

**When all the nails are trees, the hammer you need
probably looks like a chainsaw**

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Handling trees with Chainsaw

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Who Am I?

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- Software Crafter

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- Writing mainly Scala

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What is the Agenda ?

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- How I became a Tree Expert

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- How I became a Tree Expert
- RoseTree

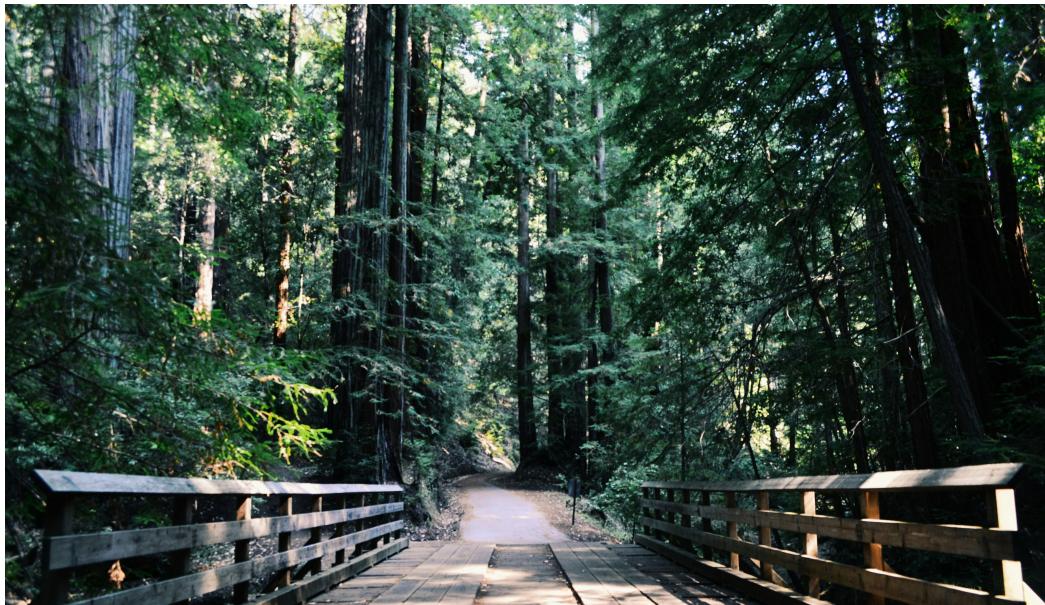
What is the Agenda ?

- How I became a Tree Expert
- RoseTree
 - Definition

What is the Agenda ?

- How I became a Tree Expert
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 - Definition
 - Code

How I became a Tree Expert



a Tree

```
case class Tree(data: String, children: List[Tree])
```

a traversal

```
def parse(s: String): Int = 2
```

a traversal

```
def parse(s: String): Int = 2

def recurseTree(tree: Tree): List[Int] =
  tree.children match
    case Nil => parse(tree.data) :: Nil
    case children => parse(tree.data) :: children.flatMap(recurseTree)
```

a traversal

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def parse(s: String): Int = 2

def recurseTree(tree: Tree): List[Int] =
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    case children => parse(tree.data) :: children.flatMap(recurseTree)

def recurseList(list: List[String]): List[Int] =
  list match
    case Nil => List.empty
    case head :: tail => parse(head) :: recurseList(tail)
```

a traversal

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def parse(s: String): Int = 2

def recurseTree(tree: Tree): List[Int] =
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def recurseList(list: List[String]): List[Int] =
  list match
    case Nil => List.empty
    case head :: tail => parse(head) :: recurseList(tail)

val list = List("Foo", "Bar")
recurseList(list)
list.map(parse)
```



map

flatmap

filter

collect

...

Scala ❤️ Trees

Elm ❤️ Trees 🎉

Elm ❤️ Trees 🎉

RoseTree



A drama in 6 acts



A drama in 6 acts

1. PoC with RoseTree in Elm



A drama in 6 acts

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2. Let's propose a talk for Scala.io



A drama in 6 acts

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3. About RoseTree in Scala



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Please be kind



Please be kind



Please be kind



RoseTree

RoseTree

```
case class Tree[T](label: T, children: Seq[Tree[T]])
```

RoseTree

```
case class Tree[T](label: T, children: Seq[Tree[T]])
```

without RoseTree

```
case class Thing(field1: String, field2: Int, children: Seq[Thing])
```

RoseTree

```
case class Tree[T](label: T, children: Seq[Tree[T]])
```

without RoseTree

```
case class Thing(field1: String, field2: Int, children: Seq[Thing])
```

with RoseTree

```
case class Tree[T](label: T, children: Seq[Tree[T]])  
case class ThingLabel(field1: String, field2: Int)  
type Thing = Tree[ThingLabel]
```

RoseTree

```
case class Tree[T](label: T, children: Seq[Tree[T]])
```

without RoseTree

```
case class Thing(field1: String, field2: Int, children: Seq[Thing])
```

with RoseTree

```
case class Tree[T](label: T, children: Seq[Tree[T]])  
case class ThingLabel(field1: String, field2: Int)  
type Thing = Tree[ThingLabel]
```

brings map filter collect ... ❤

What about Chainsaw ?

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Talk is cheap, show me the code

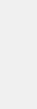
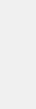
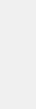
Map on List

```
enum TypedTree:  
  case   
  case   
  case 
```

```
val parse: String => TypedTree = {  
  case "Oak"      =>   
  case "PalmTree" =>   
  case "Evergreen"=>   
}
```

```
List("Oak", "PalmTree", "Evergreen").map(parse).show()  
// res5: String = "[, , ]"
```

Map on Tree

```
val parse: String => HomeOrTree = {  
    case "Oak"          =>   
    case "PalmTree"     =>   
    case "Evergreen"    =>   
    case "Neighbourhood" =>   
    case "House"         =>   
}  
val tree =  
    Tree("Neighbourhood",  
        Tree("House",  
            Tree("Oak"),  
            Tree("PalmTree")),  
        Tree("House",  
            Tree("Evergreen"),  
            Tree("Evergreen"))  
)
```

```
tree.map(parse).show("types")  
// res7: String = ""types  
//   
//   \--   
//   \--   
//   \--   
//   \--   
//   \--   
//   \-- 
```

Filter List

```
val things = List(`🏡`, 🏠, 🌳, 🌴, 🏠, 🌳, 🌳)  
val filteredTrees = things.filter {  
    case 🌳 | 🌴 | 🌳 => false  
    case `🏡` | 🏠 => true  
}
```

```
filteredTrees.show()  
// res9: String = "[🏡, 🏠, 🏠]"
```

Filter Tree (1)

```
val tree =  
  Tree(`🏡`,  
    Tree(`🏡`,  
      Tree(`🏡`),  
      Tree(`🏡`)),  
    Tree(`🏡`,  
      Tree(`🏡`),  
      Tree(`🏡`)))  
  
val filteredTrees = tree.filter {  
  case `🏡` | `🌴` | `🌳` => false  
  case `🏡` | `🏡` => true  
}.get
```

```
filteredTrees.show("without trees")  
// res11: String = ""without trees  
// 🏠  
//   \--🏡  
//   \--🏡  
//   """
```

Filter Tree (2)

```
val tree =  
  Tree(`` `` ,  
    Tree(` `` ,  
      Tree(` `` ,  
        Tree(` `` ),  
        Tree(` `` ))),  
    Tree(` `` ,  
      Tree(` `` ),  
      Tree(` `` )))
```



```
val filteredHomes = tree.filter {  
  case ` `` ` >= false  
  case ` `` `` | ` `` | ` `` | ` `` >= true  
}.get
```

```
filteredHomes.show("without homes")
// res13: String = """without homes
//   
//   """

```

Collect List

```
val parse: PartialFunction[String, HomeOrTree] = {  
    case "Oak"      =>   
    case "PalmTree" =>   
    case "Evergreen" =>   
}
```

```
List("Oak", "PalmTree", "Evergreen", "Olive Tree").collect(parse).show()  
// res15: String = [, , ]
```

Collect Tree

```
val parse: PartialFunction[String, HomeOrTree] = {  
    case "Oak"          =>   
    case "PalmTree"     =>   
    case "Evergreen"    =>   
    case "Neighbourhood" =>   
    case "House"         =>   
}  
val tree =  
    Tree("Neighbourhood",  
        Tree("Neighbourhood", Tree("Oak"), Tree("PalmTree")),  
        Tree("House", Tree("Oak"), Tree("PalmTree")),  
        Tree("House", Tree("Evergreen"), Tree("Evergreen"), Tree("Olive Tree")),  
        Tree("Building", Tree("Evergreen"), Tree("Evergreen"))  
    )
```

```
tree.collect(parse).get.show()  
// res17: String = ""  
//   \--  
//     \--  
//       \--  
//     \--  
//       \--  
//     \--  
//       \--  
//     \--  
//   \--  
//     \--
```

FoldLeft List

```
val energy: HomeOrTree => Int = {  
    case 🌳 => 100  
    case 🌴 => 5  
    case 🌲 => 20  
    case _ => 0  
}
```

```
val result = List(🌳, 🌴, 🌲).foldLeft(0)((acc, tree) => energy(tree) + acc)  
// result: Int = 125  
  
s"$result eq. KWh"  
// res19: String = "125 eq. KWh"
```

FoldLeft Tree (1)

```
val tree = Tree(  
  House,  
  Tree(Home, Tree(Tree), Tree(Palm)),  
  Tree(Home, Tree(Tree), Tree(Tree))  
)  
  
val energy: HomeOrTree => Int = {  
  case Home => 100  
  case Palm => 5  
  case Tree => 20  
  case _ => 0  
}
```

```
val result = tree.foldLeft[Int](0)((tree, acc) => energy(tree) + acc)  
// result: Int = 145  
  
s"$result eq. KWh"  
// res21: String = "145 eq. KWh"
```

FoldLeft Tree (2)

```
val tree = Tree(  
  🏠,  
  Tree(🏡, Tree(🌳), Tree(🌴)),  
  Tree(🏡, Tree(🌳), Tree(🌴))  
)
```

```
tree.zipWithPath.foldLeft(List.empty)((tree, acc) => acc ::= tree)  
// res23: List[Any] = List(  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0)), 🏠),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 0)), 🏠),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 0, 0)), 🌳),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 0, 1)), 🌴),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 1), 🏠),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 1, 0)), 🌳),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 1, 1)), 🌴)  
// )
```

FoldRight Tree

```
val tree = Tree(  
    🏠,  
    Tree(🏡, Tree(🌳), Tree(🌴)),  
    Tree(🏡, Tree(🌳), Tree(🌴))  
)
```

```
tree.zipWithPath.foldRight(List.empty)((tree, acc) => acc :+ tree)  
// res25: List[Any] = List(  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 1, 1)), 🏠),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 1, 0)), 🌳),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 1)), 🌴),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 0, 1)), 🏠),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 0, 0)), 🌳),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0, 0)), 🌴),  
//   (Path(elements = ArraySeq(0)), 🏠)  
// )
```

Traverse List

```
val parse: String => Either[String, HomeOrTree] = {
  case "Oak"      => Right(
  case "PalmTree" => Right(
  case "Evergreen" => Right(
  case s           => Left(s"$s is not a tree")
}
```

```
val left = List("Oak", "PalmTree", "Evergreen", "Olive Tree")
  .traverse(parse)
  .fold(identity, _.show())
// left: String = "Olive Tree is not a tree"

val right = List("Oak", "PalmTree", "Evergreen")
  .traverse(parse)
  .fold(identity, _.show())
// right: String = "[, , ]"
```

Traverse Tree

```
val parse: String => Either[String, HomeOrTree] = {
  case "Oak"          => Right(🌳)
  case "PalmTree"     => Right(🌴)
  case "Evergreen"    => Right(🌲)
  case "Neighbourhood" => Right(`🏡`)
  case "House"         => Right(🏡)
  case s               => Left(s"parse error for $s")
}

val valid = Tree(
  "Neighbourhood",
  Tree("House", Tree("Oak"), Tree("PalmTree")),
  Tree("House", Tree("Evergreen"), Tree("Evergreen"))
)

val invalid = Tree(
  "Neighbourhood",
  Tree("House", Tree("Oak"), Tree("PalmTree")),
  Tree("House", Tree("Evergreen"), Tree("Evergreen"), Tree("Olive Tree"))
)
```

```
val left = invalid.traverse(parse).fold(identity, _.show())
// left: String = "parse error for Olive Tree"
val right = valid.traverse(parse).fold(identity, _.show())
// right: String = """
//   \--🏡
//     \--🌳
//       \--🌴
//   \--🏡
//     \--🌲
//   """
```

Conclusion

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- Trees are like most datastructure your know

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- But you didn't see any flatmap, right?

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- Many other operators
 - zip, ❤ mapAccum ❤, indexedMap, unfold ...

Conclusion

- Trees are like most datastructure your know
- But you didn't see any flatmap, right?
- Many other operators
 - zip, ❤ mapAccum ❤, indexedMap, unfold ...
- Come contribute to Chainsaw

Thanks!

Code and slides at [mbaechler/chainsaw-slides](https://github.com/mbaechler/chainsaw-slides) on GitHub

Project at [mbaechler/chainsaw](https://github.com/mbaechler/chainsaw) on GitHub

Questions?