
        "Label")
   x1 = range(63.65, 63.65 + 2.68;
    length=20)
   band!(x1, fill(0, length(x1)), pdf.
    (wdf, x1);
        color = (:blue, 0.55), label =
        "Label")
    text!("68%", position = (63.65, 0.05),
    align = (:center, :center),
        textsize = 30)
    text!("13.5%", position = (67.5, 0.02),
    align = (:center, :center),
        textsize = 20)
    text!("13.5%", position = (59.6, 0.02),
    align = (:center, :center),
        textsize = 20)
   text!("2.5%", position = (69.75,
    0.0045), align = (:center, :center),
        textsize = 15)
    text!("2.5%", position = (57.7,
    0.0045), align = (:center, :center),
        textsize = 15)
   current_figure()
end
```

LogNormal



Binomial

```
median
                         mad sd
   parameters
                                    mean
                                               st
   "bv"
                6.0
                          1.483
                                             2.07
1
                                   6.0
• let
      df = DataFrame(bv = rand(Binomial(20,
      0.3), 1000))
      model_summary(df, [:bv])
  end
```

Poisson

```
▶[5, 5, 3, 4, 4, 9, 2, 3, 2, 8]
- rand(Poisson(4.52), 10)
```

3.6 - Probability modeling

```
20689.577579211084
- 1 / (pdf(Normal(0.49, 0.04), 0.5) / 200000)
```

```
20.689577579211083
- 1 / (1000pdf(Normal(0.49, 0.04), 0.5) / 200000)
```