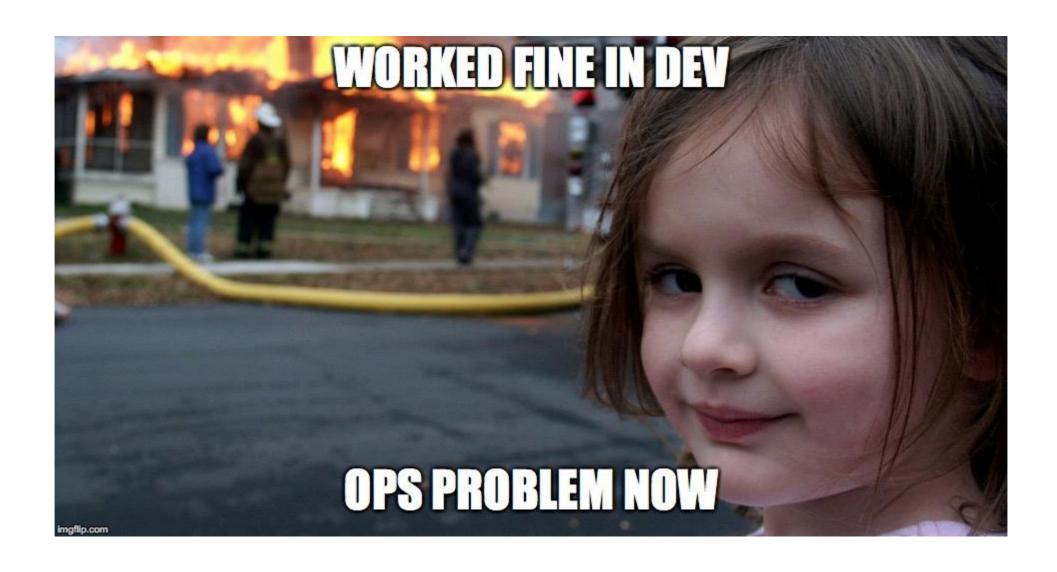
# The Missing Semester: Containers and Virtual Machines

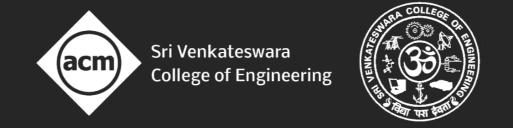




### Wait, What is a Virtual Machine?

Have you ever worried about software running in your machine but not in other systems? Docker is the solution. Docker sandboxes applications running within as containers so that their execution is completely isolated from others. This has become enormously popular over the last few years, but to capitalize on it, you need to integrate third-party images.





# The Missing Semester: Introduction to VirtualBox



### Part I – Creating Virtual Machine







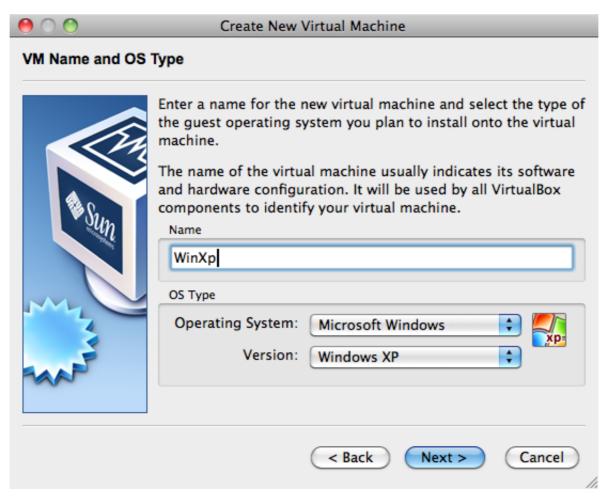
### Part II – Creating Virtual Machine



I.I: Creating new machines

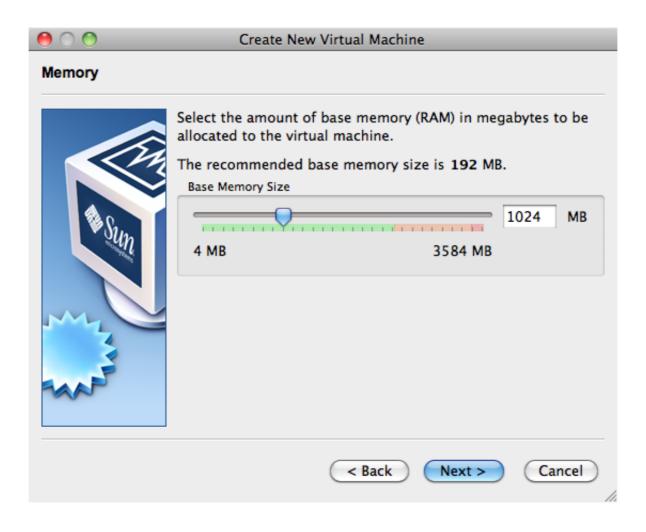


### Part II – Creating Virtual Machine



I.2: Naming new machines





1.3: Allocating memory for machines









I.4: Creating Virtual Storage for machines







1.4: Allocatng Virtual Storage for machines





1.5: Disk Location and Size





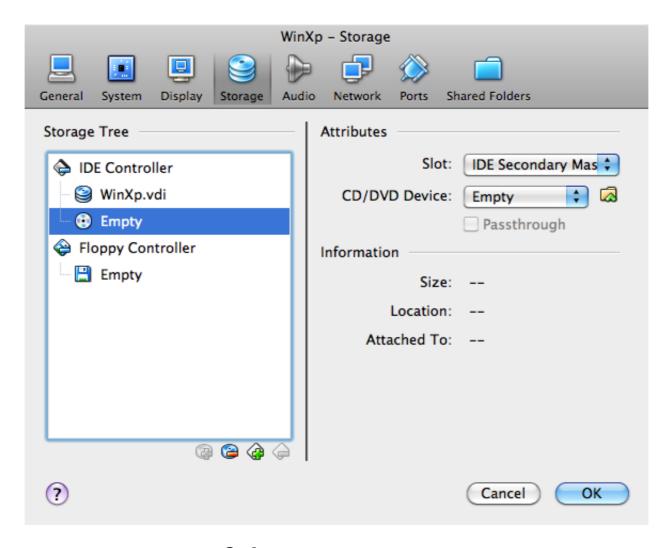


1.5: Review Machine Configuration





#### Part II - Mount Bootable Disk



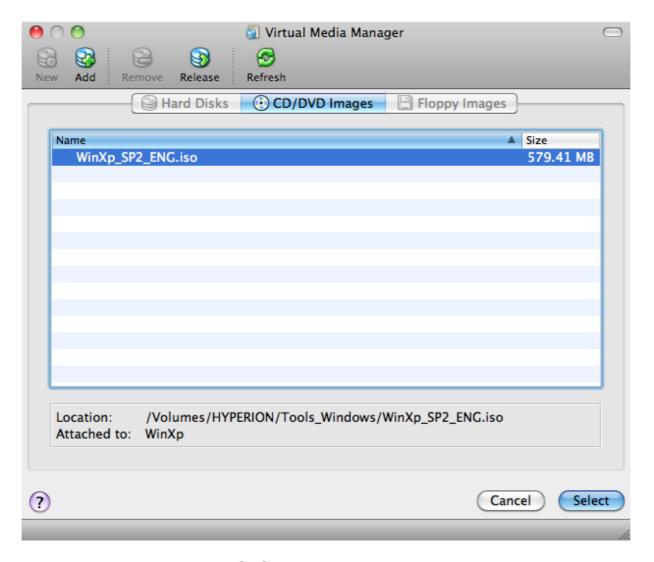
2.1: Mount CD







#### Part II - Mount Bootable Disk

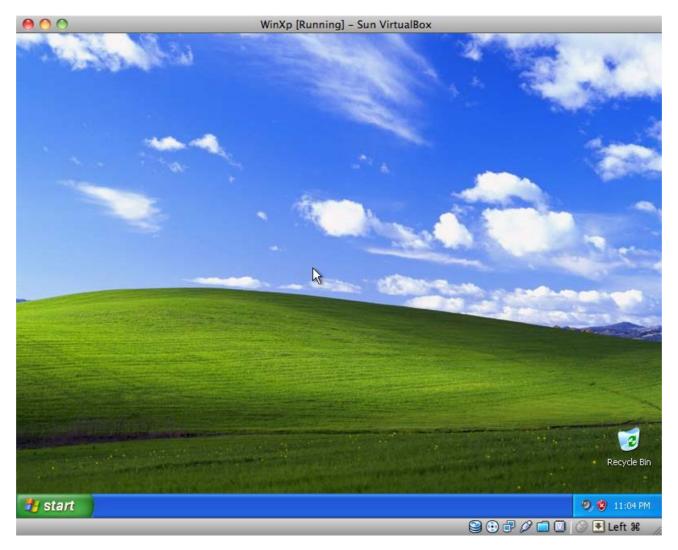


2.2: Add ISO





#### Part III - Start Virtual Machine



3.1: Start VM







# The Missing Semester: Introduction to Docker Containers





# Agenda

- Why Docker?
- Docker Platform

- Docker Installation
- Docker Workflow(s)





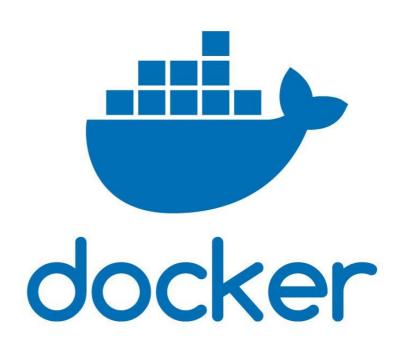
## Wait, What is Docker?

Have you ever worried about software running in your machine but not in other systems? Docker is the solution. Docker sandboxes applications running within as containers so that their execution is completely isolated from others. This has become enormously popular over the last few years, but to capitalize on it, you need to integrate third-party images.



# So, Why Docker?

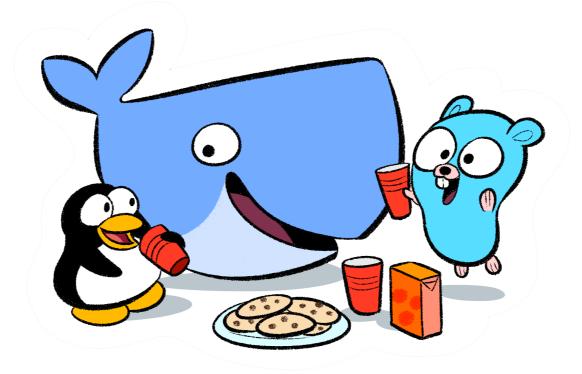
- Isolation
- Lightweight
- Simplicity
- Workflow
- Community





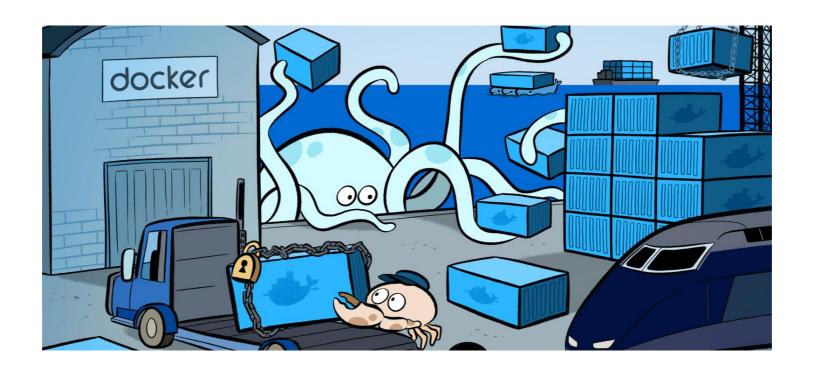
### What is a Container Image?

A Docker container image is a standalone bundle of executable packages and software to run an application. An image is a dormant and immutable file with a set of layers that essentially acts as a snapshot of a container. <a href="Docker's public registry">Docker's public registry</a> is usually your central source for container apps.



### What are Containers?

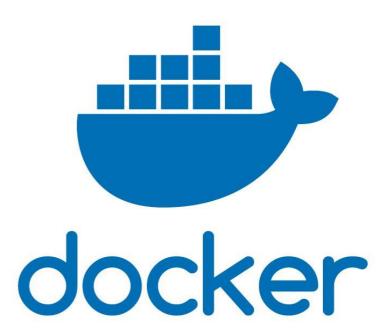
A container is an efficient little environment that encapsulates up code and all its dependencies so the application runs quickly and reliably from one computing environment to another. In simple words, an instance of an image is called a container. Container images become containers only from their runtime on Docker Engine.



## Docker Engine

- Docker Daemon
- Docker CLI





- Builds Images
- Runs and Manages Containers
- RESTful API



## Docker CLI

docker build
docker images
docker run
docker ps
docker stop
docker rm
docker rm

# Build an image from a Dockerfile
# List all images on a Docker host
# Run an image
# List all running and stopped instances
# Stop a running instances
# Remove an instance
# Remove an image



### Docker Architecture

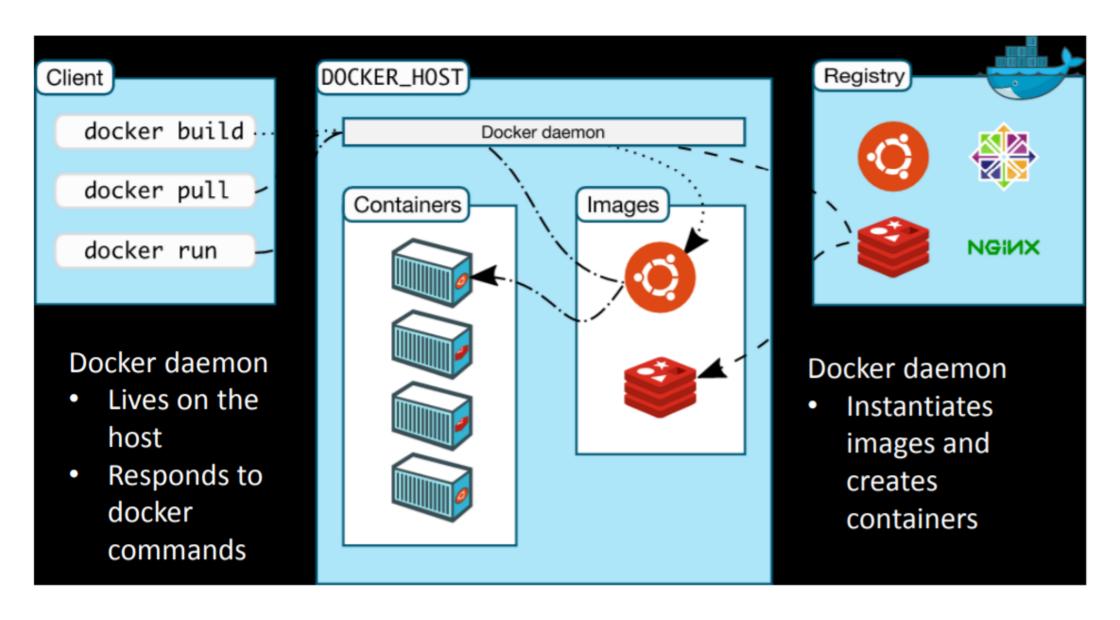


Image is instantiated to form container



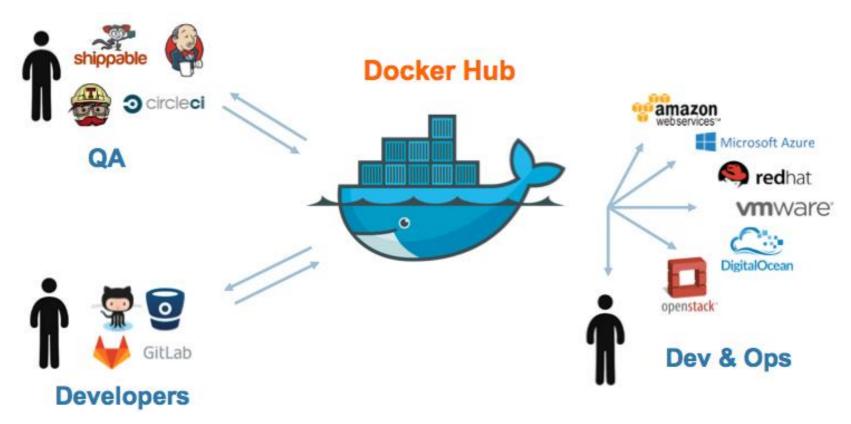
## Docker Hub





#### Docker Hub

- Provides Docker Services and Library of public images
- Storage for your images
  - ✓ Free for public images
  - ✓ Cost for private images
- Automated builds (GitHub/BitBucket repo; build on commit)



### **Docker Platform Workflow**

- Find an Image on Docker Hub
- Pull an Image from Docker Hub
- Run an Image on Docker Host
- Stop an Instance
- Remove an Instance
- Remove an Image









