Heaven's Light is Our Guide"



Department of Computer Science & Engineering RAJSHAHI UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOG

Software Project-01

Submitted By:

Name: Khandoker Sefayet Alam

Roll:2003121

Department: Computer Science & Engineering

Section-C

Course code: CSE 2100

Course name: Software development project I

Submitted To:

SUHRID SHAKHAR GHOSH

Assistant Professor

Dept of CSE, RUET

Project Title:

Learn 10 different Algorithms useful for competitive programming and implement them in solving problems.

Algorithm -1: Depth First Search

Problem-1:

Link: https://codeforces.com/contest/727/problem/A

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll
                             long long
#define scl(n)
                             scanf("%11d", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                             for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                             for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
#define pfl(x)
                             printf("%lld\n",x)
#define endl
                             "\n"
#define pb
                             push back
#define asort(a)
                             sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                             sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                           sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define pn
                             printf("\n")
#define md
                             10000007
#define debug
                             printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                   s.size()
#define tcas(i,t) for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
#define rcas(i) printf("Case %lld:
#define pcas(i)
                                printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const 11 maxN=1e5+10;//for graph
#define M 10000
vector<ll>g[maxN];
vector<bool>vis;
11 n,m;
vector<ll> vec;
bool dfs(ll n){
    if(n>m) return false;
    if(n==m){}
```

```
vec.push_back(n);
        return true;
    bool f=0;
    f|=dfs(2*n);
    f|=dfs(10*n+1);
    if(f) vec.push_back(n);
    return f;
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
     t=1;
   while(t--){
    cin>>n>>m;
    if(dfs(n)){
    cout<<"YES"<<endl;</pre>
         sort(vec.begin(),vec.end());
         cout<<vec.size()<<endl;</pre>
         for(auto it:vec){cout<<it< ";}</pre>
         cout<<endl;</pre>
    else{
         cout<<"NO"<<endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Problem-2:

Link: https://codeforces.com/contest/580/problem/C

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll
                           long long
                           scanf("%11d", &n)
#define scl(n)
#define fr(i,n)
                           for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                          for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define pfl(x)
                           printf("%lld\n",x)
#define endl
                           "\n"
#define pb
                           push back
#define asort(a)
                           sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                           sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                       sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v) sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                          printf("\n")
#define md
                           10000007
#define debug
                           printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                 s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
                             printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define pcas(i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const ll maxN=1e5+10;//for graph
#define M 10000
vector<ll>g[maxN];
bool vis[maxN];
vector<ll> cats(maxN);
11 cnt=0;
11 n,m;
void dfs(ll vertex,ll cat){
   //take action on vertex after entering the vertex
   cat+=cats[vertex];
   if(cats[vertex]==0) cat=0;
   if(cat>m) return;
```

```
11 flag=1;
    vis[vertex]=true;
    // cout<<vertex<<endl;</pre>
    for(ll child:g[vertex]){
    //cout<<"par:"<<vertex<<" "<<"child:"<<child<<endl;</pre>
        if(vis[child]) continue;
        //take action on the node before entering the child
        flag=0;
        dfs(child,cat);
        //take action on the node after exiting the child
    //take action on the vertex after exiting the node
    if(flag==1 && cat<=m) {
    cnt++;}
void reset(){
    for(ll i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
        g[i].clear();
        vis[i]=0;
    cats.clear();
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
     t=1;
   while(t--){
    cnt=0;
    cin>>n>>m;
    for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
        cin>>cats[i];
    ll v1,v2;
    for(ll i=0;i<n-1;i++){
        cin>>v1>>v2;
        g[v1].push_back(v2);
        g[v2].push_back(v1);
   dfs(1,0);
```

```
cout<<cnt<<endl;
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Problem-3:

Link: https://codeforces.com/contest/24/problem/A

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll
                            long long
#define scl(n)
                            scanf("%11d", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                            for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
#define pfl(x)
                            printf("%lld\n",x)
                            "\n"
#define endl
#define pb
                            push_back
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                            printf("\n")
#define md
                            10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                  s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                             for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const ll maxN=1e5+10;//for graph
#define M 10000
vector<pair<11,11> >g[maxN];
bool vis[maxN];
11 cost1=0, cost2=0;
void dfs(ll vertex){
   //take action on vertex after entering the vertex
   vis[vertex]=true;
   // cout<<vertex<<endl;</pre>
   for(auto child:g[vertex]){
          if(vis[child.first]) continue;
       cost1+=child.second;
```

```
dfs(child.first);
    //take action on the vertex after exiting the node
void dfs2(ll vertex){
    //take action on vertex after entering the vertex
    vis[vertex]=true;
   // cout<<vertex<<endl;</pre>
    for(auto child:g[vertex]){
        if(vis[child.first]) continue;
       cost2+=child.second;
       dfs2(child.first);
    //take action on the vertex after exiting the node
int main()
    //fast;
    11 t;
     t=1;
   while(t--){
    11 n,m;
    cin>>n;
    11 v1, v2, k;
    for(ll i=0;i<n;i++){
        cin>>v1>>v2>>k;
        g[v1].push_back({v2,0});
        g[v2].push_back({v1,k});
   pair<11,11> point=g[1].back();
   g[1].pop_back();
   memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
   dfs(1);
   pair<ll,ll> q=g[1].back();
   g[1].pop_back();
   g[1].push_back(point);
   memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
   dfs2(1);
   for(auto &it:g[point.first]){
   if(it.first==1) cost1+=it.second;
```

```
}
  for(auto &it:g[q.first]){
     if(it.first==1) cost2+=it.second;
}
  cout<<min(cost1,cost2)<<end1;
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Algorithm -2: Breadth First Search(BFS)

Problem-1:

Link: https://www.spoj.com/problems/NAKANJ/

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define 11
                            long long
#define scl(n)
                            scanf("%11d", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                            for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
#define pfl(x)
                            printf("%lld\n",x)
#define endl
                            "\n"
#define pb
                            push back
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                            printf("\n")
#define md
                            10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                   s.size()
#define tcas(i,t) for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
#define rcas(i) printf("Case %lld:
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define fast ios base::sync with stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const 11 maxN=1e5+10;//for graph
const ll INF=1e9+10;//for graph
#define M 10000
vector<ll>g[maxN];
bool vis[8][8];
ll level[8][8];
//bfs=breadth first search
//according to level traversal
11 getX(string s){
   return s[0]-'a';
```

```
11 getY(string s){
    return s[1]-'1';
bool isValid(ll x, ll y){
    return x>=0 && y>=0 && x<8 && y<8;
vector<pair<11,11> >movements={
\{-1,2\},\{1,2\},
\{-1,-2\},\{1,-2\},
{2,-1},{2,1},
\{-2,-1\},\{-2,1\}
};
11 bfs(string source,string dest){
    11 sourcex=getX(source);
    11 sourcey=getY(source);
    11 destx=getX(dest);
    11 desty=getY(dest);
    queue<pair<ll,ll> >q;
    q.push({sourcex, sourcey});
    vis[sourcex][sourcey]=1;
    level[sourcex][sourcey]=0;
    while(!q.empty()){
        pair<ll,ll> v =q.front();
        11 x=v.first;
        11 y=v.second;
        q.pop();
       for(auto movement:movements){
        11 childX=movement.first+x;
        11 childY=movement.second+y;
        if(!isValid(childX,childY)) continue;
        if(!vis[childX][childY]){
            q.push({childX,childY});
            level[childX][childY]=level[x][y]+1;
            vis[childX][childY]=1;
       if(level[destx][desty]!=INF) break;
    return level[destx][desty];
```

```
void reset(){
    for(ll i=0;i<8;i++){
        for(ll j=0;j<8;j++){
            vis[i][j]=0;
            level[i][j]=INF;
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    cin>>t;
   while(t--){
        reset();
    string s1,s2;
    cin>>s1>>s2;
    cout<< bfs(s1,s2) <<endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Problem-2:

Link: https://www.spoj.com/problems/MICEMAZE/

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
using namespace std;
#define nn '\n'
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define fo(i,n) for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
\#define deb(x) cout << \#x << "=" << x << endl
#define deb2(x, y) cout << #x << "=" << x << "," << #y << "=" << y << endl
#define pb push back
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make pair
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
#define fast_IO ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0), cin.tie(0), cout.tie(0)
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
                         sort(a,a+n)
#define asort(a)
#define dsort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                            printf("\n")
#define md
                            10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                  s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                             for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define fr(i,n)
                           for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
#define fr1(i,n)
                               for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
typedef long long ll;
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<int, int>
                          pii;
typedef pair<ll, ll>
                          p11;
typedef vector<int>
                          vi;
typedef vector<ll>
                          vl;
typedef vector<pii>
                          vpii;
typedef vector<pll>
                          vpll;
typedef vector<vi>
                          vvi;
typedef vector<vl>
                          vvl;
template <typename T> void display (T const& coll){typename T::const iterator
pos;typename T::const_iterator end(coll.end());for(pos=coll.begin(); pos!=end;
++pos) cout << *pos << ' ';cout << endl;}
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T> using ordered multiset = tree<T, null type,less equal<T>,
rb_tree_tag,tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_multimap = tree<T, R ,</pre>
less equal<T>, rb tree tag, tree order statistics node update>;
template <typename T> T BigMod (T b, T p, T m) {if (p == 0) return 1; if (p % 2
== 0) \{T s = BigMod(b, p / 2, m); return ((s % m) * (s % m)) % m;} return ((b % m) * (s % m)) % m;} return ((b % m) * (s % m)) % m;} return ((b % m) * (s % m)) % m;} return ((b % m) * (s % m)) % m;} return ((b % m) * (s % m)) % m;} return ((b % m) * (s % m)) % m;} return ((b % m) * (s % m)) % m;}
m) * (BigMod(b, p - 1, m) % m)) % m;}
template <typename T> T ModInv (T b, T m) {return BigMod(b, m - 2, m);}
inline void swap(11 & x, 11 & y) {11 temp = x; x = y; y = temp;}
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline ll LCM(ll a, ll b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base,ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){    if (x >= 0) {        long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean_distance(ll x1, ll y1, ll x2, ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-x2)
x1);double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1);double c=(double)sqrt(a+b);return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - builtin clzll(x);};
mt19937 rng(chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
int my_rand(int 1, int r) {
    return uniform_int_distribution<int>(1, r) (rng);
```

```
struct custom hash {
    static uint64 t splitmix64(uint64 t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64 t FIXED RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
    }
};
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const int N = 2e5+10;
const int M = 1e9+7;
// int a[N];
// vl g[N];
vpll g[N];
v1 dist(N,LLONG_MAX);
vl par(N,-1);
void dijkstra(int source){
    QP<pll> pq;
    pq.push({0,source});
    dist[source]=0;
    while(pq.size()){
        11 v=pq.top().second;
        11 v_dist=pq.top().first;
        pq.pop();
        if(dist[v]<v_dist) continue;</pre>
        for(auto &child:g[v]){
            11 child v=child.first;
            11 wt=child.second;
            if(dist[v]+wt<dist[child_v]){</pre>
                dist[child_v]=dist[v]+wt;
                //par[child_v]=v;
                pq.push({dist[child_v],child_v});
void reset(ll n){
```

```
for(ll i=0;i<N;i++){</pre>
        g[i].clear();
         dist[i]=LLONG_MAX;
int main() {
    fast_I0;
    // #ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
           freopen("input.txt","r",stdin);
           freopen("output.txt","w",stdout);
    // #endif
    int t = 1;
    while(t--) {
        11 n,m,ex,tim;
        cin>>n>>ex>>tim>>m;
        reset(n);
        ll v1, v2, w;
        for(ll i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
            cin>>v1>>v2>>w;
            g[v2].push_back({v1,w});
        dijkstra(ex);
        11 ans=0;
        for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
            if(dist[i]<=tim && tim>=0){
                 ans++;
        cout<<ans<<endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Problem-3:

Link: https://cses.fi/problemset/task/1193

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll
                            long long
                            scanf("%11d", &n)
#define scl(n)
#define fr(i,n)
                            for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                           for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define pfl(x)
                            printf("%lld\n",x)
#define endl
                            "\n"
#define pb
                            push_back
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                            printf("\n")
#define md
                            10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                  s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                              for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)</pre>
                              printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define pcas(i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define M 10000
const ll INF=1e9+10;//for graph
const 11 maxN=1e3+10;//for graph
bool vis[maxN][maxN];
11 n,m;
11 stx,sty,enx,eny;
11 arr[maxN][maxN];
char ch[maxN][maxN];
bool isvalid(ll i,ll j){
    if(i<0 || j<0 || i>=n || j>=m || vis[i][j] || arr[i][j]=='#'){
```

```
return false;
    return true;
11 level[maxN][maxN];
11 prev[maxN][maxN];
//bfs=breadth first search
//according to level traversal
vector<pair<11,11> >movements={{-1,0},{1,0},{0,-1},{0,1}};
void bfs(ll srcx,ll srcy){
    queue<pair<ll,ll> > q;
    q.push({srcx,srcy});
    vis[srcx][srcy]=1;
    level[srcx][srcy]=0;
    while(!q.empty()){
        pair<11,11> curr_v=q.front();
        q.pop();
        for(auto it:movements){
            if(isvalid(curr_v.first+it.first,curr_v.second+it.second)){
                q.push({curr_v.first+it.first,curr_v.second+it.second});
                 if(it.first==-1 && it.second==0)
ch[curr v.first+it.first][curr v.second+it.second]='U';
                 if(it.first==1 && it.second==0)
ch[curr v.first+it.first][curr v.second+it.second]='D';
                 if(it.first==0 && it.second==-1)
ch[curr_v.first+it.first][curr_v.second+it.second]='L';
                 if(it.first==0 && it.second==1)
ch[curr v.first+it.first][curr v.second+it.second]='R';
                vis[curr_v.first+it.first][curr_v.second+it.second]=1;
                level[curr v.first+it.first][curr v.second+it.second]=level[curr
v.first][curr_v.second]+1;
void reset(){
    for(ll i=0;i<maxN;i++){</pre>
        for(ll j=0;j<maxN;j++){</pre>
```

```
vis[i][j]=0;
             level[i][j]=INF;
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
    //setIO();
     t=1;
    while(t--){
        cin>>n>>m;
        string s;
        for(ll i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
             cin>>s;
             for(ll j=0;j<m;j++){</pre>
             arr[i][j]=(ll)s[j];
               if(arr[i][j]=='A'){
                 stx=i;
                 sty=j;
               if(arr[i][j]=='B'){
                 enx=i;
                 eny=j;
        reset();
        bfs(stx,sty);
        if(level[enx][eny]==INF){
              cout<<"NO"<<endl;</pre>
        else{
             cout<<"YES"<<endl;</pre>
             cout<<level[enx][eny]<<endl;</pre>
```

```
string ans = "";
    // Starting from B to track back
int curri = enx, currj = eny;
// loop until we react A(starti, startj)
while(!(curri==stx && currj==sty)){
    // storing direction in our answer where we have come
    // it is opposite as while doing bfs
    // because we are going from B to A now
    ans += ch[curri][currj];
    switch(ch[curri][currj]){
        case 'D':
            curri--;
            break;
        case 'U':
            curri++;
            break;
            currj--;
            break;
        case 'L':
            currj++;
            break;
reverse(ans.begin(),ans.end());
cout<<ans<<endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

Algorithm -3: Dijkstra:

Problem-1:

Link: https://codeforces.com/contest/1822/problem/F

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                            push back
#define ll
                            long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace_back
#define mp make pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n)
                         scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                          for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                          for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << "=" << x << endl
#define deb2(x, y) cout << #x << "=" << x << "," << #y << "=" << y << endl
```

```
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x)
                            printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define debug
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline ll LCM(ll a, ll b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base,ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){    if (x >= 0) {        long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean_distance(ll x1, ll y1, ll x2, ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-x2)
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return builtin ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, ll> pll;
```

```
typedef vector<11>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl;
template <typename T> using PQ = priority queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered set = tree<T, null type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const</pre>
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
 '; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const</pre>
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
    template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
    long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == ' 'n' ); if( c == '-' ) c = getchar(), d = -1; while(
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
    static bool sep = false;
    using std::to_string;
    string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
    string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
    string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
```

```
string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
    #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom_hash {
    static uint64 t splitmix64(uint64 t x) {
```

```
x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64 t FIXED RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
vpll g[N];
vl dist(N,LLONG_MAX);
// vl par(N,-1);
void dijkstra(ll source){
    QP<pll> pq;
    pq.push(mp(0, source));
    dist[source]=0;
    while(pq.size()){
        11 v=pq.top().second;
        11 v_dist=pq.top().first;
        pq.pop();
        if(dist[v]<v dist) continue;</pre>
        for(auto &child:g[v]){
            11 child v=child.first;
            11 wt=child.second;
            if(dist[v]+wt<dist[child_v]){</pre>
                dist[child v]=dist[v]+wt;
                // par[child_v]=v;
                pq.push(mp(dist[child_v],child_v));
vector<11>g2[N];
bool vis[N];
11 level[N];
void bfs(ll source){
    queue<ll> q;
    q.push(source);
    vis[source]=1;
    level[source]=0;
```

```
while(!q.empty()){
        11 cur_v=q.front();
        q.pop();
        for(ll child:g2[cur_v]){
            if(!vis[child]){
                q.push(child);
                vis[child]=1;
                level[child]=1+level[cur_v];
void reset(ll n){
    mem(vis,0);
    for(ll i=0;i<=n;i++){</pre>
        g[i].clear();
        g2[i].clear();
        dist[i]=LLONG_MAX;
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setIO();
    t=1;
    cin>>t;
    while(t--){
    11 n,w,c;
    cin>>n>>w>>c;
    reset(n);
    11 u,v;
    for(ll i=0;i<n-1;i++){
        cin>>u>>v;
        g[u].push_back({v,w});
        g[v].push_back({u,w});
        g2[u].push_back(v);
        g2[v].push_back(u);
    bfs(1);
    11 ans=0;
```

Problem-2:

Link: https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/20/C

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll
                           long long
                           scanf("%11d", &n)
#define scl(n)
#define fr(i,n)
                           for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                          for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define pfl(x)
                           printf("%lld\n",x)
#define endl
                           "\n"
#define pb
                           push_back
#define asort(a)
                           sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                           sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                      sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                          printf("\n")
#define md
                           10000007
#define debug
                           printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                 s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
                              printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define pcas(i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const ll maxN=1e5+10;//for graph
const 11 INF=1e16+10;
#define M 10000
vector<pair<11,11> >g[maxN];
vector<ll> lev(maxN,INF);
vector<11>par(maxN);
bool vis[maxN];
//when edges dont have same weight...0 and 1 weights..use 0-1 bfs
11 n,m,k;
vector<ll> ans;
void bfs(){
  priority_queue<pair<11,11>,vector<pair<11,11> >,greater<pair<11,11> >>st;
   st.push({1,0});
```

```
lev[1]=0;
    vis[1]=1;
    while(st.size()>0){
        auto node=st.top();
        11 wet=node.second;
        11 v=node.first;
        st.pop();
        vis[v]=1;
        for(auto child :g[v]){
            int child v=child.first;
            int wt=child.second;
            if(vis[child_v] && lev[v]+wt>lev[child_v]) continue;
            if(lev[v]+wt<lev[child_v]){</pre>
                lev[child_v]=lev[v]+wt;
                par[child_v]=v;
                st.push({child_v,lev[child_v]});
void func(11 vertex){
   ans.push_back(vertex);
   if(vertex==1) return;
    func(par[vertex]);
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
     t=1;
    //cin>>t;
   while(t--){
    cin>>n>>m;
    ll v1,v2;
    for(ll i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
       cin>>v1>>v2>>k;
```

```
if(v1==v2) continue; //for loops
     g[v1].push_back({v2,k});
     //normal weight=0
     g[v2].push_back({v1,k});
     //reverse-> weight =1
bfs();
if(lev[n]==INF) {cout<<-1<<endl; return 0;}</pre>
func(n);
  for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
 reverse(ans.begin(),ans.end());
for(auto it:ans){
cout<<it<< ";</pre>
cout<<endl;</pre>
 return 0;
```

Problem-3:

Link: https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/449/B

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace gnu pbds;
#define nn '\n'
#define fo(i,n) for(i=0;i<n;i++)
#define deb(x) cout << #x << "=" << x << endl
#define deb2(x, y) cout << \#x << "=" << x << "," << \#y << "=" << y << endl
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define fast_IO ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0), cin.tie(0), cout.tie(0)
#define Set(x, k) (x \mid= (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
#define 11
                            long long
#define scl(n)
                            scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                            for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
#define pfl(x)
                            printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pb
                            push_back
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                             sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                         sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                            printf("\n")
#define md
                            10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                   s.size()
                              for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)</pre>
#define tcas(i,t)
```

```
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define fast ios base::sync with stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define deb(x) cout << #x << "=" << x << endl
\#define \ deb2(x, y) \ cout << \#x << "=" << x << "," << \#y << "=" << y << endl
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) {    return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b);    }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) \{\text{return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}\}
inline 11 Floor(11 p, 11 q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<11, 11>
                        pll;
typedef vector<11>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl;
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb tree tag, tree order statistics node update>;
template <typename T,typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
const double EPS = 1e-9;
//const ll N = 2e5+10;
//const ll M = 1e9+7;
namespace io{
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,</pre>
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
```

```
template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const</pre>
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
    template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
    long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' | c == '\n' ); if( c == '-' ) c = getchar(), d = -1; while(
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
    static bool sep = false;
    using std::to_string;
    string to string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
    string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
    string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
    string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s += " | |
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
```

```
template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom hash {
    static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64 t FIXED RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
11 N,M,K;
vector<vector<pair<int,int> > > adj;
ll par[100005];
ll dist[100005];
ll edge[400005];
11 relaxed[400005];
```

```
void dijkstra(){
    priority_queue<pair<long long, int> > q;
    for(int i=1;i<=N;++i)dist[i] = (long long) 1e16;
    for(int i=1;i<=N;++i)par[i] = -1;
    dist[1] = 0;
    q.push(make_pair(dist[1],1));
    while(!q.empty()){
        long long d = -q.top().first;
        int u = q.top().second;
        q.pop();
        if(d > dist[u])continue;
        for(int i=0;i<adj[u].size();++i){</pre>
            int v = adj[u][i].first;
            int e = adj[u][i].second;
            if(dist[v] > d + edge[e]){
                dist[v] = d + edge[e];
                par[v] = e;
                q.push(make_pair(-dist[v],v));
            } else if(dist[v] == d + edge[e]){
                if(e < M){
                    par[v] = e;
int main(){
    11 u,v;
    long long w;
    cin>>N>>M>>K;
    adj = vector<vector<pair<int,int> > > (N+3);
    for(int i=0;i<M;++i){</pre>
        cin>>u>>v>>w;
        adj[u].push_back(make_pair(v,i));
        adj[v].push_back(make_pair(u,i));
        edge[i] = w;
    for(int i=0;i<K;++i){</pre>
       cin>>v>>w;
        adj[1].push_back(make_pair(v,i+M));
        adj[v].push_back(make_pair(1,i+M));
        edge[i+M] = w;
    dijkstra();
```

```
for(int i=1;i<=N;++i){
    if(par[i]==-1)continue;
    relaxed[par[i]] = 1;
}
int ans = 0;
for(int i=M;i<M+K;++i){
    if(!relaxed[i]) ++ans;
}
printf("%d\n",ans);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Algorithm -4: Bellman-Ford

Problem-1:

Link: https://www.eolymp.com/en/problems/1453

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb ds/assoc container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace gnu pbds;
#include<ext/pb ds/assoc container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
#define nn '\n'
#define fo(i,n) for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
\#define\ deb(x)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ endl
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define fast IO ios base::sync with stdio(0), cin.tie(0), cout.tie(0)
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\prime} (1LL << k))
#define ll
                             long long
#define scl(n)
                             scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                             for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                             for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
#define pfl(x)
                             printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pb
                             push back
#define asort(a)
                             sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                             sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                           sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                             printf("\n")
#define md
                             10000007
#define debug
                             printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                   s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                              for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
```

```
#define pcas(i)
                                printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define fast ios base::sync with stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
\#define\ deb(x)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ endl
\#define \ deb2(x, y) \ cout << \#x << "=" << x << "," << \#y << "=" << y << endl
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) {    return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b);    }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) \{\text{return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}\}
inline 11 Floor(11 p, 11 q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1, ll y1, ll x2, ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-x2)
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<11, 11>
                         pll;
typedef vector<11>
                         vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                         vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl;
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb tree tag, tree order statistics node update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 INF = 30000;
namespace io{
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,</pre>
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
```

```
template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const</pre>
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
    template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
    long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' | c == '\n' ); if( c == '-' ) c = getchar(), d = -1; while(
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
    static bool sep = false;
    using std::to_string;
    string to string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
    string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
    string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
    string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s += " | |
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
```

```
template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
    #ifndef ONLINE_JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom hash {
    static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64 t FIXED RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
    }
};
vector<ll>g[N];
vector<ll>vis(N);
vector<ll>dist(N);
11 n,m,w;
void reset(ll n){
```

```
for(ll i=0;i<=n;i++){
        g[i].clear();
        dist[i]=INF;
void BellmanFord(ll src)
    dist[src] = 0;
    for (11 i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        for (ll j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            if ( dist[g[j][0]] != INF && dist[g[j][0]] + g[j][2] < dist[g[j][1]])</pre>
                 dist[g[j][1]] =dist[g[j][0]] + g[j][2];
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setIO();
     t=1;
    while(t--){
        cin>>n>>m;
        ll v1, v2, k;
        reset(n);
        for(ll i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
            cin>>v1>>v2>>k;
            g[i].push_back(v1);
            g[i].push_back(v2);
            g[i].push_back(k);
        // for(auto it:g){
    BellmanFord(1);
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++){
        cout << dist[i] << " ";</pre>
    cout<<endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
```

Problem-2:

Link: https://cses.fi/problemset/task/1197

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                            push back
#define ll
                             long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make_pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x \mid= (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL \lt\lt k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n) scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n) for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n) for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << \#x << \#x
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define nn '\n'
                       printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pfl(x)
#define pcas(i)
#defi
                                printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
```

```
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
///SORTING AND FILLING
                         sort(a,a+n)
#define asort(a)
#define dsort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline 11 Ceil(11 p, 11 q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num) { return (double) log(num) / (double) log(base); }
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean_distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return builtin ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - builtin clzll(x);};
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<11, 11>
                        p11;
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                       vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                       vvl;
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb tree tag, tree order statistics node update>;
```

```
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,</pre>
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
        using std::to_string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
        template<typename Type> string to string( vector<Type> );
```

```
template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
   template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
   template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
   template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s += " | |
template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
   void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
   template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
 void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom hash {
   static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
       x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
       return x ^ (x >> 31);
```

```
size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
    }
};
#define INF 1000000009
vpll g[N];
11 n,m;
vl dist(N,INF);
vl par(N,-1);
void bellman_ford(){
    11 x=-1;
    for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){ dist[i]=INF;par[i]=-1;}</pre>
    dist[1]=0;
    for(ll i=0; i<n; i++){
        x=-1;
        for(ll node=1; node<=n; node++){</pre>
            for(pair<11,11> a : g[node]){
                 if(dist[a.first]>dist[node]+a.second){
                     dist[a.first]=dist[node]+a.second;
                    par[a.first]=node;
                    x=a.first;
    if(x==-1){
        cout<<"NO"<<endl;</pre>
    else{
        //x can be on any cycle or reachable from some cycle
        vl path;
        for (11 i=0; i< n; i++) x = par[x];
        for(ll cur=x; ; cur=par[cur]) {
            path.push_back (cur);
            if (cur == x && path.size() > 1) break;
```

```
reverse(path.begin(), path.end());
        cout << "YES"<<endl;</pre>
        cout<<path<<endl;</pre>
void reset(){
    for(ll i=1;i<=n+1;i++){</pre>
        g[i].clear();
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
    //setIO();
     t=1;
    while(t--){
         cin>>n>>m;
         11 u,v,w;
         reset();
        for(ll i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
             cin>>u>>v>>w;
             g[u].push_back({v,w});
        // for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
                cout<<i<" "<<g[i]<<endl;</pre>
        bellman_ford();
    return 0;
```

Problem-3:

Link: https://cses.fi/problemset/task/1673

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                            push back
#define ll
                             long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make_pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x \mid= (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL \lt\lt k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n) scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n) for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n) for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << \#x << \#x
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define nn '\n'
                       printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pfl(x)
#define pcas(i)
#defi
                                printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
```

```
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base,ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){    if (x >= 0) {        long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;
int popcount(ll x){return __builtin_popcountll(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return builtin ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, ll>
                        pll:
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl:
template <typename T> using PQ = priority queue<T>;
```

```
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
  '\'"; }
       template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
```

```
template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
   template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
   template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
   template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s += " | |
template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
   void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
   template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
 void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom hash {
   static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
       x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
       return x ^ (x >> 31);
```

```
size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
    }
};
///single source longest path problem
#define INF 1e18
const 11 NINF = INF*(-1);
vpll g[N];
11 n,m;
vl dist(N,INF);
// vl par(N,-1);
vector<pair<pair<ll,ll>,ll>>edges;
void bellman_ford(){
    11 x=-1;
    dist[1]=0;
   11 u, v, w;
    for(ll i=0; i<n-1; i++){
       for(auto it:edges){
        u=it.first.first;
        v=it.first.second;
        w=it.second;
        if(dist[u]==INF) continue;
        dist[v] = min(dist[v], w+dist[u]);
        dist[v] = max(dist[v], NINF);
     for(ll i=0; i<n-1; i++){
       for(auto it:edges){
        u=it.first.first;
        v=it.first.second;
        w=it.second;
        if(dist[u] == INF) continue;
        dist[v] = max(dist[v], NINF);
        if(dist[u]+w < dist[v]) dist[v]=NINF;</pre>
        //if(!x) break;
```

```
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setIO();
     t=1;
    while(t--){
      cin>>n>>m;
      11 u,v,w;
      for(ll i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
        cin>>u>>v>>w;
       edges.push_back({{u,v},-w});
      bellman_ford();
      if(dist[n]==NINF) cout<<-1<<nn;</pre>
      else cout<<dist[n]*(-1)<<nn;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Algorithm -5: Floyd-Warshall Algorithm

Problem-1:

Link: https://codeforces.com/contest/295/problem/B

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define 11
                           long long
#define scl(n)
                           scanf("%11d", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                           for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                           for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
#define pfl(x)
                           printf("%lld\n",x)
#define endl
                           "\n"
#define pb
                           push_back
#define asort(a)
                           sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                           sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                       sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                           printf("\n")
#define md
                           10000007
#define debug
                           printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                 s.size()
#define tcas(i,t) for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
                              printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define pcas(i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const ll N=510;//for graph
const ll INF=1e9+10;
#define M 10000
11 dist[N][N];
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
```

```
t=1;
while(t--){
cin>>n;
for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
  for(ll j=1;j<=n;j++){
      cin>>dist[i][j];
vector<ll>del_oder(n);
 for(ll i=0;i<n;i++){
cin>>del_oder[i];
reverse(del_oder.begin(),del_oder.end());
vector<ll>ans;
for(11 k=0;k<n;k++){
  11 k_v=del_oder[k];
   for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
  for(ll j=1;j<=n;j++){</pre>
     dist[i][j]=min(dist[i][j],dist[i][k_v]+dist[k_v][j]);
  11 sum=0;
  for(ll i=0;i<=k;i++){</pre>
       for(ll j=0;j<=k;j++){
         sum+=dist[del_oder[i]][del_oder[j]];
  ans.push_back(sum);
  reverse(ans.begin(),ans.end());
for(auto it:ans){
      cout<<it<< ";</pre>
cout<<endl;</pre>
 return 0;
```

Problem-2:

Link: https://cses.fi/problemset/task/1672

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll
                            long long
#define scl(n)
                            scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                            for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define pfl(x)
                            printf("%lld\n",x)
#define endl
                            "\n"
#define pb
                            push_back
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                            printf("\n")
#define md
                            10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                  s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                             for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)</pre>
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const ll maxN=1e3+10;
const ll INF=10000000000000;
#define M 10000
void setIO(){
    #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
```

```
11 dist[maxN][maxN];
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
    //setIO();
     t=1;
    while(t--){
        11 n,m,q;
        cin>>n>>m>>q;
        for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
             for(ll j=1;j<=n;j++){</pre>
                 dist[i][j]=INF;
        }
        11 f,w,e;
        while(m--){
             cin>>f>>w>>e;
             dist[w][w]=dist[f][f]=0;
             dist[f][w]=min(dist[f][w],e);
             dist[w][f]=min(dist[w][f],e);
        for(ll k=1;k<=n;k++){
              for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
                  for(ll j=1;j<=n;j++){
                     dist[i][j]=min(dist[i][j],dist[i][k]+dist[k][j]);
                 }
        }
        11 a,b;
        while(q--){
             cin>>a>>b;
             11 mindist=dist[a][b];
             if(mindist>=INF){
                 cout<<-1<<endl;</pre>
             else cout<<mindist<<endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
```

Problem-3:

Link: https://codeforces.com/contest/25/problem/C

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll
                           long long
                           scanf("%11d", &n)
#define scl(n)
#define fr(i,n)
                           for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                          for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define pfl(x)
                           printf("%lld\n",x)
#define endl
                           "\n"
#define pb
                           push_back
#define asort(a)
                           sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                           sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                       sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                      sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                          printf("\n")
#define md
                           10000007
#define debug
                           printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                 s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
                             printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define pcas(i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const ll maxN=1e3+10;
const ll INF=10000000000000;
#define M 10000
void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
11 dist[maxN][maxN];
int main()
```

```
fast;
11 t;
//setI0();
t=1;
while(t--){
   cin>>n;
      for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
           for(ll j=1;j<=n;j++){</pre>
              if(i!=j) dist[i][j]=INF;
   11 len;
   for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
   for(ll j=1;j<=n;j++){
        cin>>len;
        dist[i][j]=len;
    11 q;
    cin>>q;
    11 a,b,cost;
    while(q--){
        cin>>a>>b>>cost;
        dist[a][b]=dist[b][a]=min(dist[a][b],cost);
         for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
             for(ll j=1;j<=n;j++){</pre>
                 dist[i][j]=min(dist[i][j],dist[i][a]+dist[a][j]);
            }
         for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
             for(ll j=1;j<=n;j++){
                dist[i][j]=min(dist[i][j],dist[i][b]+dist[b][j]);
```

Algorithm -6: Disjoint Set Union(DSU)

Problem- 1:

Link: https://codeforces.com/edu/course/2/lesson/7/1/practice/contest/289390/problem/B

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb ds/assoc container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                                                                                                            push back
#define ll
                                                                                                            long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL \lt\lt k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n) scanf("%1ld", &n)
#define fr(i,n) for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                                           for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << <math>\#x << 
#define deb2(x, y) cout << \#x << "=" << x << "," << \#y << "=" << y << endl
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x)
                                                                            printf("%lld\n",x)
```

```
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define debug
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                         sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 3e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline ll LCM(ll a, ll b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1);double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1);double c=(double)sqrt(a+b);return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<11, 11>
                        pll;
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
```

```
typedef vector<vl>
                                            vvl;
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,</pre>
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
       template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
       template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
       template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
       template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while(c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == 
isdigit(c)){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
       static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
       string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
       string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
       string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
```

```
template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for( Type x: v ){ if( sep ) s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom hash {
    static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
```

```
x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
11 par[N];
11 sz[N];
11 maxm[N];
11 minm[N];
// multiset<int> sizes;
void make(ll v){
    par[v]=v;
    sz[v]=1;
    maxm[v]=v;
    minm[v]=v;
    // sizes.insert(1);
int find(ll v){
    if(v==par[v]) return v;
    return par[v]=find(par[v]);
// void merge(int a,int b){
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[a]));
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[b]));
void Union(ll a,ll b){
    a=find(a);
    b=find(b);
    if(a!=b){
        if(sz[a]<sz[b]) swap(a,b);</pre>
        par[b]=a;
        // merge(a,b);
        sz[a]+=sz[b];
        maxm[a]=max(maxm[a],maxm[b]);
        minm[a]=min(minm[a],minm[b]);
```

```
}
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
    //setI0();
     t=1;
    while(t--){
        11 n,m;
        cin>>n>>m;
         string s;
        for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
             make(i);
        11 u,v;
        while(m--){
             cin>>s;;
             if(s=="union"){
                 cin>>u>>v;
                 Union(u,v);
             else{
              cin>>u;
             11 k=find(u);
              cout<<minm[k]<<" "<<maxm[k]<<" "<<sz[k]<<endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Problem-2:

Link: https://codeforces.com/edu/course/2/lesson/7/1/practice/contest/289390/problem/C

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define ll
                           long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make_pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << \#x << \#x
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define nn '\n'
#define pcas(i) printf("%lld\n",x)
                              printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
```

```
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base,ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){    if (x >= 0) {        long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;
int popcount(ll x){return __builtin_popcountll(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return builtin ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, ll>
                        pll:
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl:
template <typename T> using PQ = priority queue<T>;
```

```
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
  '\'"; }
       template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
```

```
template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
   template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
   template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
   template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s += " | |
template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
   void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
   template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
 void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom hash {
   static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
       x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
       return x ^ (x >> 31);
```

```
size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
    }
};
11 par[N];
11 sz[N];
11 points[N];
11 extra[N];
// multiset<int> sizes;
void make(ll v){
    par[v]=v;
    sz[v]=1;
11 \text{ find}(11 \text{ v}){
    if(v==par[v]) return v;
    return find(par[v]);
   void merge(int a,int b){
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[a]));
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[b]));
       sizes.insert(sz[a]+sz[b]);
void Union(ll a,ll b){
   11 pa=find(a);
   11 pb=find(b);
    if(pa!=pb){
        if(sz[pa]<sz[pb]) swap(pa,pb);</pre>
        par[pb]=pa;
        // merge(a,b);
        sz[pa]+=sz[pb];
        extra[pb]=points[pb]-points[pa];
11 \text{ getpoints}(11 \text{ x})
```

```
if(par[x]==x){
        return points[x];
    return (extra[x])+getpoints(par[x]);
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setIO();
     t=1;
    while(t--){
        11 n,m;
        cin>>n>>m;
        string s;
        for(ll i=0;i<=N;i++){</pre>
             make(i);
        11 u,v;
        while(m--){
             cin>>s;
             if(s=="join"){
                 cin>>u>>v;
                 Union(u,v);
             else if(s=="add"){
                 cin>>u>>v;
                 points[find(u)]+=v;
                 // cout<<points[k]<<endl;</pre>
             else{
                 cin>>u;
                 cout<<getpoints(u)<<endl;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
```

Problem-3:

Link: https://codeforces.com/edu/course/2/lesson/7/1/practice/contest/289390/problem/D

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                              push back
#define ll
                               long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make_pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n) scanf("%1ld", &n)
#define fr(i,n) for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n) for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << \#x << \#x << \#x
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x) printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pcas(i) printf("Case %ll
                                  printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
```

```
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base,ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){    if (x >= 0) {        long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;
int popcount(ll x){return __builtin_popcountll(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return builtin ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, ll>
                        pll:
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl:
template <typename T> using PQ = priority queue<T>;
```

```
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
  '\'"; }
       template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
```

```
template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
   template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
   template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
   template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s += " | |
template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
   void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
   template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
 void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom hash {
   static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
       x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
       return x ^ (x >> 31);
```

```
size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
    }
};
11 par[N];
11 sz[N];
// multiset<int> sizes;
void make(int v){
    par[v]=v;
    sz[v]=1;
    // sizes.insert(1);
int find(int v){
    if(v==par[v]) return v;
    return par[v]=find(par[v]);
// void merge(int a,int b){
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[a]));
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[b]));
void Union(int a,int b){
    a=find(a);
    b=find(b);
    if(a!=b){
        if(sz[a]<sz[b]) swap(a,b);</pre>
        par[b]=a;
        // merge(a,b);
        sz[a]+=sz[b];
    }
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setIO();
```

```
while(t--){
  11 n,m,k;
  cin>>n>>m>>k;
  for(ll i=0;i<=n;i++){
    make(i);
  11 u,v;
  for(ll i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
    cin>>u>>v;
  string s;
  vector<pair<ll,pair<ll,ll>>>asks;
  vector<string>ans;
  while(k--){
    cin>>s;
    if(s=="ask"){
        cin>>u>>v;
        // if(find(u)==find(v)){
        asks.push_back({1,{u,v}});
    else{
        cin>>u>>v;
        asks.push_back({0,{u,v}});
  reverse(all(asks));
  for(auto it:asks){
    if(it.first==1){
        u=it.second.first;
        v=it.second.second;
        if(find(u)==find(v)){
          ans.push_back("YES");
        else ans.push_back("NO");
    else{
```

```
u=it.second.first;
    v=it.second.second;
    Union(u,v);
}

reverse(all(ans));
for(auto it:ans){
    cout<<it<<endl;
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Algorithm -7: Krushkal's Algorithm(Minimum Spanning Tree)

Problem-1:

Link: https://codeforces.com/edu/course/2/lesson/7/2/practice/contest/289391/problem/E

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb ds/assoc container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                                                                                                             push back
#define ll
                                                                                                             long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL \leftrightarrow k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n) scanf("%1ld", &n)
#define fr(i,n) for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                                                                           for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << <math>\#x << 
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x)
                                                                            printf("%lld\n",x)
```

```
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define debug
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                         sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline ll LCM(ll a, ll b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1);double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1);double c=(double)sqrt(a+b);return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<11, 11>
                        pll;
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
```

```
typedef vector<vl>
                                            vvl;
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,</pre>
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
       template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
       template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
       template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
       template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while(c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | 
isdigit(c)){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
       static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
       string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
       string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
       string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
```

```
template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for( Type x: v ){ if( sep ) s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom hash {
    static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
```

```
x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
int par[N];
int sz[N];
// multiset<int> sizes;
void make(int v){
    par[v]=v;
    sz[v]=1;
    // sizes.insert(1);
int find(int v){
    if(v==par[v]) return v;
    return par[v]=find(par[v]);
// void merge(int a,int b){
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[a]));
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[b]));
       sizes.insert(sz[a]+sz[b]);
void Union(int a,int b){
    a=find(a);
    b=find(b);
    if(a!=b){
        if(sz[a]<sz[b]) swap(a,b);</pre>
        par[b]=a;
        // merge(a,b);
        sz[a]+=sz[b];
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setIO();
```

```
t=1;
while(t--){
  vector<pair<11,pair<11,ll>> >edges;
  11 n,m;
  cin>>n>>m;
  for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
    make(i);
  11 u,v,w;
  while(m--){
    cin>>u>>v>>w;
   edges.push_back({w,{u,v}});
  sort(all(edges));
  11 ans=0;
  for(auto it:edges){
    u=it.second.first;
    v=it.second.second;
    if(find(u)!=find(v)){
        Union(u,v);
        ans+=it.first;
  cout<<ans<<endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

Problem-2:

Link:

https://codeforces.com/edu/course/2/lesson/7/2/practice/contest/289391/problem/G

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb ds/assoc container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb ds/tree policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                             push back
#define ll
                               long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace_back
#define mp make pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n) scanf("%11d", &n)
#define fr(i,n) for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n) for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << "=" << x << endl
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define nn '\n'
```

```
#define pfl(x)
                            printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define debug
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num) { return (double) log(num) / (double) log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){    if (x >= 0) {        long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;}
int popcount(ll x){return __builtin_popcountll(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<11, 11>
                        p11;
typedef vector<ll> vl;
```

```
typedef vector<pll>
                                               vpll;
                                               vvl;
typedef vector<vl>
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb tree tag, tree order statistics node update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
 "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
        using std::to string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
```

```
string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
    #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom_hash {
    static uint64 t splitmix64(uint64 t x) {
```

```
x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64 t FIXED RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
int par[N];
int sz[N];
// multiset<int> sizes;
void make(int v){
    par[v]=v;
    sz[v]=1;
    // sizes.insert(1);
int find(int v){
    if(v==par[v]) return v;
    return par[v]=find(par[v]);
  void merge(int a,int b){
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[a]));
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[b]));
void Union(int a,int b){
    a=find(a);
    b=find(b);
    if(a!=b){
        if(sz[a]<sz[b]) swap(a,b);</pre>
        par[b]=a;
        // merge(a,b);
        sz[a]+=sz[b];
int main()
    fast;
```

```
11 t;
//setIO();
 t=1;
while(t--){
  vector<pair<11,pair<11,11>> >edges;
  11 n,m;
  cin>>n>>m;
  for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
    make(i);
  11 u,v,w;
  while(m--){
    cin>>u>>v>>w;
    edges.push_back({w,{u,v}});
  sort(all(edges));
  11 ans=0;
  for(auto it:edges){
    u=it.second.first;
    v=it.second.second;
    if(find(u)!=find(v)){
        Union(u,v);
        ans=it.first;
  cout<<ans<<endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

Problem-3:

Link: https://codeforces.com/edu/course/2/lesson/7/2/practice/contest/289391/problem/H

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                            push back
#define ll
                            long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL \langle\langle k \rangle\rangle)
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n)
                          scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                           for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)
///PRINTING
\#define\ deb(x)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ endl
#define deb2(x, y) cout << \#x << "=" << x << "," << \#y << "=" << y << endl
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x)
                           printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pcas(i)
                            printf("Case %lld: ",i)
```

```
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline ll LCM(ll a, ll b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num) { return (double) log(num) / (double) log(base); }
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;
int popcount(ll x){return __builtin_popcountll(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, ll>
                        pll;
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl:
```

```
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered set = tree<T, null type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb tree tag, tree order statistics node update>;
namespace io{
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
 '; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const</pre>
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
    template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
    long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == ' 'n' ); if( c == '-' ) c = getchar(), d = -1; while(
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
    static bool sep = false;
    using std::to_string;
    string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
    string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
    string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
    string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
 '\'"; }
```

```
template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to string( pair<First,
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for( Type x: v ){ if( sep ) s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to string(x); s += "}"; return s; <math>s += to string(x)
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
    #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom_hash {
    static uint64 t splitmix64(uint64 t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
```

```
return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64 t FIXED RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
};
int par[N];
int sz[N];
// multiset<int> sizes;
void make(int v){
    par[v]=v;
    sz[v]=1;
    // sizes.insert(1);
int find(int v){
    if(v==par[v]) return v;
    return par[v]=find(par[v]);
  void merge(int a,int b){
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[a]));
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[b]));
void Union(int a,int b){
    a=find(a);
    b=find(b);
    if(a!=b){
        if(sz[a]<sz[b]) swap(a,b);</pre>
        par[b]=a;
        // merge(a,b);
        sz[a]+=sz[b];
bool cmp(vector<ll>a, vector<ll>b){
    return a[0]>b[0];
int main()
    fast;
```

```
11 t;
   //setIO();
    t=1;
   while(t--){
      vector<vector<ll>>edges;
      11 n,m,s;
      cin>>n>>m>>s;
      for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
        make(i);
      11 u,v,w;
      for(ll i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
       cin>>u>>v>>w;
       vector<ll>a={w,u,v,i+1};
       edges.push_back(a);
      sort(all(edges),cmp);
      ll ans=0;
      vector<11>answer;
      11 curr=0;
      vector<ll>vis(m+1,0);
      for(ll i=0;i<m;i++){</pre>
        u=edges[i][1];
        v=edges[i][2];
        if(find(u)!=find(v)){
            Union(u,v);
            vis[i]=1;
             if(curr+edges[i].first<=s)</pre>
{answer.push_back(i+1);curr+=edges[i].first;}
      for(ll i=m-1;i>=0;i--){
        if(!vis[i]){
            if (s >= edges[i][0])
            s -= edges[i][0];
            ans++;
            answer.push_back(edges[i][3]);
```

```
}
}
cout<<ans<<nn;
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Algorithm -8: Bipartite Graph

Problem-1:

Link: https://codeforces.com/edu/course/2/lesson/7/2/practice/contest/289391/problem/l

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb ds/assoc container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                                                                                                          push back
#define ll
                                                                                                          long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n) scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n) for (ll i=0;i<n;i</pre>
                                                                                                    for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
                                                                          for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << <math>\#x << 
#define deb2(x, y) cout << \#x << "=" << x << "," << \#y << "=" << y << endl
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x)
                                                                            printf("%lld\n",x)
```

```
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define debug
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                         sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline ll LCM(ll a, ll b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1);double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1);double c=(double)sqrt(a+b);return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<11, 11>
                        pll;
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
```

```
typedef vector<vl>
                                            vvl;
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,</pre>
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
       template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
       template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
       template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
       template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while(c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | 
isdigit(c)){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
       static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
       string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
       string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
       string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
```

```
template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for( Type x: v ){ if( sep ) s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom hash {
    static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
```

```
x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
11 par[N];
11 sz[N];
11 len[N];
// multiset<int> sizes;
void make(ll v){
   par[v]=v;
    sz[v]=1;
    len[v]=0;
    // sizes.insert(1);
pair<ll,ll> find(ll v){
    if(v==par[v]) return {v,0};
    auto val=find(par[v]);
    par[v] = val.first;
    len[v] = (len[v] + val.second) % 2;
     return {par[v], len[v]};
// void merge(int a,int b){
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[a]));
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[b]));
       sizes.insert(sz[a]+sz[b]);
void Union(ll A,ll B){
    auto a=find(A);
    auto b=find(B);
    if(a!=b){
        if(sz[a.first]>=sz[b.first]) swap(a,b);
        par[a.first]=b.first;
        // merge(a,b);
        sz[b.first]+=sz[a.first];
        len[a.first] = (1 +a.second + b.second) %2;
```

```
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
    //setIO();
     t=1;
    //cin>>t;
    while(t--){
      11 n,q,shift=0;
      cin>>n>>q;
      for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
         make(i);
      11 u,x,y;
      while(q--){
        cin>>u>>x>>y;
         x=(x+shift)%n;
        y=(y+shift)%n;
         if(u==0){
             Union(x,y);
                  cout<<len[x]<<" "<<len[y]<<endl;</pre>
        else{
             // cout<<len[x]<<" "<<len[y]<<endl;</pre>
             auto px=find(x);
             auto py=find(y);
             // cout<<px.second<<" "<<py.second<<endl;</pre>
             if(px.second==py.second){
                 cout<<"YES"<<nn;</pre>
                 shift=(shift+1)%n;
             else{
                 cout<<"NO"<<nn;</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
```

Problem-2:

Link: https://codeforces.com/edu/course/2/lesson/7/2/practice/contest/289391/problem/J

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                            push back
#define ll
                            long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace_back
#define mp make_pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x \mid= (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL \lt\lt k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n)
                         scanf("%11d", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                          for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                           for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << #x << "=" << x << endl</pre>
#define deb2(x, y) cout << \#x << "=" << x << "," << \#y << "=" << y << endl
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x)
                          printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pcas(i)
                           printf("Case %lld: ".i)
```

```
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 3e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline ll LCM(ll a, ll b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num) { return (double) log(num) / (double) log(base); }
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;
int popcount(ll x){return __builtin_popcountll(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, ll>
                        pll;
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl:
```

```
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered set = tree<T, null type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb tree tag, tree order statistics node update>;
namespace io{
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
 '; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const</pre>
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
    template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
    template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
    long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == ' 'n' ); if( c == '-' ) c = getchar(), d = -1; while(
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
    static bool sep = false;
    using std::to_string;
    string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
    string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
    string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
    string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
 '\'"; }
```

```
template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to string( pair<First,
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for( Type x: v ){ if( sep ) s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to string(x); s += "}"; return s; <math>s += to string(x)
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
    #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom_hash {
    static uint64 t splitmix64(uint64 t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
```

```
return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64 t FIXED RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
};
11 par[N];
11 sz[N];
11 len[N];
// multiset<int> sizes;
void make(ll v){
    par[v]=v;
    sz[v]=1;
    len[v]=0;
    // sizes.insert(1);
pair<ll,ll> find(ll v){
    if(v==par[v]) return {v,0};
    auto val=find(par[v]);
    par[v] = val.first;
    len[v] = (len[v] + val.second) % 2;
     return {par[v], len[v]};
// void merge(int a,int b){
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[a]));
       sizes.erase(sizes.find(sz[b]));
bool Union(ll A,ll B){
   auto a=find(A);
    auto b=find(B);
    if(a.first==b.first) return a.second==b.second;
    if(a!=b){
        if(sz[a.first]>=sz[b.first]) swap(a,b);
        par[a.first]=b.first;
        // merge(a,b);
        sz[b.first]+=sz[a.first];
        len[a.first] = (1 +a.second + b.second) %2;
```

```
return false;
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
    //setI0();
     t=1;
    while(t--){
      11 n,q,shift=0;
      cin>>n>>q;
      for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
        make(i);
      11 u,x,y;
      bool f=0;
     for(ll i=1;i<=q;i++){
        cin>>x>>y;
        if(Union(x,y)){
             cout<<i<<nn;</pre>
             f=1;
             break;
      if(!f) cout<<-1<<nn;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Problem-3:

Link: https://cses.fi/problemset/result/4932262/

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll
                            long long
#define scl(n)
                            scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                            for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                            for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                            printf("%11d\n",x)
#define pfl(x)
                            "\n"
#define endl
#define pb
                            push back
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define pn
                            printf("\n")
#define md
                            10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                  s.size()
#define tcas(i,t)
                              for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const 11 maxN=2e5+10;//for graph
#define M 10000
vector<ll>g[maxN];
11 vis[maxN];
11 col[maxN];
11 par[maxN];
bool f=0;
void dfs(ll vertex){
    vis[vertex]=1;
```

```
for(ll child:g[vertex]){
      if(!vis[child]){
         if(col[vertex]==1) col[child]=2;
        else if(col[vertex]==2) col[child]=1;
        par[child]=vertex;
        dfs(child);
      else{
        if(col[child]==col[vertex]) f=1;
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setIO();
    t=1;
    while(t--){
        11 n,e;
        cin>>n>>e;
         ll v1,v2;
        for(ll i=0;i<e;i++){</pre>
        cin>>v1>>v2;
        g[v1].push_back(v2);
        g[v2].push_back(v1);
        11 cnt=0;
        for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
            if(!vis[i]){
                col[i]=1;
                dfs(i);
                cnt++;
```

```
}
// cout<<cnt<>endl;
if(f) cout<<"IMPOSSIBLE"<<endl;
else{
  for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
      cout<<col[i]<<" ";
  }
  cout<<endl;
  }
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Algorithm -9: Binary Indexed Tree

Problem- 1:

Link: https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/459/D

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
// VVI
#define fast
    ios base::sync with stdio(0); \
    cin.tie(0);
    cout.tie(0);
#define pb push back
#define ll long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)), (a).end())
#define eb emplace_back
#define mp make pair
/// BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
// LOOPS
#define scl(n) scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i, n) for (ll i = 0; i < n; i++)
#define fr1(i, n) for (ll i = 1; i \leftarrow n; i++)
#define Fo(i, k, n) for (i = k; k < n ? i < n : i > n; k < n ? i += 1 : i -= 1)
/// PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << "=" << x << endl
#define deb2(x, y) cout << #x << "=" << x << "," << #y << "=" << y << endl
```

```
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x) printf("%lld\n", x)
#define pcas(i) printf("Case %lld: ", i)
#define Setpre(n) cout << fixed << setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for (auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug printf("I am here\n")
/// SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a) sort(a, a + n)
#define dsort(a) sort(a, a + n, greater<int>())
#define vasort(v) sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v) sort(v.begin(), v.end(), greater<ll>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a, b) memset(a, b, sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
// CONSTANTS
#define md 10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 1e6 + 3;
const 11 M = 1e9 + 7;
/// INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {    return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);    }
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {    return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);    }
inline double logb(ll base, ll num) { return (double)log(num) /
(double)log(base); }
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x)
    if (x >= 0)
        long long sr = sqrt(x);
        return (sr * sr == x);
    return false;
double euclidean_distance(ll x1, ll y1, ll x2, ll y2)
    double a = (x2 - x1) * (x2 - x1);
```

```
double b = (y2 - y1) * (y2 - y1);
    double c = (double)sqrt(a + b);
    return c;
int popcount(ll x) { return __builtin_popcountll(x); };
int poplow(11 x) { return __builtin_ctzll(x); };
int pophigh(ll x) { return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x); };
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, 11> pll;
typedef vector<ll> vl;
typedef vector<pll> vpll;
typedef vector<vl> vvl;
template <typename T>
using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T>
using QP = priority_queue<T, vector<T>, greater<T>>;
template <typename T>
using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>, rb_tree_tag,
tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R>
using ordered map = tree<T, R, less<T>, rb tree tag,
tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io
    template <typename First, typename Second>
    ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const pair<First, Second> &p) { return os <<
p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename Second>
    ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const map<First, Second> &mp)
        for (auto it : mp)
            os << it << endl;
        return os;
    template <typename First>
    ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const vector<First> &v)
        bool space = false;
```

```
for (First x : v)
            if (space)
                os << " ";
            space = true;
            os << x;
        return os;
    template <typename First>
    ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const set<First> &st)
        bool space = false;
        for (First x : st)
            if (space)
                os << " ";
            space = true;
            os << x;
        return os;
    template <typename First>
    ostream &operator<<(ostream &os, const multiset<First> &st)
        bool space = false;
        for (First x : st)
            if (space)
                os << " ";
            space = true;
            os << x;
        return os;
    template <typename First, typename Second>
    istream &operator>>(istream &is, pair<First, Second> &p) { return is >>
p.first >> p.second; }
    template <typename First>
    istream &operator>>(istream &is, vector<First> &v)
        for (First &x : v)
            is \rightarrow x;
```

```
return is;
}
long long fastread()
    char c;
    long long d = 1, x = 0;
        c = getchar();
    while (c == ' ' || c == '\n');
    if (c == '-')
        c = getchar(), d = -1;
    while (isdigit(c))
        x = x * 10 + c - '0';
        c = getchar();
    return d * x;
static bool sep = false;
using std::to_string;
string to_string(bool x) { return (x ? "true" : "false"); }
string to_string(const string &s) { return "\"" + s + "\""; }
string to_string(const char *s) { return "\"" + string(s) + "\""; }
string to_string(const char &c)
    string s;
    return "\'" + s + "\'";
}
template <typename Type>
string to_string(vector<Type>);
template <typename First, typename Second>
string to_string(pair<First, Second>);
template <typename Collection>
string to_string(Collection);
template <typename First, typename Second>
string to_string(pair<First, Second> p) { return "{" + to_string(p.first) +
" + to_string(p.second) + "}"; }
```

```
template <typename Type>
string to_string(vector<Type> v)
    bool sep = false;
    string s = "[";
    for (Type x : v)
        if (sep)
        sep = true;
        s += to_string(x);
    s += "]";
    return s;
template <typename Collection>
string to_string(Collection collection)
    bool sep = false;
    string s = "{";
    for (auto x : collection)
        if (sep)
        sep = true;
        s += to_string(x);
    return s;
void print()
    cerr << endl;</pre>
    sep = false;
template <typename First, typename... Other>
void print(First first, Other... other)
    if (sep)
        cerr << " | ";
    sep = true;
    cerr << to_string(first);</pre>
    print(other...);
```

```
using namespace io;
void setIO()
#ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
#endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom_hash
    static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64 t x)
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
   size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
11 BITree[4*N];
///do this for range: getSum(r) - getSum(l - 1)
11 getSum(11 index){
    11 sum = 0; // Initialize result
   // Traverse ancestors of BITree[index]
   while (index>0){
        sum += BITree[index]; // Add current element of BITree to sum
```

```
index -= index & (-index); // Move index to parent node in getSum View
    return sum;
void updateBIT(ll n, ll index, ll val){
    // Traverse all ancestors and add 'val'
    while (index <= n){
       // Add 'val' to current node of BI Tree
      BITree[index] += val;
      // Update index to that of parent in update View
      index += index & (-index);
11 ans;
11 k,m,g,f;
int main()
   fast;
   11 t;
   // setIO();
   t = 1;
   while (t--)
       11 n,i;
       cin >> n;
       vector<ll> vec(n), x(n), y(n), z(n + 1);
        map<11, 11> freq, freq2, mpp;
        cin >> vec;
        mem(BITree,0);
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
            freq[vec[i]]++;
            x[i] = freq[vec[i]];
        // buildSegTree(x,0,0,n-1);
```

```
for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        freq2[vec[i]]++;
        y[i] = freq2[vec[i]];
    // cout<<x<<endl<<y<<endl;</pre>
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        mpp[y[i]]++;
    for (i = 0; i <= n; i++)
        updateBIT(n+1,i+1,mpp[i]);
    ans=0;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
         k = x[i];
        m = y[i];
       // g = queryLazySegTree(0, 0, n, m, m);
        g=getSum(m+1);
        // 11 g=querySegTree(0,0,n,m,m);
        // updateValSegTree(0,0,n,m,g-1);
        // updateLazySegTree(0, 0, n, m, m, -1);
        updateBIT(n+1,m+1,-1);
       // g=querySegTree(0,0,n,m,m);
        // cout<<g<<endl;</pre>
       // ll f = querySegTree(0, 0, n, 0, k - 1)
        f= getSum(k)-getSum(0);
        // queryLazySegTree(0,0,n,0,k-1);
        ans += f;
    }
    cout << ans << endl;</pre>
}
return 0;
```

Problem- 2:

Link: https://www.spoj.com/problems/INVCNT/

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                          push back
#define ll
                           long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make_pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x \mid= (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL \lt\lt k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << \#x << \#x
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define nn '\n'
                     printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pfl(x)
#define pcas(i)
#defi
                              printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
```

```
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 1e7+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base,ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){    if (x >= 0) {        long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;
int popcount(ll x){return __builtin_popcountll(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return builtin ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, ll>
                        pll:
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl:
template <typename T> using PQ = priority queue<T>;
```

```
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
  '\'"; }
       template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
```

```
template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
   template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
   template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
   template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s += " | |
template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
   void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
   template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
 void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom hash {
   static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
       x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
       return x ^ (x >> 31);
```

```
size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady clock::now().time since epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
    }
};
11 BITree[4*N];
///do this for range: getSum(r) - getSum(l - 1)
11 getSum(ll index){
    11 sum = 0; // Iniialize result
   // Traverse ancestors of BITree[index]
    while (index>0){
        sum += BITree[index]; // Add current element of BITree to sum
        index -= index & (-index); // Move index to parent node in getSum View
    return sum;
void updateBIT(ll n, ll index, ll val){
    while (index <= n){
       // Add 'val' to current node of BI Tree
       BITree[index] += val;
       // Update index to that of parent in update View
       index += index & (-index);
    }
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setIO();
    //ll tno=1;;
    t=1;
    cin>>t;
    while(t--){
     11 n;
      cin>>n;
      vector<ll>vec(n);
      cin>>vec;
      mem(BITree,0);
      11 maxm=*max element(all(vec));
```

```
ll cnt=0;
    for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++){
        cnt+=getSum(maxm)-getSum(vec[i-1]);
        updateBIT(N,vec[i-1],1);
    }
    cout<<cnt<<nn;
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Problem- 3:

Link: https://www.spoj.com/problems/NICEDAY/

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                            push back
#define ll
                             long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace back
#define mp make_pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x \mid= (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL \lt\lt k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define scl(n) scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n) for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n) for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)</pre>
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << \#x << \#x
\#define\ deb2(x, y)\ cout\ <<\ \#x\ <<\ "="\ <<\ x\ <<\ ","\ <<\ \#y\ <<\ "="\ <<\ y\ <<\ endl
#define nn '\n'
                       printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pfl(x)
#define pcas(i)
#defi
                                printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
```

```
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                          sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base,ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){    if (x >= 0) {        long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;
int popcount(ll x){return __builtin_popcountll(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return builtin ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<ll, ll>
                        pll:
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
typedef vector<vl>
                        vvl:
template <typename T> using PQ = priority queue<T>;
```

```
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
  '\'"; }
       template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
```

```
template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
   template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
   template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
   template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for(Type x: v){ if(sep) } s += ", "; sep = true; s += " | |
template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
   void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
   template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
 void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
   freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
   freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
   #endif // ONLINE_JUDGE
struct custom hash {
   static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
       x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
       x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
       return x ^ (x >> 31);
```

```
size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady clock::now().time since epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
    }
};
11 BITree[4*N];
///do this for range: getSum(r) - getSum(l - 1)
11 getMin(ll index){
    11 ret = INT MAX; // Iniialize result
    // Traverse ancestors of BITree[index]
    while (index>0){
        ret = min(ret,BITree[index]); // Add current element of BITree to sum
        index -= index & (-index); // Move index to parent node in getSum View
    return ret;
void updateBIT(ll n, ll index, ll val){
    while (index <= n){
       // Add 'val' to current node of BI Tree
       BITree[index] = min(val,BITree[index]);
       // Update index to that of parent in update View
       index += index & (-index);
bool cmp(pair<11,pair<11,11>>a,pair<11,pair<11,11>>b){
(a.first==b.first?(a.second.first==b.second.first?a.second.second<b.second.second</pre>
:a.second.first<b.second.first):a.first<b.first);</pre>
int main()
    fast;
    11 t;
    //setI0();
    t=1;
    cin>>t;
    while(t--){
```

```
cin>>n;
  vector<pair<ll,pair<ll,ll>> >vec(n);
  for(ll i=0;i<n;i++){
    cin>>vec[i].first;
    cin>>vec[i].second.first;
    cin>>vec[i].second.second;
// for(ll i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
  sort(all(vec),cmp);
  fill(BITree,BITree+n+1,INT_MAX);
  11 ans=0;
 for(ll i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
    11 k=getMin(vec[i].second.first);
    if(k>vec[i].second.second){
        ans++;
    updateBIT(n+1,vec[i].second.first,vec[i].second.second);
  cout<<ans<<nn;</pre>
return 0;
```

Algorithm -10: Segment Tree

Problem-1: (Range minimum query algorithm)

Link: https://www.spoj.com/problems/RMQSQ/en/

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb ds/assoc container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
//VVI
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define pb
                                                                                                          push back
#define ll
                                                                                                          long long
#define ff first
#define ss second
#define SZ(a) (int)a.size()
#define UNIQUE(a) (a).erase(unique(all(a)),(a).end())
#define eb emplace_back
#define mp make pair
///BIT MANIPULATION
#define Set(x, k) (x = (1LL << k))
#define Unset(x, k) (x &= \sim(1LL << k))
#define Check(x, k) (x & (1LL << k))
#define Toggle(x, k) (x ^{\circ} (1LL << k))
//L00PS
#define fr(i,n) scanf("%lld", &n)
                                                                                                   for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
                                                                          for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
#define Fo(i,k,n) for(i=k;k<n?i<n:i>n;k<n?i+=1:i-=1)
///PRINTING
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << <math>\#x << 
#define deb2(x, y) cout << \#x << "=" << x << "," << \#y << "=" << y << endl
#define nn '\n'
#define pfl(x)
                                                                                       printf("%lld\n",x)
```

```
#define pcas(i)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
#define itr(it, a) for(auto it = a.begin(); it != a.end(); it++)
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define debug
///SORTING AND FILLING
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                         sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                          sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
#define sortall(x) sort(all(x))
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define rev(x) reverse(all(x))
//CONSTANTS
#define md
                            10000007
#define PI 3.1415926535897932384626
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const 11 N = 2e5+10;
const 11 M = 1e9+7;
///INLINE FUNCTIONS
inline 11 GCD(11 a, 11 b) { return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b); }
inline ll LCM(ll a, ll b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num){ return (double)log(num)/(double)log(base);}
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1);double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1);double c=(double)sqrt(a+b);return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
/// Data structures
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair<11, 11>
                        pll;
typedef vector<ll>
                        vl;
typedef vector<pll>
                        vpll;
```

```
typedef vector<vl>
                                            vvl;
template <typename T> using PQ = priority_queue<T>;
template <typename T> using QP = priority_queue<T,vector<T>,greater<T>>;
template <typename T> using ordered_set = tree<T, null_type, less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
template <typename T, typename R> using ordered_map = tree<T, R , less<T>,
rb_tree_tag, tree_order_statistics_node_update>;
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,</pre>
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
"; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
       template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
       template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
       template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
       template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while(c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | c == ' ' | 
isdigit(c)){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
       static bool sep = false;
       using std::to_string;
       string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
       string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
       string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
```

```
template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for( Type x: v ){ if( sep ) s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
11 T=0;
ll tre[3*N];
```

```
11 lazy[3*N];
11 merge(ll x,ll y){
    return min(x,y);
void buildSegTree(vector<11>& arr, 11 treeIndex, 11 lo, 11 hi){
                                    // leaf node. store value in node.
    if (lo == hi) {
        tre[treeIndex] = arr[lo];
        return;
    11 mid = lo + (hi - lo) / 2; // recurse deeper for children.
    buildSegTree(arr, 2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid);
    buildSegTree(arr, 2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi);
   // merge build results
    tre[treeIndex] = merge(tre[2 * treeIndex + 1], tre[2 * treeIndex + 2]);
// call this method as buildSegTree(arr, 0, 0, n-1);
// Here arr[] is input array and n is its size.
11 querySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j){
   // query for arr[i..j]
    if (lo > j || hi < i)
                                       // segment completely outside range
        return 0;
                                       // represents a null node
    if (i <= lo && j >= hi)
                                       // segment completely inside range
        return tre[treeIndex];
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                  // partial overlap of current segment and
queried range. Recurse deeper.
    if (i > mid)
        return querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j);
    else if (j <= mid)</pre>
        return querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j);
    11 leftQuery = querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, mid);
    11 rightQuery = querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, mid + 1, j);
    // merge query results
```

```
return merge(leftQuery, rightQuery);
// call this method as querySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j);
 / Here [i,j] is the range/interval you are querying.
// This method relies on "null" nodes being equivalent to storing zero.
void updateValSegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll arrIndex, ll val)
    if (lo == hi) {
                                    // leaf node. update element.
       tre[treeIndex] = val;
        return;
    11 mid = lo + (hi - lo) / 2; // recurse deeper for appropriate child
   if (arrIndex > mid)
        updateValSegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, arrIndex, val);
    else if (arrIndex <= mid)</pre>
        updateValSegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, arrIndex, val);
    // merge updates
   tre[treeIndex] = merge(tre[2 * treeIndex + 1], tre[2 * treeIndex + 2]);
// call this method as updateValSegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, val);
// Here you want to update the value at index i with value val.
void updateLazySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j, ll val){
    if (lazy[treeIndex] != 0) {
        tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * lazy[treeIndex]; // normalize current
node by removing laziness
                                                            // update lazy[] for
        if (lo != hi) {
children nodes
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += lazy[treeIndex];
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += lazy[treeIndex];
        }
        lazy[treeIndex] = 0;
                                                            // current node
processed. No longer lazy
    if (lo > hi || lo > j || hi < i)
```

```
// out of range.
        return;
escape.
    if (i <= lo && hi <= j) {
                                                            // segment is fully
within update range
        tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * val;
                                                           // update segment
        if (lo != hi) {
                                                            // update lazy[] for
children
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += val;
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += val;
        return;
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                                            // recurse deeper
for appropriate child
    updateLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j, val);
    updateLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j, val);
    // merge updates
    tre[treeIndex] = tre[2 * treeIndex + 1] + tre[2 * treeIndex + 2];
// call this method as updateLazySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j, val);
// Here you want to update the range [i, j] with value val.
11 queryLazySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j){
   // query for arr[i..j]
    if (lo > j || hi < i)
                                                            // segment completely
outside range
                                                             // represents a null
        return 0;
    if (lazy[treeIndex] != 0) {
        tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * lazy[treeIndex]; // normalize current
node by removing laziness
        if (lo != hi) {
                                                             // update lazy[] for
children nodes
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += lazy[treeIndex];
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += lazy[treeIndex];
```

```
lazy[treeIndex] = 0;
                                                             // current node
processed. No longer lazy
    if (i <= lo && j >= hi)
                                                             // segment completely
inside range
        return tre[treeIndex];
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                                            // partial overlap of
current segment and queried range. Recurse deeper.
    if (i > mid)
        return queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j);
    else if (j <= mid)</pre>
        return queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j);
    11 leftQuery = queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, mid);
    11 rightQuery = queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, mid + 1, j);
    // merge query results
    return leftQuery + rightQuery;
// call this method as queryLazySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j);
 / Here [i,j] is the range/interval you are querying.
// This method relies on "null" nodes being equivalent to storing zero.
struct custom_hash {
    static uint64 t splitmix64(uint64 t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
        static const uint64 t FIXED RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
    }
};
int main()
    fast;
     11 t;
```

```
//setIO();
//ll tno=1;;
t=1;
//cin>>t;

while(t--){
    ll n;
    cin>n;
    vector<ll>vec(n);
    cin>vec;
    buildSegTree(vec,0,0,n-1);
    ll q;
    cin>q;

    ll l,r;
    while(q--){
        cin>>l>>r;
        ll ans=querySegTree(0,0,n-1,l,r);
        cout<<ans<<endl;
    }
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Problem-2: (Range sum queries:Lazy propagation)

Link: https://cses.fi/problemset/task/1648

Solution:

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
typedef tree <
   pair<int, int>,
    null type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update> ordered_set;
#define 11
                            long long
#define scl(n)
                            scanf("%lld", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                          for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                          for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define pfl(x)
                            printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pb
                          push_back
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
                       sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vasort(v)
#define vdsort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<11>());
#define pn
                            printf("\n")
#define md
                          10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                  s.size()
                           for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
#define tcas(i,t)
                               printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define pcas(i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define deb(x) cout << #x << "=" << x << endl</pre>
#define deb2(x, y) cout << #x << "=" << x << "," << #y << "=" << y << endl
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) {            return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b);        }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num) { return (double) log(num) / (double) log(base); }
#define M 10000
```

```
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean_distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
 "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
        using std::to_string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
```

```
template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for( Type x: v ){ if( sep ) s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom hash {
    static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
```

```
x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    }
    size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const int N = 2e5+10;
11 T=0;
11 tre[3*N];
11 lazy[3*N];
11 merge(ll x,ll y){
    return x+y;
void buildSegTree(vector<11>& arr, 11 treeIndex, 11 lo, 11 hi){
    if (lo == hi) {
                                    // leaf node. store value in node.
        tre[treeIndex] = arr[lo];
        return;
    11 mid = lo + (hi - lo) / 2; // recurse deeper for children.
    buildSegTree(arr, 2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid);
    buildSegTree(arr, 2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi);
    // merge build results
    tre[treeIndex] = merge(tre[2 * treeIndex + 1], tre[2 * treeIndex + 2]);
// call this method as buildSegTree(arr, 0, 0, n-1);
// Here arr[] is input array and n is its size.
11 querySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j){
   // query for arr[i..j]
    if (lo > j || hi < i)
                                       // segment completely outside range
        return 0;
                                        // represents a null node
   if (i <= lo && j >= hi)
                                       // segment completely inside range
```

```
return tre[treeIndex];
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                   // partial overlap of current segment and
queried range. Recurse deeper.
    if (i > mid)
        return querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j);
    else if (j <= mid)</pre>
        return querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j);
    11 leftQuery = querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, mid);
    11 rightQuery = querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, mid + 1, j);
   // merge query results
    return merge(leftQuery, rightQuery);
// call this method as querySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j);
 / Here [i,j] is the range/interval you are querying.
// This method relies on "null" nodes being equivalent to storing zero.
void updateValSegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll arrIndex, ll val)
                                    // leaf node. update element.
    if (lo == hi) {
        tre[treeIndex] = val;
        return;
    11 mid = lo + (hi - lo) / 2; // recurse deeper for appropriate child
    if (arrIndex > mid)
        updateValSegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, arrIndex, val);
    else if (arrIndex <= mid)</pre>
        updateValSegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, arrIndex, val);
   // merge updates
    tre[treeIndex] = merge(tre[2 * treeIndex + 1], tre[2 * treeIndex + 2]);
// call this method as updateValSegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, val);
// Here you want to update the value at index i with value val.
void updateLazySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j, ll val){
  if (lazy[treeIndex] != 0) {
```

```
tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * lazy[treeIndex]; // normalize current
node by removing laziness
                                                            // update lazy[] for
        if (lo != hi) {
children nodes
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += lazy[treeIndex];
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += lazy[treeIndex];
        lazy[treeIndex] = 0;
                                                            // current node
processed. No longer lazy
    if (lo > hi || lo > j || hi < i)
        return;
                                                            // out of range.
escape.
    if (i <= lo && hi <= j) {
                                                            // segment is fully
within update range
        tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * val;
                                                           // update segment
        if (lo != hi) {
                                                            // update lazy[] for
children
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += val;
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += val;
        return;
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                                            // recurse deeper
for appropriate child
    updateLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j, val);
    updateLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j, val);
    // merge updates
    tre[treeIndex] = tre[2 * treeIndex + 1] + tre[2 * treeIndex + 2];
// call this method as updateLazySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j, val);
// Here you want to update the range [i, j] with value val.
11 queryLazySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j){
   // query for arr[i..j]
```

```
if (lo > j || hi < i)
                                                             // segment completely
outside range
        return 0;
                                                             // represents a null
    if (lazy[treeIndex] != 0) {
        tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * lazy[treeIndex]; // normalize current
node by removing laziness
                                                             // update lazy[] for
        if (lo != hi) {
children nodes
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += lazy[treeIndex];
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += lazy[treeIndex];
        lazy[treeIndex] = 0;
                                                             // current node
processed. No longer lazy
    }
    if (i <= lo && j >= hi)
                                                             // segment completely
inside range
        return tre[treeIndex];
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                                            // partial overlap of
current segment and queried range. Recurse deeper.
    if (i > mid)
        return queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j);
    else if (j <= mid)</pre>
        return queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j);
    11 leftQuery = queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, mid);
    11 rightQuery = queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, mid + 1, j);
    // merge query results
    return leftQuery + rightQuery;
// call this method as queryLazySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j);
 / Here [i,j] is the range/interval you are querying.
// This method relies on "null" nodes being equivalent to storing zero.
int main()
    fast;
```

```
11 t;
//setIO();
 t=1;
while(t--){
    11 n,q;
    cin>>n>>q;
    vector<ll>vec(n);
    cin>>vec;
    //cout<<vec<<endl;</pre>
    buildSegTree(vec,0,0,n-1);
    11 1,r;
    11 x,u,k;
    while(q--){
        cin>>x;
        if(x==1){
            cin>>k>>u;
            11 temp=querySegTree(0,0,n-1,k,k);
            updateLazySegTree(0,0,n-1,k,k,-temp);
            updateLazySegTree(0,0,n-1,k,k,u);
        else if(x==2){
        cin>>l>>r;
        1l ans= queryLazySegTree(0,0,n-1,l-1,r-1);
        cout<<ans<<endl;</pre>
return 0;
```

Problem-3: (Range update queries)

Link: https://cses.fi/problemset/task/1651

Solution:

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace std;
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
typedef tree <
   pair<int, int>,
   null_type,
    less<pair<int, int>>,
    rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update> ordered_set;
#define 11
                            long long
#define scl(n)
                            scanf("%11d", &n)
#define fr(i,n)
                          for (ll i=0;i<n;i++)
#define fr1(i,n)
                          for(ll i=1;i<=n;i++)
#define pfl(x)
                           printf("%lld\n",x)
#define pb
                          push_back
#define asort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n)
#define dsort(a)
                            sort(a,a+n,greater<int>())
#define vasort(v)
                       sort(v.begin(), v.end());
#define vdsort(v)
                        sort(v.begin(), v.end(),greater<ll>());
#define pn
                           printf("\n")
#define md
                          10000007
#define debug
                            printf("I am here\n")
#define l(s)
                                  s.size()
                           for(ll i=1;i<=t;i++)
#define tcas(i,t)
                              printf("Case %lld: ",i)
#define pcas(i)
#define fast ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
#define deb(x) cout << \#x << "=" << x << endl
#define deb2(x, y) cout << #x << "=" << x << "," << #y << "=" << y << endl
#define Setpre(n) cout<<fixed<<setprecision(n)</pre>
inline ll GCD(ll a, ll b) {    return b == 0 ? a : GCD(b, a % b);    }
inline 11 LCM(11 a, 11 b) { return a * b / GCD(a, b); }
inline ll Ceil(ll p, ll q) {return p < 0 ? p / q : p / q + !!(p % q);}
inline ll Floor(ll p, ll q) {return p > 0 ? p / q : p / q - !!(p % q);}
inline double logb(ll base, ll num) { return (double) log(num) / (double) log(base); }
#define M 10000
```

```
inline bool isPerfectSquare(long double x){ if (x >= 0) { long long sr =
sqrt(x);return (sr * sr == x); }return false; }
double euclidean_distance(ll x1,ll y1,ll x2,ll y2){double a=(x2-x1)*(x2-
x1); double b=(y2-y1)*(y2-y1); double c=(double) sqrt(a+b); return c;}
int popcount(11 x){return __builtin_popcount11(x);};
int poplow(ll x){return __builtin_ctzll(x);};
int pophigh(ll x){return 63 - __builtin_clzll(x);};
namespace io{
       template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const pair<First, Second> &p ) { return os << p.first << " " << p.second; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os,
const map<First, Second> &mp ) { for( auto it : mp ) { os << it << endl; }</pre>
return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
vector<First> &v ) { bool space = false; for( First x : v ) { if( space ) os << "</pre>
 "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const set<First>
&st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os << " "; space =</pre>
true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First> ostream& operator << ( ostream &os, const
multiset<First> &st ) { bool space = false; for( First x : st ) { if( space ) os
<< " "; space = true; os << x; } return os; }</pre>
        template<typename First, typename Second> istream& operator >> ( istream &is,
pair<First, Second> &p ) { return is >> p.first >> p.second; }
        template<typename First> istream& operator >> ( istream &is, vector<First> &v
) { for( First &x : v ) { is >> x; } return is; }
        long long fastread(){ char c; long long d = 1, x = 0; do c = getchar();
while( c == ' ' || c == 
isdigit( c ) ){ x = x * 10 + c - '0'; c = getchar(); } return d * x; }
        static bool sep = false;
        using std::to_string;
        string to_string( bool x ){ return ( x ? "true" : "false" ); }
        string to_string( const string & s ){ return "\"" + s + "\""; }
        string to_string( const char * s ){ return "\"" + string( s ) + "\""; }
        string to_string ( const char & c ) { string s; s += c; return "\'" + s +
```

```
template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> );
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection );
    template<typename First, typename Second> string to_string( pair<First,</pre>
Second> p ){ return "{" + to_string( p.first ) + ", " + to_string( p.second ) +
"}"; }
    template<typename Type> string to_string( vector<Type> v ) { bool sep =
false; string s = "["; for( Type x: v ){ if( sep ) s += ", "; sep = true; s +=
to_string( x ); } s += "]"; return s; }
    template<typename Collection> string to_string( Collection collection ) {
bool sep = false; string s = "{"; for( auto x: collection ){ if( sep ) s += ", ";
sep = true; s += to_string( x ); } s += "}"; return s; }
    void print() { cerr << endl; sep = false; }</pre>
    template <typename First, typename... Other> void print( First first,
Other... other ) { if( sep ) cerr << " | "; sep = true; cerr << to_string( first
); print( other... ); }
} using namespace io;
void setIO(){
   #ifndef ONLINE JUDGE
    freopen("input.txt", "r", stdin);
    freopen("output.txt", "w", stdout);
    #endif // ONLINE JUDGE
struct custom hash {
    static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
        x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
        x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
```

```
x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
        return x ^ (x >> 31);
    }
    size t operator()(uint64 t x) const {
        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM =
chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count();
        return splitmix64(x + FIXED RANDOM);
};
const double EPS = 1e-9;
const int N = 2e5+10;
11 T=0;
11 tre[3*N];
11 lazy[3*N];
11 merge(ll x,ll y){
    return x+y;
void buildSegTree(vector<11>& arr, 11 treeIndex, 11 lo, 11 hi){
    if (lo == hi) {
                                    // leaf node. store value in node.
        tre[treeIndex] = arr[lo];
        return;
    11 mid = lo + (hi - lo) / 2; // recurse deeper for children.
    buildSegTree(arr, 2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid);
    buildSegTree(arr, 2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi);
    // merge build results
    tre[treeIndex] = merge(tre[2 * treeIndex + 1], tre[2 * treeIndex + 2]);
// call this method as buildSegTree(arr, 0, 0, n-1);
// Here arr[] is input array and n is its size.
11 querySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j){
   // query for arr[i..j]
    if (lo > j || hi < i)
                                       // segment completely outside range
        return 0;
                                        // represents a null node
   if (i <= lo && j >= hi)
                                       // segment completely inside range
```

```
return tre[treeIndex];
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                   // partial overlap of current segment and
queried range. Recurse deeper.
    if (i > mid)
        return querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j);
    else if (j <= mid)</pre>
        return querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j);
    11 leftQuery = querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, mid);
    11 rightQuery = querySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, mid + 1, j);
   // merge query results
    return merge(leftQuery, rightQuery);
// call this method as querySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j);
 / Here [i,j] is the range/interval you are querying.
// This method relies on "null" nodes being equivalent to storing zero.
void updateValSegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll arrIndex, ll val)
                                    // leaf node. update element.
    if (lo == hi) {
        tre[treeIndex] = val;
        return;
    11 mid = lo + (hi - lo) / 2; // recurse deeper for appropriate child
    if (arrIndex > mid)
        updateValSegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, arrIndex, val);
    else if (arrIndex <= mid)</pre>
        updateValSegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, arrIndex, val);
   // merge updates
    tre[treeIndex] = merge(tre[2 * treeIndex + 1], tre[2 * treeIndex + 2]);
// call this method as updateValSegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, val);
// Here you want to update the value at index i with value val.
void updateLazySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j, ll val){
  if (lazy[treeIndex] != 0) {
```

```
tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * lazy[treeIndex]; // normalize current
node by removing laziness
                                                            // update lazy[] for
        if (lo != hi) {
children nodes
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += lazy[treeIndex];
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += lazy[treeIndex];
        lazy[treeIndex] = 0;
                                                            // current node
processed. No longer lazy
    if (lo > hi || lo > j || hi < i)
        return;
                                                            // out of range.
escape.
    if (i <= lo && hi <= j) {
                                                            // segment is fully
within update range
        tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * val;
                                                           // update segment
        if (lo != hi) {
                                                            // update lazy[] for
children
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += val;
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += val;
        return;
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                                            // recurse deeper
for appropriate child
    updateLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j, val);
    updateLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j, val);
    // merge updates
    tre[treeIndex] = tre[2 * treeIndex + 1] + tre[2 * treeIndex + 2];
// call this method as updateLazySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j, val);
// Here you want to update the range [i, j] with value val.
11 queryLazySegTree(ll treeIndex, ll lo, ll hi, ll i, ll j){
   // query for arr[i..j]
```

```
if (lo > j || hi < i)
                                                             // segment completely
outside range
        return 0;
                                                             // represents a null
    if (lazy[treeIndex] != 0) {
        tre[treeIndex] += (hi - lo + 1) * lazy[treeIndex]; // normalize current
node by removing laziness
                                                             // update lazy[] for
        if (lo != hi) {
children nodes
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 1] += lazy[treeIndex];
            lazy[2 * treeIndex + 2] += lazy[treeIndex];
        lazy[treeIndex] = 0;
                                                             // current node
processed. No longer lazy
    }
    if (i <= lo && j >= hi)
                                                             // segment completely
inside range
        return tre[treeIndex];
    11 \text{ mid} = 10 + (hi - 10) / 2;
                                                            // partial overlap of
current segment and queried range. Recurse deeper.
    if (i > mid)
        return queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, i, j);
    else if (j <= mid)</pre>
        return queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, j);
    11 leftQuery = queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 1, lo, mid, i, mid);
    11 rightQuery = queryLazySegTree(2 * treeIndex + 2, mid + 1, hi, mid + 1, j);
    // merge query results
    return leftQuery + rightQuery;
// call this method as queryLazySegTree(0, 0, n-1, i, j);
 / Here [i,j] is the range/interval you are querying.
// This method relies on "null" nodes being equivalent to storing zero.
int main()
    fast;
```

```
11 t;
//setIO();
 t=1;
while(t--){
   11 n,q;
    cin>>n>>q;
    vector<ll>vec(n);
    cin>>vec;
    buildSegTree(vec,0,0,n-1);
    11 x,k,u;
    while(q--){
        cin>>x;
        if(x==1){
            11 1,r;
            cin>>l>>r>>u;
            updateLazySegTree(0,0,n-1,l-1,r-1,u);
        else{
            cin>>k;
            11 ans=queryLazySegTree(0,0,n-1,k-1,k-1);
            cout<<ans<<endl;</pre>
return 0;
```