

$$dD(t) = D(t) \mu dt + D(t) \sigma dW(t)$$

$$E(t) = \frac{1}{D(t)} \Rightarrow f(x) = x^{-1}, f'(x) = -x^{-2}, f''(x) = 2x^{-3} \quad \checkmark$$

\Rightarrow Ito's formula: $df(D(t)) = (f'(D(t)) \mu + \frac{1}{2} f''(D(t)) \sigma^2) dt + f'(D(t)) \sigma dW(t)$

You need to use the correct functions from $dD(t) = \dots$

$\Rightarrow dE(t) = (-D(t)^2 \mu + D(t)^3 \sigma^2) dt - D(t)^2 \sigma dW(t)$ (f)

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$$\mu = 0,5 \sigma^2 :$$

$\hookrightarrow dE(t) = (-E(t)^2 0,5 \sigma^2 + E(t)^3 \sigma^2) dt - E(t)^2 \sigma dW(t)$ (f)

\hookrightarrow we see that the drift only depends on the exchange rate and the volatility

\hookrightarrow this implies if volatility increases then the expected change of exchange rate also increases.