# Group 26

TASK: H2

Hate and Offensive Language Identification

Sarthak Maini (2020576)

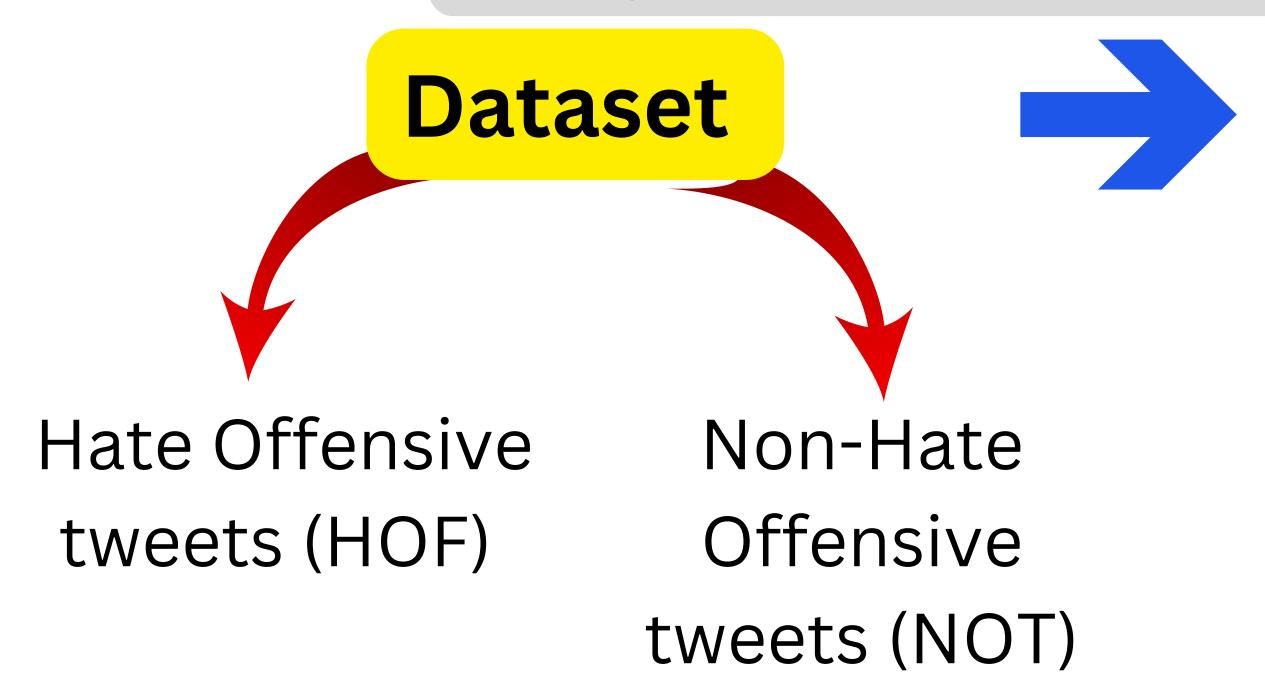
(2020572)

Saharsh Dev Ashwin Tomer Abhit Rana (2020289)

(2020421)

### Problem Definition

Binary Classification Problem

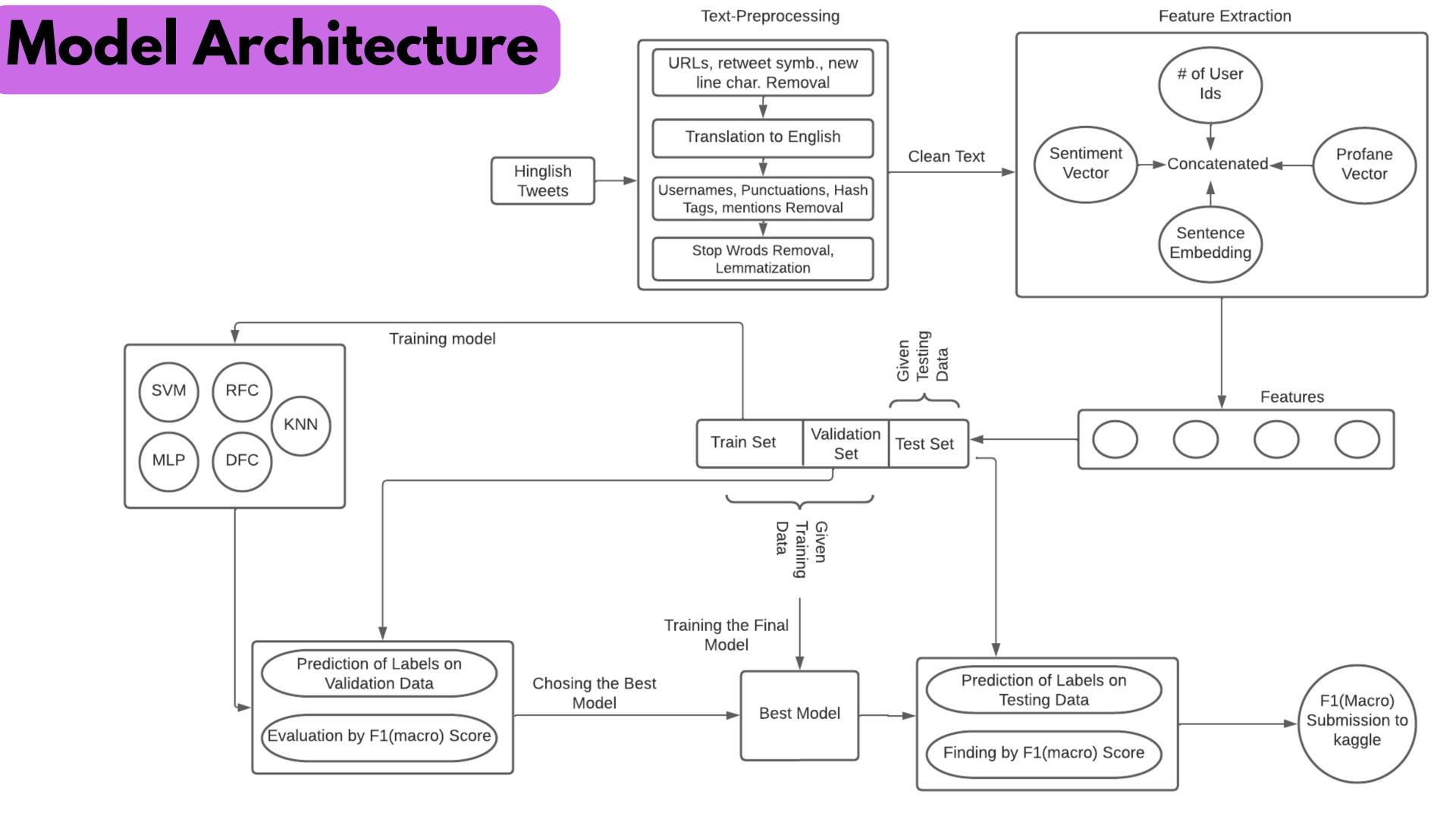


**HASOC 2021** 

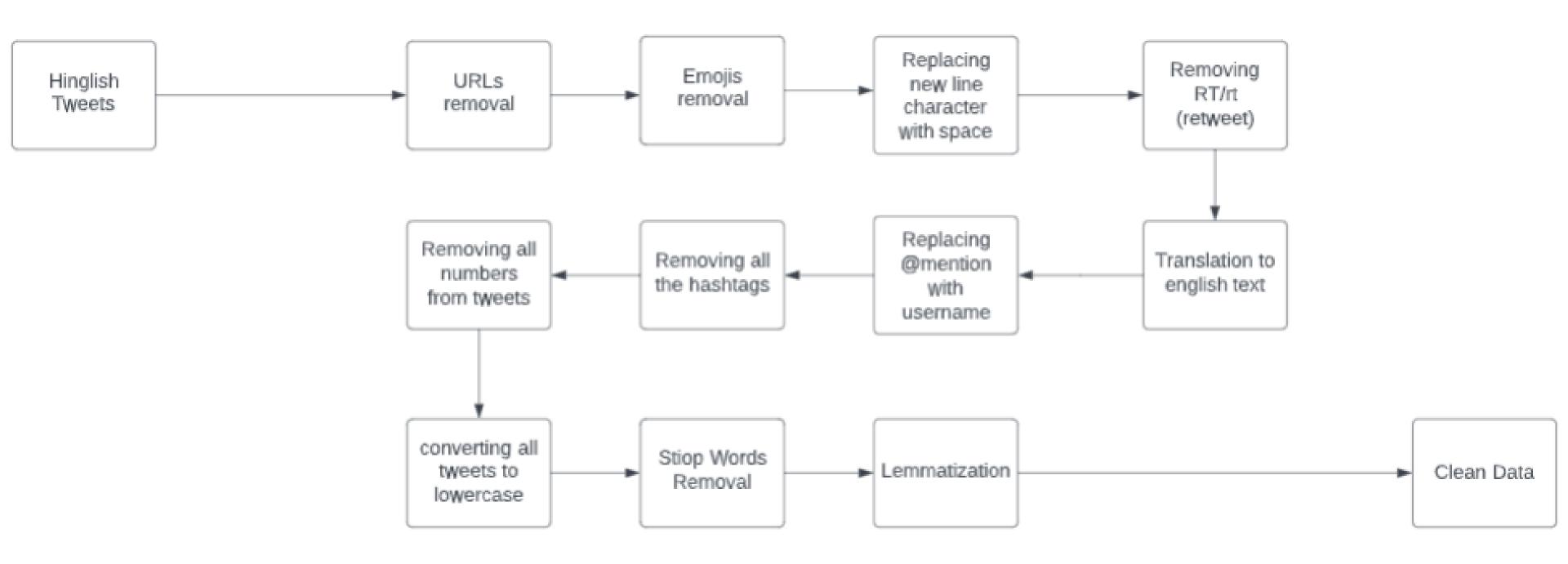
Twitter posts in Hindi and Hinglish

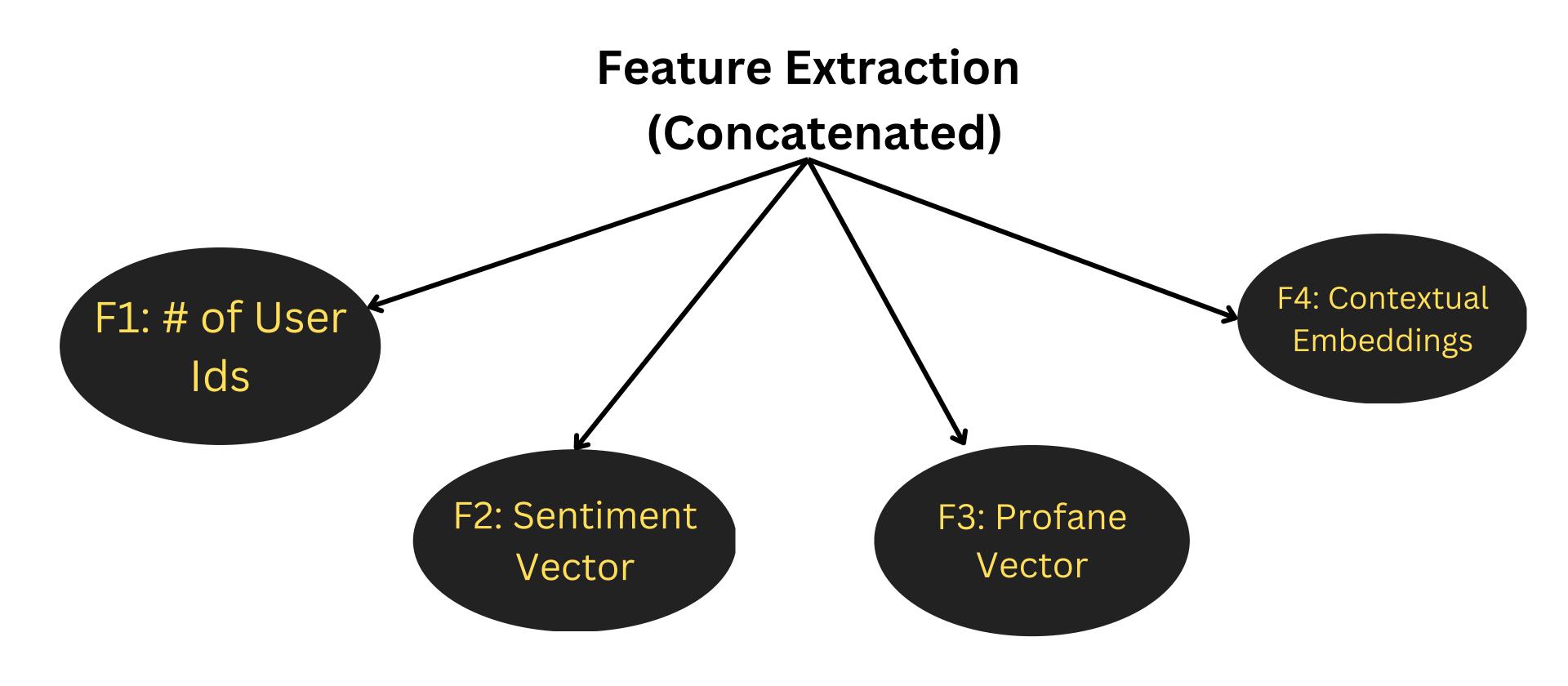
### Literature Review

- Peter Burnap et al. (2015) used an N-gram technique to create profane vectors from a list of profane phrases
- Sreelakshmi K et al. (2020) observed that fastText features gave better feature representation than wor2vec and doc2vec with SVM -RBF
- Kamble et al. (2018) trained typical DL Models (CNN, LSTM, BiLSTM etc.) for generating domain-specific word embeddings.
- Chopra et al. (2020) used social network-based features and targeted hate embeddings to train the model.
- Jahan et al. (2021) translated Hindi to English and Hinglish was phonetically converted to Hindi then synonym replaced into English and was then trained on LR, CNN and BERT.



## Text Preprocessing

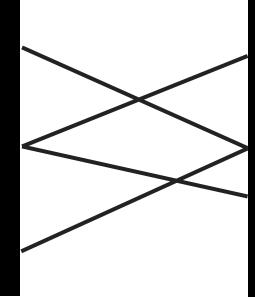




## Experiments

#### **Embeddings**

Tf-Idf+Vectorizer,
ULMFIT, BERT, XLNET,
distilroberta-hatespeech,
uncased-hatexplain



#### **Classification Models**

SVM, XGBOOST, MLP, RFC, KNN, DTC



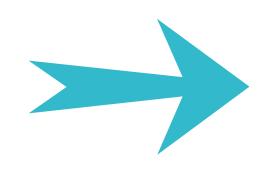
**BEST-1** -> BERT(FINE TUNED) + SVM

**BEST2** -> TF-IDF+VECTORIZER+ RFC or SVM, BERT(FINE TUNED)+XGBOOST **OTHERS-**> OTHER POSSIBLE RESULTING COMBINATION OF THESE MODELS

### Results

#### Hate specific neural architectures

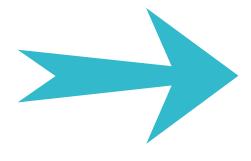
Transformer	RFC	MLP	SVM
distilroberta-hatespeech	0.642	0.671	0.668
uncased-hatexpain	0.647	0.676	0.666
facebook/roberta	0.657	0.697	0.697



# Highest Score - MLP

#### Fine-Tuned BERT

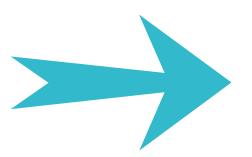
Architechture	RFC	MLP	SVM
1 layer 1epoch	0.729	0.75	0.773
4 layer 2 epoch	0.728	0.724	0.767



Highest Score - SVM

#### TF-IDF Vectorizer

Embedding	DT	RFC	MLP	KNN
TF-IDF	0.693	0.762	0.693	0.565



Highest Score - RFC

# Analysis

• Using contextual embedding resulted in a higher F1 score

 Concatenation of contextual embeddings with more information gave the model better context

 Fine-tuning the pre-trained language model improved the results even further

# BERT Best Model Parameters

Hyperparameters

Batch Size - 25
Epoch -1
Output Dim - 414
Loss Used BatchAllTripletLoss

**Base Model** 



**Pooling Layer** 



**Dense Layer** 

### Individual Contributions

**Text Pre-processing -** Saharsh Dev, Ashwin Tomer, and Abhit Rana

**Feature Extraction -** Sarthak Maini, Abhit Rana, and Saharsh Dev

**Model Formation -** Sarthak Maini, Ashwin Tomer and Abhit Rana

