Privacy Adoption: The Collision of Theory and Practice

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This isn't another talk in support of privacy. It's about why projects need to take responsibility for privacy tech being adopted.

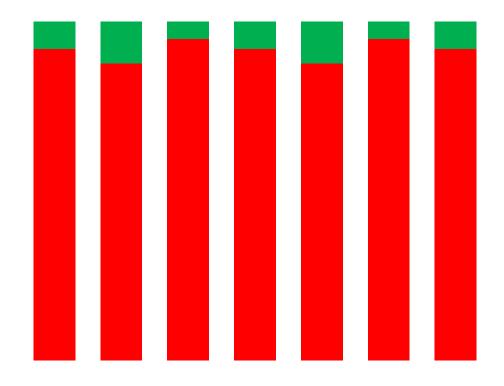
Agenda

- Privacy theory vs practice
- Privacy vs coin equality (fungibility)
- Defense in numbers
- Results speak for themselves
- Hard truths
- Conclusion

Cool

Not Cool





Buy the blue sticker at Cypher Market \$0.50 from each purchase to MRL

Theory or Practice?

Example - A perfectly private donation

On the other hand, here is an example of somebody using bitcoin to make a donation that is completely anonymous.

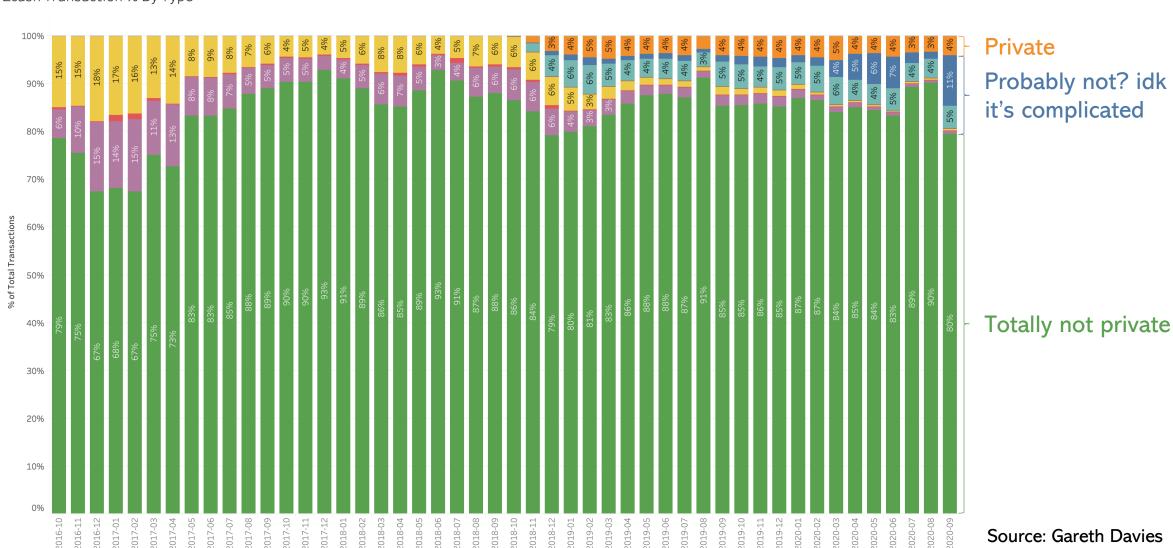
- The aim is to donate to some organization that accepts bitcoin.
- You run a Bitcoin Core wallet entirely through Tor.
- 3. Download some extra few hundred gigabytes of data over Tor so that the total download bandwidth isn't exactly blockchain-sized.
- 4. Solo-mine a block, and have the newly-mined coins sent to your wallet.
- Send the entire balance to a donation address of that organization.
- Finally you destroy the computer hardware used.

Theory or Practice?

- Any user who cares about privacy can:
 - Send a special private transaction
 - Download a special wallet
 - Spend more in fees
 - Wait longer
 - Remember to mix their change outputs
 - Build from source
 - Handle their own timing and denominations
 - Watch 100 hours of privacy videos

Theory or Practice?

Zcash Transaction % By Type



Privacy

Something that allows users to hide

Effectiveness <u>and</u> implementation of privacy matters



Coin Equality (Fungibility)

Transaction and output indistinguishability

Implementation of privacy matters more

Privacy Requirements

- Tx graph
- Timing
- Networking
- Metadata
- Amount
- Other user behavior
- (etc)



Coin Equality (Fungibility) Requirements

- Good enough privacy
- Implemented everywhere

Results of a Coin Equality Exercise

Name to Alice		
Alice to Bob 🛑		
Bob to Charlie		

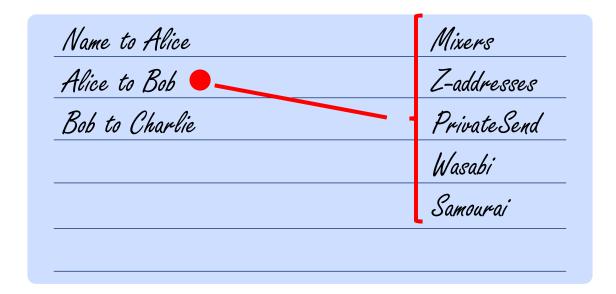
Results of a Coin Equality Exercise

- People avoided the tainted cards
- Some would only accept tainted for "something extra"
- Most people would pay more for "fresh cards"
- In reality, who among the attendees pays for analysis software?



Reality

- Chain analysis companies will most likely mark the use of any optional privacy as higher risk (this is enforced by several tools)
- Mandatory mining to shielded doesn't fix
- Optional privacy often harms fungibility, not helps



Defense in Numbers

Option 1

Thousands of people who have basic privacy protections without caring too much

Option 2

A handful of experts who meticulously seek ideal privacy

Defense in Numbers

Monero Way

Everyone has basic protections; exact protections are good not perfect

Opt-In Way

Only 1% of people have any privacy protections at all

Defense in Numbers

Monero Users

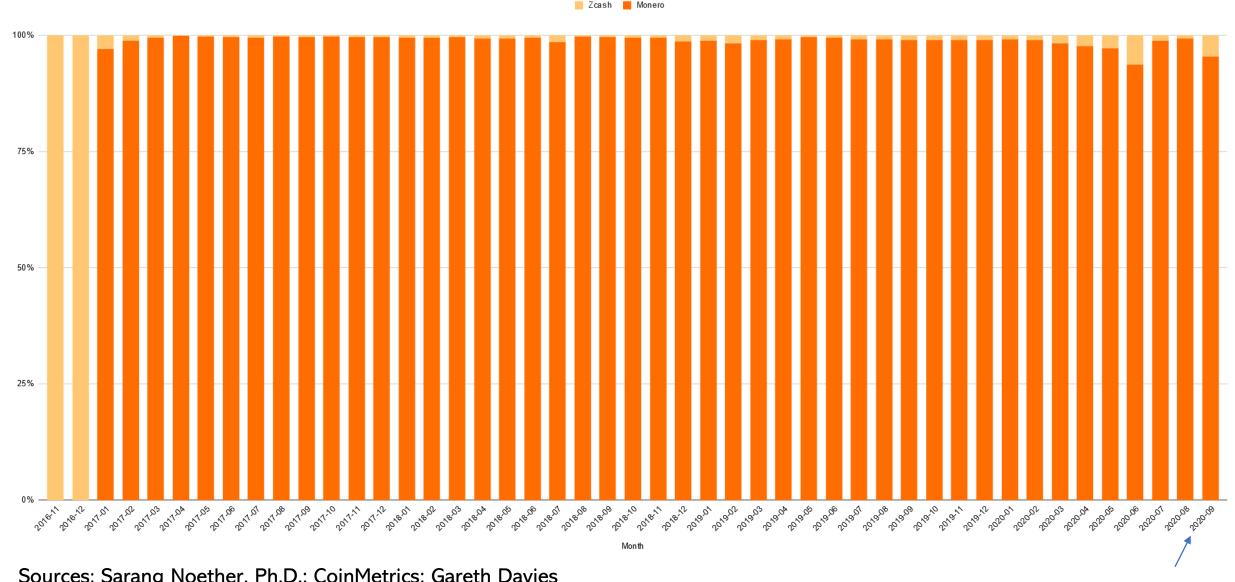
- Privacy Fanatics
- Researchers
- Crypto nerds
- Speculators
- Miners
- Everyday users

Opt-In Users

- Privacy Fanatics
- Researchers

Monero provides more privacy to more users than any other cryptocurrency project.

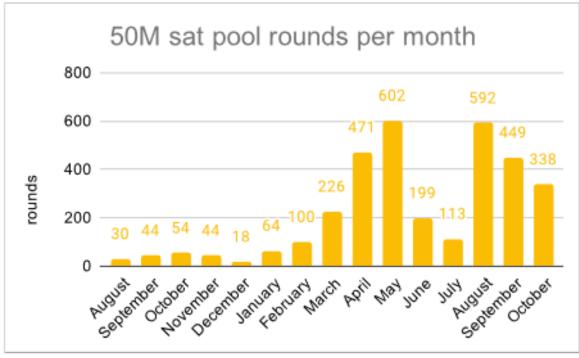
Comparative # of Transactions Hiding Sender, Receiver, Amount (XMR, ZEC)

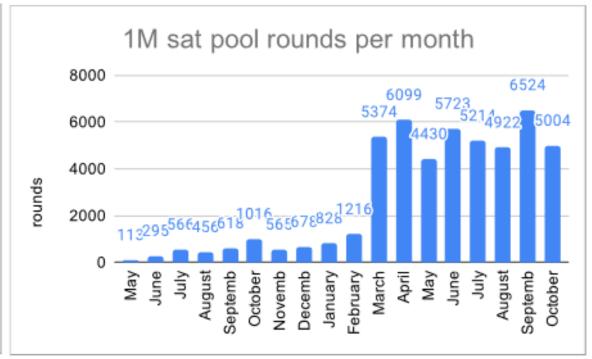


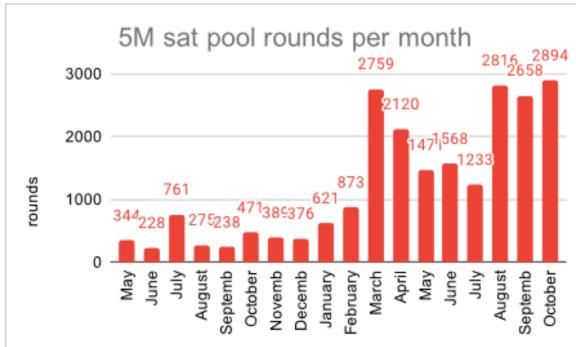
Sources: Sarang Noether, Ph.D.; CoinMetrics; Gareth Davies

Monero has 20x the number of tx that hide basic info

Reader beware: No direct comparison between the # of Samourai mixing rounds and the # of Monero transactions







Maximum: 9,631 rounds per month

Monero had 450,000 transactions protected with ring signatures in October, or >45x Samourai's best

Again, these #s are not directly comparable (rings vs. outputs?)

Changing of Priorities

- Focus on improving the <u>base-level privacy</u> achieved; focus less on the maximum <u>potential</u> privacy someone can have
- Think: "how can someone fuck this up?" Start with the obvious.
- Privacy will come to those who need it from the larger pool of users engaging with privacy functionality
- Power users gain more flexibility and volume to play with for greater privacy results
- Far more users get the basic privacy protections they need
- This gives us the "easy" win of coin equality (fungibility) first

Hard Truths: Transparent Amounts = Bad

- It's effectively impossible to build a fungible and private asset where the base asset has transparent amounts.
- Amount transacted is a critical piece of metadata that's effectively impossible to work around

Example for Zcash: "Just the Tip" Pool Use

T-address 1

Actually: Quesnelle Analysis

T-address 2



Hard Truths: Users Are Humans

- Your implementation needs to honor that users are not experts
- Don't blame users for not getting it
- Basic privacy protections should be achievable by newcomers, not only reserved for enthusiasts
- We can't dismiss education entirely (since advanced users will always need it for the bleeding edge of attacks), but it's not the solution for >99% of people

Theory and implementation are identical...

Hard Truths: Can't Protect Against It All

- Not every threat model is solvable
- There will always be limitations as attackers get stronger over time
- Don't ignore the broader threats in pursuit of the niche ones
- Design and build against risks that are most likely to affect the most people (build protections up from the bottom)
- Clearly communicate this strategy and the known limitations

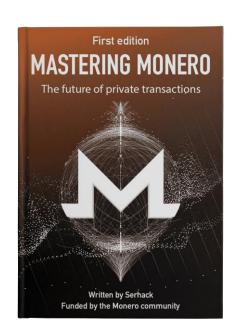


Conclusion

- Monero offers far more privacy than any other cryptocurrency project by focusing on implementation
- Monero focuses on the goals of coin equality (fungibility) and privacy for the masses
- Privacy is a never-ending battle; those who take responsibility for delivering privacy will be best-prepared to win this battle
- Privacy is all about accommodating for user behavior, not making an isolated experiment in a lab

Questions?

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Get educated

masteringmonero.com moneromeans.money



Get started

cakewallet.com getmonero.org



Join the community

monero.space communityworkgroup.org

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- CoinMetrics
- Gareth Davies