

# Typst-Index

## An index package for Typst

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## 1 Sample Document to Demonstrate the Typst-Index

Using the index package in a typst document consists of some simple steps:

1. Importing the package `index.typ`.
2. Marking the words or phrases to include in the index.
3. Defining the show rule for the entries (usually to hide them).
4. Generating the index page by calling the `make-index()` function.

### 1.1 Importing the Package

The index package is currently available on GitHub (<https://github.com/RolfBremer/typst-index>). It is still in development and may have breaking changes in its next iteration.

```
#import "./index.typ": *
```

### 1.2 Marking of Entries

We have marked several words to be included in an index page at the end of the document. The markup for the entry stays invisible. Its location in the text gets recorded, and later it is shown as a page reference in the index page.

```
#index[The Entry Phrase]
```

#### 1.2.1 Marker Classes

The entries support a class. This class determines the visualization for the page number of the entry. Currently, we distinguish between class “Simple” and class “Main”. The first one is the default. The second is provided to mark the main reference for that entry – its page number will be printed in **bold**.

```
#index(class: classes.main)[The Entry Phrase]
```

In future versions of this package there may be more marker classes for additional cases. It is recommended to use the `classes` definition of the package.

- `classes.simple`
- `classes.main`

## 1.3 Controlling the Show

At the start of this document, just after the `import` statements, we used a `show` rule to define, what we want to see of the index markers in the resulting document. This is usually defined in a way, that the markers just show nothing:

```
// Index-Entry hiding : this rule makes the index entries in the document invisible.
#show figure.where(kind: "jkrb_index"): it => {}
```

For review reasons, this can be changed to show up in the resulting document. For example like this:

```
// Index-Entry: this rule makes the index entries in the document visible.
#show figure.where(kind: "jkrb_index"): it => {
  text(fill: red)[ --> '#it.caption' ]
}
```

The index markers now show up in the resulting document and can easily be reviewed.

## 1.4 The Index Page

To actually create the index page, the `make-index()` function has to be called. Of course, it can be embedded into an appropriately formatted environment, like this:

```
#columns(3)[
  #make-index()
]
```

## 2 Why Having an Index in Times of Search Functionality?

A *handpicked Index* in times of search functionality seems a bit old-fashioned at the first glance. But such an index allows the author to direct the reader who is looking for a specific topic, to exactly the right places. Especially in larger documents and books this becomes very useful, since search engines may provide too many locations of specific words. The index is much more comprehensive, assuming that the author has its content selected well.

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## 3 Index

Here we generate the Index page in three columns:

<b>A</b>		<b>I</b>		<b>S</b>	
Authors responsibility	2	Import	2	Sample	1
<b>B</b>		Index	2	SearchFunctionality	2
Breaking Changes	1	Index Page	1, 2	Searching vs. Index	2
<b>C</b>		Invisible	1	Show Rule	2
Classes	1	Iteration	1	Simple	1
Content	2	<b>L</b>			
<b>D</b>		Large Documents	2		
Development	1	<b>M</b>			
<b>E</b>		Main	1		
Environment	2	Marker Classes	1		
<b>F</b>		<b>O</b>			
Formatting	2	Old-fashioned	2		
<b>H</b>		<b>R</b>			
Hand Picked	2	Review	2		