

Intermediate ggplot2 in R

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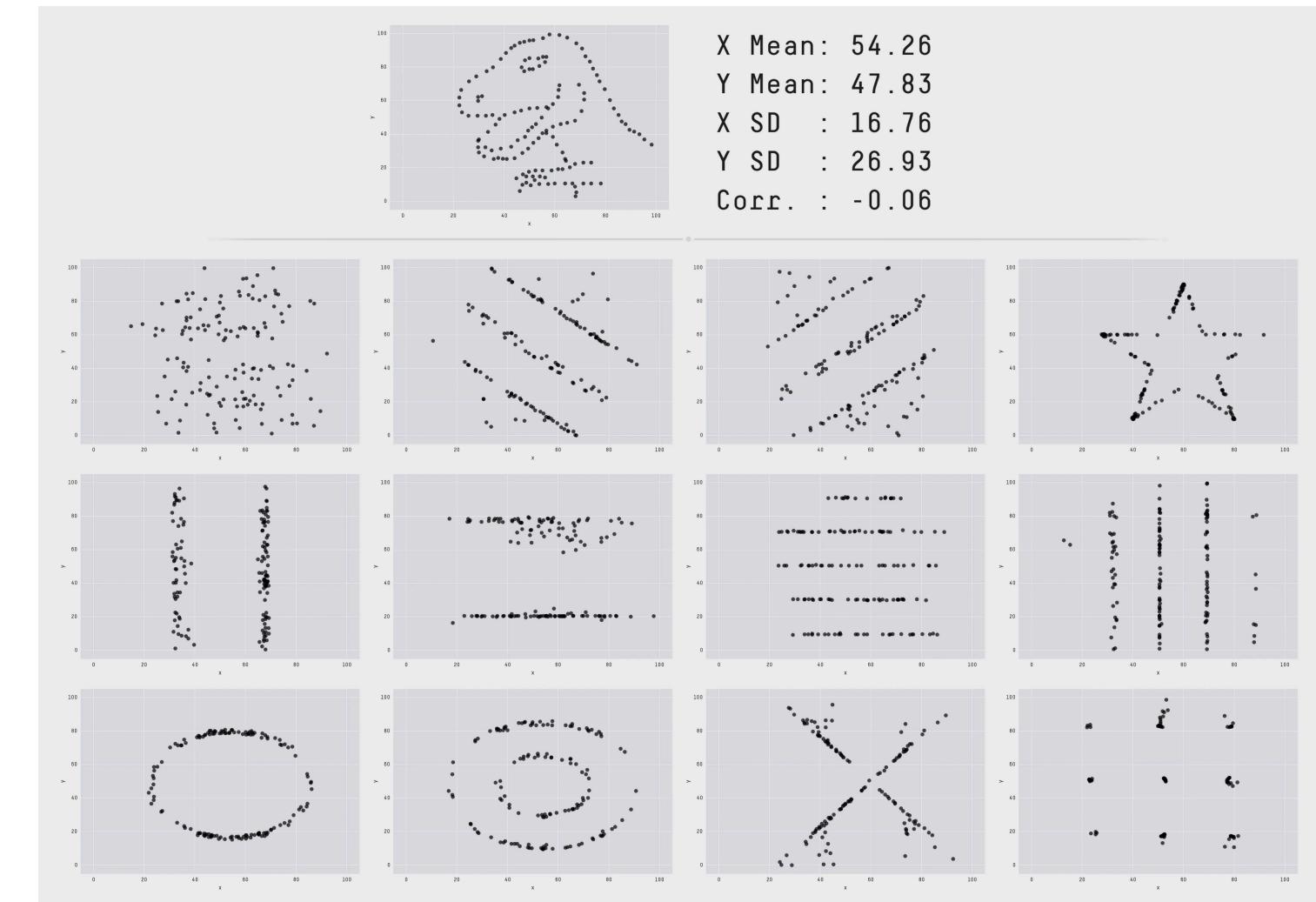
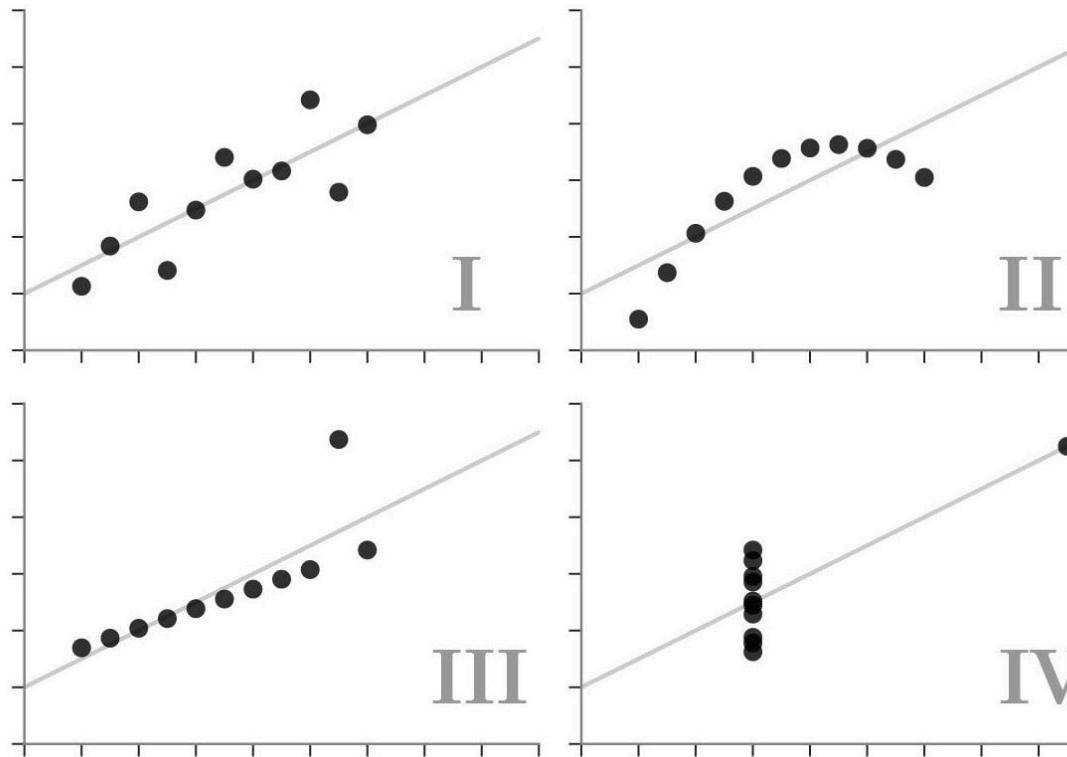
2024-04-08

Graphs

- Essential part of data analyses
- Data with same summary statistics can look very different when plotted out.

Anscombe's Quartet

Each dataset has the same summary statistics (mean, standard deviation, correlation), and the datasets are *clearly different*, and *visually distinct*.

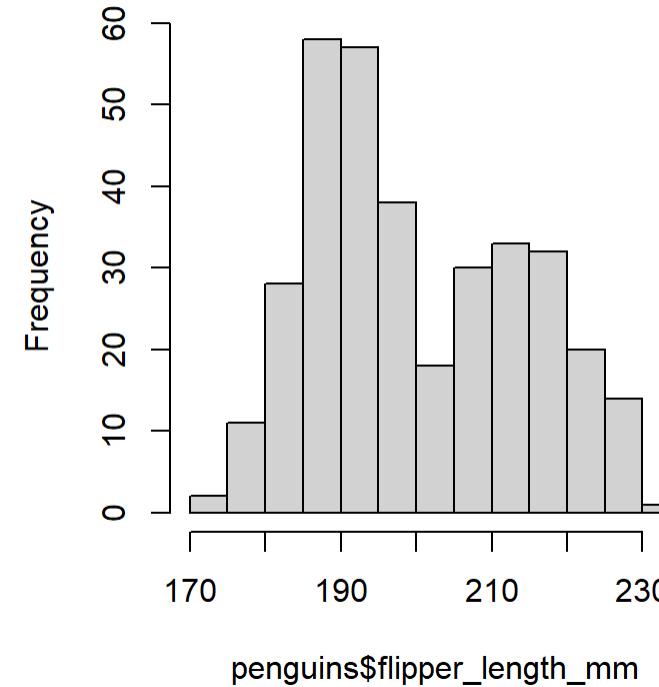


Anscombe's quartet, Datasaurus

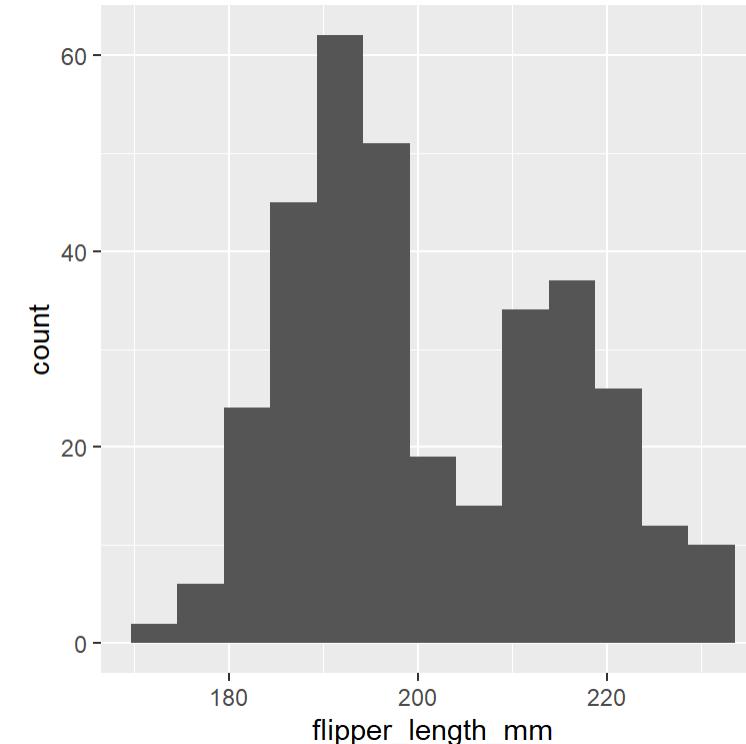
Base Graphics vs ggplot2

```
1 hist(penguins$flipper_length_mm)
```

Histogram of penguins\$flipper_length_mm



```
1 ggplot(penguins, aes(flipper_length_mm)) +  
2   geom_histogram(bins = 13)
```



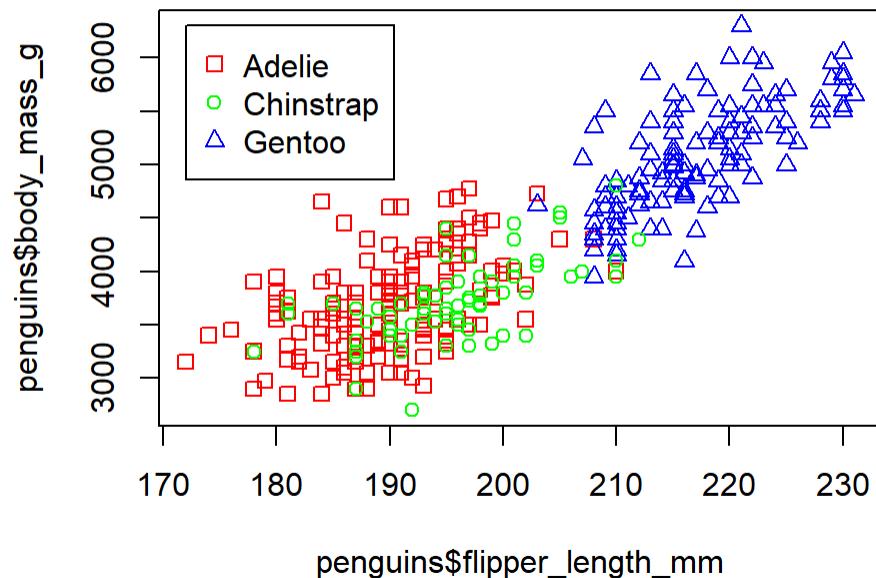
Base Graphics vs ggplot2

basic r plot

```

1 plot(penguins$flipper_length_mm, penguins$body_mass_g,
2       col=c("red", "green", "blue") [penguins$species],
3       pch=c(0,1,2) [penguins$species])
4 legend(x=172, y=6300,
5        legend=c("Adelie", "Chinstrap", "Gentoo"),
6        pch=c(0,1,2), col=c("red", "green", "blue"))

```

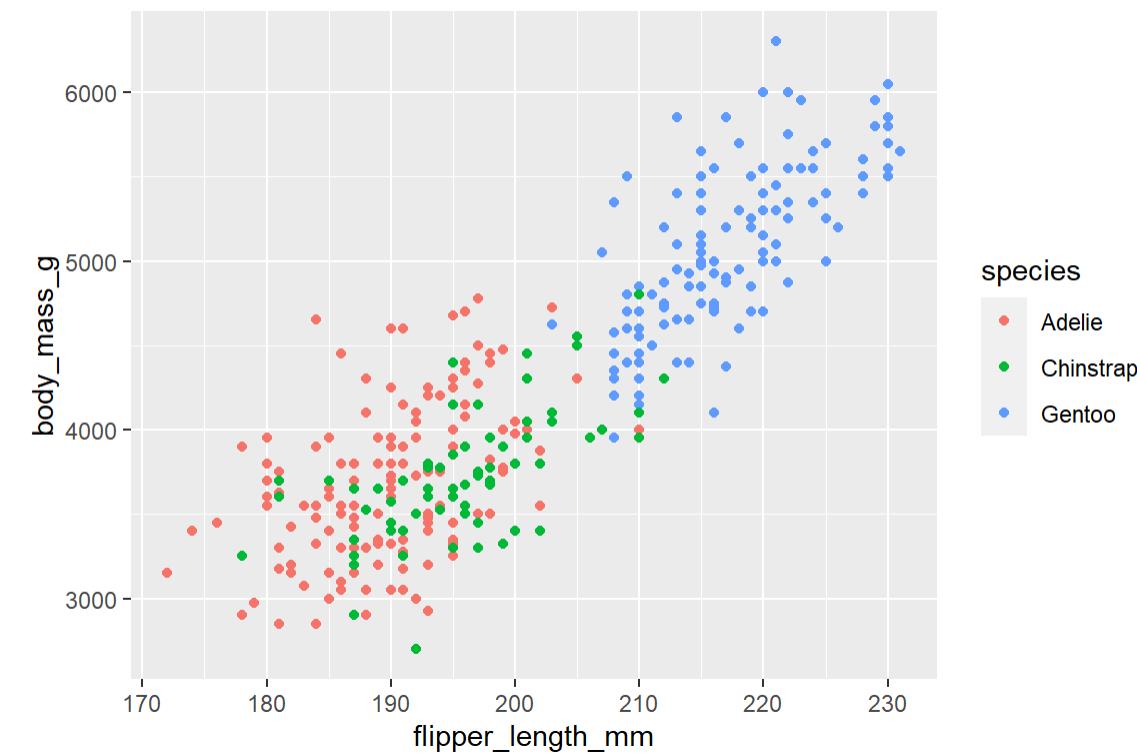


ggplot

```

1 ggplot(penguins, aes(flipper_length_mm, body_mass_g,
2   color=species)) +
3   geom_point()

```

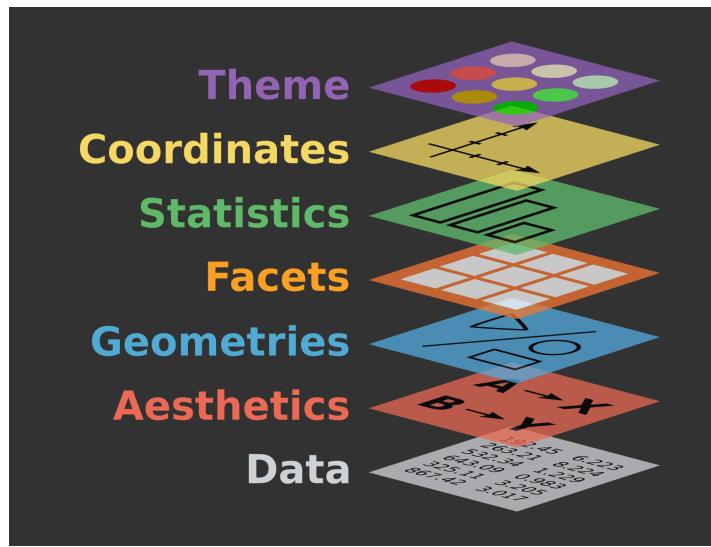


Why ggplot2?

- Consistent code
- Flexible (Add/remove components)
- Automatic legends, colors etc
- Save plot objects
- Themes for reusing styles
- Numerous add-ons/extensions
- Nearly complete structured graphing solution
- Adapted to other programming languages
 - **Gadfly** in Julia, **gramm** in MatLab, **GGPlot** in Perl, **Vega** in Javascript, **PlotNine**, **ggpy**, **lets-plot** in Python.

Grammar Of Graphics

Building A Graph: • Syntax

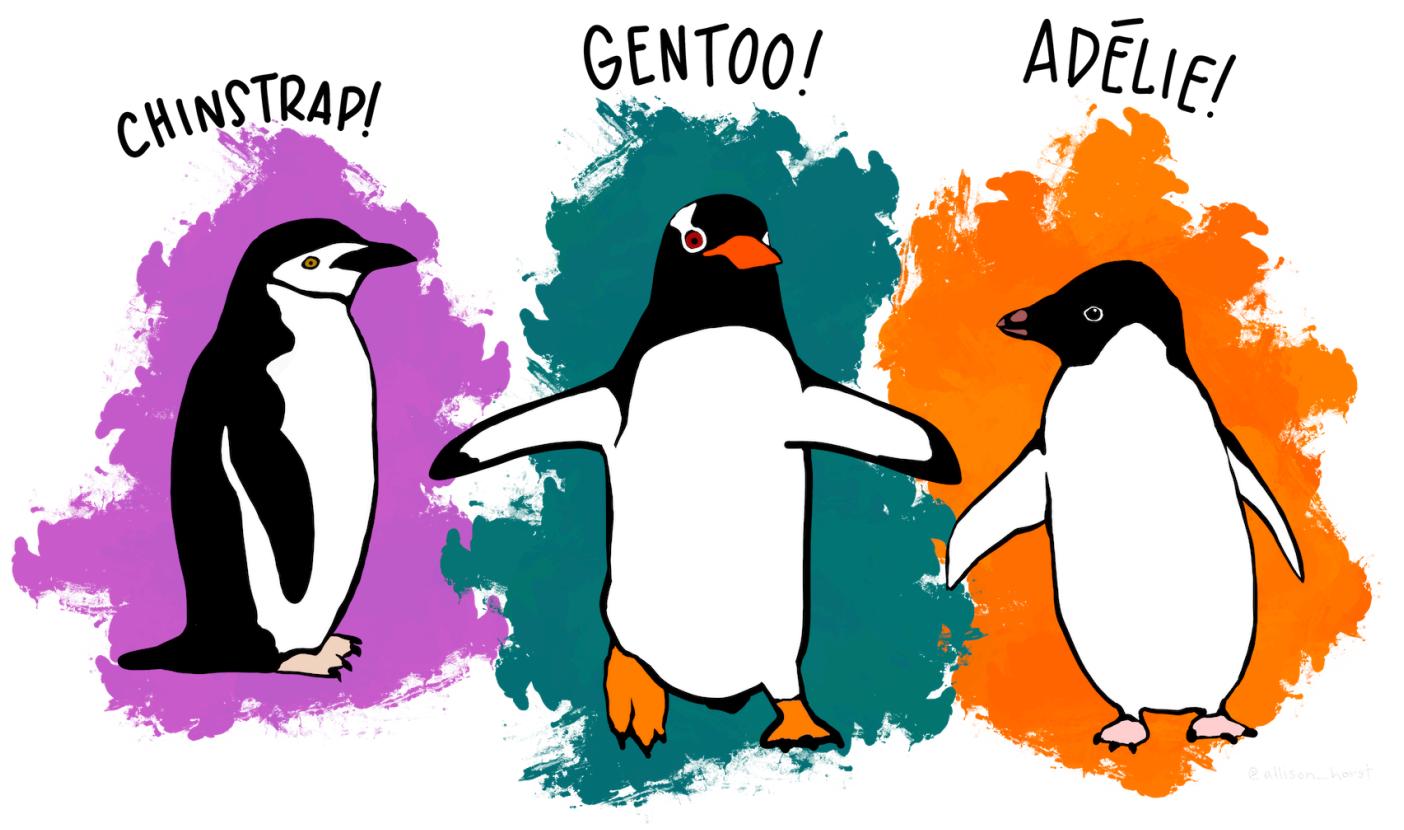


```
ggplot (data = <DATA>) +
  <GEOM_FUNCTION>(mapping = aes(<MAPPINGS>),
  stat = <STAT>, position = <POSITION>) +
  <COORDINATE_FUNCTION> +
  <FACET_FUNCTION> +
  <SCALE_FUNCTION> +
  <THEME_FUNCTION>
```

] required
] Not required, sensible defaults supplied

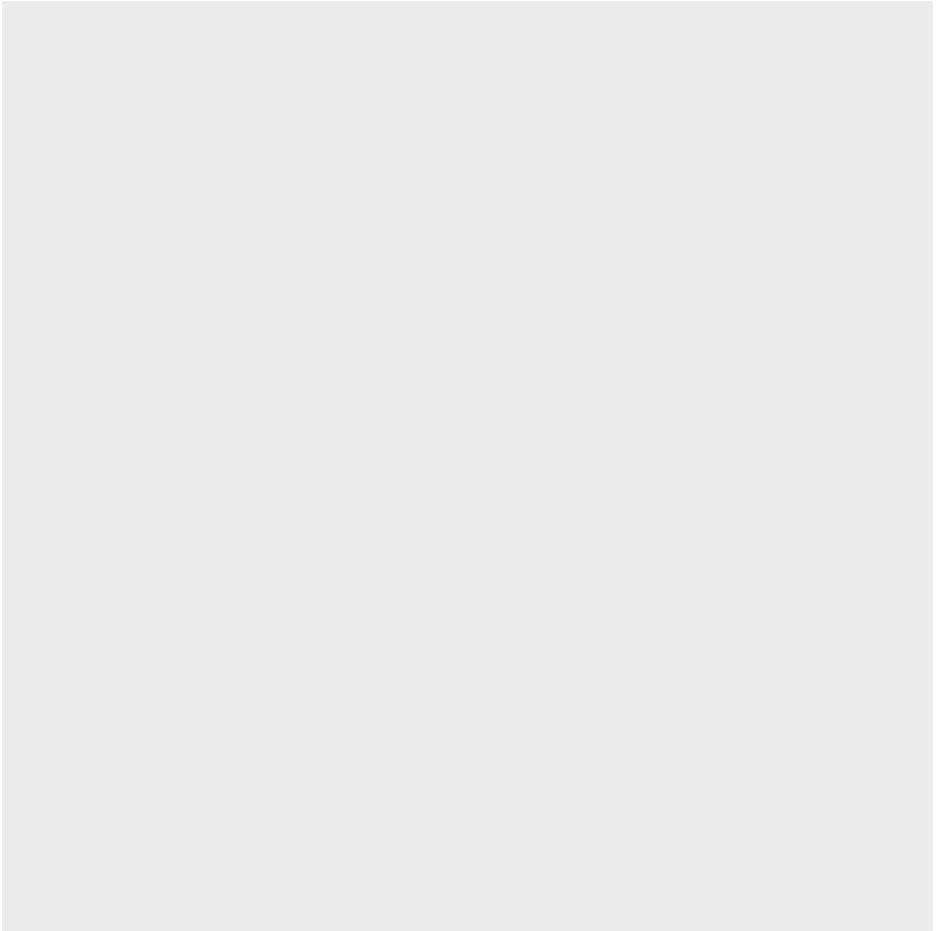
Building A Graph

```
1 require(ggplot2)          # load ggplot2  
2 require(palmerpenguins) # load penguins data pack  
3  
4 data("penguins")        # load penguins data
```



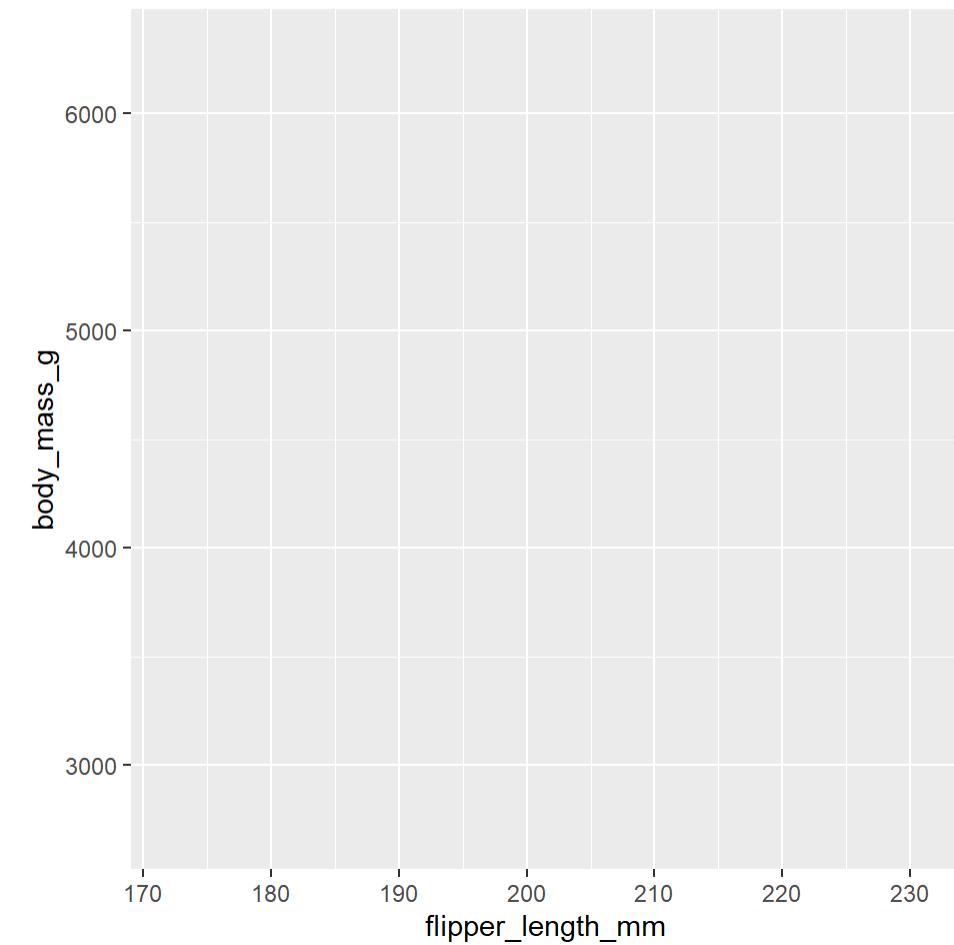
Building A Graph

```
1 ggplot(data = penguins)
```



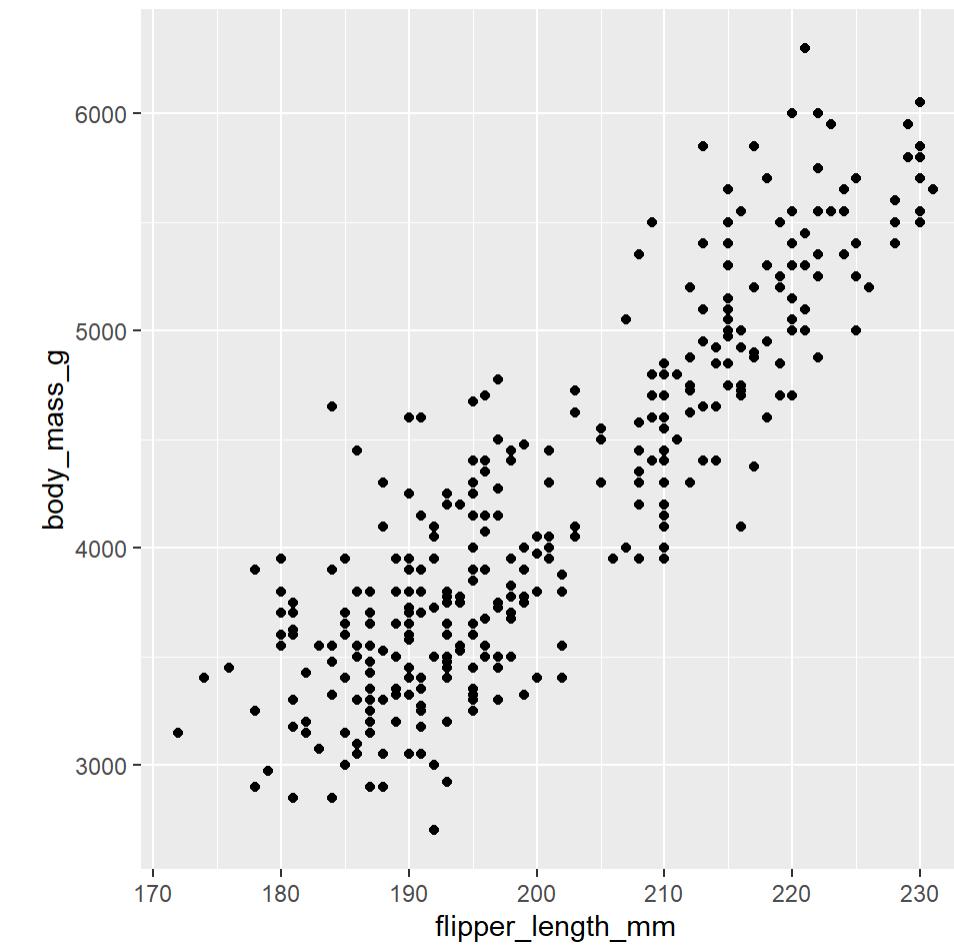
Building A Graph

```
1 ggplot(data = penguins,  
2 mapping = aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g))
```



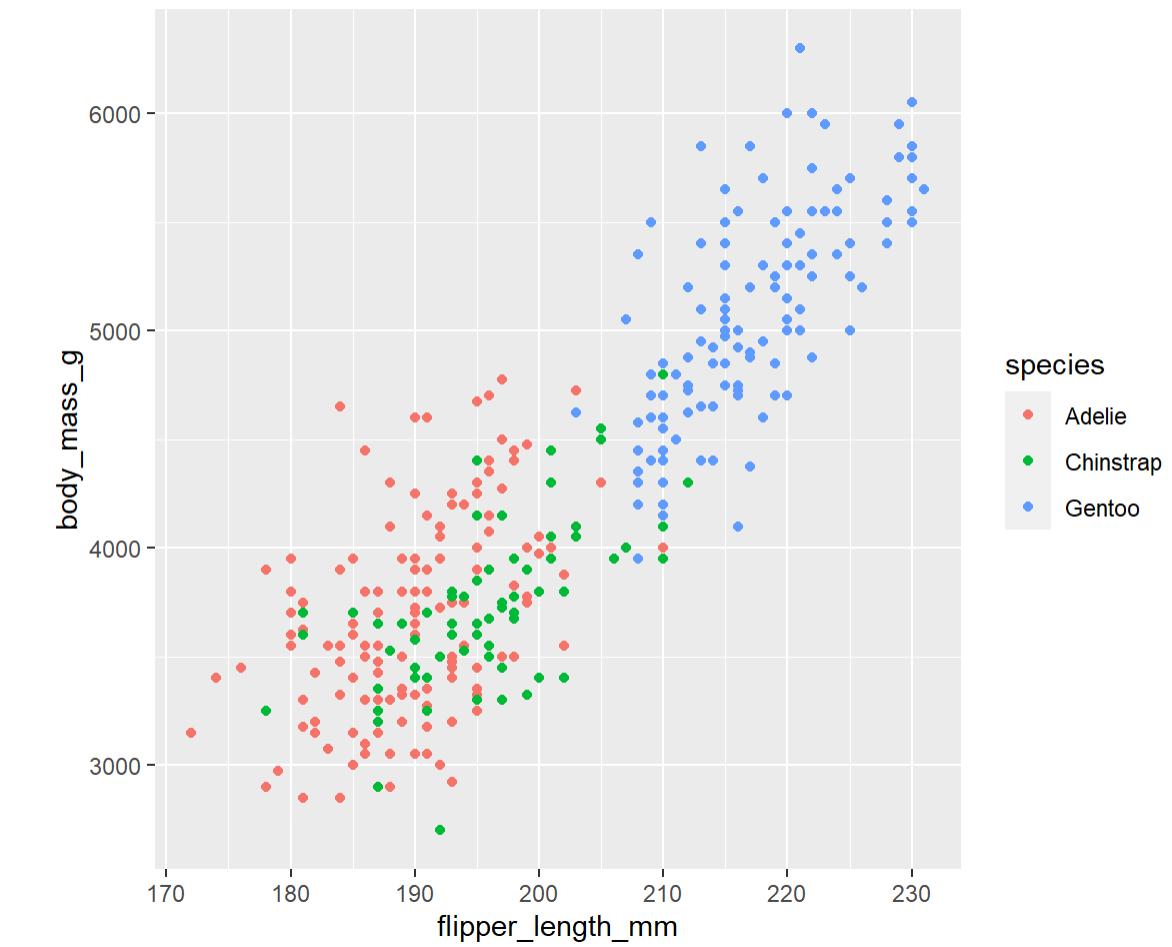
Building A Graph

```
1 ggplot(data = penguins,  
2 mapping = aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g))  
3 geom_point()
```



Building A Graph

```
1 ggplot(data = penguins,
2 mapping = aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g,
3 colour = species)) +
4 geom_point()
```



Building A Graph

```

1 ggplot(data = penguins,
2 mapping = aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g,
3 colour = species)) +
4 geom_point()

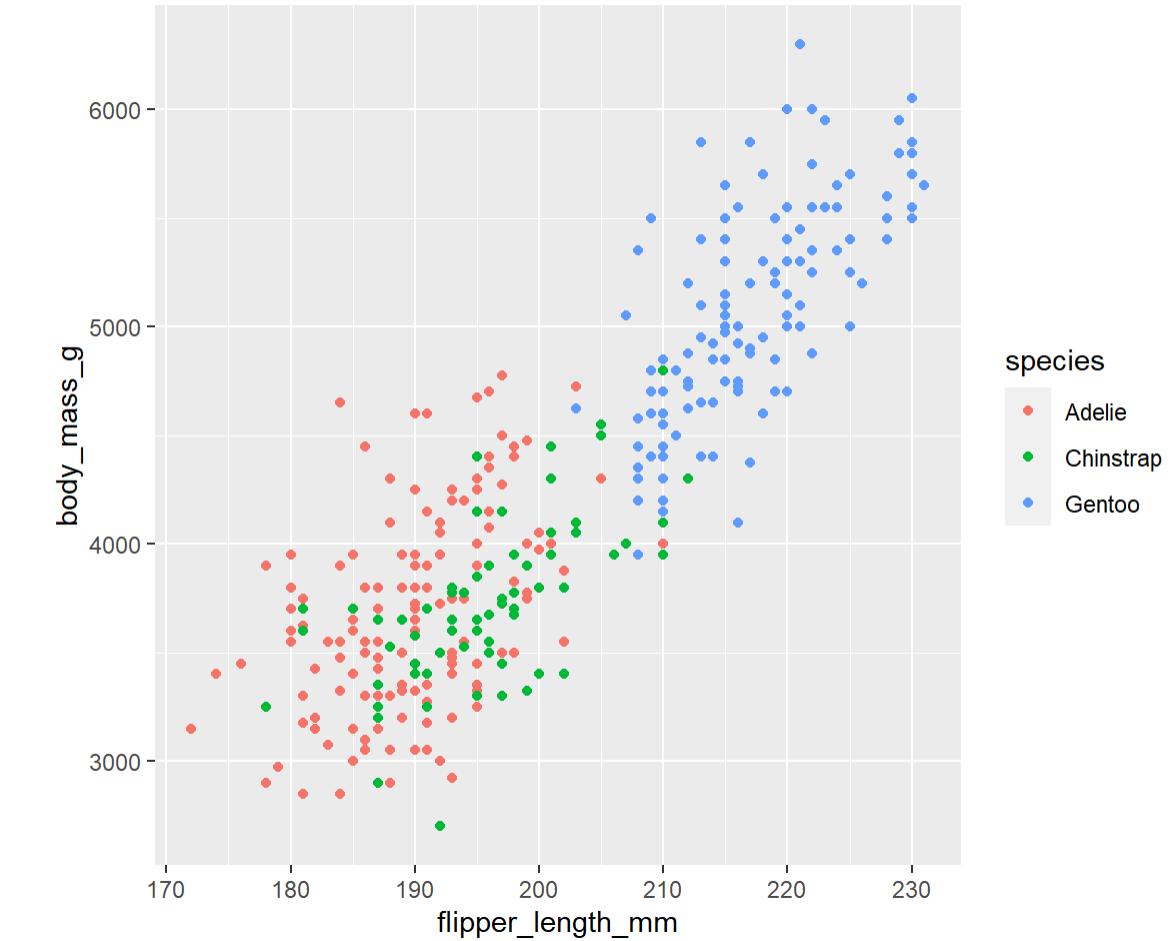
```

Or

```

1 ggplot(data = penguins) +
2 geom_point(mapping = aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g,
3 colour = species))

```



Building A Graph

```
1 ggplot(data = penguins,
2 mapping = aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g,
3 colour = species)) +
4 geom_point()
```

Or

```
1 ggplot(data = penguins) +
2 geom_point(mapping = aes(x = flipper_length_mm, y = body_mass_g,
3 colour = species))
```

```
ggplot (data = <DATA>) +  

<GEOM_FUNCTION>(mapping = aes(<MAPPINGS>),  

stat = <STAT>, position = <POSITION>) +  

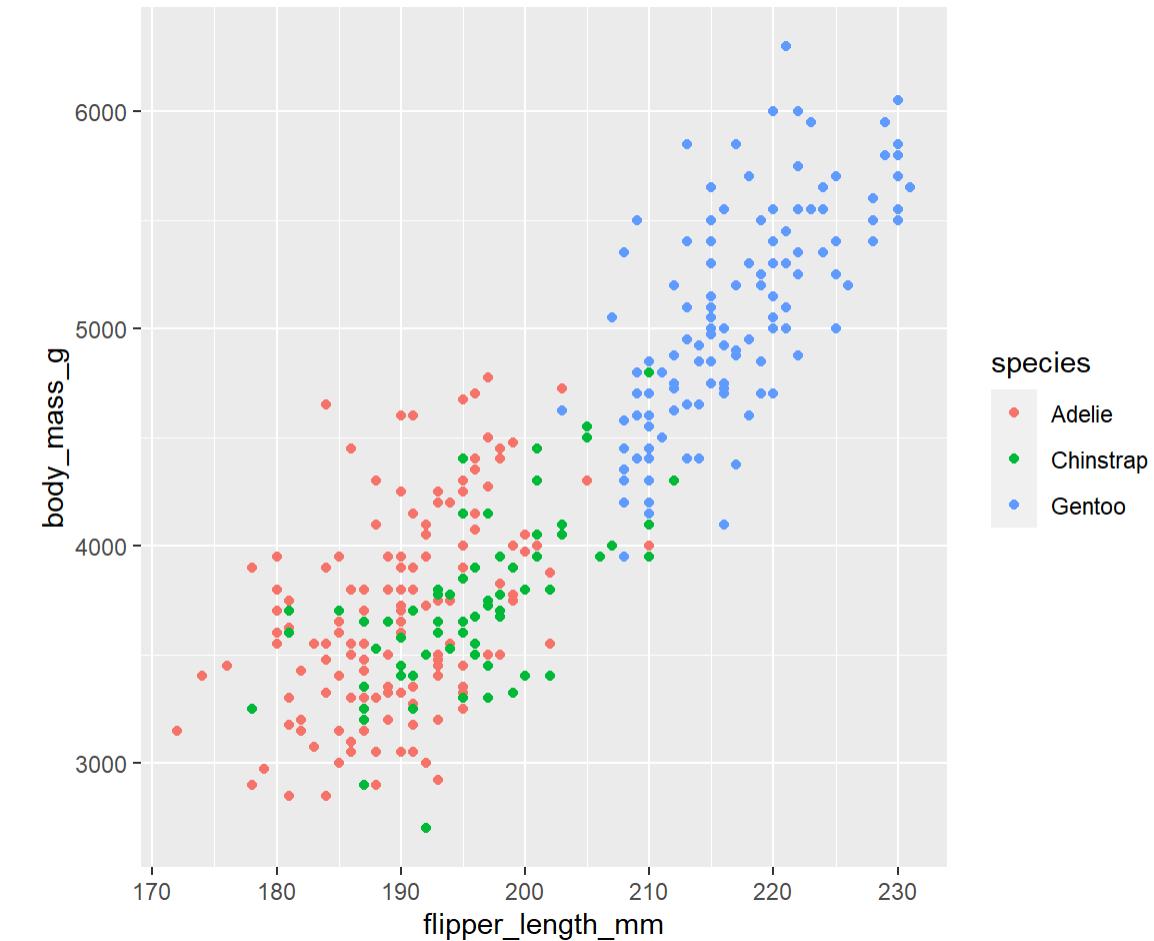
<COORDINATE_FUNCTION> +  

<FACET_FUNCTION> +  

<SCALE_FUNCTION> +  

<THEME_FUNCTION>
```

[required
Not required, sensible defaults supplied]



Data • penguins

- Input data is always an R `data.frame` object

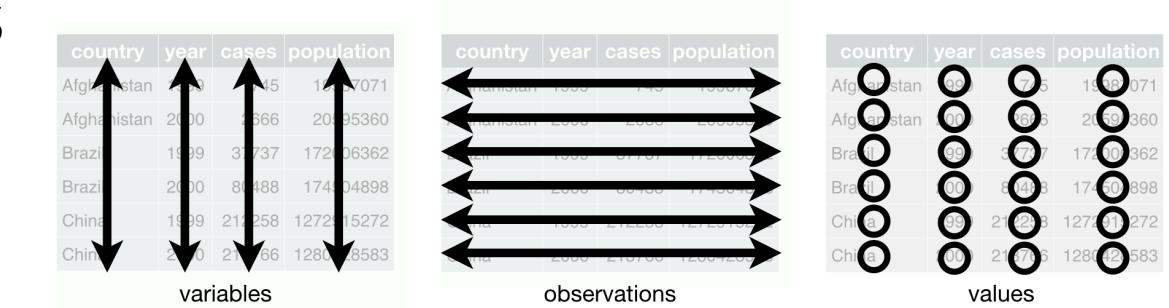
species	island	bill_length_mm	bill_depth_mm	flipper_length_mm	body_mass_g
Adelie	Torgersen	39.1	18.7	181	3750
Adelie	Torgersen	39.5	17.4	186	3800
Adelie	Torgersen	40.3	18.0	195	3250

```
1 str(penguins)
```

```
tibble [344 × 8] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
$ species      : Factor w/ 3 levels "Adelie", "Chinstrap", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
$ island       : Factor w/ 3 levels "Biscoe", "Dream", ...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
$ bill_length_mm: num [1:344] 39.1 39.5 40.3 NA 36.7 39.3 38.9 39.2 34.1 42 ...
$ bill_depth_mm: num [1:344] 18.7 17.4 18 NA 19.3 20.6 17.8 19.6 18.1 20.2 ...
$ flipper_length_mm: int [1:344] 181 186 195 NA 193 190 181 195 193 190 ...
$ body_mass_g   : int [1:344] 3750 3800 3250 NA 3450 3650 3625 4675 3475 4250 ...
$ sex          : Factor w/ 2 levels "female", "male": 2 1 1 NA 1 2 1 2 NA NA ...
$ year         : int [1:344] 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 ...
```

Data • format

- Transforming data into ‘long’ or ‘wide’ formats



Wide

```
1 head(penguins, n=4)

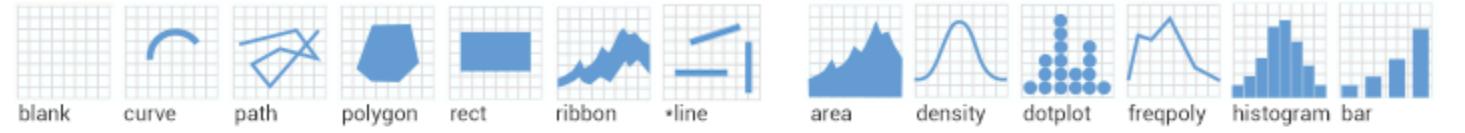
# A tibble: 4 × 8
  species island bill_length_mm bill_depth_mm flipper_length_mm body_mass_g
  <fct>   <fct>        <dbl>        <dbl>          <int>        <int>
1 Adelie  Torgersen     39.1         18.7           181        3750
2 Adelie  Torgersen     39.5         17.4           186        3800
3 Adelie  Torgersen     40.3         18             195        3250
4 Adelie  Torgersen      NA           NA             NA          NA
# i 2 more variables: sex <fct>, year <int>
```

Long

	species	island	sex	year	variables	value
1	Adelie	Torgersen	male	2007	bill_length_mm	39.1
2	Adelie	Torgersen	male	2007	bill_depth_mm	18.7
3	Adelie	Torgersen	male	2007	flipper_length_mm	181.0
4	Adelie	Torgersen	male	2007	body_mass_g	3750.0

Geoms • types

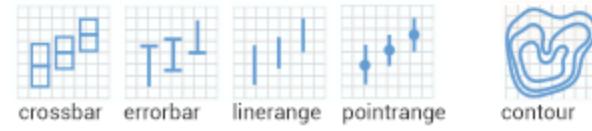
Basic



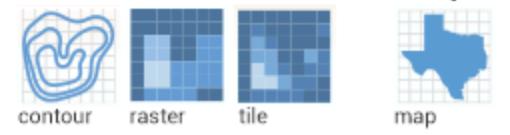
Two variables



Error



Three variables



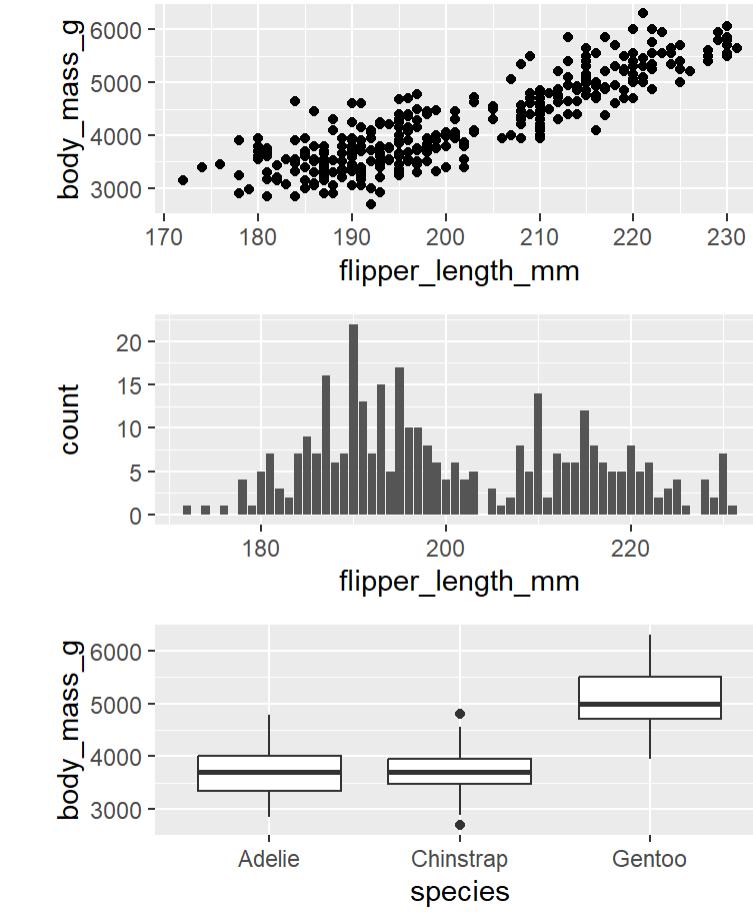
Map



```

1 p <- ggplot(data = penguins)
2
3 # scatterplot
4 p + geom_point(aes(x=flipper_length_mm, y=body_mass_g))
5
6 # barplot
7 p + geom_bar(aes(x=species))
8
9 # boxplot
10 p + geom_boxplot(aes(x=species, y=body_mass_g))
11
12 # search
13 help.search("^geom_",
  package="ggplot2")

```



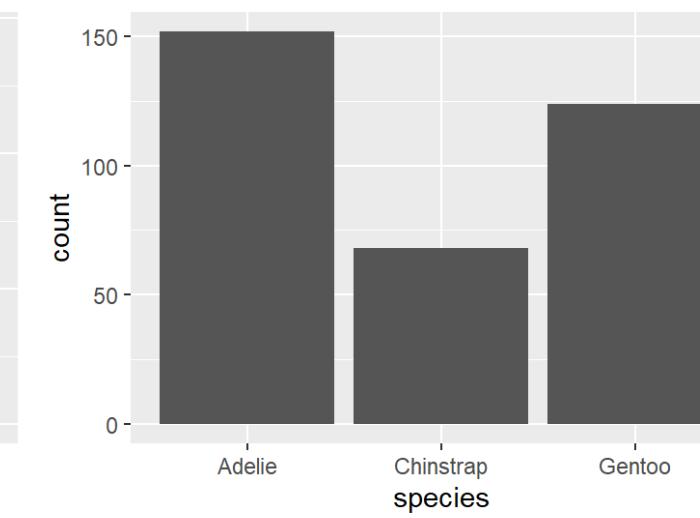
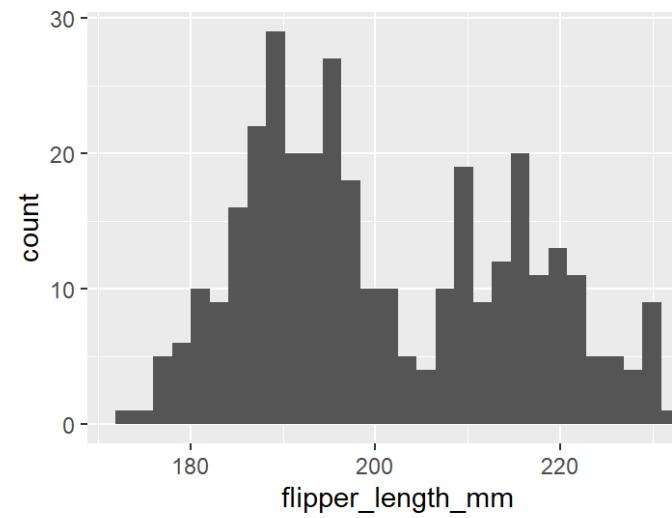
Stats

- Stats compute new variables from input data.
- Geoms have default stats.
- Plots can be built with stats.

```

1 x <- ggplot(data = penguins) +
2   geom_bar(aes(x=flipper_length_mm), stat="bin")
3
4 y <- ggplot(data = penguins) +
5   geom_bar(aes(x=species), stat="count")
6
7 wrap_plots(x,y,nrow=1)

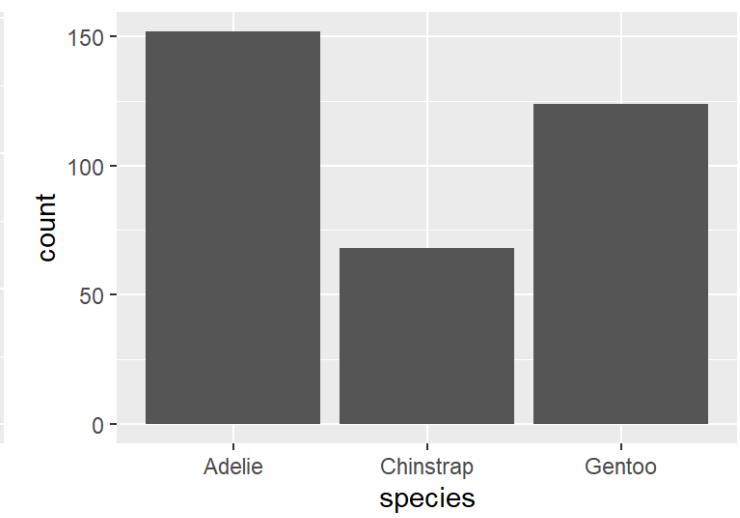
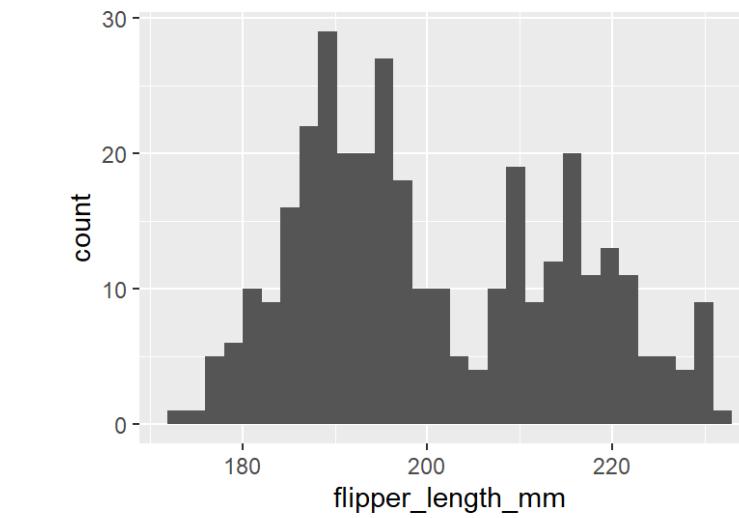
```



```

1 x <- ggplot(data = penguins) +
2   stat_bin(aes(x=flipper_length_mm), geom="bar")
3
4 y <- ggplot(data = penguins) +
5   stat_count(aes(x=species), geom="bar")
6
7 wrap_plots(x,y,nrow=1)

```



Stats

- Stats have default geoms.

plot	stat	geom
histogram	bin	bar
smooth	smooth	line
boxplot	boxplot	boxplot
density	density	line
freqpoly	freqpoly	line

Use `args(geom_bar)` to check arguments.

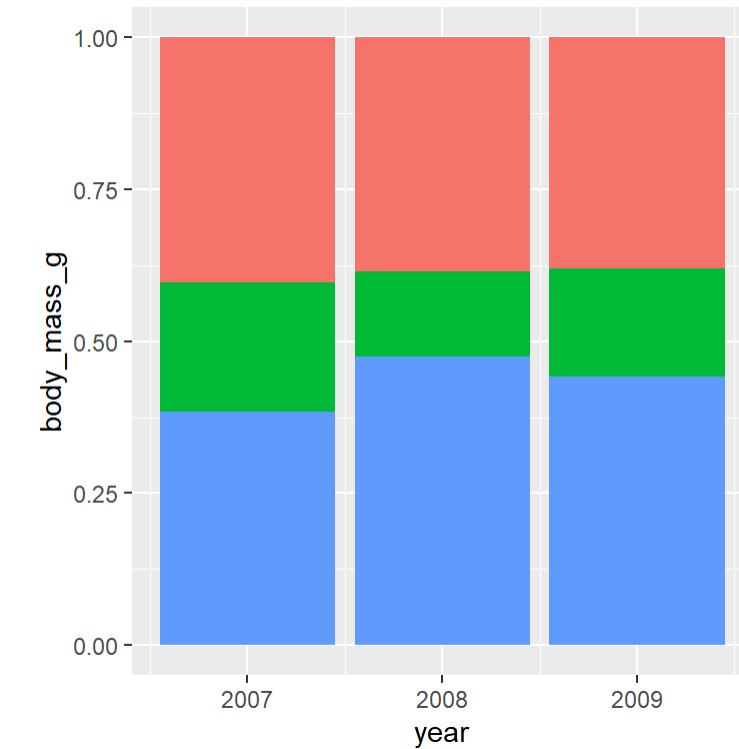
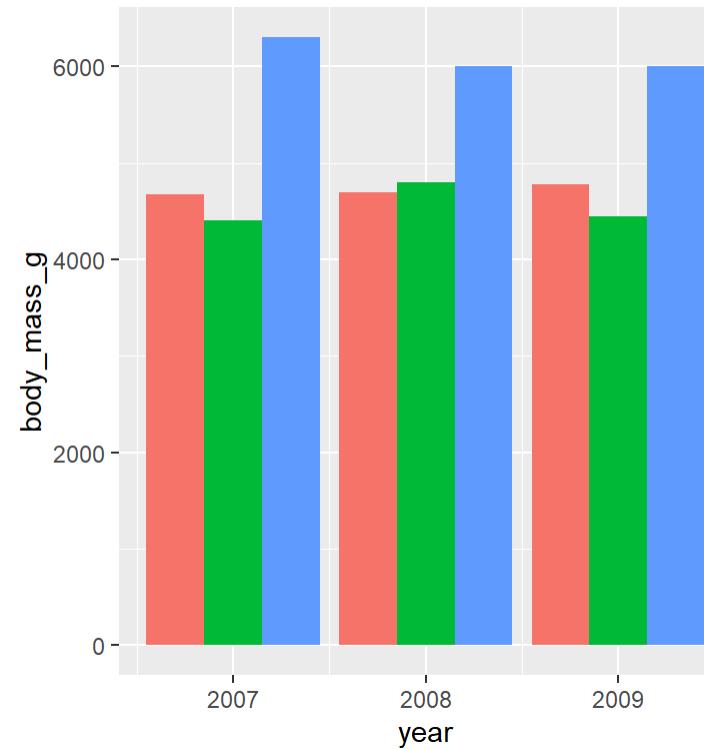
Position

```
1 p <- ggplot(penguins,aes(x=year,y=body_mass_g,fill=species))
```

```
1 p + geom_bar(stat="identity",
2               position="stack")
```

```
1 p + geom_bar(stat="identity",
2               position="dodge")
```

```
1 p + geom_bar(stat="identity",
2               position="fill")
```



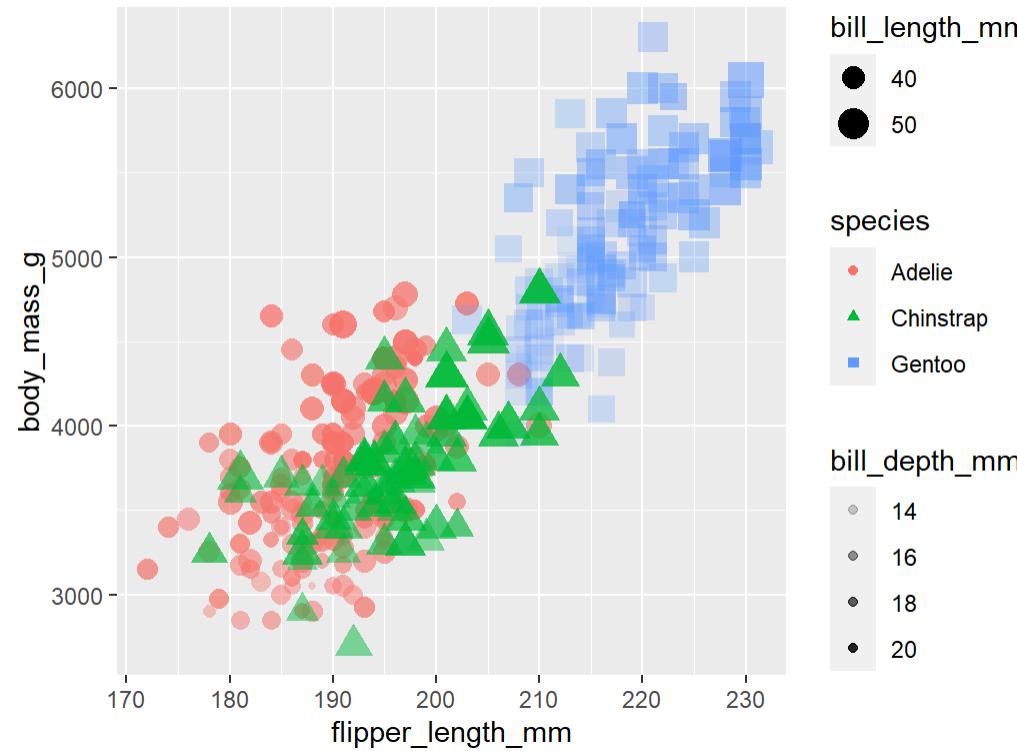
Aesthetics

- Aesthetic mapping

```

1 ggplot(data = penguins) +
2   geom_point(aes(x=flipper_length_mm,
3                   y=body_mass_g,
4                   size=bill_length_mm,
5                   alpha=bill_depth_mm,
6                   shape=species,
7                   color=species))

```

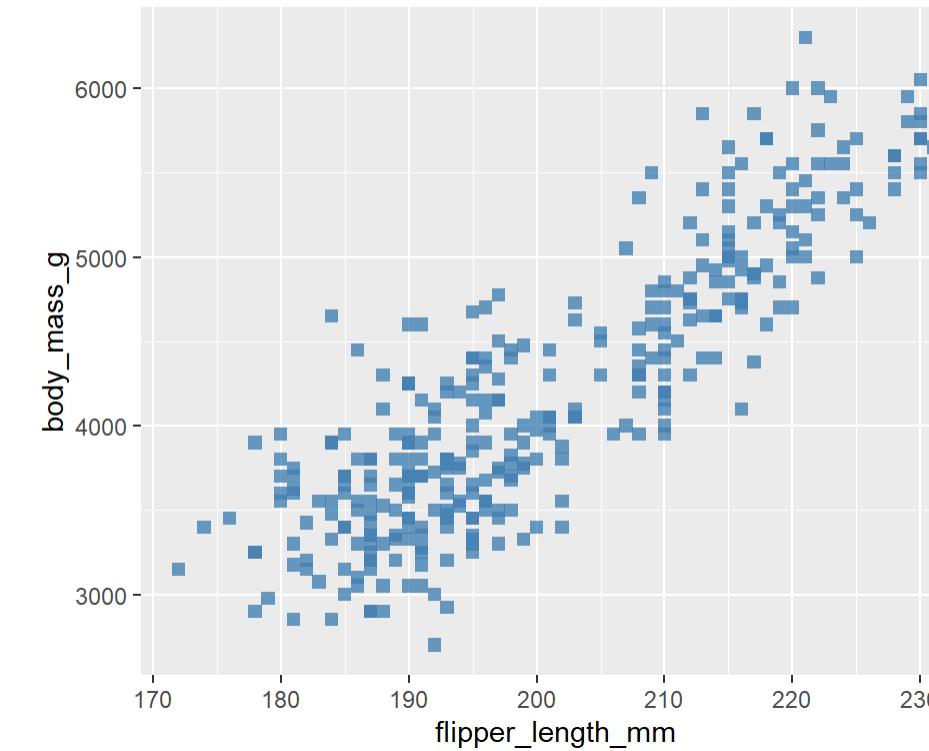


- Aesthetic parameter

```

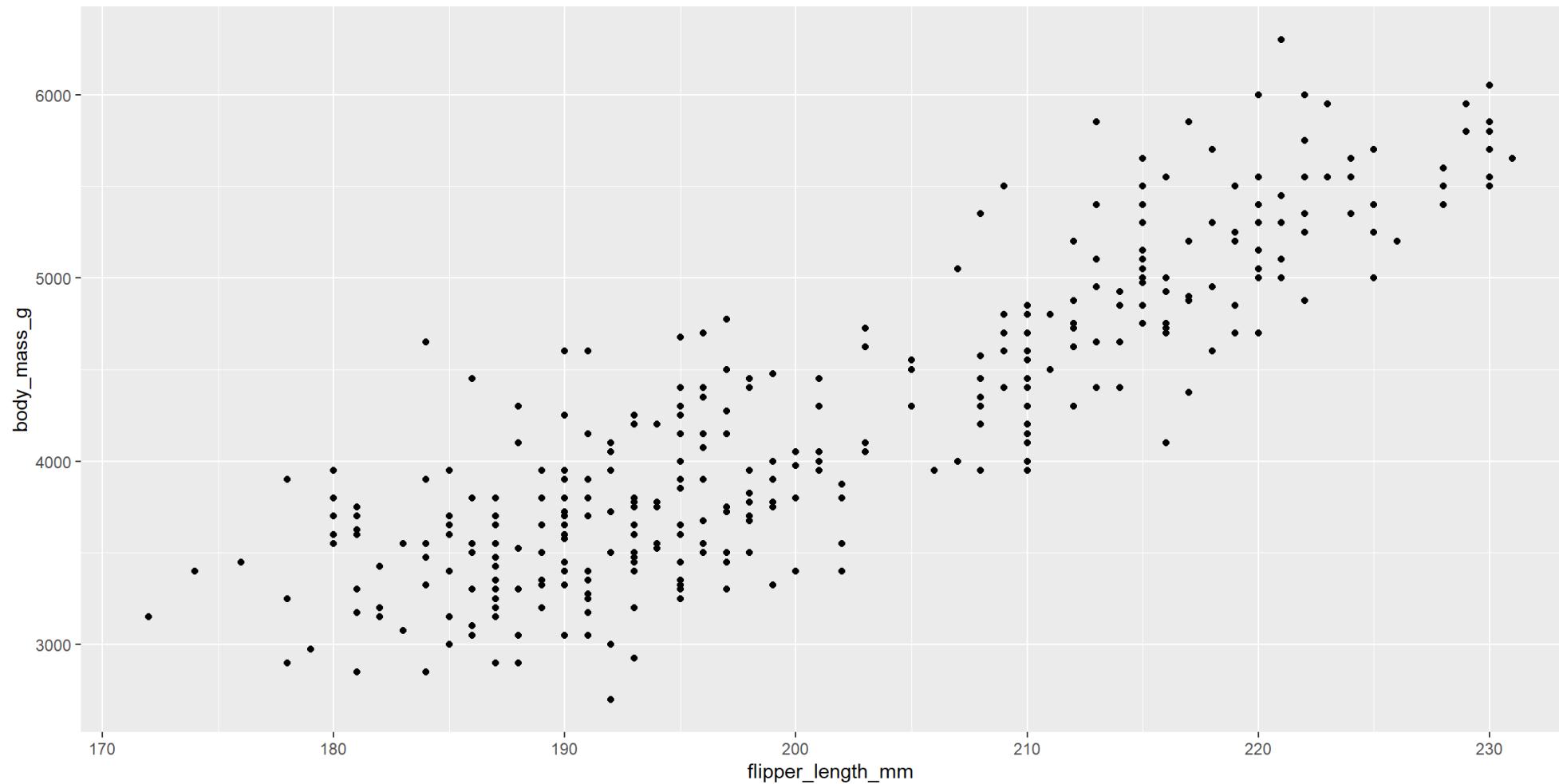
1 ggplot(data = penguins) +
2   geom_point(aes(x=flipper_length_mm,
3                   y=body_mass_g),
4               size=2,
5               alpha=0.8,
6               shape=15,
7               color="steelblue")

```



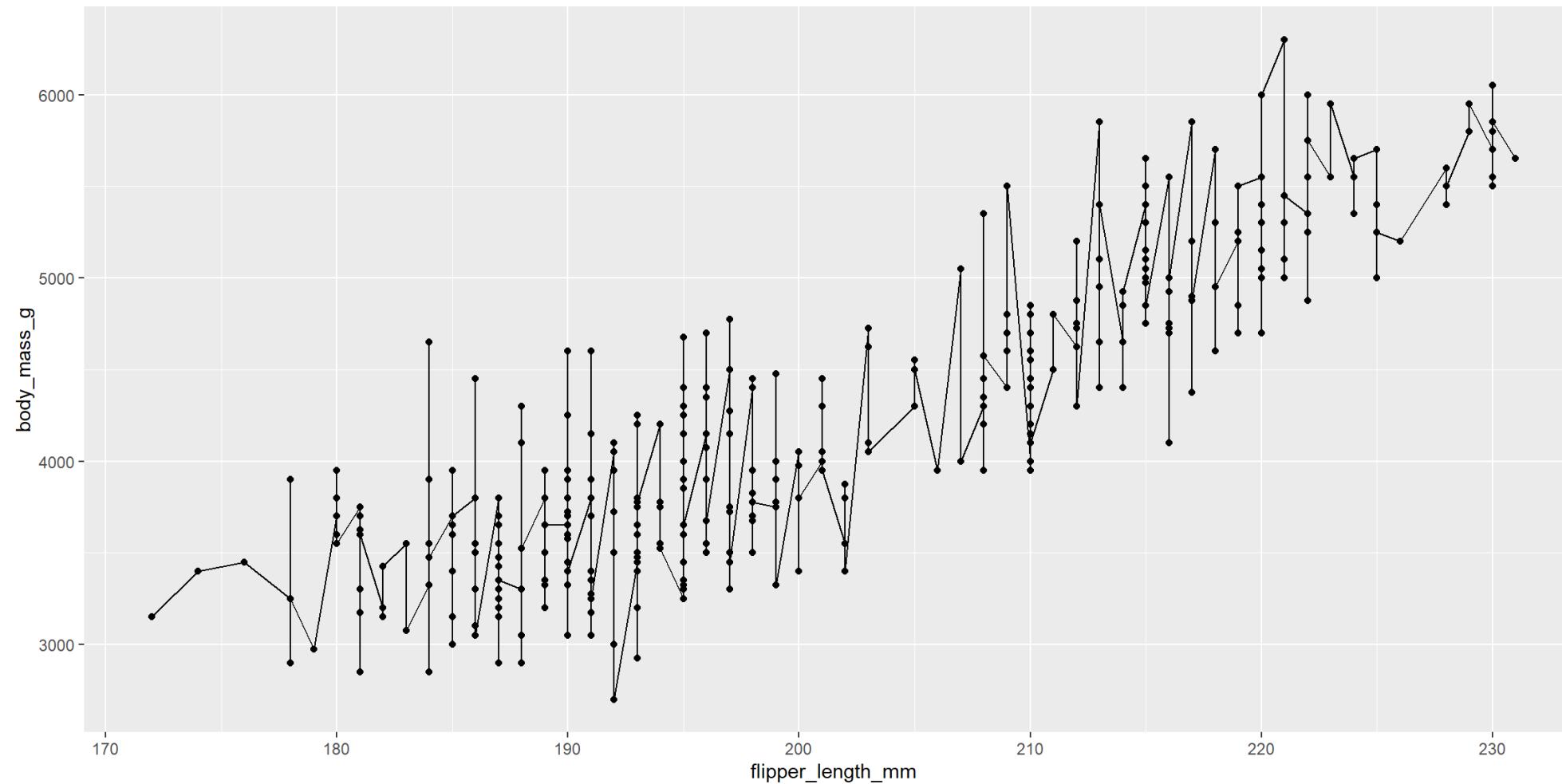
Multiple Geoms

```
1 p <- ggplot(penguins,aes(x=flipper_length_mm,y=body_mass_g)) +  
2   geom_point()  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9 p
```



Multiple Geoms

```
1 p <- ggplot(penguins,aes(x=flipper_length_mm,y=body_mass_g)) +  
2   geom_point() +  
3   geom_line()  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9 p
```

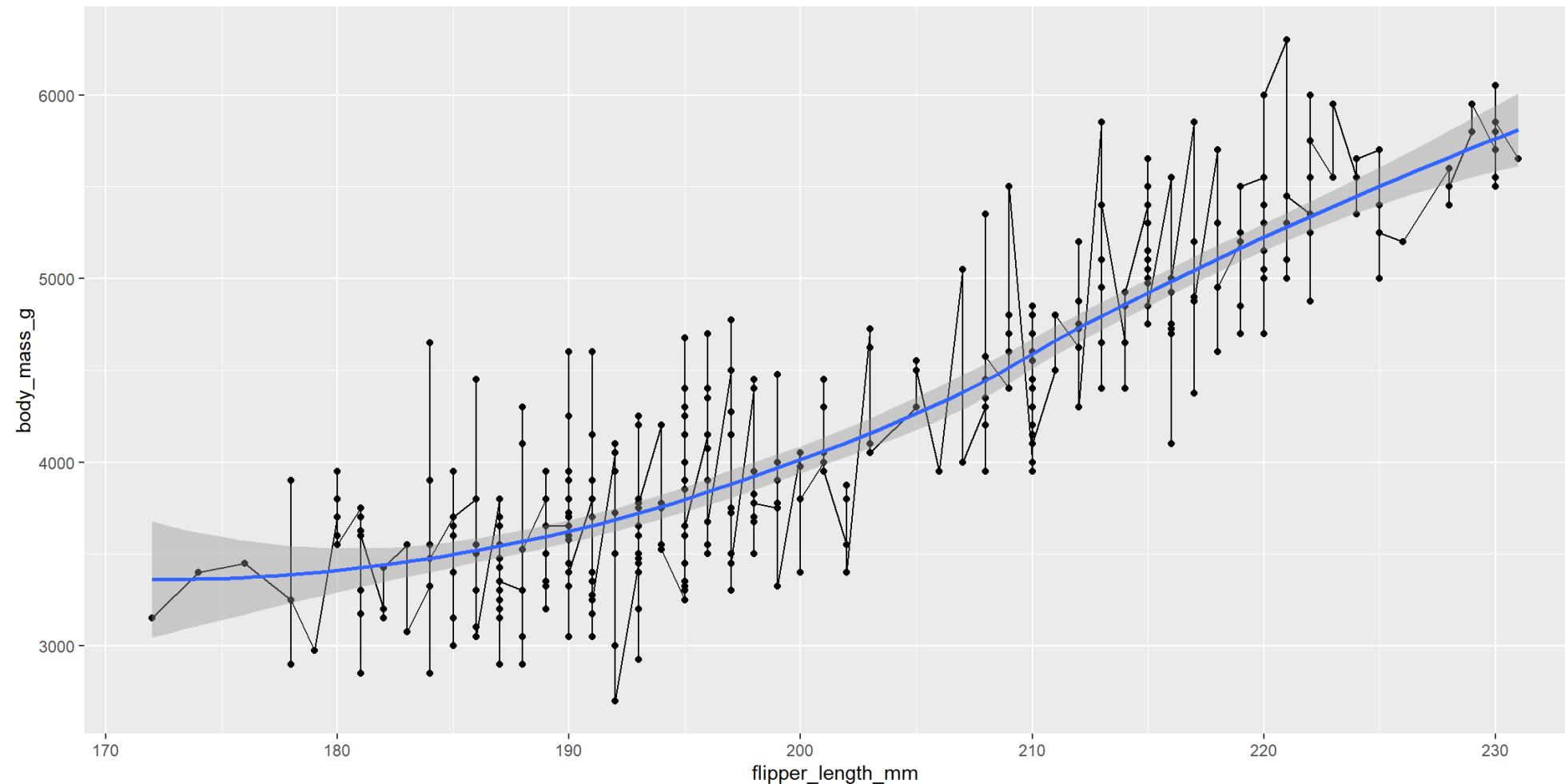


Multiple Geoms

```

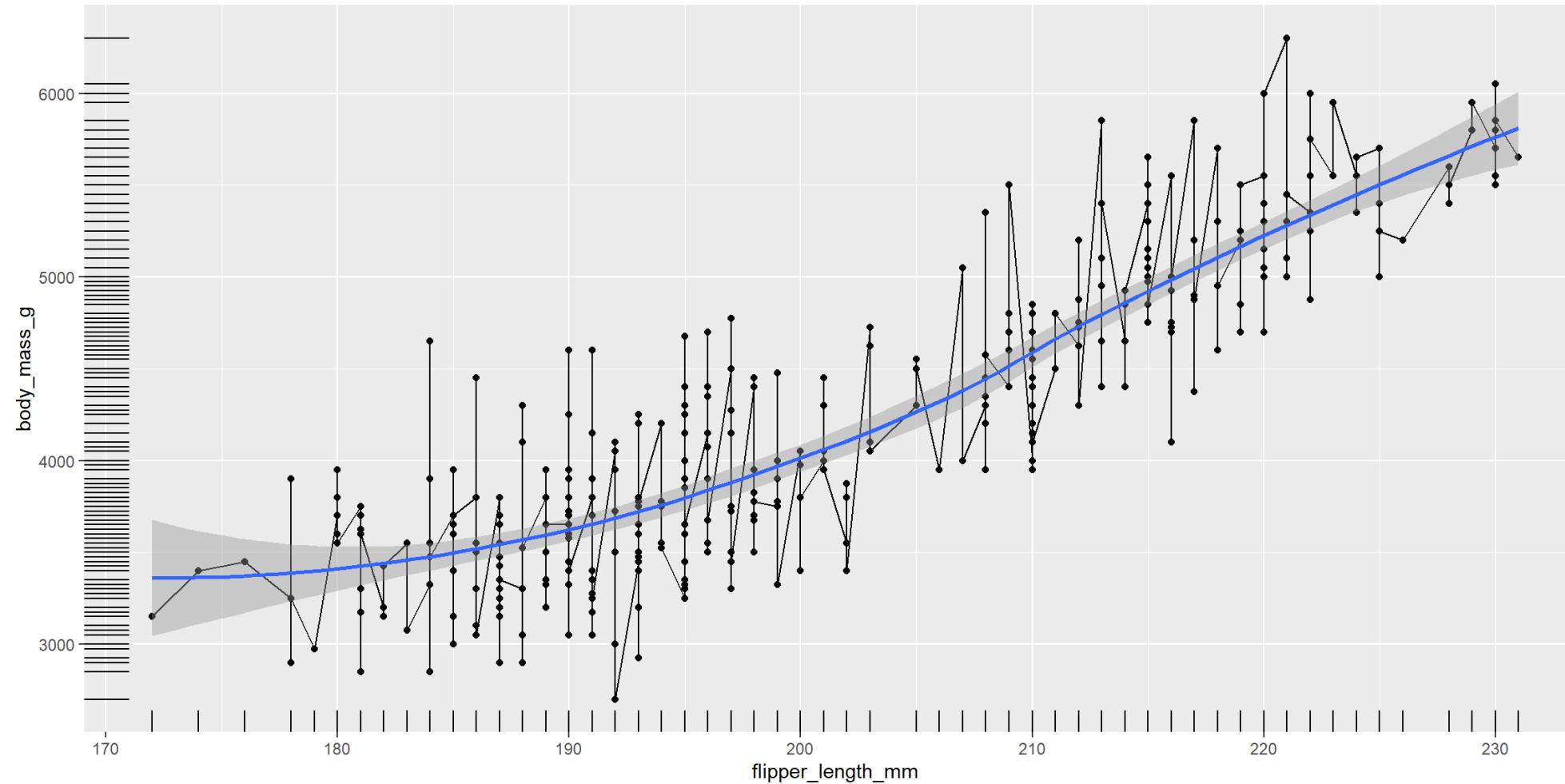
1 p <- ggplot(penguins,aes(x=flipper_length_mm,y=body_mass_g))+
2   geom_point()+
3   geom_line()+
4   geom_smooth()
5
6
7
8
9 p

```



Multiple Geoms

```
1 p <- ggplot(penguins,aes(x=flipper_length_mm,y=body_mass_g)) +  
2   geom_point() +  
3   geom_line() +  
4   geom_smooth() +  
5   geom_rug()  
6  
7  
8  
9 p
```

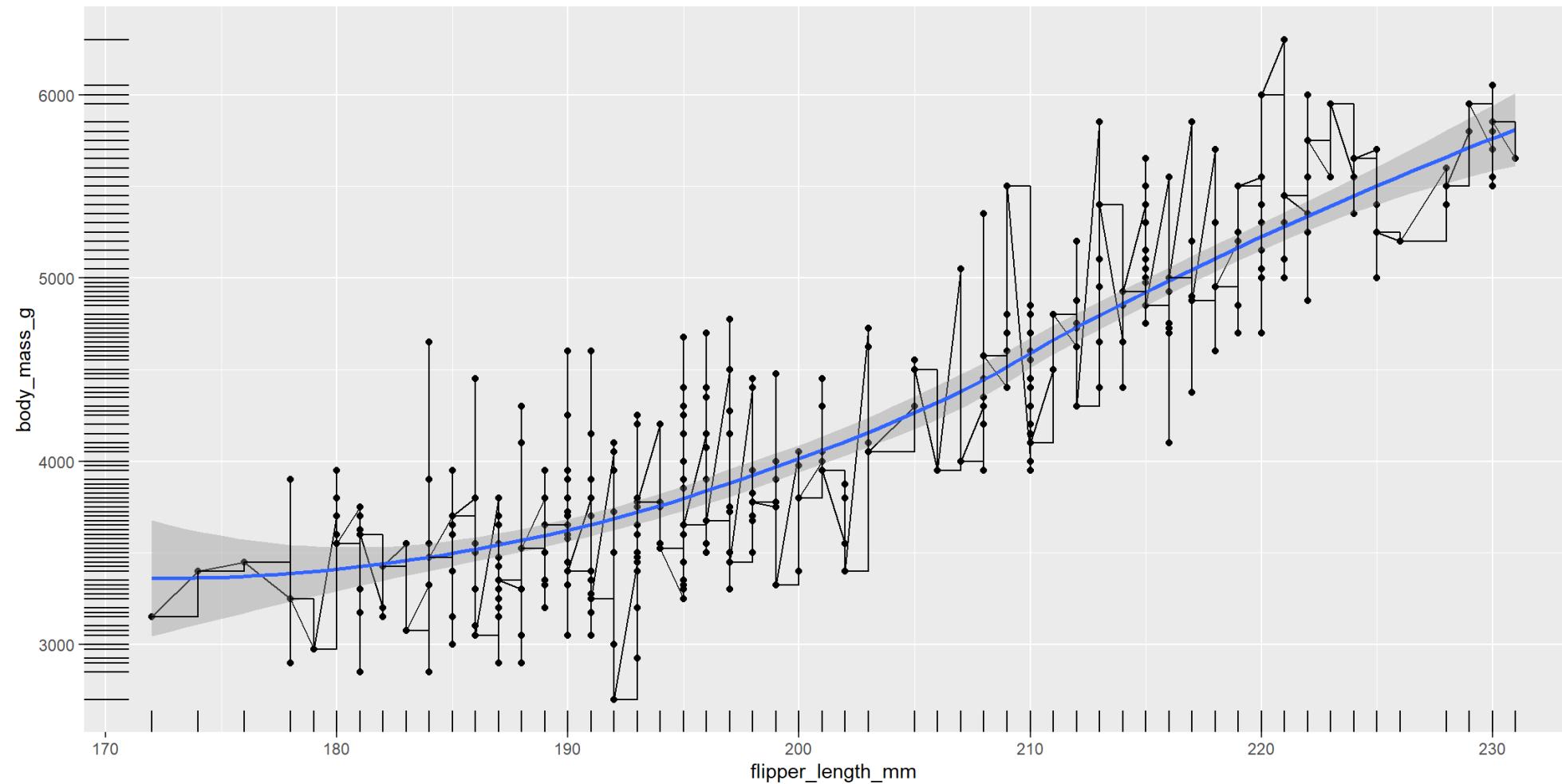


Multiple Geoms

```

1 p <- ggplot(penguins,aes(x=flipper_length_mm,y=body_mass_g))+
2   geom_point()+
3   geom_line()+
4   geom_smooth()+
5   geom_rug()+
6   geom_step()
7
8
9 p

```

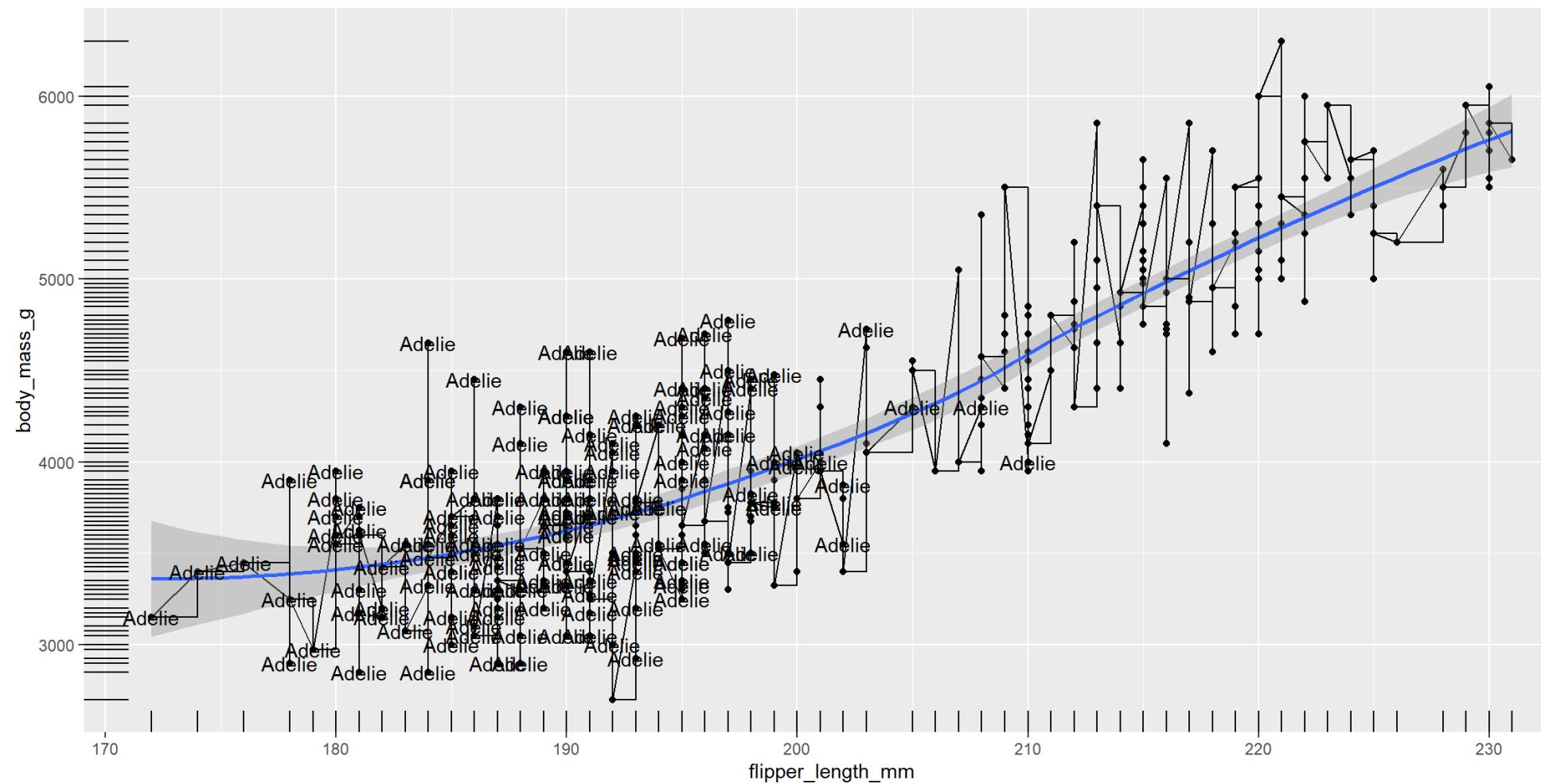


Multiple Geoms

```

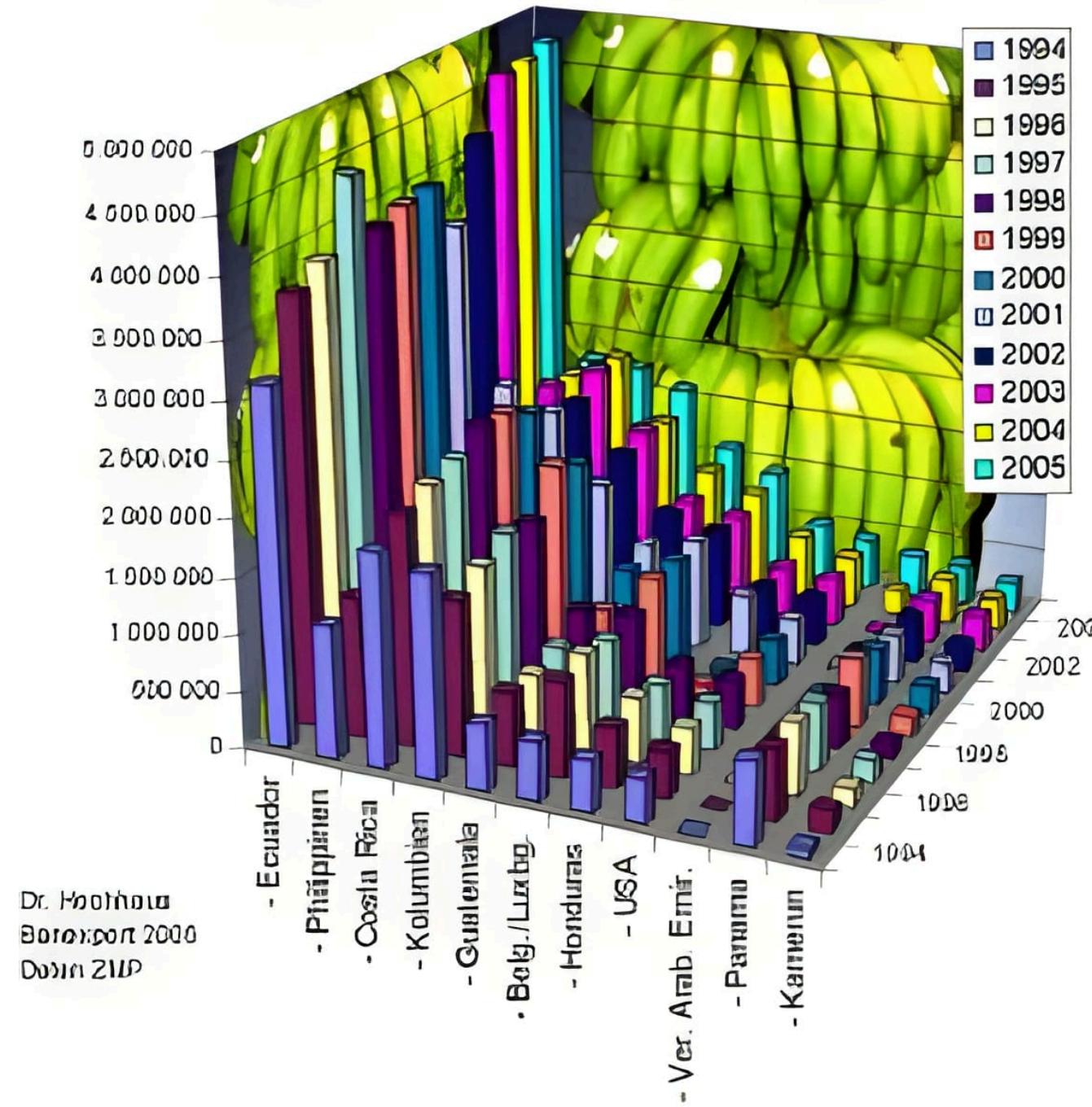
1 p <- ggplot(penguins,aes(x=flipper_length_mm,y=body_mass_g)) +
2   geom_point() +
3   geom_line() +
4   geom_smooth() +
5   geom_rug() +
6   geom_step() +
7   geom_text(data=subset(penguins,penguins$species=="Adelie"),
8             aes(label=species))
9 p

```

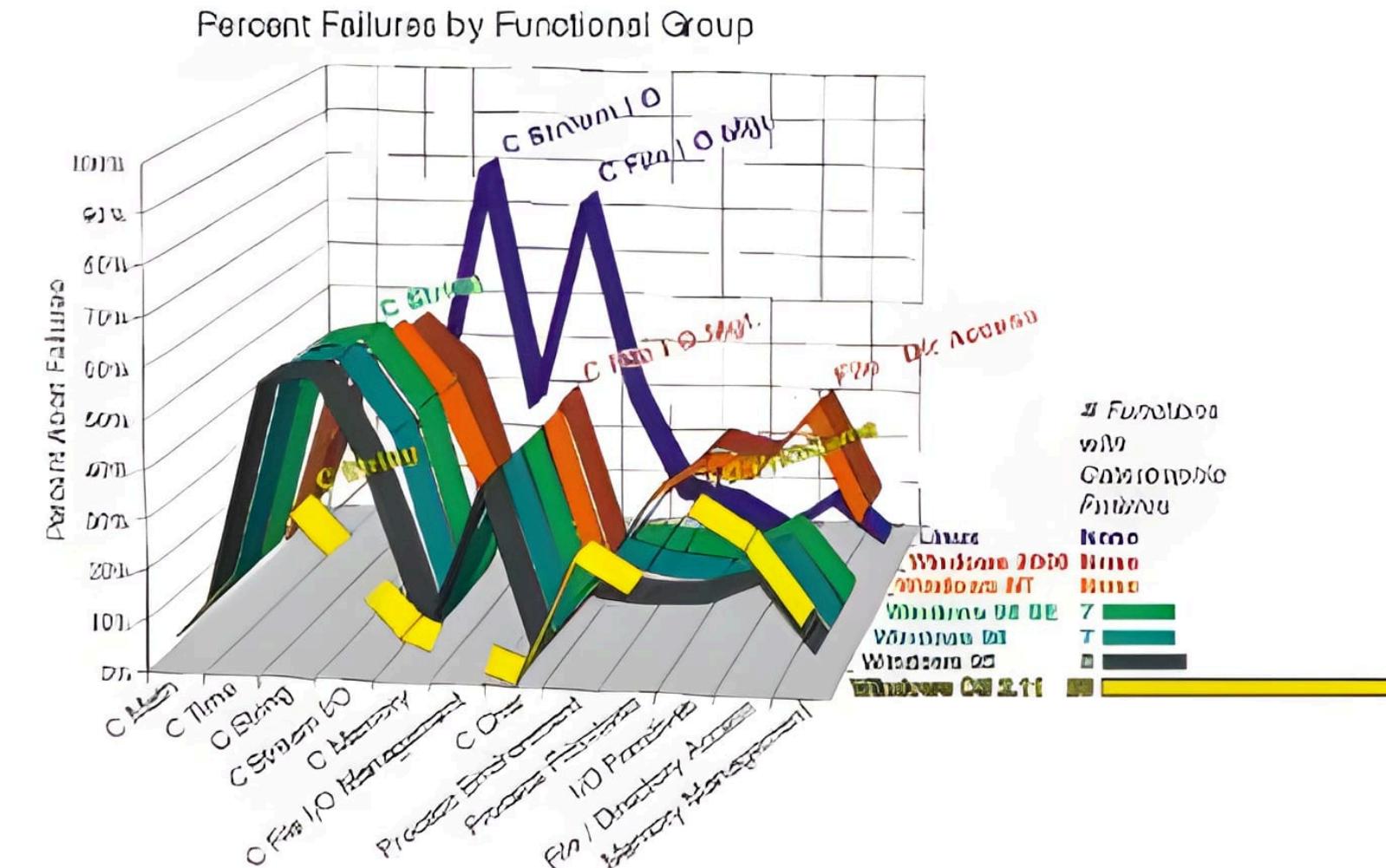


Just because you can doesn't mean you should!

Export von Bananen in Tonnen von 1994-2006



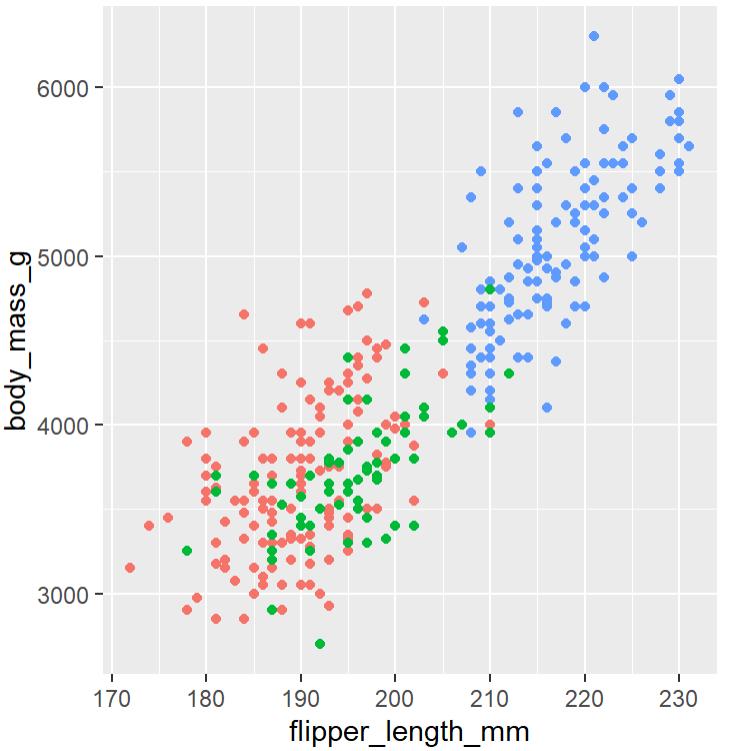
Dr. Hoethma
Borobonit 2000
Dortmund



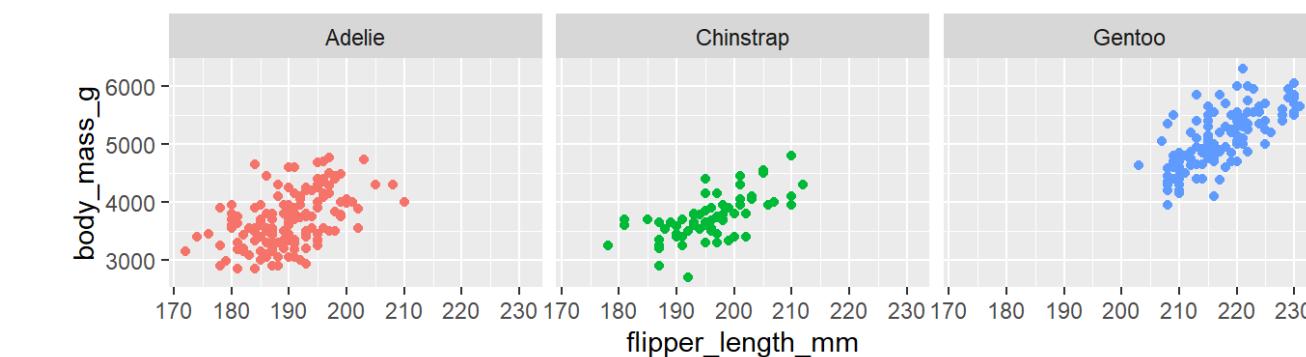
Facets • `facet_wrap`

- Split to subplots based on variable(s),
- Faceting in one dimension

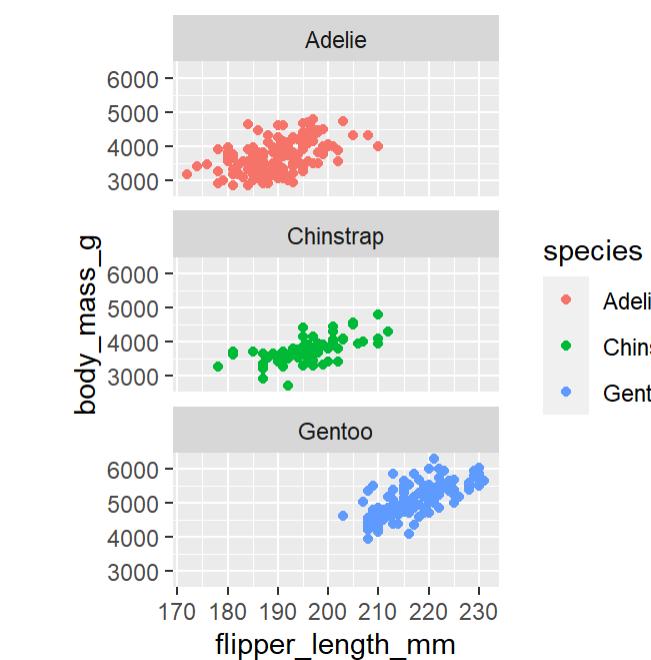
```
1 p <- ggplot(penguins)+  
2     geom_point(aes(x=flipper_length_mm,  
3                     y=body_mass_g,  
4                     color=species))  
5 p
```



```
1 p + facet_wrap(~species)
```



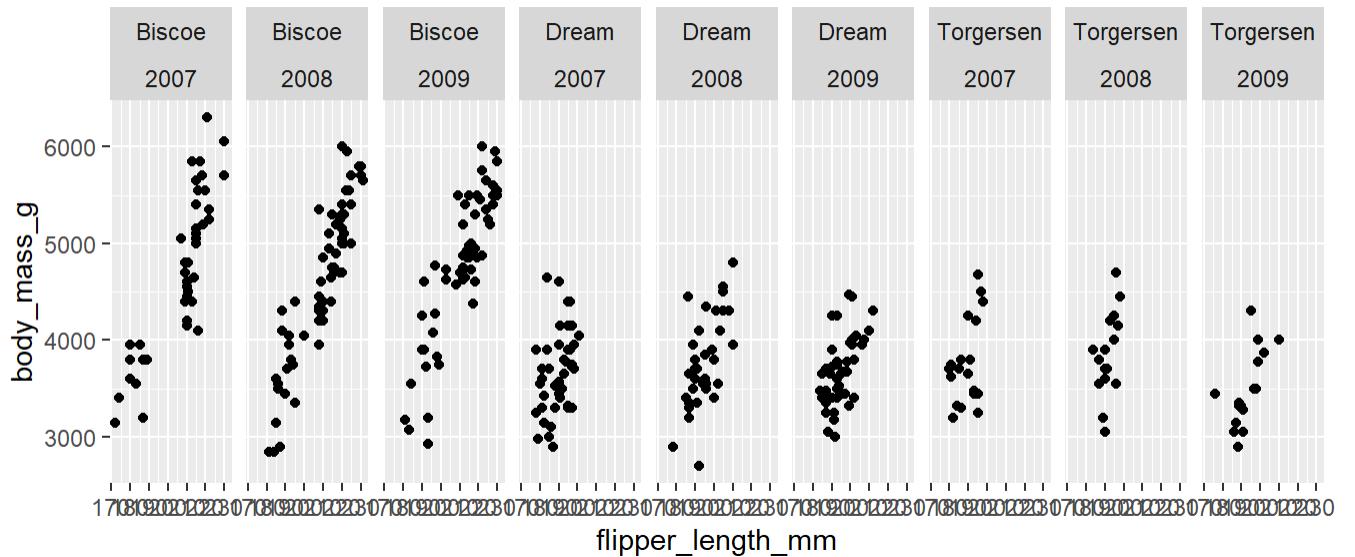
```
1 p + facet_wrap(~species, nrow=3)
```



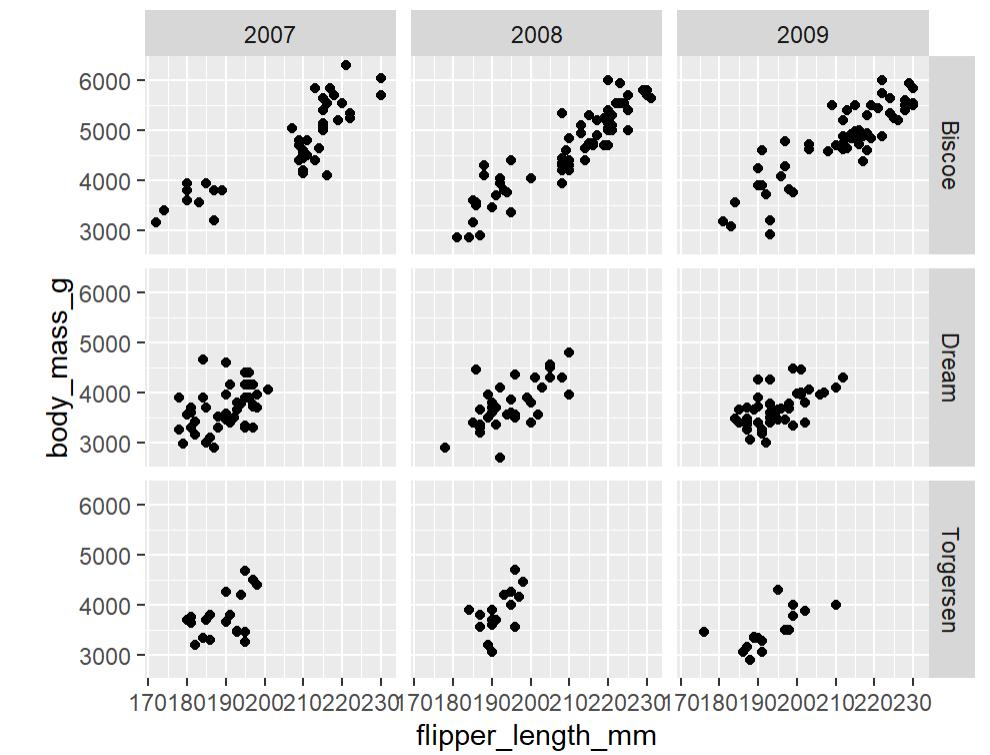
Facets • facet_grid

- Faceting in two dimensions

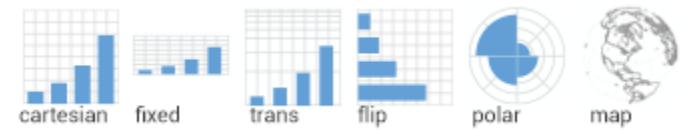
```
1 p <- ggplot(data = penguins, aes(x=flipper_length_mm, y=body_mass_g))
2   geom_point()
3 p + facet_grid(~island+year)
```



```
1 p + facet_grid(island~year)
```

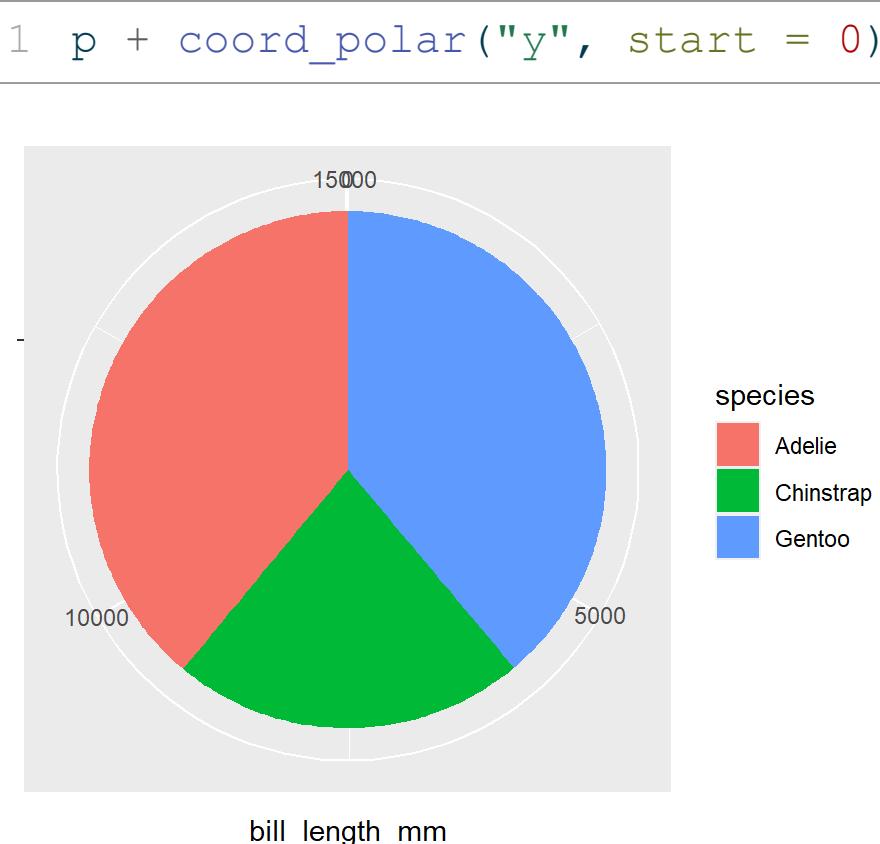
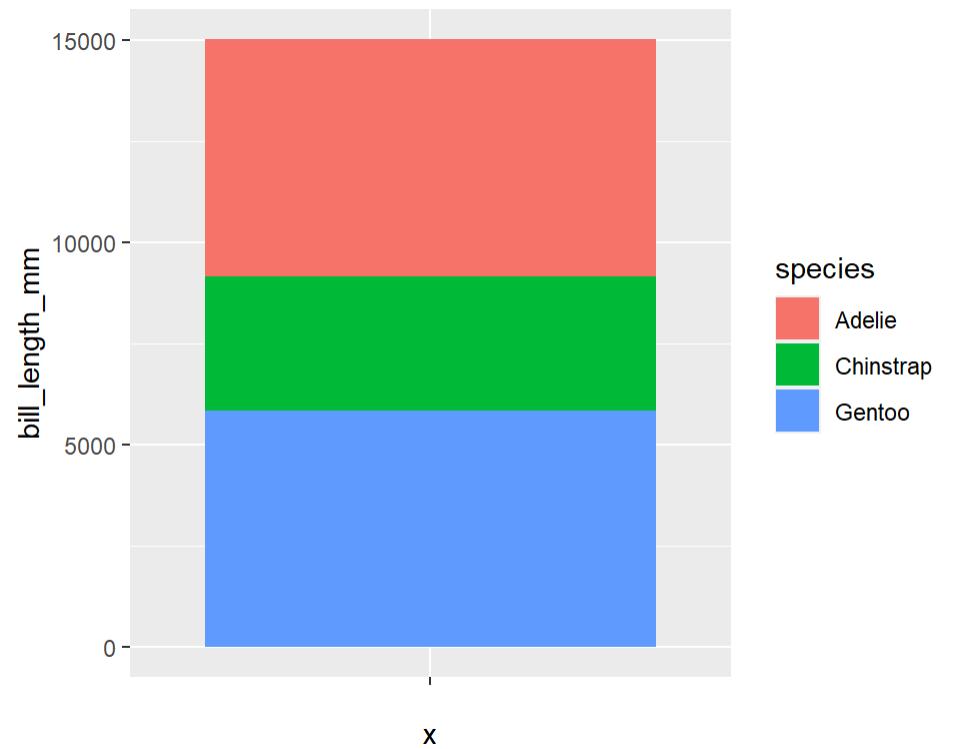


Coordinate Systems



- `coord_cartesian(xlim=c(2,8))` for zooming in
- `coord_map` for controlling limits on maps
- `coord_polar` for polar coordinates

```
1 p <- ggplot(penguins,aes(x="",y=bill_length_mm,  
2                      fill=species))+  
3   geom_bar(stat="identity")  
4 p
```



Theming

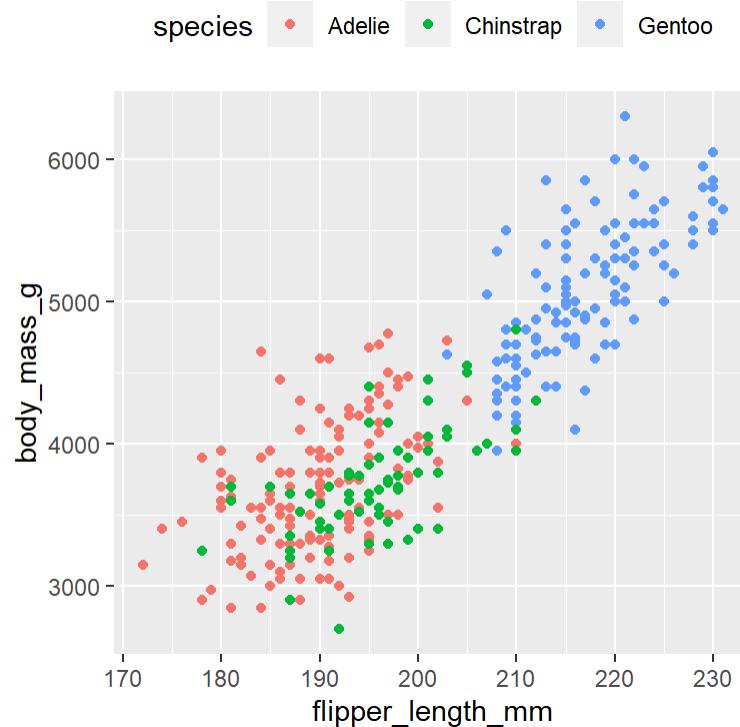
- Modify non-data plot elements/appearance
- Axis labels, panel colors, legend appearance etc
- Save a particular appearance for reuse
- `?theme`

Theme • Legend

```
1 p <- ggplot(penguins) +
  geom_point(aes(x=flipper_length_mm,
                  y=body_mass_g,
                  color=species))
```

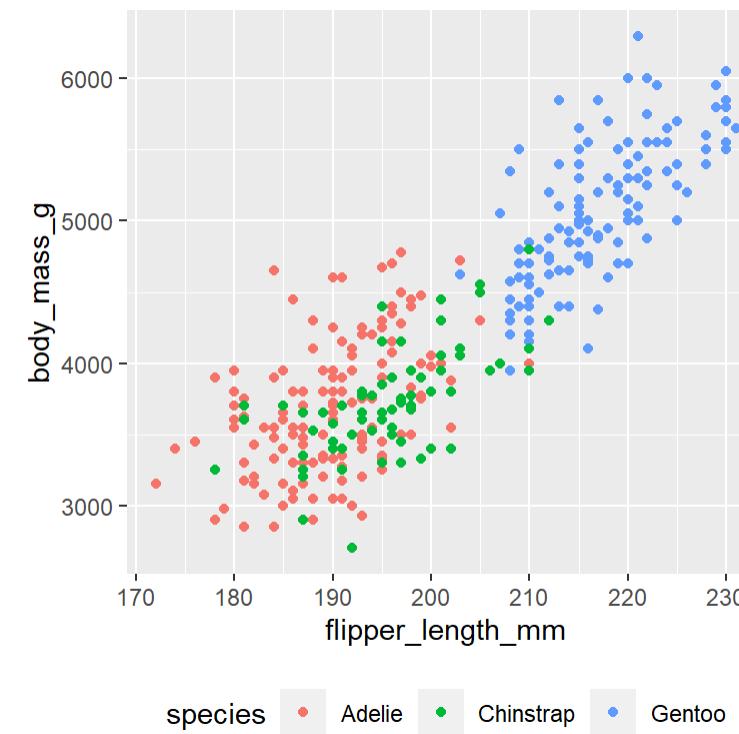
at top

```
1 p + theme(legend.position="top")
```



at bottom

```
1 p + theme(legend.position="bottom")
```

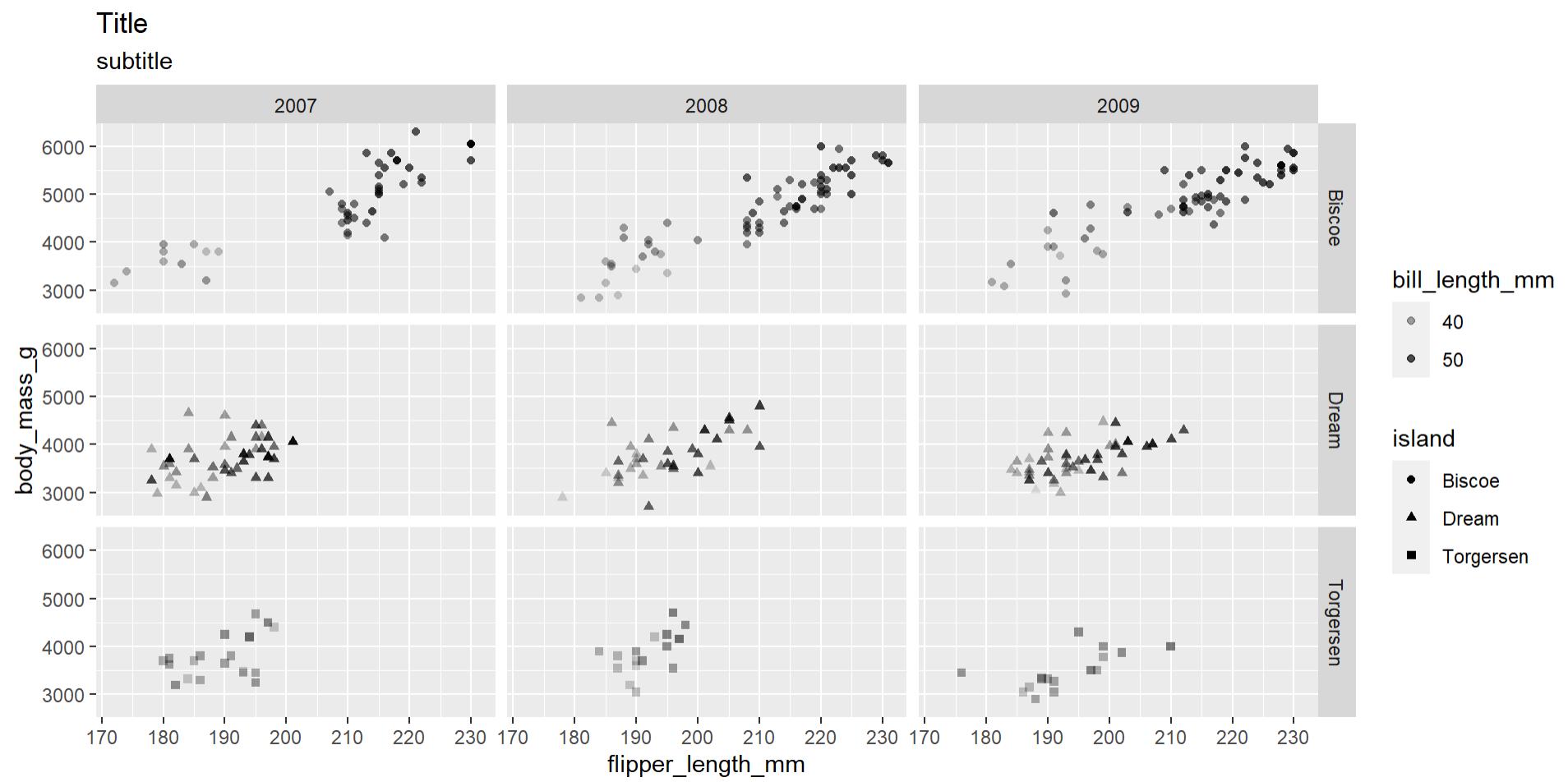


Theme • Text

```

1 p <- ggplot(penguins,
2   aes(x = flipper_length_mm,
3     y = body_mass_g,
4     alpha = bill_length_mm,
5     shape = island)) +
6   geom_point() +
7   facet_grid(island~year) +
8   labs(title="Title",
9       subtitle="subtitle")
10 p

```

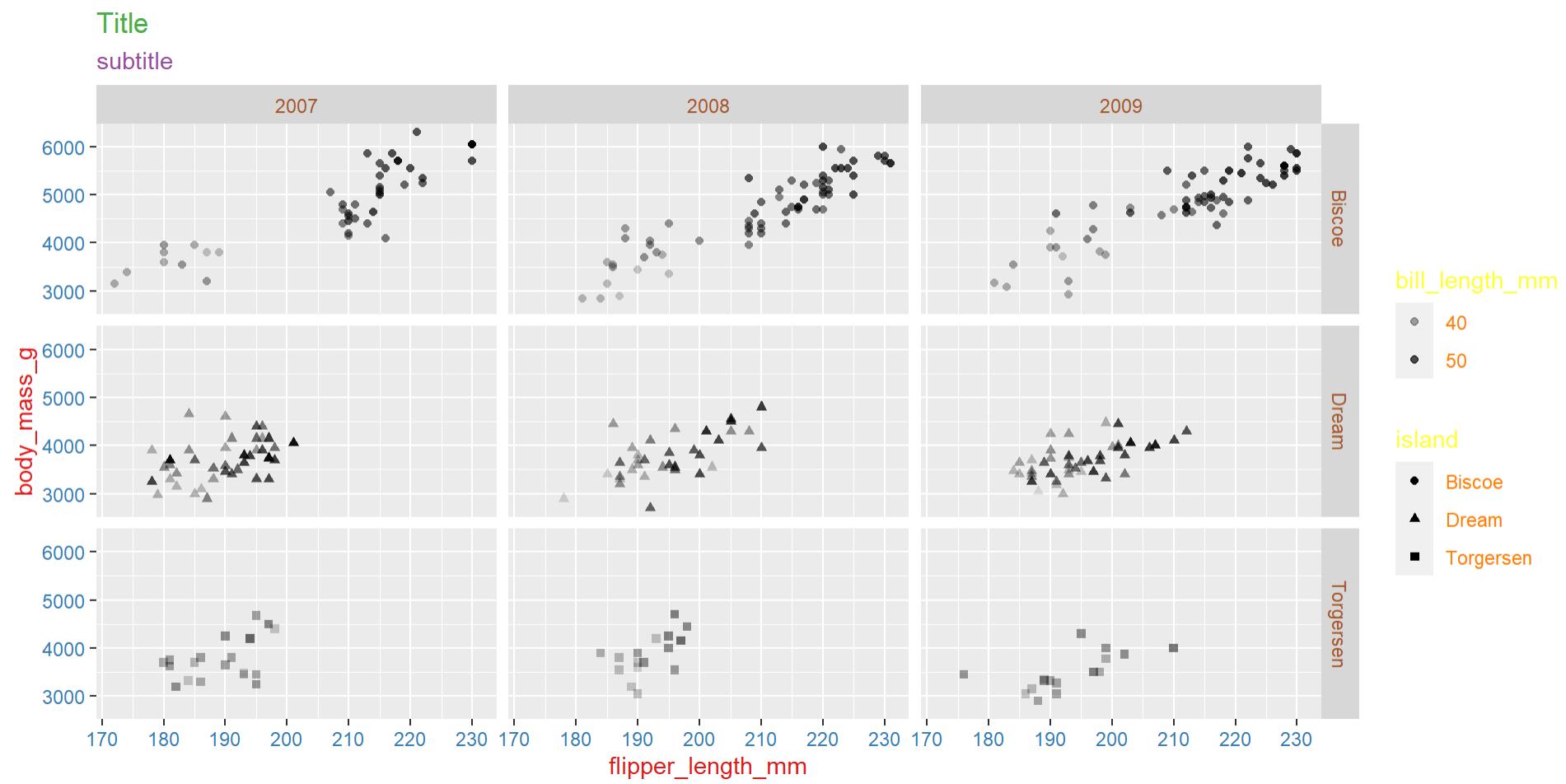


Theme • Text

```

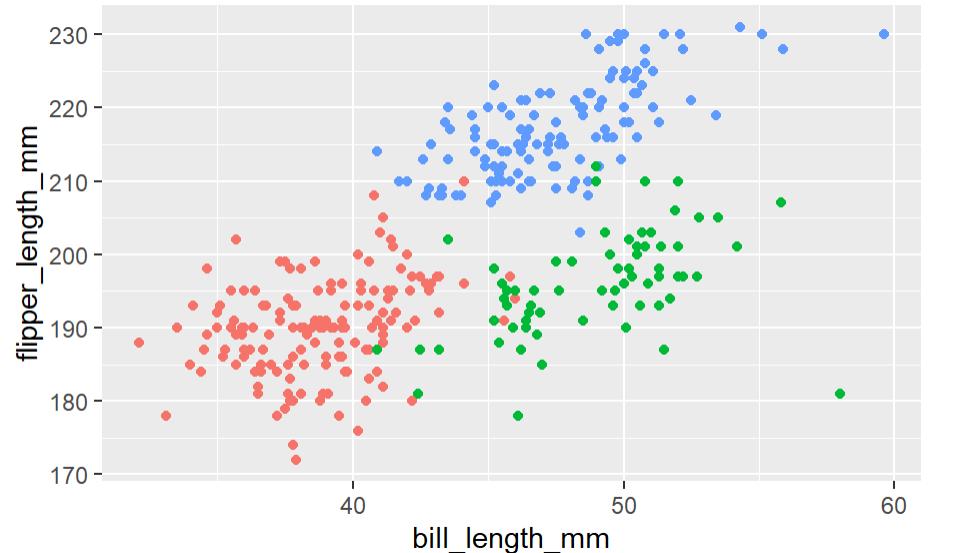
1 p <- p +
2   theme(
3     axis.title=element_text(color="#e41a1c"),
4     axis.text=element_text(color="#377eb8"),
5     plot.title=element_text(color="#4daf4a"),
6     plot.subtitle=element_text(color="#984ea3"),
7     legend.text=element_text(color="#ff7f00"),
8     legend.title=element_text(color="#fffff33"),
9     strip.text=element_text(color="#a65628"))
10 p

```



Saving plots

```
1 p <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=bill_length_mm, y=flipper_length_mm, color=species)) +
2   geom_point()
3 p
```



- **ggplot2** package offers a convenient function

```
1 ggsave("plot.png", p, height=5, width=7, units="cm", dpi=200)
2 # Note that default units in png is pixels while in ggsave it's inches
```

- **ggplot2** plots can be saved just like base plots

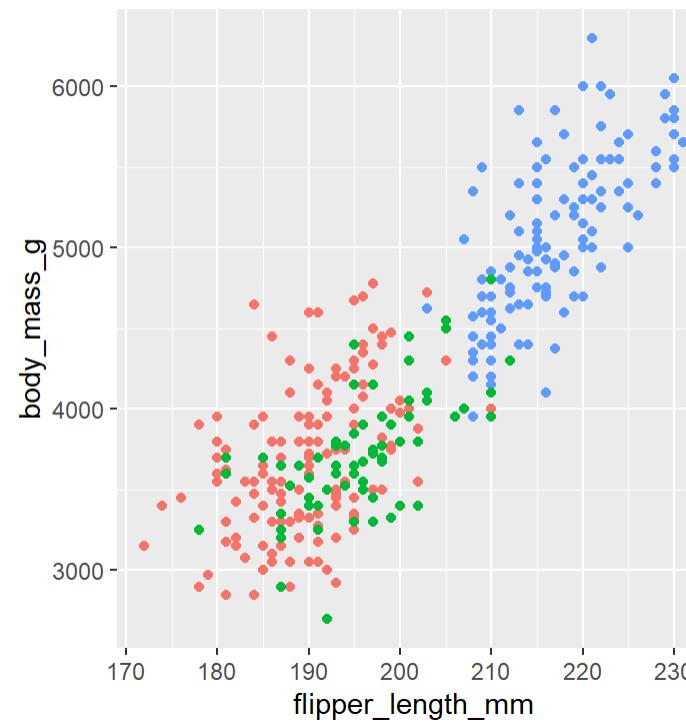
```
1 png("plot.png", height=5, width=7, units="cm", res=200)
2 print(p)
3 dev.off()
```

Combining Plots

```

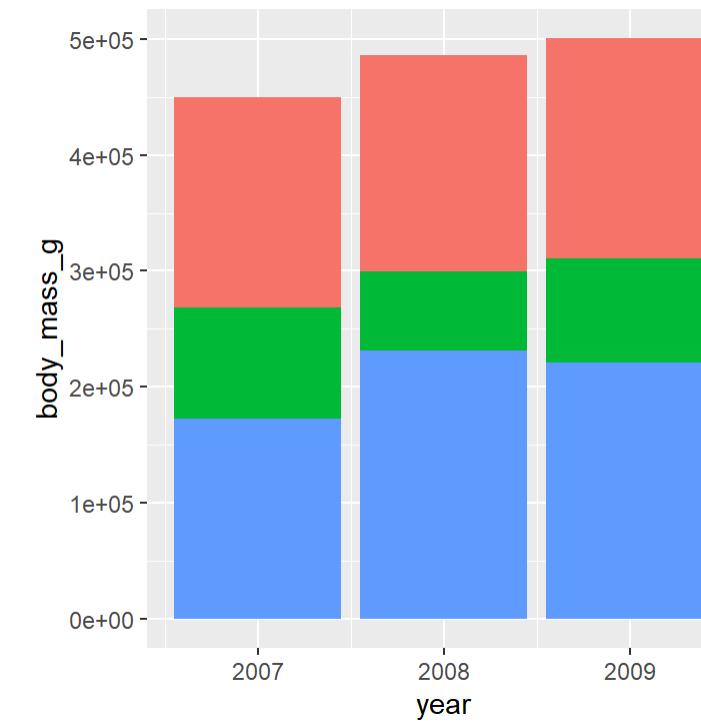
1 p <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=flipper_length_mm, y=body_mass_g, color=species)) + geom_point()
2 q <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=year, y=body_mass_g, fill=species)) + geom_bar(stat="identity")
1 patchwork::wrap_plots(p,q)

```



species

- Adelie
- Chinstrap
- Gentoo



species

- Adelie
- Chinstrap
- Gentoo

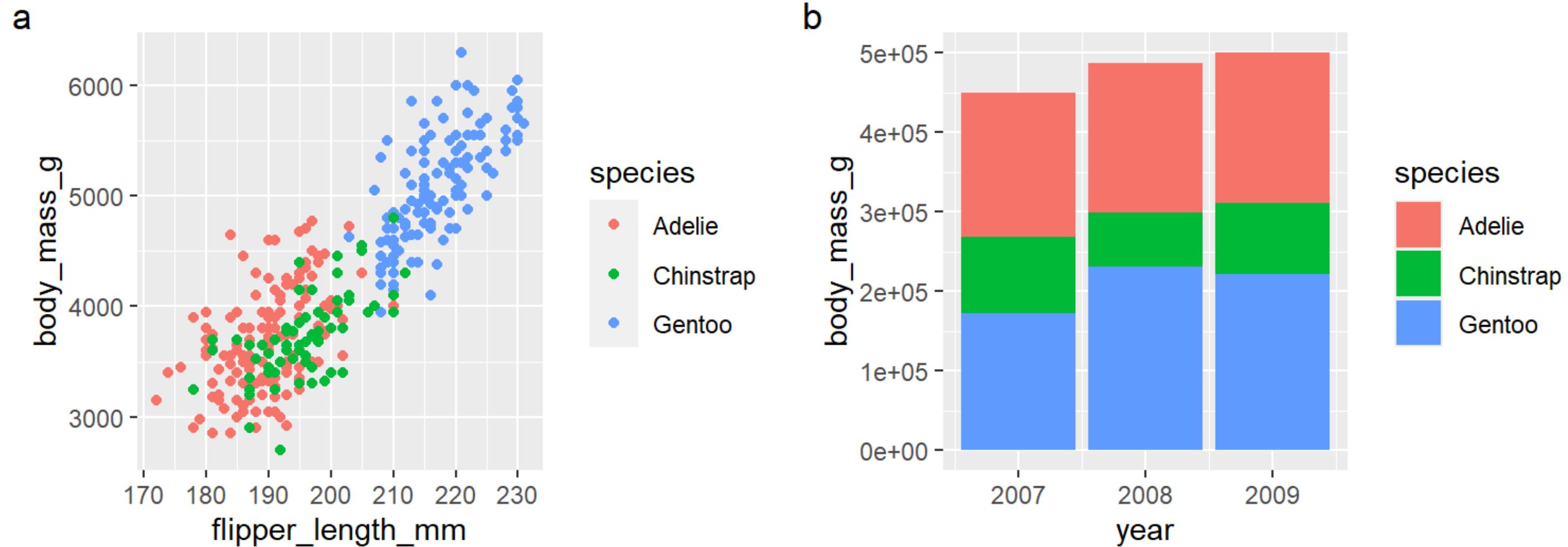
Combining Plots

```

1 p <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=flipper_length_mm, y=body_mass_g, color=species)) + geom_point()
2 q <- ggplot(penguins, aes(x=year, y=body_mass_g, fill=species)) + geom_bar(stat="identity")

1 patchwork::wrap_plots(p,q) +
2 plot_annotation(tag_levels = 'a')

```



[patchwork documentation](#).

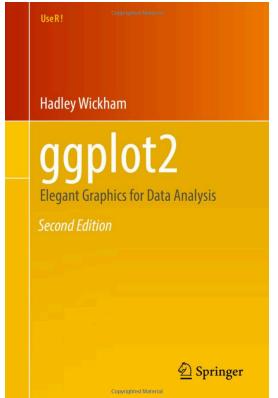
Extensions

- **patchwork**: Combining plots
- **ggrepel**: Text labels including overlap control
- **ggforce**: Circles, splines, hulls, voronoi etc
- **ggpmisc**: Miscellaneous features
- **ggthemes**: Set of extra themes
- **ggthemr**: More themes
- **ggsci**: Color palettes for scales
- **ggmap**: Dedicated to mapping
- **ggraph**: Network graphs
- **ggiraph**: Converting ggplot2 to interactive graphics

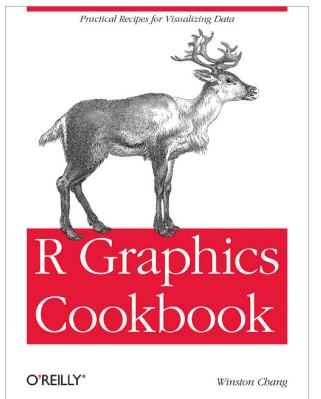
A collection of ggplot extension packages: <https://exts.ggplot2.tidyverse.org/>.
Curated list of ggplot2 links: <https://github.com/erikgahner/awesome-ggplot2>.

Help

- **ggplot2 book**



- **The R cookbook**



- **ggplot2 official reference**
- **RStudio cheatsheet**
- **r-statistics ggplot2 cheatsheet**
- **StackOverflow**
- **Blogs, R-Bloggers, Cedric Scherer etc.**

Thank you! Questions?



Acknowledgements:

- SLUBI • 3Bs • Slides adapted from RaukR

