

Shader Pipeline and Effect Encapsulation using CLOS

Nicolas Hafner
Shirakumo.org
Zürich, Switzerland
shinmera@tymoon.eu

ABSTRACT

KEYWORDS

Common Lisp, GLSL, OpenGL, GPU, CLOS, Object Orientation

ACM Reference Format:

Nicolas Hafner. 2019. Shader Pipeline and Effect Encapsulation using CLOS. In *Proceedings of the 12th European Lisp Symposium (ELS'19)*. ACM, New York, NY, USA, 2 pages.

1 INTRODUCTION

2 RELATED WORK

Courreges[1] presents an in-depth analysis of the rendering procedure employed by the modern, high-production game GTA V. It illustrates the many stages to produce a final image, as well as their data dependencies.

Harada et al.'s work on Forward+[2][3] also clearly illustrates the need for systems that support multi-staged rendering pipelines with complex data interaction schemes.

Gyrling[4] presents an overview of the techniques used to perform parallel rendering in Naughty Dog's commercial engine. Individual steps within a stage, render stages of a frame, and multiple frame renderings are divided up into many small jobs that can run in parallel and are synchronised using counters on a shared structure.

The case study of the Unity game engine by Messaoudi et al[?] shows the availability of a set of fixed rendering pipelines that can be customised in a very limited extent with custom shaders. However, these shaders must fit into Unity's existing lighting and overall rendering model. While Unity does allow building a custom pipeline via their Scriptable Rendering Pipeline[?], they do not seem to offer any encapsulation or modularity features.

3 OVERVIEW

4 PASSES

5 PIPELINES

6 ALLOCATION

7 CONCLUSION

8 FURTHER WORK

9 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

10 IMPLEMENTATION

An implementation of the proposed system can be found at
<https://github.com/Shirakumo/trial/blob/f34a79f0a6df21d1ed9259e85fbb3c7eed39352b/shader-pass.lisp>
<https://github.com/Shirakumo/trial/blob/f34a79f0a6df21d1ed9259e85fbb3c7eed39352b/pipeline.lisp>
<https://github.com/Shinmera/flow>

A more in-depth discussion of the system can be found at
<https://reader.tymoon.eu/article/363>
<https://reader.tymoon.eu/article/364>

Permission to make digital or hard copies of part or all of this work for personal or classroom use is granted without fee provided that copies are not made or distributed for profit or commercial advantage and that copies bear this notice and the full citation on the first page. Copyrights for third-party components of this work must be honored. For all other uses, contact the owner/author(s).

ELS'19, April 1–2 2019, Genova, Italy

© 2019 Copyright held by the owner/author(s).

REFERENCES

- [1] Adrian Courreges. Gta v-graphics study. <http://www.adriancourreges.com/blog/2015/11/02/gta-v-graphics-study/>, 2015. [Online; accessed 2019.01.24].
- [2] Takahiro Harada, Jay McKee, and Jason C Yang. Forward+: Bringing deferred lighting to the next level. 2012.
- [3] McKee, Jay Harada, Takahiro. Forward rendering pipeline for modern gpus. <https://www.gdcvault.com/play/1016435/Forward-Rendering-Pipeline-for-Modern>, 2012. [Online; accessed 2019.01.24].
- [4] Christian Gyrlling. Parallelizing the naughty dog engine using fibers. <https://www.gdcvault.com/play/1022186/Parallelizing-the-Naughty-Dog-Engine>, 2015. [Online; accessed 2019.01.24].