# Changes in the structure of spontaneous speech predict the disruption of

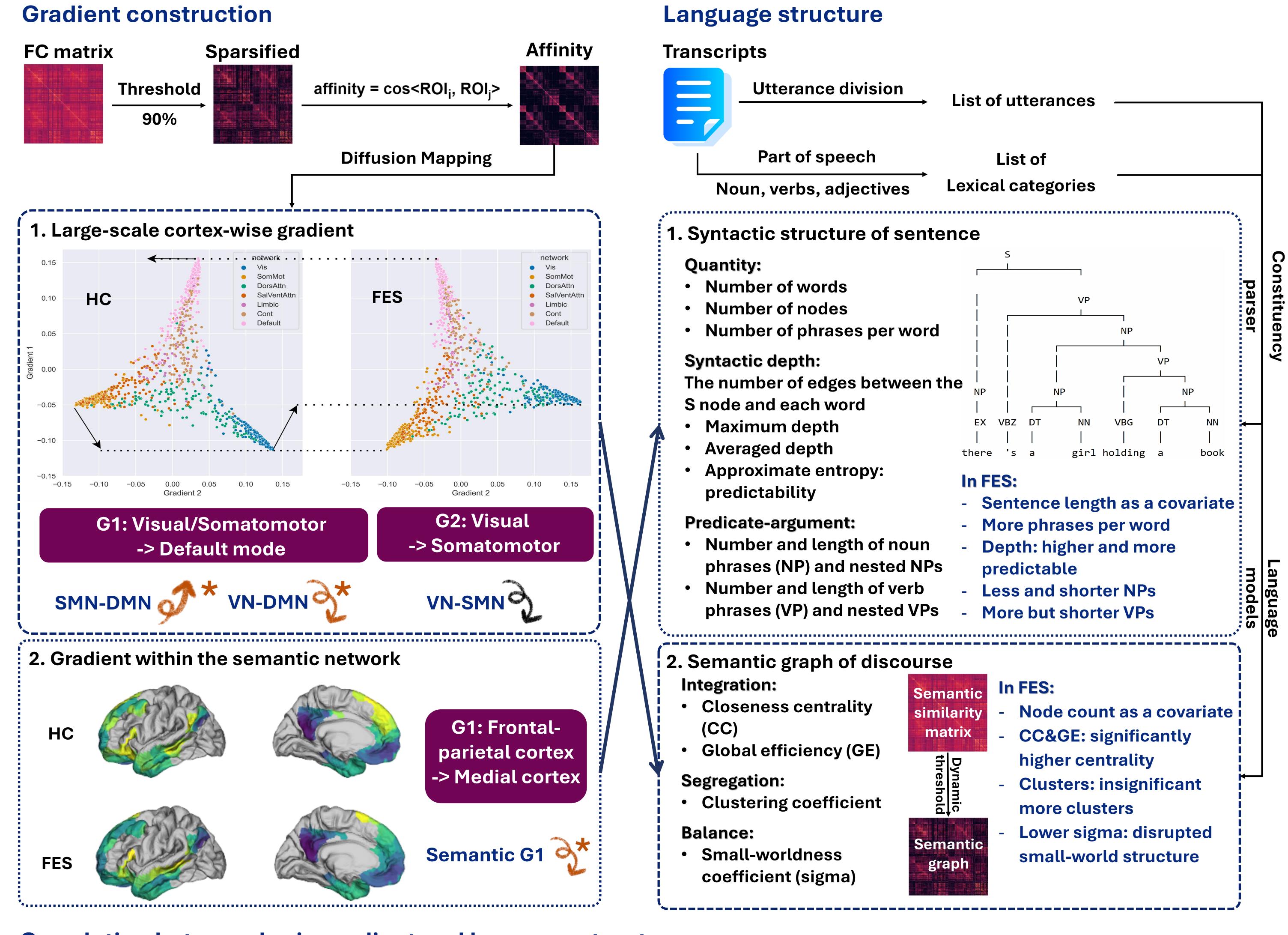
## hierarchical brain organization in first-episode psychosis

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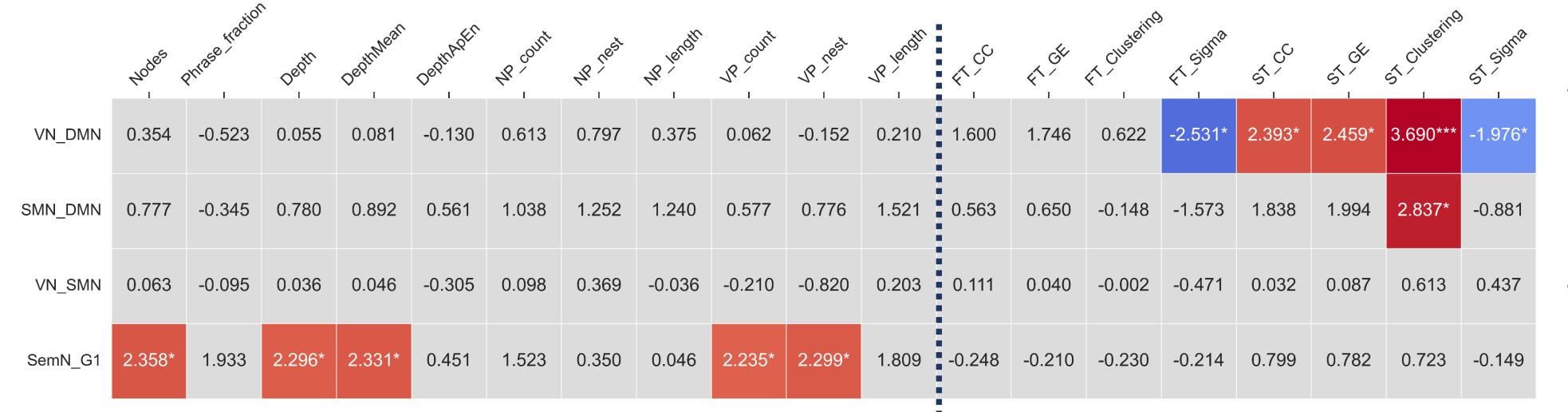
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#### **Motivation and materials**

Psychosis implicates changes across a broad range of cognitive functions, which are cortically organized in a hierarchy ranging from primary sensorimotor (unimodal) to higher-order association cortices. Language has long been documented as undergoing structural changes in psychosis. We hypothesized that these changes as revealed in spontaneous speech may act as readouts of alterations in the configuration of this unimodal-to-transmodal axis. We employed 7T resting-state fMRI and spontaneous speech elicited by picture description tasks from 29 first-episode schizophrenia (FES) with 29 matched controls to investigate such hypothesis.



### Correlation between brain gradient and language structure



- The principal gradient of the whole cortex as indexed by VN-DMN dispersion and SMN-DMN dispersion is related to the topology of semantic graphs.
- The principal gradient of the semantic network is related to the structure of syntactic tree and properties of verb phrases.

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