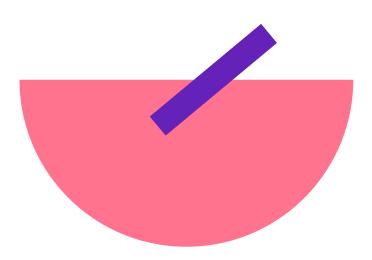


Predicting HDB Resale Prices

Russell, Simon, Clifton, Kathy







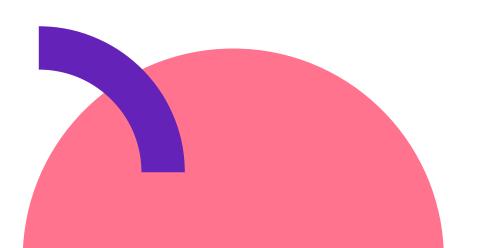
Problem Introduction

Problem Introduction

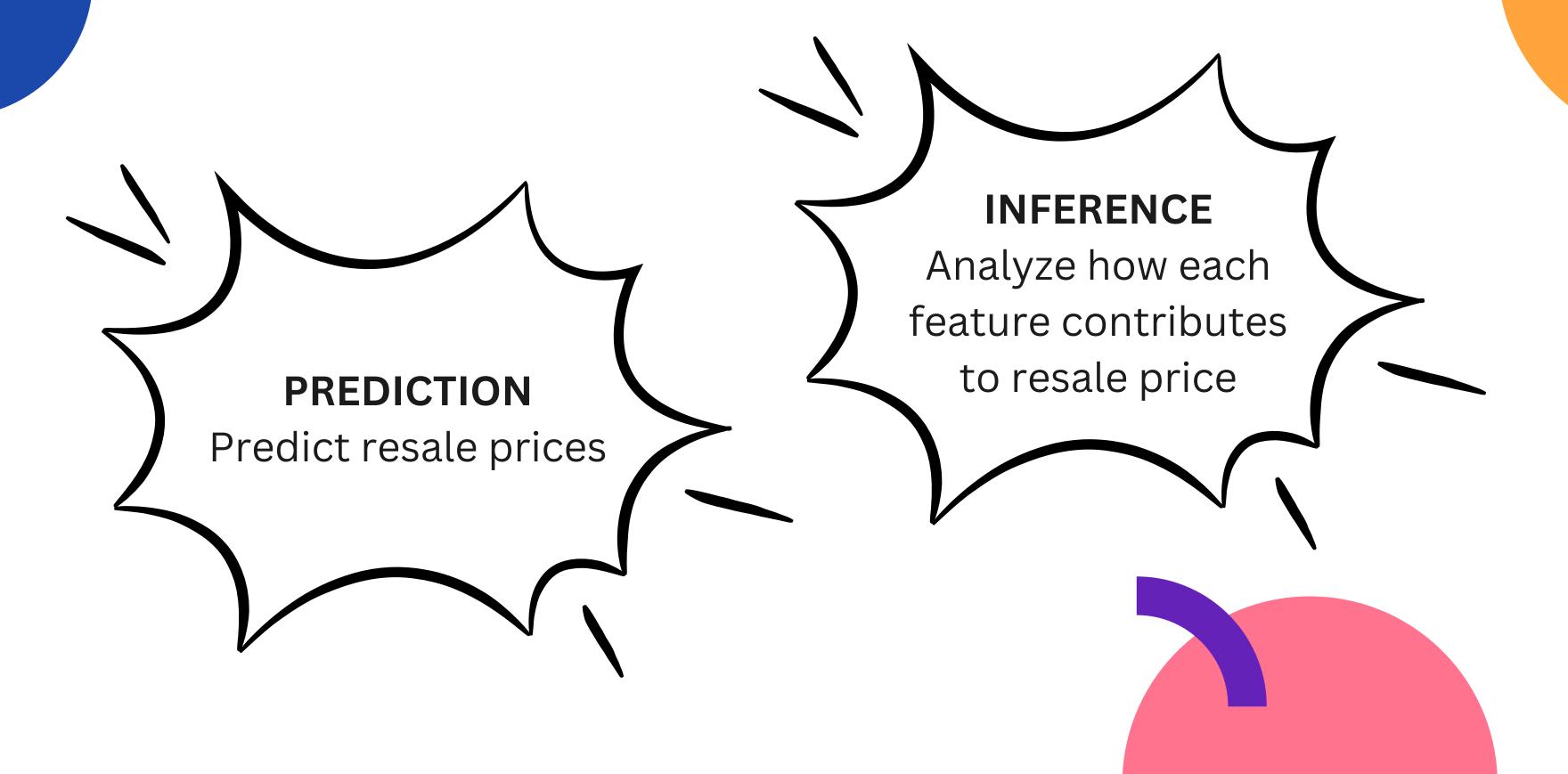
Singapore HDBs are resold at various prices The resale price is affected by:

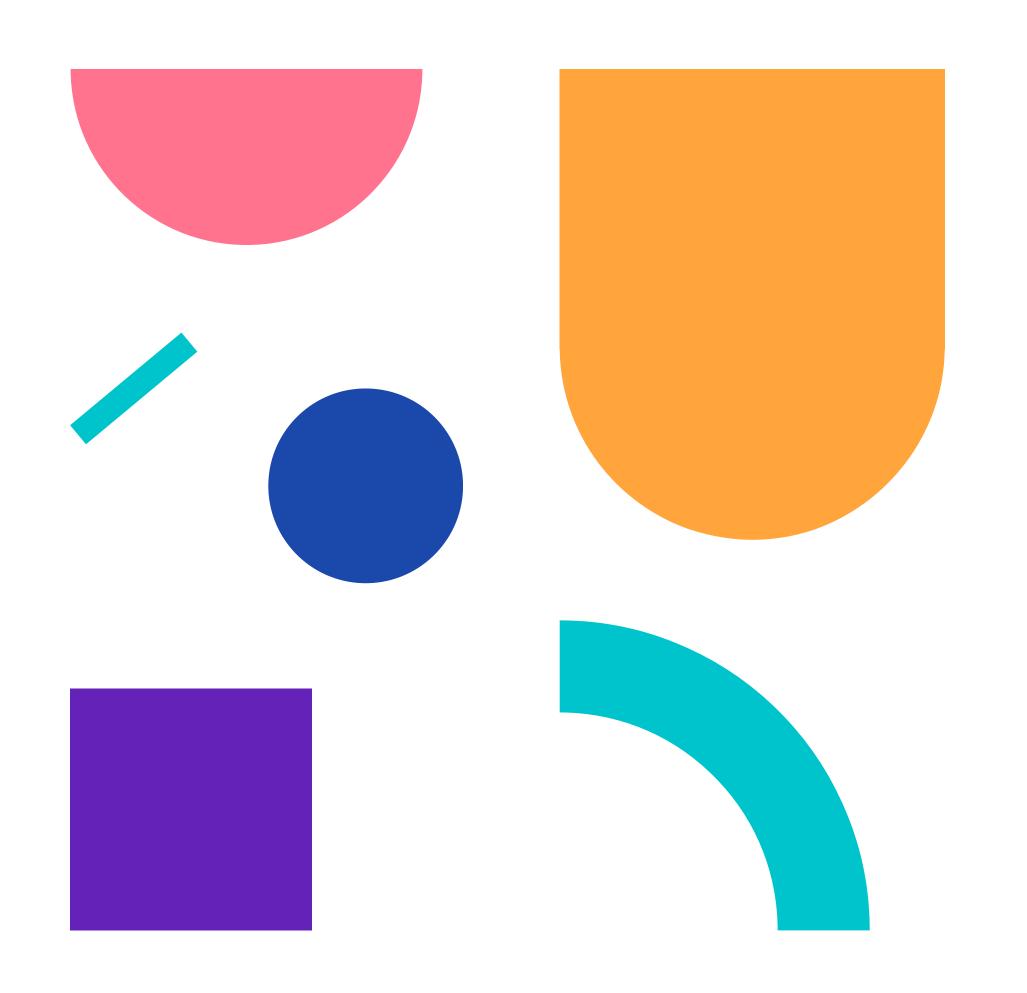
- floor area
- lease year
- flat type
- and many more!





Two Goals



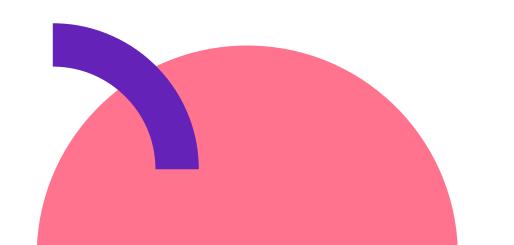


Dataset Description

Dataset Description

Government resale flat
data from data.gov.sg
managed by Housing
Development Board
(HDB)

4410 resale
transactions taken
from Jan - Feb
2023

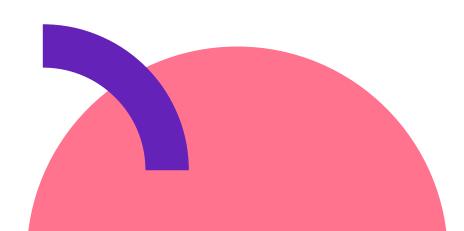


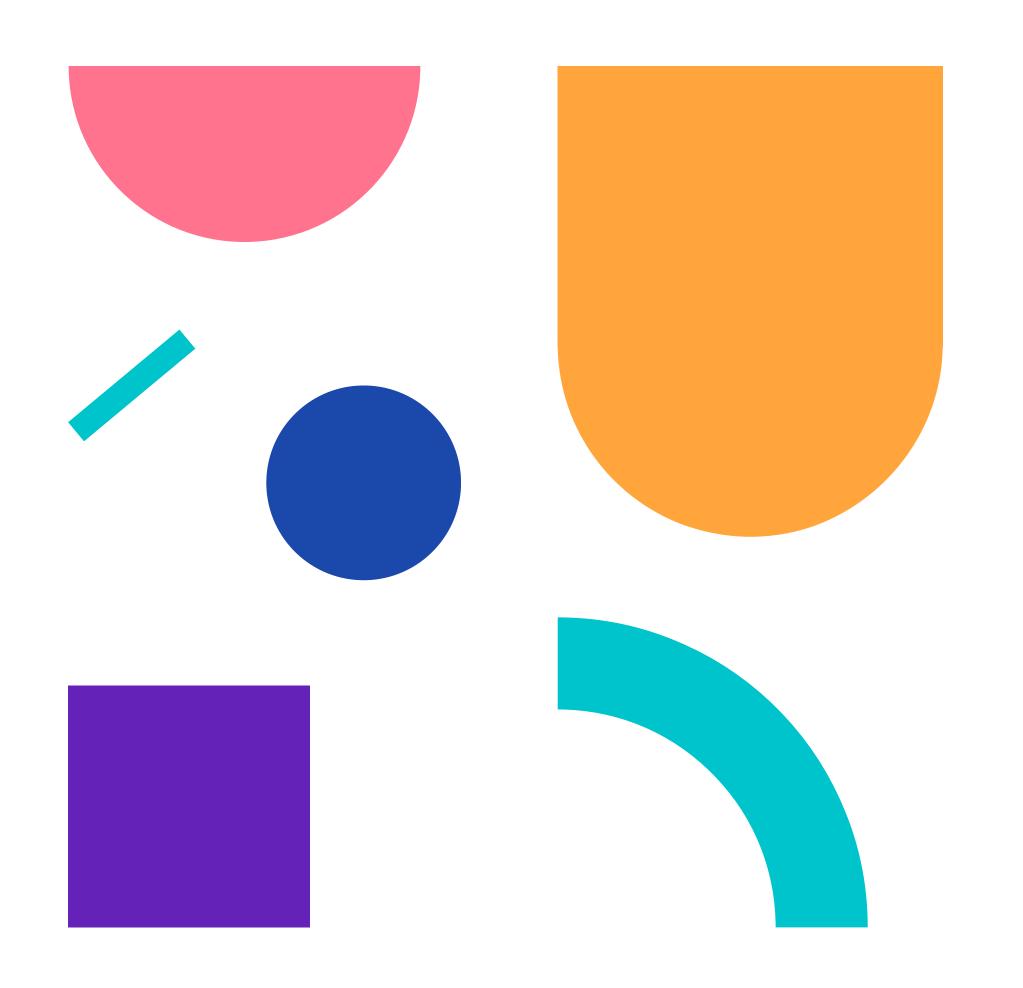
Dataset Description

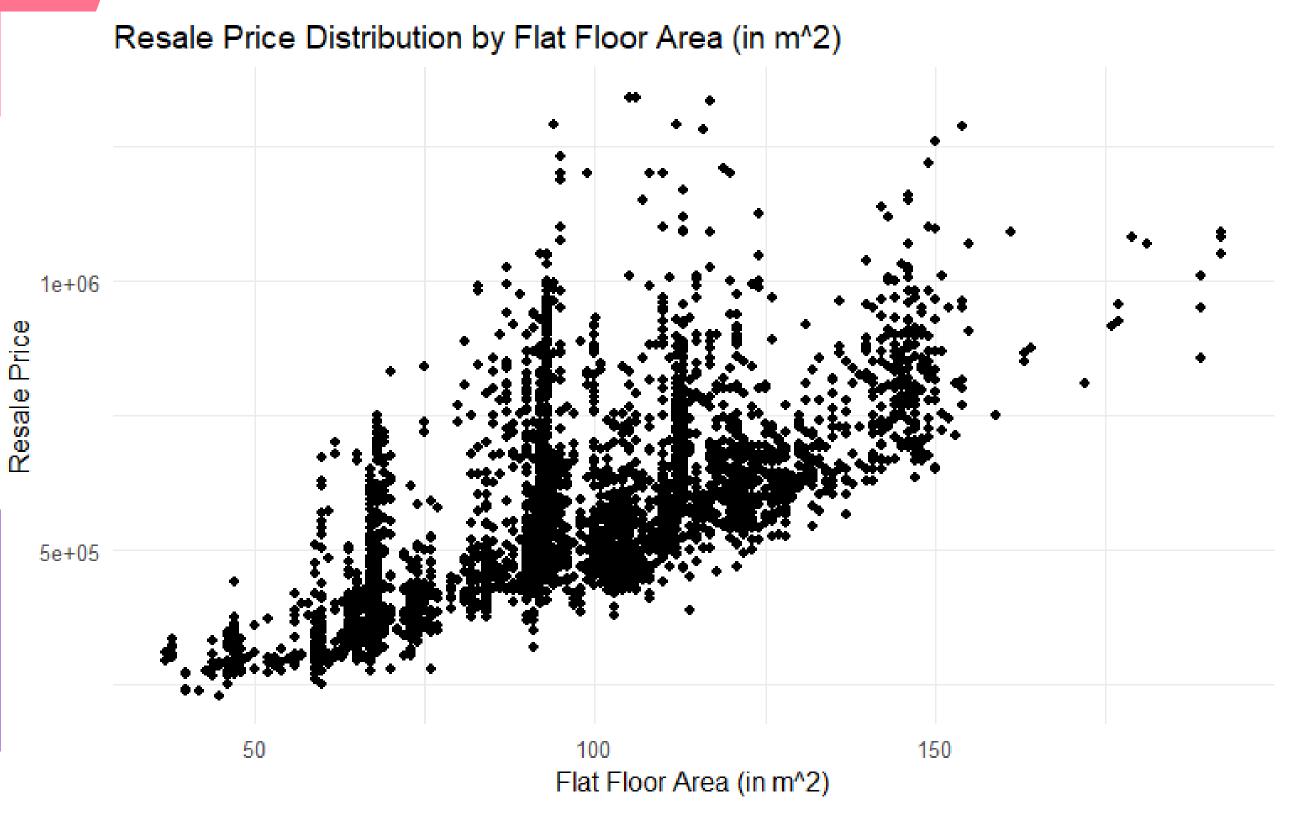
11 variables:

- 1. month
- 2. town
- 3. flat_type
- 4. block
- 5. street_name
- 6. storey_range

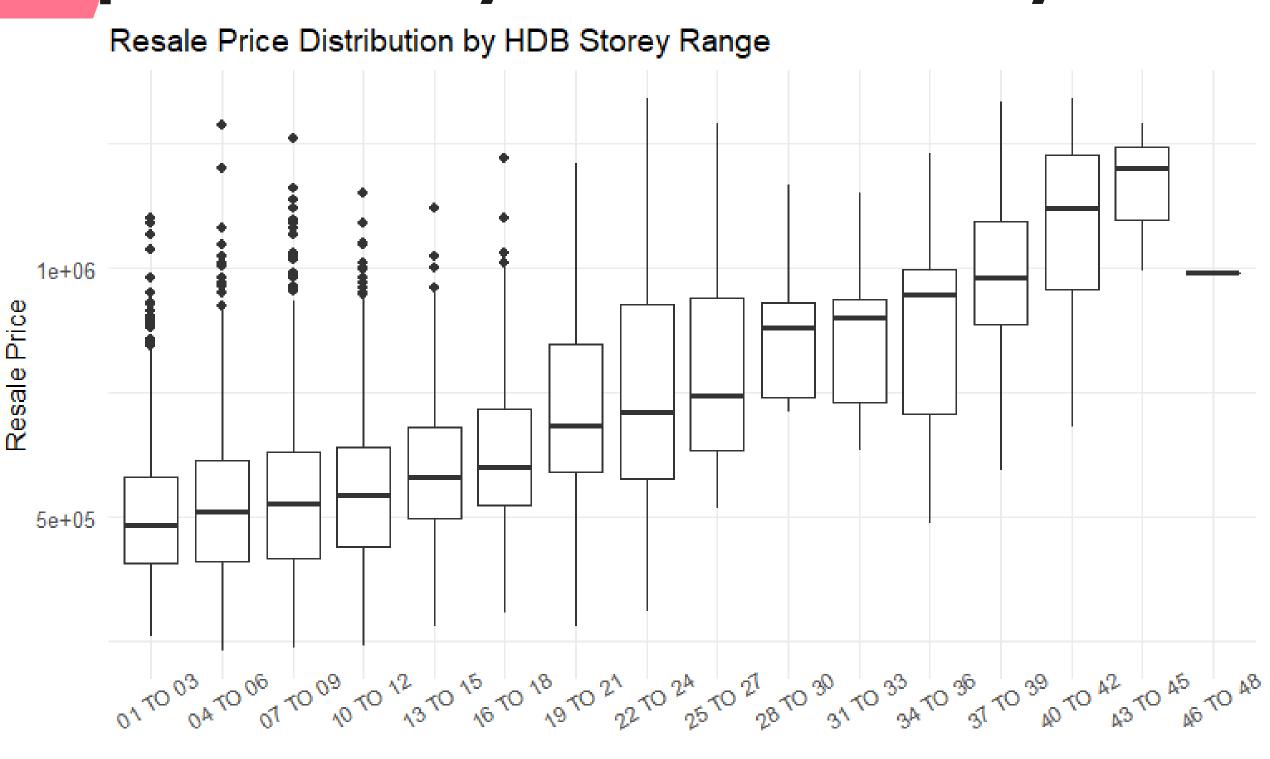
- 7. floor_area_sqm
- 8. flat_model
- 9. lease_commence_date
- 10. remaining_lease
- 11. resale_price (response)





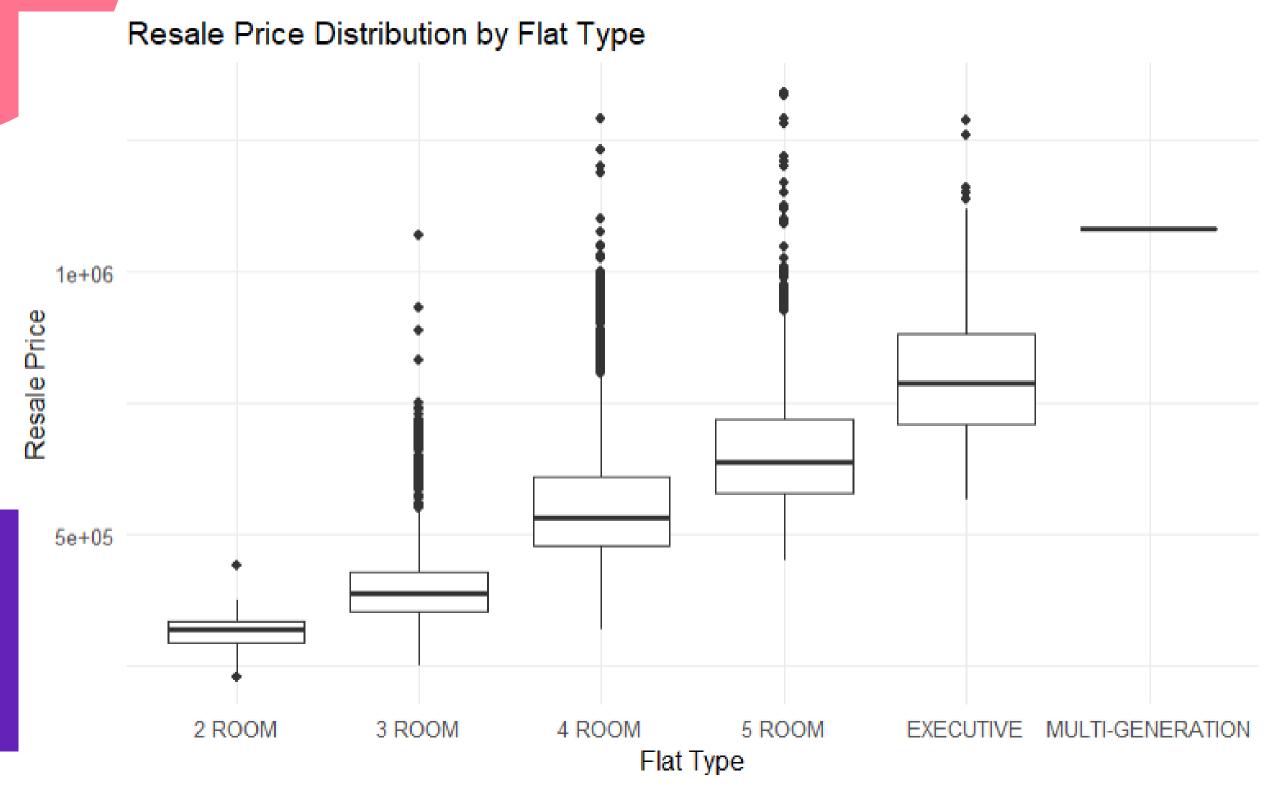


Noticeable upward trend!



Higher storey -> higher price?

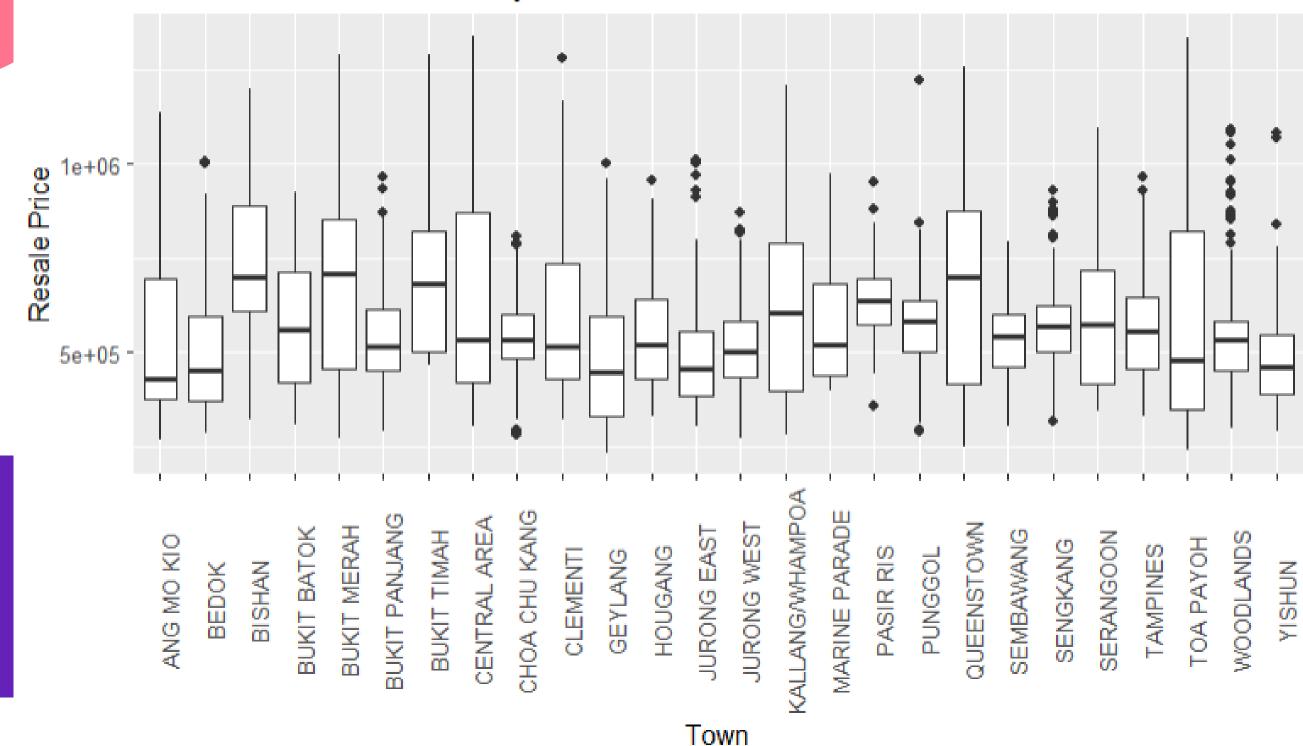




Better flat type -> higher price?



Resale Price Distribution by Town



Various distributions -> feature engineering?





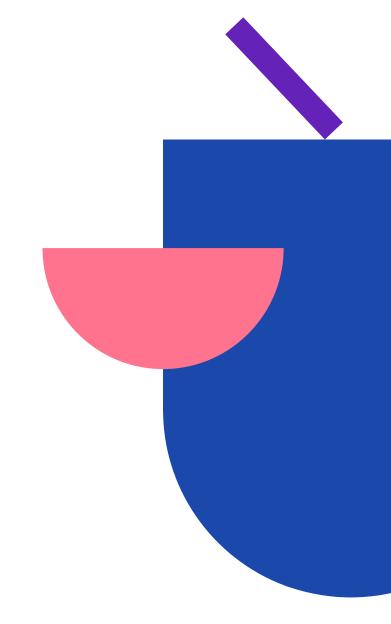
Feature Engineering

Feature Engineering

Nearest, Distance to Nearest, and Total Nearby

- 1. MRTs
- 2. Bus Stops
- 3. Schools
- 4. Primary Schools
- 5. Malls

Data from data.busrouter.sg and data.gov.sg
Latitude Longitude data (including HDBs) from OneMap SG API



Feature Engineering

Split into 80% train 20% test

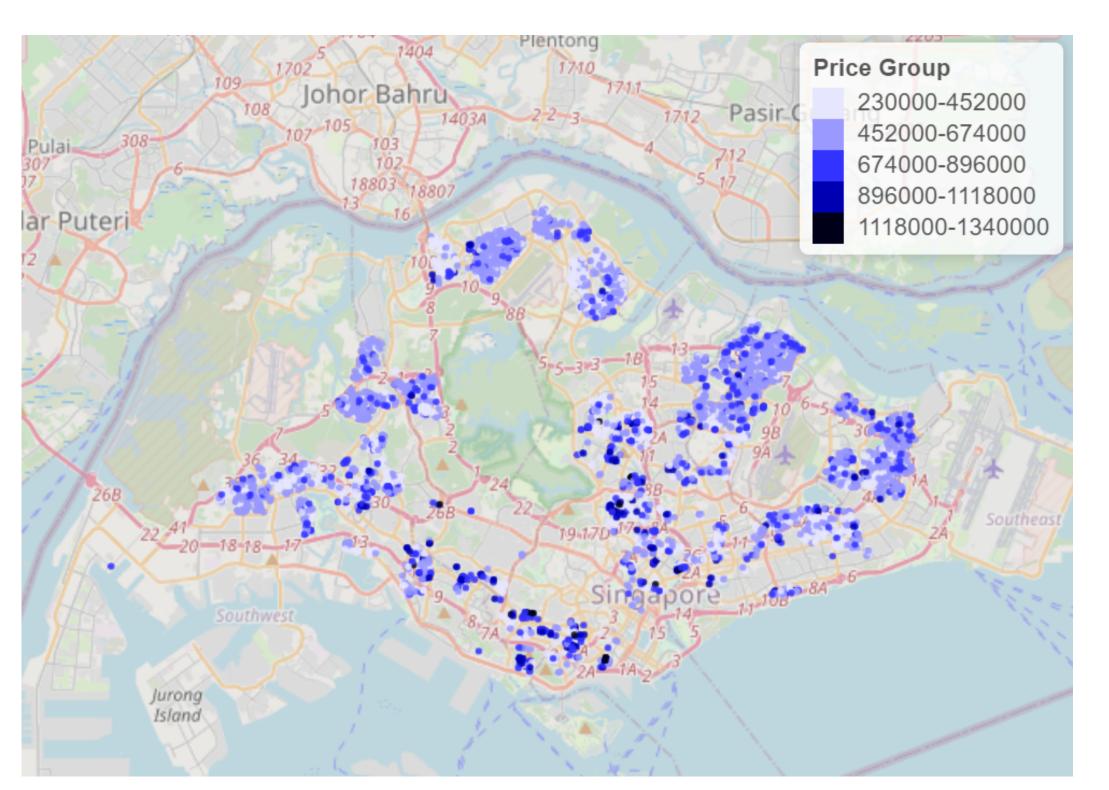
After splitting, we added 3 more variables:

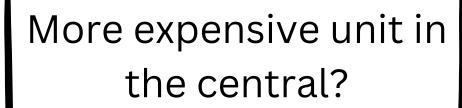
- 1. total resales in town
- 2. total resales in block
- 3. total resales in street

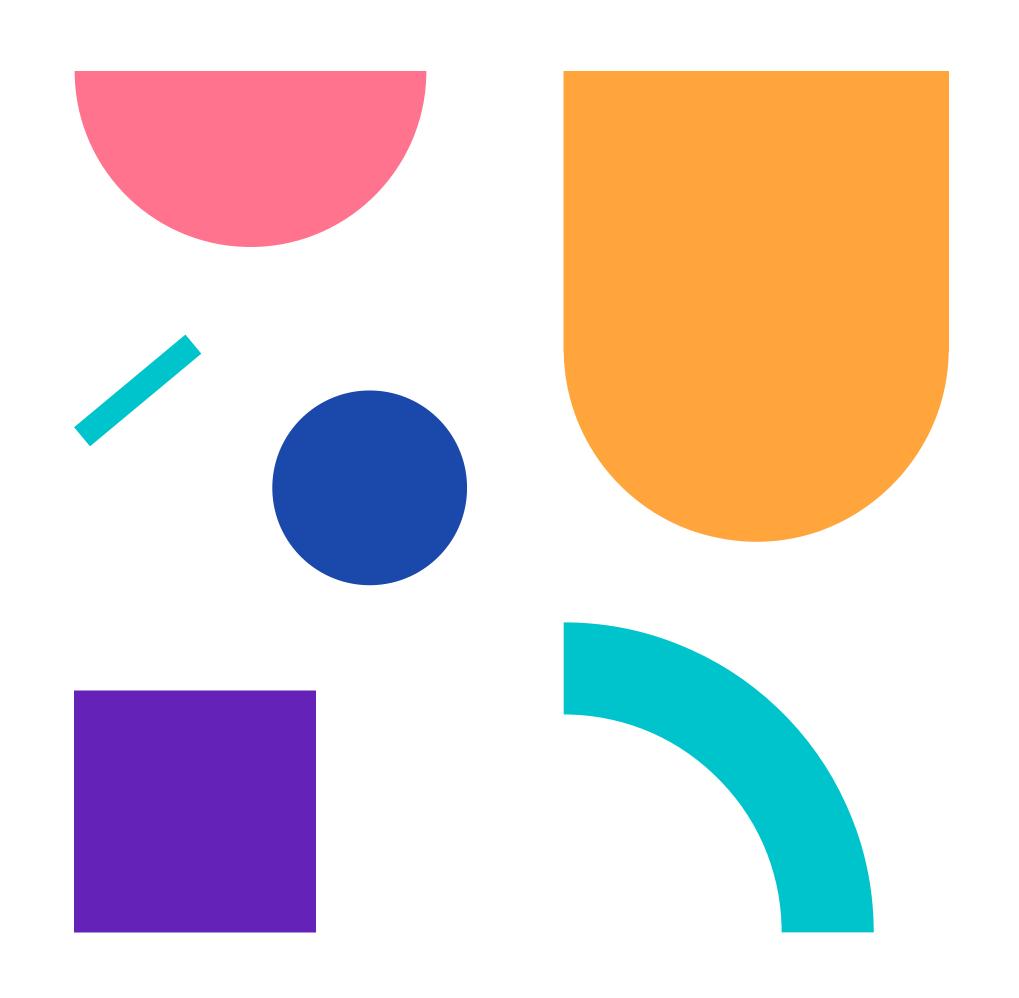
Then, we did one-hot encoding for categorical variables Lastly, we standardized the predictors to mean 0 and variance 1 Result: 4181 variables (including response variable)



HDB Resale Prices by Location

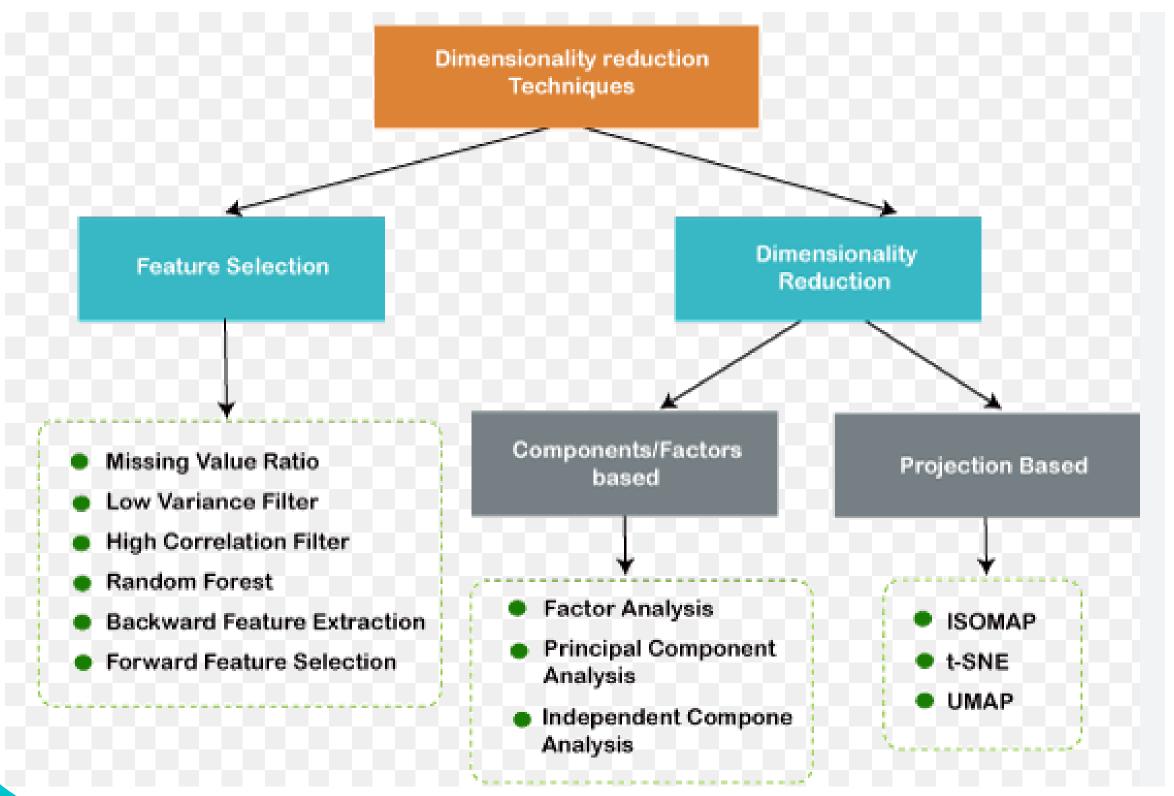






Dimensionality Reduction

Dimensionality Reduction



We don't want to do factor-based or projection-based dimensionality reduction as it makes our models less interpretable for inference

Feature Selection

- Filter Method
- Wrapper Method
- **Embedded Method**

Filter Method

Variance Threshold (Remove variance 0)

233 predictors removed



Ensemble of 6 Feature Selections

Wrapper Method

Forward Selection

Generate 100 selected variables

Recursive Feature Elimination (100 selected variables)

- Ridge Regression
- Gradient Boosting Regressor

Note: RFE is similar to Backward Selection

Embedded Method

Best Subset Selection (100 selected variables)

- **F** Regression
- Mutual Info Regression
- F Regression uses F statistics to see a linear relationship
- Mutual Info Regression captures the complex, non-linear relationship of each predictor vs response

Lasso (select 100 nonzero variables)

Majority Rule Voting-Based

Select variables that are selected by >= 3 methods Total: 74 final predictors

Top 5 variables (selected by all 6 methods):

- 1. floor_area_sqm
- 2. total_resales_in_town
- 3. nearest_mrt_dist
- 4. remaining_lease
- 5. town_BUKIT MERAH



Models

Models

- Price
- Price/sqm

Note:

- 1. All models (except Linear Regression and Neural Network) are finetuned using GridSearchCV
- 2. Linear Regression uses non-scaled data while other models use scaled data
- 3. For Price/sqm models we are not using floor_area_sqm as predictor

Models

- Linear Regression
- ElasticNet (Combination of L1 and L2 Penalties)
- Neural Network (3 Hidden Layers w/ ReLu)
- Random Forest Regression
- Gradient Boosted Regression
- XGBoost





- 1. All metrics reported are using the best parameters after GridSearchCV (except Linear Regressionand Neural Network)
- 2. Metrics for Price/sqm model are calculated after converting back to price



Metrics	Model	LinReg	ElasticNet	NN	RF	GBR	XGBoost
RMSE	Price	54316	52786	43526	46939	50644	38256
KIVISE	Price/sqm	49426	49330	44579	42254	35003	34987
MAPE	Price	7.81%	7.53%	5.3%	5.53%	6.19%	4.53%
IVIAFE	Price/sqm	6.62%	6.65%	5.71%	5.09%	4.34%	4.40%
Adj R2	Price	87.51%	89.77%	92.42%	91.91%	87.38%	94.14%
Adj KZ	Price/sqm	89.40%	91.07%	92.06%	93.45%	94.75%	95.00%



Metrics	Model	LinReg	ElasticNet	NN	RF	GBR	XGBoost
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Learnings

Linear Regression Top 5 Features (Price/sqm)



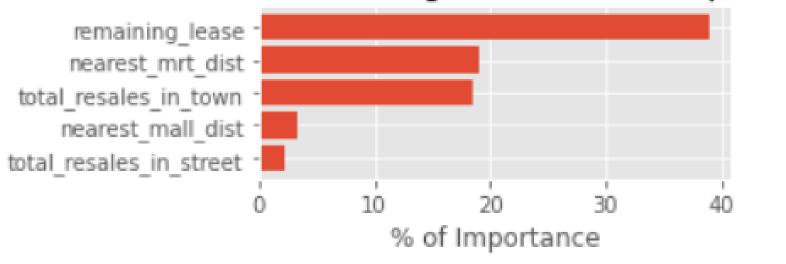
Feature	Coefficient		
Intercept	4246.0972		
Total resales in town	-5.1221		
Remaining lease	64.8747		
Nearest mall distance	-159.0245		
Total nearby MRTs	87.7080		
Nearest MRT distance	-392.0953		

Feature Importance Top 3 Models: RF, GBR, XGBoost (Price/sqm)

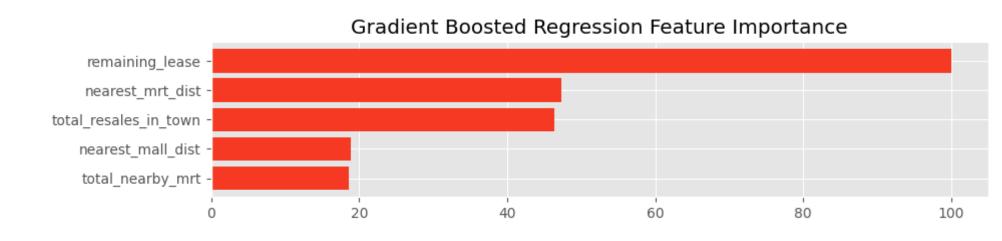


Random Forest Regressor

Random Forest Regressor Feature Importance



Gradient Boosting Regressor



XGBoost

XGBoost Feature Importance 4024.0 nearest mrt dist 3021.0 remaining lease 2019.0 nearest mall dist 1029.0 total resales in block 943.0 total resales in town 1500 2000 1000 2500 3000 3500 4000 F score

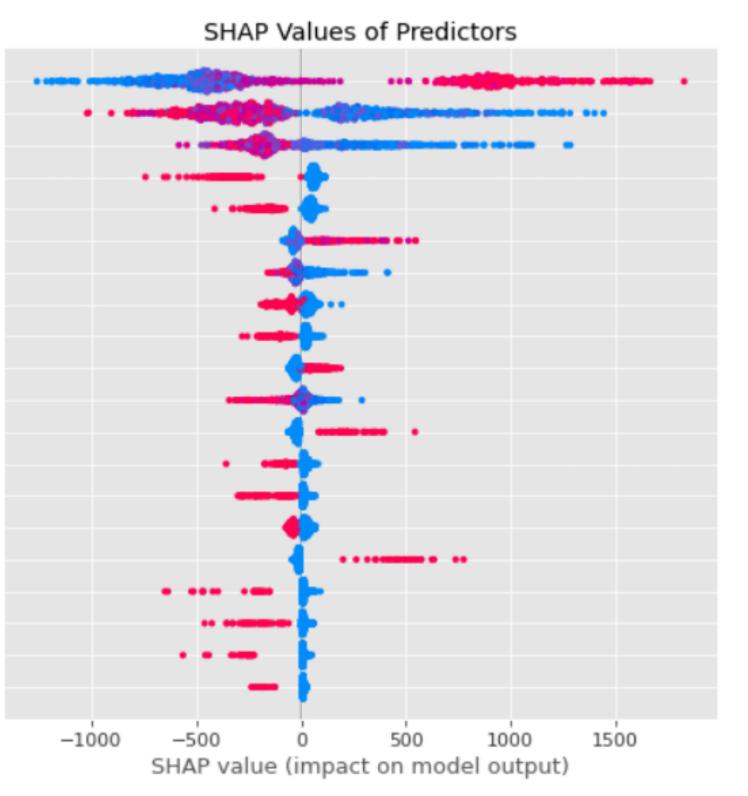
Features from **Feature** Top **Selection:**

floor_area_sqm, total_resales_in_town nearest_mrt_dist, remaining_lease town_BUKIT MERAH

Shapley Values (XGBoost)



remaining lease total_resales_in_town nearest mrt dist storey_range_01 TO 03 storey_range_04 TO 06 total_nearby_mrt total resales in street flat_model_Model A flat_model_Improved flat_type_3 ROOM nearest_mall_dist town TAMPINES storey_range_07 TO 09 flat_model_New Generation flat_type_4 ROOM flat_type_2 ROOM town_SEMBAWANG town BUKIT BATOK town_BUKIT PANJANG town CHOA CHU KANG



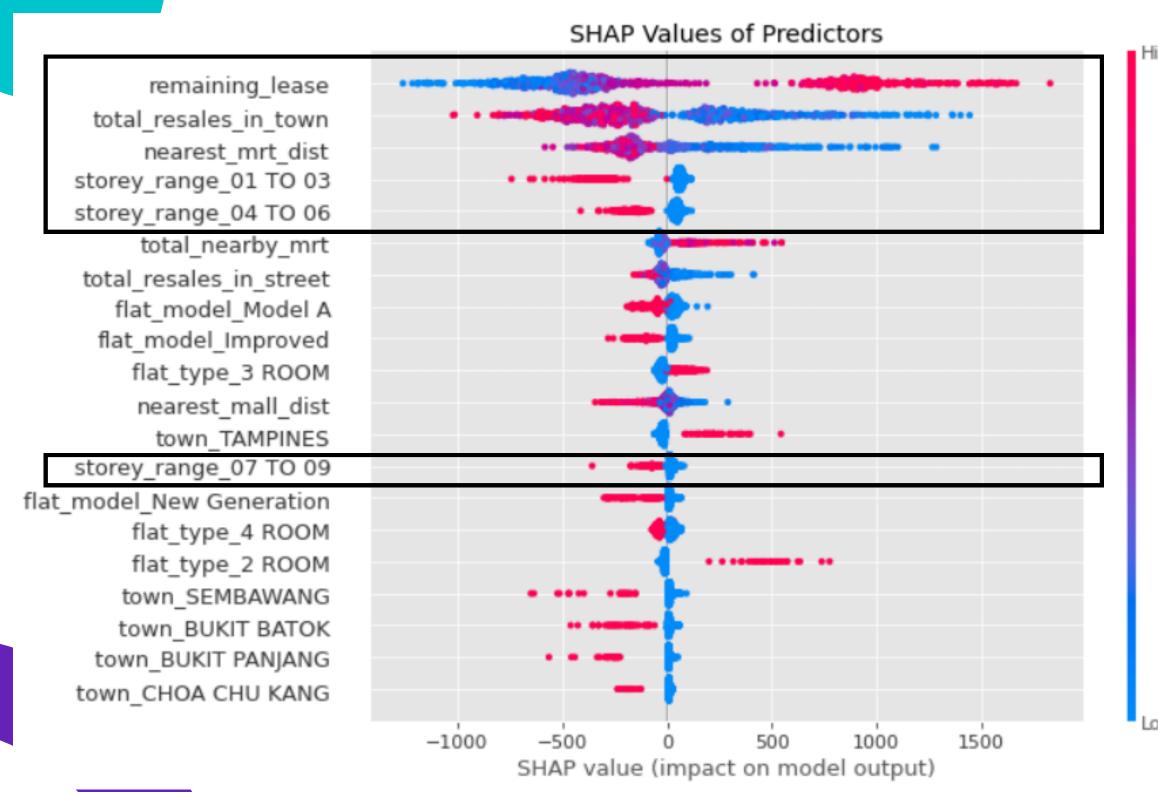
Red dots on RIGHT: value of predictor is DIRECTLY proportional to resale pricee price

Feature value

Red dots on LEFT:
value of predictor is
INVERSELY proportional
to resale price

Shapley Values (XGBoost)





Higher remaining lease -> higher price

Lower total resales in town -> higher price

Nearer MRT -> higher price

HDBs located at storey 1 to 3, 4 to 6, 7 to 9 tend to have lower price

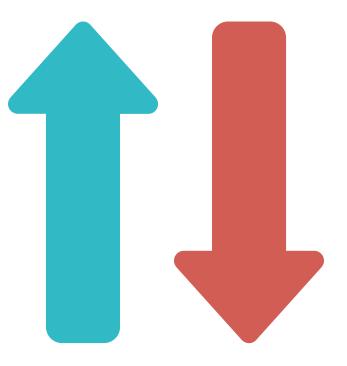
Predictors Effects

Add to overall price

Remaining lease

Total nearby MRTs

Floor number > 20



Subtract from overall price

Nearest MRT distance

Nearest mall distance

Total resales in town

